

# Installation Instructions

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Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes, including ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Z223.1. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguisher available for all brazing operations.

It is important to recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol  $\wedge$ . When you see this symbol on the unit and in

instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices, which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

## **↑** DANGER

#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning will result in personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage and amperage listed on the unit rating plate. Unit may have more than one power switch.

### **⚠ WARNING**

### FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in death, serious personal injury and/or property damage.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when pressure testing at pressure greater than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressures greater than 0.5 psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 0.5 psig, it must be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 0.5 psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by closing the manual gas valve(s).

#### **⚠ WARNING**

## UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

R-410A refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on R-410A refrigerant equipment.

## **MARNING**

## PERSONAL INJURY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal.

Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerants and oils.

## **⚠ WARNING**

#### CARBON-MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow instructions could result in severe personal injury or death due to carbon-monoxide poisoning, if combustion products infiltrate into the building.

Check that all openings in the outside wall around the vent (and air intake) pipe(s) are sealed to prevent infiltration of combustion products into the building.

Check that furnace vent (and air intake) terminal(s) are not obstructed in any way during all seasons.

## **AVERTISSEMENT**

## RISQUE D'INTOXICATION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE

Si ces directives ne sont pas suivies, cela peut entraîner des blessures graves ou une intoxication au monoxyde de carbone pouvant causer la mort, si des produits de combustion s'infiltrent dans le bâtiment.

Vérifier que toutes les ouvertures pratiquées dans le mur extérieur autour du ou des tuyaux d'évent (et de la prise d'air) sont scellées de manière à empêcher l'infiltration de produits de combustion dans le bâtiment.

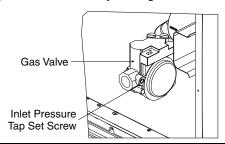
Veiller à ce que la ou les sorties de l'évent de l'appareil de chauffage (et la prise d'air) ne soient, en aucune façon, obstruées, quelle que soit la saison.

## **MARNING**

#### FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Inlet pressure tap set screw must be tightened and 1/8 in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.

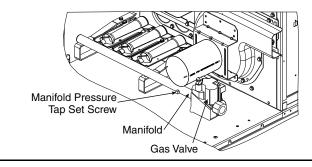


## **↑ WARNING**

#### FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Manifold pressure tap set screw must be tightened and 1/8 in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.



### **A CAUTION**

#### PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing air conditioning equipment.

#### **GENERAL**

These installation instructions cover the 48GC size 07-12 units with gas heat and electric cooling. Units are pre-wired and pre-charged with environmentally balanced Puron® (R-410A) refrigerant at the factory.

See Fig. 1 for model number nomenclature. See Fig. 2 (size 07-09) and Fig. 3 (size 12) for unit dimensions and service clearances.

## **A** CAUTION

Ensure clearances are in accordance with local installation codes, the requirements of the gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

### **ATTENTION**

Assurez-vous que les dégagements sont conformes aux codes d'installation locaux, aux exigences du fournisseur de gaz et aux instructions d'installation du fabricant.

## Rated Indoor Airflow (cfm)

Table 1 lists the rated indoor airflow used for the AHRI efficiency rating for the units covered in this document.

Table 1 — AHRI Efficiency — Rated Indoor Airflow

MODEL NUMBER	FULL LOAD AIRFLOW (CFM)
48GC**07	2400
48GC**08	3000
48GC**09	3400
48GC**12	3250

## **Pre-Installation**

Complete the following checks before installation.

- Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
- 2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.
- Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

	Position:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	0	11	12	13	14	4	15	16	17	1 18	
	Example:	-	_	G	C	D	M	1	2	A	-	$\rightarrow$	Α	6	-	0	-	A	0	A	_	_
Unit Heat Type 48 = Gas Heat Packaged	·	_						_			_											Packaging Compliance 0 = Standard 1 = LTL
Model Series - Weatherl GC = High Efficiency Pac with EcoBlue™ Tec	kaged RTU																				Α :	ctrical Options  None HACR Breaker
Gas Heat Options D = Low Gas Heat E = Medium Gas Heat F = High Gas Heat S = Low Gas Heat, Stair R = Medium Gas Heat, S T = High Gas Heat, Stair	tainless Steel	Exc	hang	er																	C = D = F = P = Q = R =	Non-Fused Disconnect (NFDC) Thru-The-Base Connections (TTB) HACR + TTB NFDC + TTB Phase Monitor Protection (PMR) PMR + HACR PMR + NFDC PMR + TTB
Refrig. Systems Options M = Single Circuit, Two S N = Single Circuit, Two S Humidi-MiZer® Syste P = Single Circuit, Two S	Stage Cooling Stage Cooling m	with		Am	bient															Sal	T = 1 = 2 =	PMR + HACR + TTB PMR + NFDC + TTB SHSCCR <sup>a,b</sup> (High Short Circuit Current Rating) HSCCR <sup>a,b</sup> + TTB  Options
Cooling Tons 07 = 6.0 Tons 08 = 7.5 Tons 09 = 8.5 Tons 12 = 10.0 Tons																				0 = 1 = 2 = 3 = 4 = 5 =	: No : Ur : Po : Hi : Hi : Hi	
Sensor Options  A = None  B = Return Air Smoke Do  C = Supply Air Smoke Do  D = RA + SA Smoke Det  E = CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor  F = RA Smoke Detector  G = SA Smoke Detector  H = RA + SA Smoke Det  J = Condensate Overfloo  K = Condensate Overfloo  L = Condensate Overfloo  M = Condensate Overfloo  N = Condensate Overfloo  P = Condensate Overfloo  R = Condensate Overfloo  R = Condensate Overfloo  R = Condensate Overfloo	etector (SA) ector  and CO <sub>2</sub> and CO <sub>2</sub> ector and CO w Switch w Switch + R, w Switch + R, w Switch + C, w Switch + S,	A Sr A an A Sn O <sub>2</sub> A Sr A Sn	noke noke noke	Smo Dete Dete	oke D ector ector a	etec and and	CC	) <sub>2</sub>	CO₂	2										7 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	: NF FC HI HI FC FC FC FC FC FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF	PCV-13 Filters PCO + MERV-13 Filters
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RTPF Coil Options – (Or A = Al/Cu – Al/Cu B = Precoat Al/Cu – Al/Cu C = E-coat Al/Cu – Al/Cu D = E-coat Al/Cu – E-coat E = Cu/Cu – Al/Cu F = Cu/Cu – Cu/Cu M = Al/Cu – Al/Cu – Louv N = Precoat Al/Cu – Al/Cu	cu ı at Al/Cu vered Hail Gu	ard			ard)												0	ase	V=	Ult w/ Ult w/ nit (	ra L Bar ra L Bar On on	ometric Relief ow Leak Temperature Economizer ometric Relief ow Leak Enthalpy Economizer ometric Relief  owrols chanical Controller (can be used with ed W7212 EconoMi\$er IV – No FDD)
P = E-coat Al/Cu - Al/Cu Q = E-coat Al/Cu - E-coat R = Cu/Cu - Al/Cu - Lou S = Cu/Cu - Cu/Cu - Lo	ı – Louvered at Al/Cu – Lou ıvered Hail G	Hail uverd uard	Guare ed Ha	d	uard												6 sig	= ın F	Ele Co (w/	ctro ntro Fau	-me I. Ca ılt D n	M Controller chanical Controller with W7220 Economizer in be used with EconoMi\$er X etection and Diagnostic).
Voltage 1 = 575/3/60 5 = 208-230/3/60 6 = 460/3/60															L	NC	TE H H P	SCO umi	: CR di-l	is n MiZe	ot a er, L	vailable on the following units: units with ow Ambient Controls, Phase Loss Monitor, iience Outlet, HACR Breaker, Non-Fused 575V.

## Fig. 1 — 48GC 07-12 Model Number Nomenclature

constraints.

b. HSCCR is not available on size 12 units due to control box

Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 07, 08, 09

1 OF 3

3/21/23

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COOLING WITH GAS HEAT

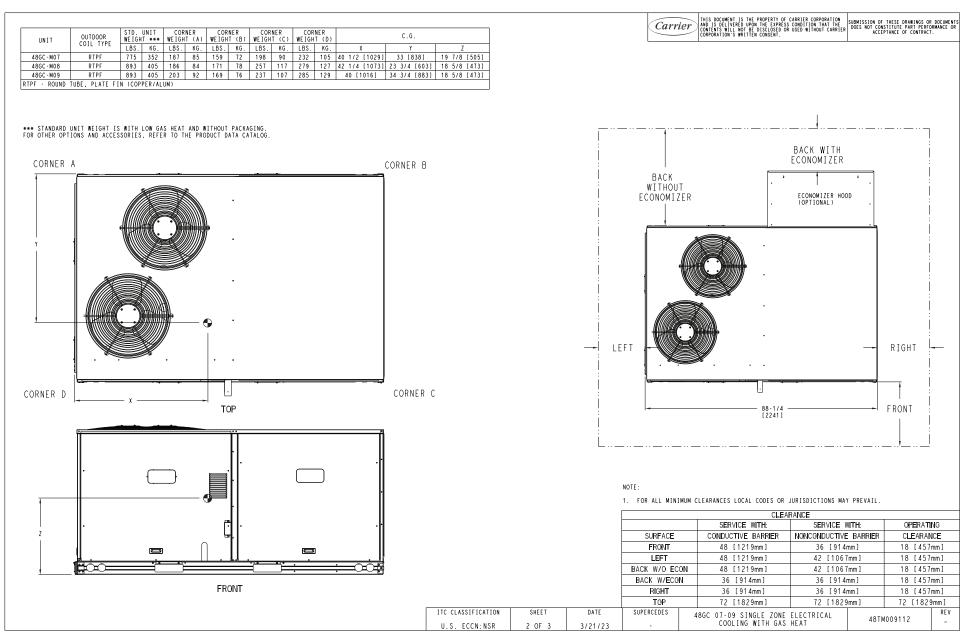


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 07, 08, 09 (cont)

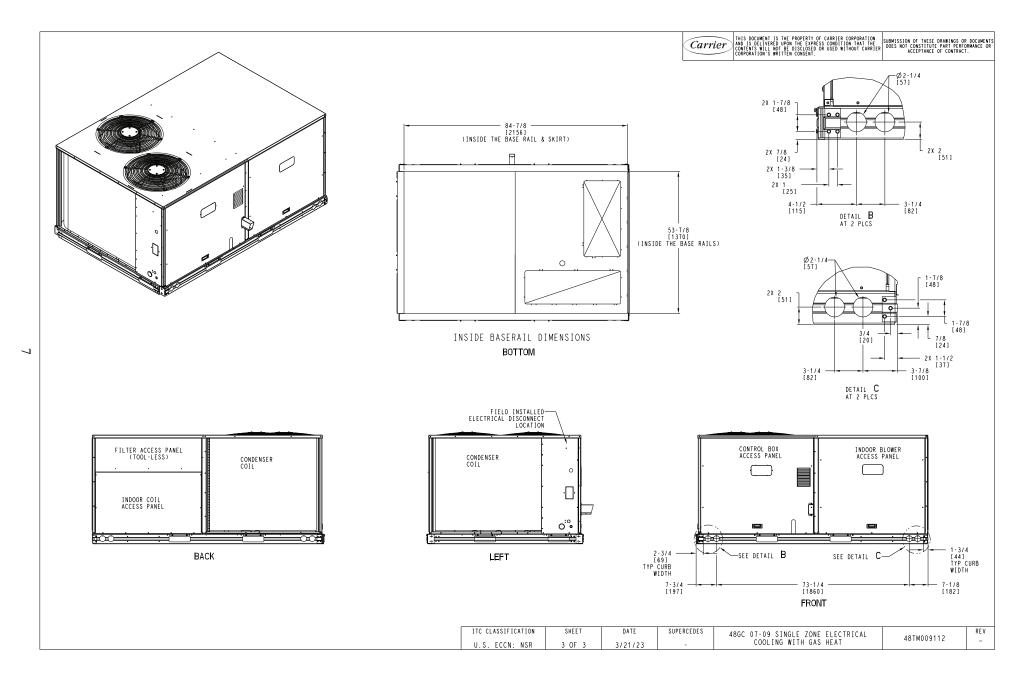


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 07, 08, 09 (cont)

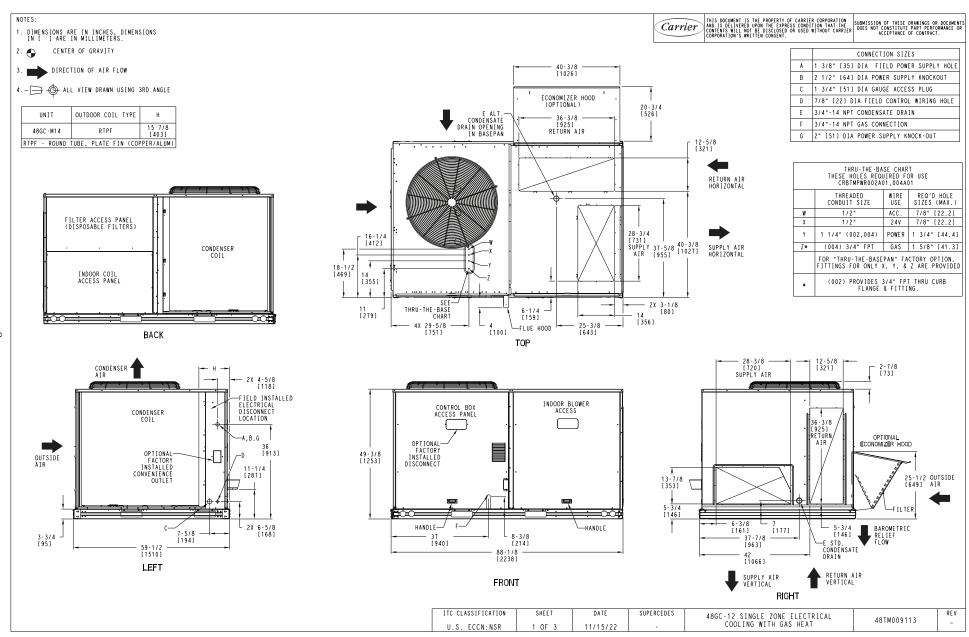


Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Size 12

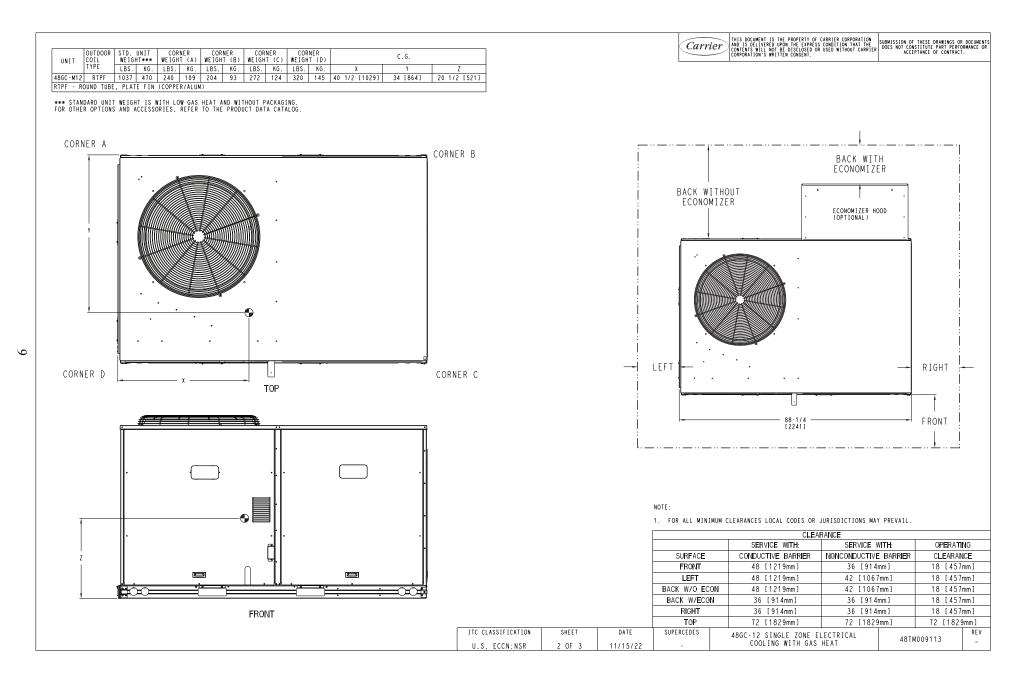


Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Size 12 (cont)

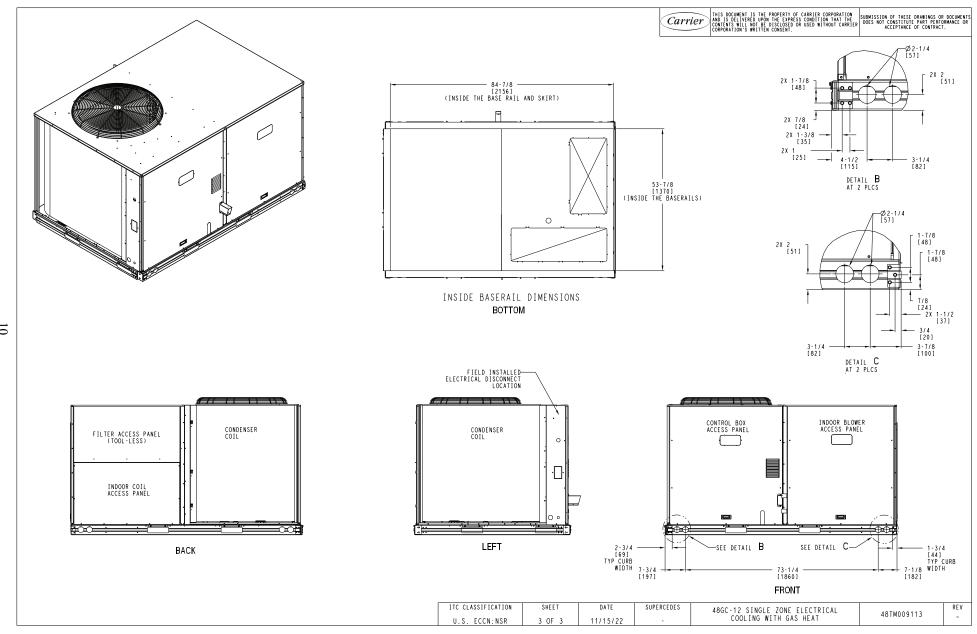


Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Size 12 (cont)

#### INSTALLATION

## **Jobsite Survey**

Complete the following checks before installation

- Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements
- 2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location
- Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

## Step 1 — Plan for Unit Location

Select a location for the unit and its support system (curb or other) that provides for the minimum clearances required for safety. This includes the clearance to combustible surfaces, unit performance and service access below, around and above unit as specified in unit drawings. See Fig. 2 and 3.

NOTE: Consider also the effect of adjacent units.

Be sure that unit is installed such that snow will not block the combustion intake or flue outlet.

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents or other sources of contaminated air. For proper unit operation, adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided in accordance with Section 5.3 (Air for Combustion and Ventilation) of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (American National Standards Institute) and NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 54 TIA-54-84-1. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1-B149 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

Although unit is weatherproof, avoid locations that permit water from higher level runoff and overhangs to fall onto the unit.

Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from any opening through which combustion products could enter the building, and at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from any adjacent building (or per local code). Locate the flue assembly at least 10 ft (3.05 m) from an adjacent unit's fresh air intake hood if within 3 ft (0.91 m) of same elevation (or per local code). When unit is located adjacent to public walkways, flue assembly must be at least 7 ft (2.1 m) above grade.

Select a unit mounting system that provides adequate height to allow installation of condensate trap per requirements. See Install External Condensate Trap and Line on page 19 for required trap dimensions.

#### ROOF MOUNT

Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 2.

## Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installation

The support method used for this unit will dictate different sequences for the steps of unit installation. For example, on curb-mounted units, some accessories must be installed on the unit before the unit is placed on the curb. Review the following for recommended sequences for installation steps.

#### **CURB-MOUNTED INSTALLATION**

- 1. Install curb
- 2. Install field-fabricated ductwork inside curb
- 3. Install accessory thru-base service connection package (affects curb and unit) (refer to accessory installation instructions for details)
- 4. Prepare bottom condensate drain connection to suit planned condensate line routing (see Install External Condensate Trap and Line on page 19 for details)
- 5. Rig and place unit

- Install outdoor air hood
- 7. Install flue hood
- 8. Install gas piping
- 9. Install condensate line trap and piping
- 10. Make electrical connections
- 11. Install other accessories

#### PAD-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

- 1. Prepare pad and unit supports
- Check and tighten the bottom condensate drain connection plug
- 3. Rig and place unit
- 4. Convert unit to side duct connection arrangement
- 5. Install field-fabricated ductwork at unit duct openings
- 6. Install outdoor air hood
- 7. Install flue hood
- 8. Install gas piping
- 9. Install condensate line trap and piping
- 10. Make electrical connections
- 11. Install other accessories

#### FRAME-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

Frame-mounted applications generally follow the sequence for a curb installation. Adapt as required to suit specific installation plan.

## Step 3 — Inspect Unit

Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency. Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

## Step 4 — Provide Unit Support

#### ROOF CURB MOUNT

Accessory roof curb details and dimensions are shown in Fig. 4 on page 12. Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with the curb. Curb should be level. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerances are shown in Fig. 5 on page 13. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.

NOTE: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 4. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit.

IMPORTANT: If the unit has the factory-installed Thruthe-base option, make sure to complete installation of the option before placing the unit on the roof curb.

See the following sections:

Factory-Option Thru-Base Gas Connections see page 17

Factory-Option Thru-Base Electrical Connections see page 23

The accessory thru-the-base power and gas connection package must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb. If field-installed thru-the-roof curb gas connections are desired, use factory-supplied 1/2-in. pipe coupling and gas plate assembly to mount the thru-the-roof curb connection to the roof curb. Gas connections and power connections to the unit must be field installed after the unit is installed on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, attach the accessory thru-the-base service connections to the basepan in accordance with the accessory installation instructions.

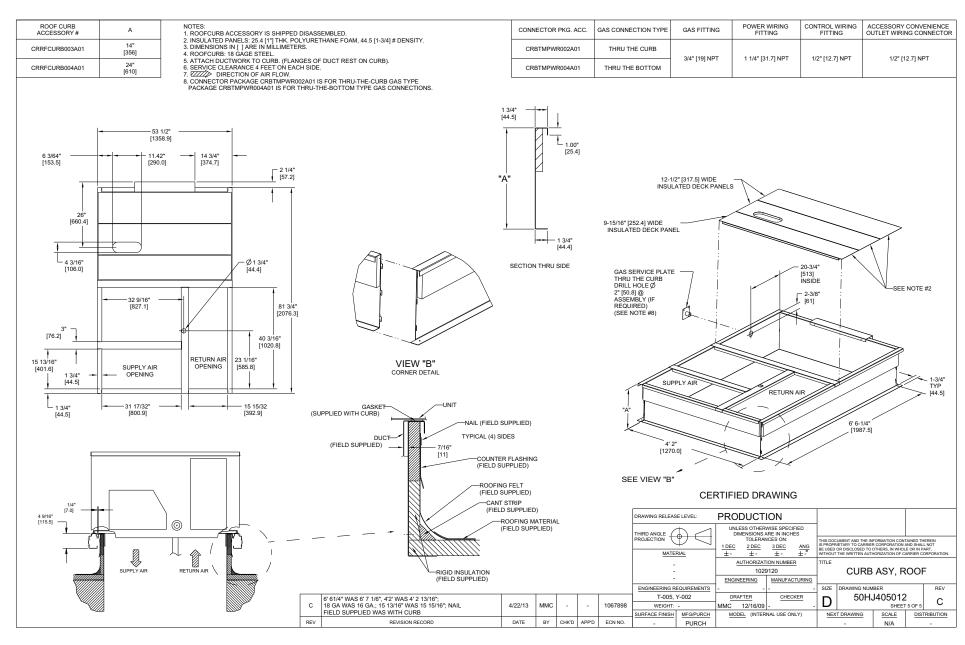
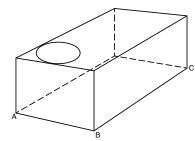


Fig. 4 — 48GC\*\*07-12 Roof Curb Details



N	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DIFFERENCE in. (mm)							
	A-B	B-C	A-C					
	0.5 (13)	1.0 (25)	1.0 (25)					

Fig. 5 — Unit Leveling Tolerances

#### SLAB MOUNT (HORIZONTAL UNITS ONLY)

Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6-in. (150 mm) beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

## ALTERNATE UNIT SUPPORT (IN LIEU OF CURB OR SLAB MOUNT)

A non-combustible sleeper rail can be used in the unit curb support area. If sleeper rails cannot be used, support the long sides of the unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. (102 mm x 102 mm) pads on each side.

### Step 5 — Field Fabricate Ductwork

NOTE: Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.35 in. wg (87 Pa) with economizer or 0.45 in. wg (112 Pa) without economizer.

For vertical ducted applications, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.* 

Fabricate supply ductwork so that the cross sectional dimensions are equal to or greater than the unit supply duct opening dimensions for the first 18-in. (458 mm) of duct length from the unit basepan.

Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes. A minimum clearance is not required around ductwork.

## **A** CAUTION

#### PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to roofing materials.

Membrane roofs can be cut by sharp sheet metal edges. Be careful when placing any sheet metal parts on such roof.

## Step 6 — Rig and Place Unit

Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are required for 07-12 size units. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 2 and Fig. 6 for additional information.

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 6. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

Rigging materials under unit (cardboard or wood to prevent base pan damage) must be removed PRIOR to placing the unit on the roof curb.

When using the standard side drain connection, ensure the red plug in the alternate bottom connection is tight. Do this before setting the unit in place. The red drain pan can be tightened with a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension. For further details see Install External Condensate Trap and Line on page 19.

Before setting the unit onto the curb, recheck gasketing on curb.

## **A** CAUTION

#### UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck when packaging is removed.

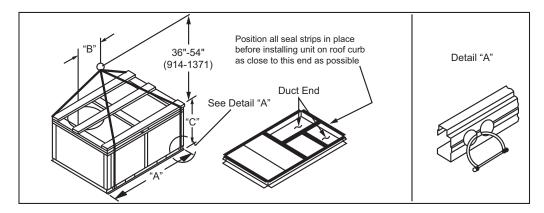
If using top crate as spreader bar, once unit is set, carefully lower wooden crate off building roof top to ground. Ensure that no people or obstructions are below prior to lowering the crate.

Table 2 — Operating Weights

48GC	UNITS — Ib (kg)								
40GC	07	08	09	12					
Base Unit	819 (371)	946 (429)	956 (434)	1100 (499)					
Economizer									
Vertical	75 (34)	75 (34)	75 (34)	75 (34)					
Horizontal	122 (55)	122 (55)	122 (55)	122 (55)					
Humidi-MiZer® Systema	80 (36)	80 (36)	80 (36)	85 (39)					
Powered Outlet	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)					
Curb									
14-in. (356 mm)	143 (65)	143 (65)	143 (65)	143 (65)					
24-in. (610 mm)	245 (111)	245 (111)	245 (111)	245 (111)					

NOTE(S)

a. Humidi-MiZer system is not available on 48GC\*M models.



	MAYN	/EICHT	DIMENSIONS								
UNIT	MAX WEIGHT		,	4	E	3	С				
	lb	kg	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm			
48GC**07	1297	588	88.0	2235	40.5	1030	41.5	1055			
48GC**08	1489	675	88.0	2235	40.0	1015	49.5	1255			
48GC**09	1494	678	88.0	2235	40.0	1015	49.5	1255			
48GC**12	1688	766	88.0	2235	40.5	1030	53.0	1345			

#### NOTES:

- SPREADER BARS REQUIRED Top damage will occur if spreader bars are not used.
- 2. Dimensions in () are in millimeters.
- 3. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

## Fig. 6 — Rigging Details

### POSITIONING ON CURB

Position unit on roof curb so that the following clearances are maintained: 1/4-in. (6.4 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the front and back, 0.0-in. clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the duct end of the unit. This will result in the distance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the condenser end of the unit being approximately 1/4-in. (6.4 mm).

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

Flue vent discharge must have a minimum horizontal clearance of 4 ft (1220 mm) from electric and gas meters, gas regulators, and gas relief equipment. Minimum distance between unit and other electrically live parts is 48 inches (1220 mm).

Flue gas can deteriorate building materials. Orient unit such that flue gas will not affect building materials. Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 48-in. (1220 mm) from an adjacent building or combustible material.

NOTE: Installation of accessory flue discharge deflector kit will reduce the minimum clearance to combustible material to 18-in. (460 mm).

After unit is in position, remove rigging skids and shipping materials.

IMPORTANT: If the unit has the factory-installed Thruthe-base option, make sure to complete installation of the option before placing the unit on the roof curb. See the following sections:

**Factory-Option Thru-Base Gas Connections** see page 17

Factory-Option Thru-Base Electrical Connections see page 23

# Step 7 — Convert to Horizontal and Connect Ductwork (When Required)

Unit is shipped in the vertical duct configuration. Unit without factory-installed economizer or return-air smoke detector option

may be field-converted to horizontal ducted configuration. To convert to horizontal configuration, remove screws from side duct opening covers (see Fig. 7) and remove covers. Use the screws to install the covers on vertical duct openings with the insulation-side down. The panels must be inserted into the notches on the basepan to properly seal. The notches are covered by the tape used to secure the insulation to the basepan and are not easily seen. See Fig. 8 for position of the notches in the basepan. Seals around duct openings must be tight. Secure with screws as shown in Fig. 9. Cover seams with foil duct tape.

Field-supplied flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof or building openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Do not cover or obscure visibility to the unit's informative data plate when insulating horizontal ductwork.

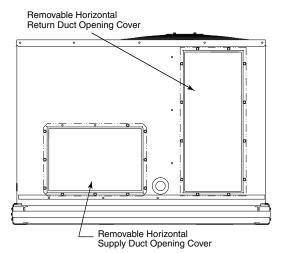


Fig. 7 — Horizontal Conversion Panels

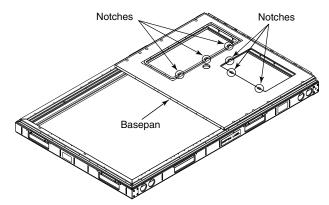


Fig. 8 — Location of Notches

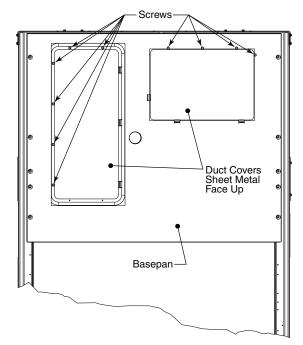


Fig. 9 — Horizontal Duct Panels In Place

## Step 8 — Install Outside Air Hood

ECONOMIZER HOOD PACKAGE REMOVAL (FACTORY OPTION)

- 1. The hood is shipped in knock-down form and must be field assembled. The indoor coil access panel is used as the hood top while the hood sides, divider and filter are packaged together, attached to a metal support tray using plastic stretch wrap, and shipped in the return air compartment behind the indoor coil access panel. The hood assembly's metal tray is attached to the basepan and also attached to the damper using two plastic tie-wraps.
- 2. To gain access to the hood, remove the filter access panel. (See Fig. 10).
- 3. Locate the (2) screws holding the metal tray to the basepan and remove. Locate and cut the (2) plastic tie-wraps securing the assembly to the damper (see Fig. 11). Be careful to not damage any wiring or cut tie-wraps securing any wiring. The indoor coil access panel will be used as the top of the damper hood. Remove the screws along the sides and bottom of the indoor coil access panel.
- 4. Carefully lift the hood assembly (with metal tray) through the filter access opening and assemble per the steps outlined in Economizer Hood Setup in the following section.

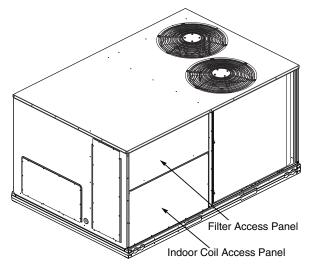


Fig. 10 — Typical Access Panel Locations

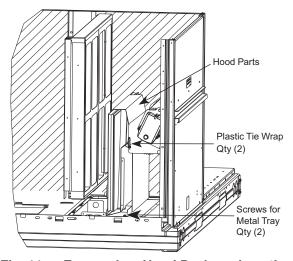


Fig. 11 — Economizer Hood Package Location

## ECONOMIZER HOOD SETUP

NOTE: If the power exhaust accessory is to be installed on the unit, the hood shipped with the unit will not be used and must be discarded. Save the aluminum filter for use in the power exhaust hood assembly.

- The indoor coil access panel will be used as the top of the hood. Remove the screws along the sides and bottom of the indoor coil access panel. See Fig. 12.
- 2. Swing out indoor coil access panel and insert the hood sides under the panel (hood top). Use the screws provided to attach the hood sides to the hood top. Use screws provided to attach the hood sides to the unit. See Fig. 13.
- Remove the shipping tape holding the economizer barometric relief damper in place.
- 4. Insert the hood divider between the hood sides. See Fig. 13 and 14. Secure hood divider with 2 screws on each hood side. The hood divider is also used as the bottom filter rack for the aluminum filter.
- 5. Open the filter clips which are located underneath the hood top. Insert the aluminum filter into the bottom filter rack (hood divider). Push the filter into position past the open filter clips. Close the filter clips to lock the filter into place. See Fig. 14.

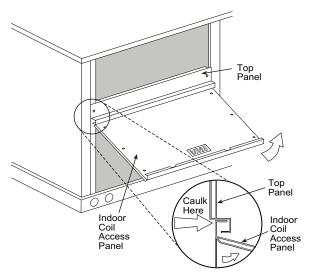


Fig. 12 — Indoor Coil Access Panel Relocation

- 6. Caulk the end of the joint between the unit top panel and the hood top.
- 7. Replace the filter access panel.

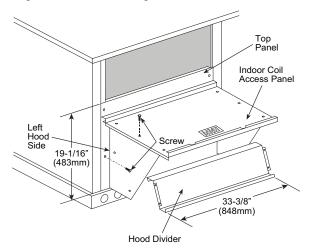


Fig. 13 — Economizer Hood Construction

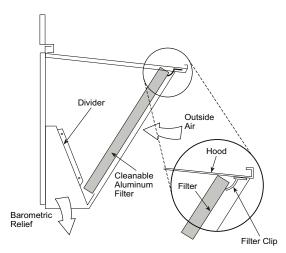


Fig. 14 — Economizer Filter Installation

## Step 9 — Install Flue Hood

Flue hood is shipped screwed to the basepan beside the burner compartment access panel. Remove from shipping location and using screws provided, install flue hood and screen in location shown in Fig. 15.

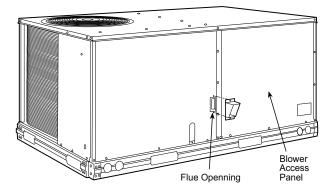


Fig. 15 — Flue Hood Details

## Step 10 — Install Gas Piping

Installation of the gas piping must be accordance with local building codes and with applicable national codes. In U.S.A., refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 National Fuel Gas Code (NFGC). In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN/CSA B149.1 and CAN/CSA B149.2 installation codes for gas-burning appliances. This unit is factory equipped for use with natural gas (NG) fuel at elevations up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. Unit may be field converted for operation at elevations above 2000 ft (610 m) and/or for use with liquefied petroleum (LP) fuel. See accessory kit installation instructions regarding these accessories.

NOTE: Furnace gas input rate on rating plate is for installation up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. The input rating for altitudes above 2000 ft (610 m) must be derated by 4% for each 1000 ft (305 m) above sea level.

NOTE: Installation of this furnace at altitudes above 2000 ft (610 m) shall be made in accordance with the Listed High Altitude Conversion Kit available with this furnace.

NOTE: L'installation de ce générateur de chaleur à des altitudes supérieures à 2000 pi (610 mm) doit être effectuée conformément aux instructions accompagnant la trousse de conversion pour haute altitude fournie avec cet appareil.

For natural gas applications, gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 4 in. wg (996 Pa) or greater than 13 in. wg (3240 Pa) while the unit is operating (see Table 3). For liquefied petroleum applications, the gas pressure must not be less than 11 in. wg (2740 Pa) or greater than 13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa) at the unit connection (see Table 4).

Table 3 — Natural Gas Supply Line Pressure Ranges

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	MIN.	MAX.
48GCD/E/F/S/R/T	07, 08, 09, 12	4.0 in. wg (996 Pa)	13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa)

Table 4 — Liquid Propane Supply Line Pressure Ranges

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	MIN.	MAX.
48GCD/E/F/S/R/T	07, 08, 09, 12	11.0 in. wg (2740 Pa)	13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa)

The gas supply pipe enters the unit at the burner access panel on the front side of the unit through the long slot at the bottom of the access panel. The gas connection to the unit is made to the 1/2-in. FPT gas inlet port on the unit gas valve (see Table 5).

Manifold pressure is factory-adjusted for NG fuel use. Adjust as required to obtain best flame characteristics.

Table 5 — Natural Gas Manifold Pressure Ranges

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	HIGH FIRE	LOW FIREa
48GCD/E/F/S/R/T	07, 08, 09, 12	3.5 in. wg (872 Pa)	2.0 in. wg (498 Pa)

NOTE(S):

Manifold pressure for LP fuel use must be adjusted to specified range (see Table 6). Follow instructions in the accessory kit to make initial readjustment.

Table 6 — Liquid Propane Manifold Pressure Ranges

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	HIGH FIRE	LOW FIRE
48GCD/E/F/S/R/T	07, 08, 09, 12	10.0 in. wg (2490 Pa)	5.7 in. wg (1420 Pa)

NOTE(S):

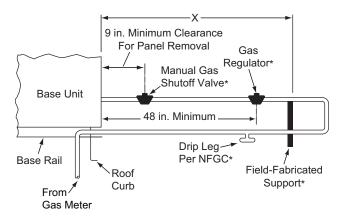
## **⚠ CAUTION**

#### **EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage. When connecting the gas line to the unit gas valve, the installer MUST use a backup wrench to prevent damage to the valve.

Install a gas supply line that runs to the unit heating section. Refer to the NFPA 54/NFGC or equivalent code for gas pipe sizing data. Do not use a pipe size smaller than 1/2-inch. Size the gas supply line to allow for a maximum pressure drop of 0.5 in. wg (124 Pa) between gas regulator source and unit gas valve connection when unit is operating at high-fire flow rate.

The gas supply line can approach the unit in three ways: horizontally from outside the unit (across the roof), thru-curb/under unit basepan (accessory kit required) or through unit basepan (factory-option or accessory kit required). Consult accessory kit installation instructions for details on these installation methods. Observe clearance to gas line components per Fig. 16.



LEGEND
NFGC — National Fuel Gas Code

NOTE: Follow all local codes. \*Field-installed.

SPACING OF SUPPORTS X DIMENSION (ft)
6
8
10

Fig. 16 — Gas Piping Guide (with Accessory Thru-the-Curb Service Connections)

#### FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE GAS CONNECTIONS

This service connection kit consists of a 1/2-in. NPT gas adapter fitting (brass), a 1/2-in. electrical bulkhead connector and a 3/4-in. electrical bulkhead connector, all factory-installed in the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section. See Fig. 17.

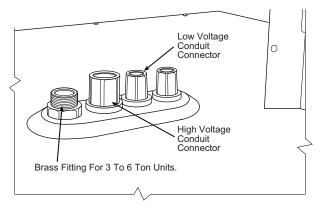


Fig. 17 — Thru-Base Connection Fittings

The thru-base gas connector has male and female threads. The male threads protrude above the basepan of the unit; the female threads protrude below the basepan.

Check tightness of connector lock nuts before connecting gas piping.

Install a 1/2-in. NPT street elbow on the thru-base gas fitting. Attach a 1/2-in. pipe nipple with minimum length of 16-in. (406 mm) (field-supplied) to the street elbow and extend it through the access panel at the gas support bracket. See Fig. 18.

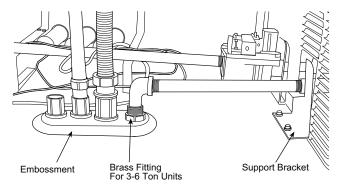


Fig. 18 — Gas Line Piping

Other hardware required to complete the installation of the gas supply line will include a manual shutoff valve, a sediment trap (drip leg), and a ground-joint union. A pressure regulator valve may also be required (to convert gas pressure from pounds to inches of pressure). The manual shutoff valve must be located within 6 ft (1.83 m) of the unit. The union, located in the final leg entering the unit, must be located at least 9-in. (230 mm) away from the access panel to permit the panel to be removed for service. If a regulator valve is installed, it must be located a minimum of 4 ft (1220 mm) away from the unit's flue outlet. Some municipal codes require that the manual shutoff valve be located upstream of the sediment trap. See Fig. 19 and 20 for typical piping arrangements for gas piping that has been routed through the sidewall of the curb. See Fig. 21 for typical piping arrangement when thru-base is used. Ensure that all piping does not block access to the unit's main control box or limit the required working space in front of the control box.

a. LOW FIRE, 1.7 in. wg (423 Pa), applies to the following units only: 48GCD/E/S/R\*07 and 48GCD/S\*08/09.

LOW FIRE, 5.0 in. wg (1245 Pa), applies to the following units only: 48GCD/E/S/R\*07 and 48GCD/S\*08/09.

When installing the gas supply line, observe local codes pertaining to gas pipe installations. Refer to the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 NFGC latest edition (in Canada, CAN/CSA B149.1). In the absence of local building codes, adhere to the following pertinent recommendations:

- 1. Avoid low spots in long runs of pipe. Grade all pipe 1/4-in. in every 15 ft (7 mm in every 5 m) to prevent traps. Grade all horizontal runs downward to risers. Use risers to connect to heating section and to meter.
- 2. Protect all segments of piping system against physical and thermal damage. Support all piping with appropriate straps, hangers, etc. Use a minimum of one hanger every 6 ft (1.8 m). For pipe sizes larger than 1/2-in., follow recommendations of national codes.

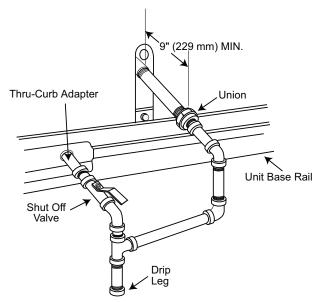


Fig. 19 — Gas Piping, Typical Curb Sidewall Piping (Example 1)

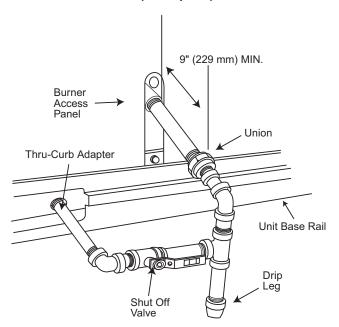


Fig. 20 — Gas Piping, Typical Curb Sidewall Piping (Example 2)

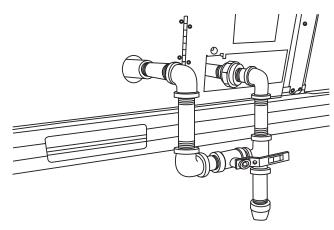


Fig. 21 — Gas Piping Thru-Base Connections

- 3. Apply joint compound (pipe dope) sparingly and only to male threads of joint when making pipe connections. Use only pipe dope that is resistant to action of liquefied petroleum gases as specified by local and/or national codes. If using PTFE (Teflon¹) tape, ensure the material is Double Density type and is labeled for use on gas lines. Apply tape per manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. Pressure-test all gas piping in accordance with local and national plumbing and gas codes before connecting piping to unit.

NOTE: Pressure test the gas supply system after the gas supply piping is connected to the gas valve. The supply piping must be disconnected from the gas valve during the testing of the piping systems when test pressure is in excess of 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressure test the gas supply piping system at pressures equal to or less than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). The unit heating section must be isolated from the gas piping system by closing the external main manual shutoff valve and slightly opening the ground-joint union.

Check for gas leaks at the field-installed and factory-installed gas lines after all piping connections have been completed. Use soap-and-water solution (or method specified by local codes and/or regulations).

## **MARNING**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

- Connect gas pipe to unit using a backup wrench to avoid damaging gas controls.
- Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber.
- Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.
- Use proper length of pipe to avoid stress on gas control manifold.

NOTE: If orifice hole appears damaged or it is suspected to have been re-drilled, check orifice hole with a numbered drill bit of correct size. Never re-drill an orifice (see Fig. 22). A burr-free and squarely aligned orifice hole is essential for proper flame characteristics.

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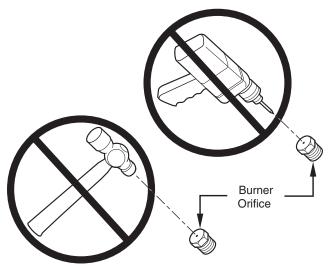


Fig. 22 — Orifice Hole

## Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line

The unit has one 3/4-in. condensate drain connection on the end of the condensate pan and an alternate connection on the bottom. See Fig. 23. Unit airflow configuration does not determine which drain connection to use. Either drain connection can be used with vertical or horizontal applications.

To use the alternate bottom drain connection, remove the red drain plug from the bottom connection (use a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension) and install it in the side drain connection.

The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place. See Fig. 23 and 24.

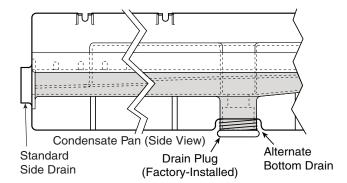
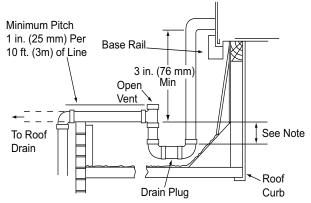


Fig. 23 — Condensate Drain Pan (Side View)

NOTE: If the alternate bottom drain is not used, check the drain plug for tightness prior to setting the unit on the roof curb.



NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4 in. (102 mm) trap is recommended.

### Fig. 24 — Condensate Drain Piping Details

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. (102 mm) deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1-in. per 10 ft (25 mm in 3 m) of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection (3/4-in.).

## Step 12 — Make Electrical Connections

## **⚠WARNING**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death

Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground.

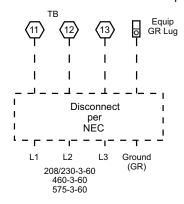
Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code); ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA [Canadian Standards Association] C22.1), and local electrical codes.

NOTE: Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of minimum 63°F (33°C) rise.

#### FIELD POWER SUPPLY

If equipped with optional powered convenience outlet: The power source leads to the convenience outlet's transformer primary are not factory connected. Installer must connect these leads according to required operation of the convenience outlet. If an always-energized convenience outlet operation is desired, connect the source leads to the line side of the unit-mounted disconnect. (Check with local codes to ensure this method is acceptable in your area.) If a de-energize via unit disconnect switch operation of the convenience outlet is desired, connect the source leads to the load side of the unit disconnect. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect, connect the source leads to compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC pressure lugs with unit field power leads (see Fig. 25).

#### Units Without Disconnect or HACR Option



#### Units With Disconnect or HACR Option

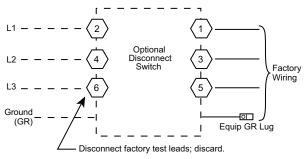


Fig. 25 — Power Wiring Connections

#### FIELD POWER WIRING CONNECTION

Field power wires are connected to the unit at line-side pressure lugs on compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC (see wiring diagram label for control box component arrangement) or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch. Max wire size is no. 4 AWG (copper only).

Refer to Table 7 for maximum wire size at connection lugs. Use copper wire only. See Fig. 25 and 26.

Table 7 — Connection Lug Min/Max Wire Sizes

	Minimum	Maximum
TB1 In Unit Control Box	no. 14	no. 1
80A Disconnect Option	no. 14	no. 4
100A Disconnect Option	no. 8	1/0

NOTE: TEST LEADS - Unit may be equipped with short leads (pigtails) on the field line connection points on contactor C or optional disconnect switch, see Fig. 25. These leads are for factory run-test purposes only; remove and discard before connecting field power wires to unit connection points. Make field power connections directly to line connection pressure lugs only.

## **A WARNING**

#### FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and unit. Use only copper wire.

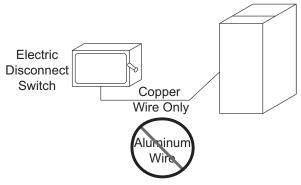


Fig. 26 - Disconnect Switch and Unit

## UNITS WITH FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT OR HACR

The factory-installed option non-fused disconnect (NFD) (see Fig. 27) or HACR (see Fig. 28) switch is located in a weather-proof enclosure located under the main control box. The manual switch handle and shaft are shipped in the disconnect or HACR enclosure. Assemble the shaft and handle to the switch at this point. Discard the factory test leads (see Fig. 25). Connect field power supply conductors to LINE side terminals when the switch enclosure cover is removed to attach the handle.

Connect field power supply conductors to LINE side terminals when the switch enclosure cover is removed to attach the handle.

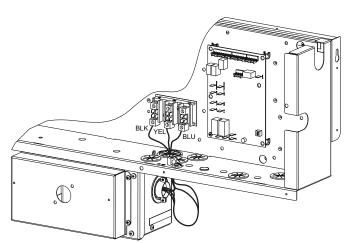


Fig. 27 — Location of Non-Fused Disconnect Enclosure

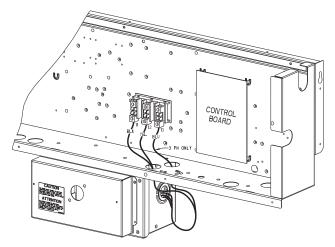


Fig. 28 — Location of HACR Circuit Breaker Enclosure

### To field install the NFD shaft and handle (see Fig. 29):

- 1. Remove the unit front panel (see Fig. 2 and 3).
- 2. Remove (3) hex screws on the NFD enclosure (2) on the face of the cover and (1) on the left side cover.
- 3. Remove the front cover of the NFD enclosure.
- Make sure the NFD shipped from the factory is at OFF position (the arrow on the black handle knob is at OFF).
- 5. Insert the shaft with the cross pin on the top of the shaft in the horizontal position.
- 6. Measure from the tip of the shaft to the top surface of the black pointer; the measurement should be 3.75-in. to 3.88-in. (95mm to 99mm).
- 7. Tighten the locking screw to secure the shaft to the NFD.
- 8. Turn the handle to the OFF position with red arrow pointing to OFF.
- 9. Install the handle on to the painted cover horizontally with the red arrow pointing to the left.
- 10. Secure the handle to the painted cover with (2) screws and lock washers supplied.
- 11. Engaging the shaft into the handle socket, re-install (3) hex screws on the NFD enclosure.
- 12. Re-install the unit front panel.

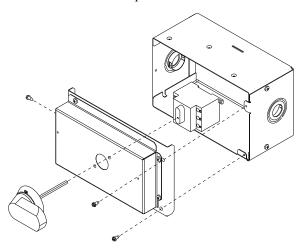


Fig. 29 — Handle and Shaft Assembly for NFD

## To field install the HACR circuit breaker shaft and handle (see Fig. 30):

- 1. Remove the unit front panel (see Fig. 2 or Fig. 3).
- 2. Remove (3) hex screws on the HACR enclosure (2) on the face of the cover and (1) on the left side cover.
- 3. Remove the front cover of the HACR enclosure.
- 4. Make sure the HACR circuit breaker shipped from the factory is at OFF position (the white arrow pointing at OFF).
- 5. Insert the shaft all the way with the cross pin on the top of the shaft in the horizontal position.
- Tighten the locking screw to secure the shaft to the HACR circuit breaker.
- 7. Turn the handle to the OFF position with red arrow pointing at OFF.
- 8. Install the handle on to the painted cover horizontally with the red arrow pointing to the left.
- 9. Secure the handle to the painted cover with (2) screws and lock washers supplied.
- 10. Engaging the shaft into the handle socket, re-install (3) hex screws on the HACR circuit breaker enclosure.
- 11. Re-install the unit front panel.

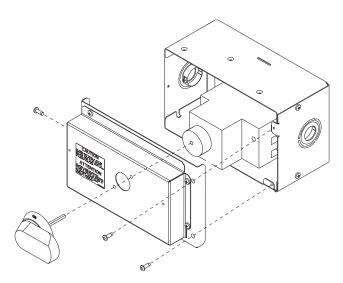


Fig. 30 — Handle and Shaft Assembly for HACR Circuit Breaker

# UNITS WITHOUT FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT OR HACR CIRCUIT BREAKER

When installing units, provide a disconnect switch per NEC (National Electrical Code) of adequate size. Disconnect sizing data is provided on the unit informative plate. Locate on unit cabinet or within sight of the unit per national or local codes. Do not cover unit informative plate if mounting the disconnect on the unit cabinet.

#### FIELD WIRING COMPLIANCE

All field wiring must comply with NEC and all local code requirements. Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 25 and unit label diagram for power wiring connections to the unit and equipment ground. Maximum wire size is no. 4 ga AWG (copper only) per pole on contactors and no. 2ga AWG (copper only) per pole on optional non-fused disconnect or HACR.

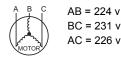
Provide a ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device (fuse or breaker) per NEC Article 440 (or local codes). Refer to unit informative data plate for MOCP (Maximum Over-current Protection) device size.

NOTE: Units ordered with factory-installed HACR do not need an additional ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protective device unless required by local codes.

All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the control transformer must be rewired by moving the black wire with the 1/4-in. female spade connector from the 230-v connection and moving it to the 200-v 1/4-in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer. Refer to unit label diagram for additional information.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the following formula to determine the percent of voltage imbalance. Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60



Average Voltage = 
$$\frac{(224 + 231 + 226)}{3} = \frac{681}{3} = 227$$

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage.

(AB) 227-224 = 3 v

(BC) 231-227 = 4 v

(AC) 227-226 = 1 v

Maximum deviation is 4 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance = 
$$100x - \frac{4}{227} = 1.78\%$$

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

#### CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

## **⚠ WARNING**

#### ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Lock-out and tag-out this switch, if necessary.

Two types of convenience outlets are offered on 48GC models: non-powered and unit-powered. Both types provide a 125-v GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the end panel of the unit. See Fig. 31.

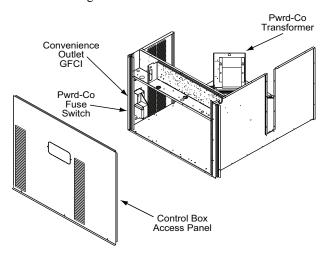


Fig. 31 — Convenience Outlet Location

#### Installing Weatherproof Cover

A weatherproof cover is now required by UL standards for the factory-installed convenience outlets. This cover cannot be

factory-mounted due to its depth; it must be installed at unit installation. For shipment, the convenience outlet is covered with a blank cover plate.

On units with electro-mechanical controls the weatherproof cover kit is shipped in the unit's control box. The kit includes the hinged cover, a backing plate and gasket. On units with a factory-installed direct digital controller (SystemVu<sup>TM</sup>), the weatherproof cover kit is secured to the basepan underneath the control box.

#### Disconnect All Power To Unit and Convenience Outlet. Lock-Out and Tag-Out All Power

Remove the blank cover plate at the convenience outlet; discard the blank cover.

Loosen the two screws at the GFCI duplex outlet, until approximately 1/2-in. (13 mm) under screw heads is exposed. Press the gasket over the screw heads. Slip the backing plate over the screw heads at the keyhole slots and align with the gasket; tighten the two screws until snug (do not over-tighten).

Mount the weatherproof cover to the backing plate as shown in Fig. 32. Remove two slot fillers in the bottom of the cover to permit service tool cords to exit the cover. Check for full closing and latching.

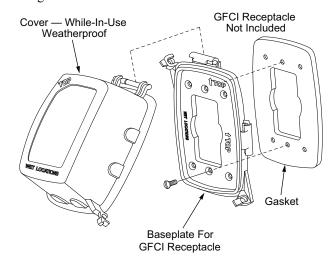


Fig. 32 — Weatherproof Cover Installation

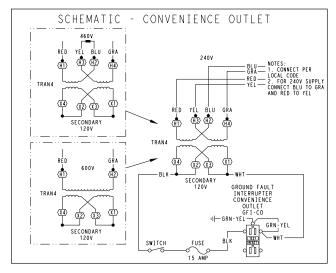
#### Non-powered type

Requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-v 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

#### Unit-powered type

A unit-mounted transformer is factory-installed to step-down the main power supply voltage to the unit to 115-v at the duplex receptacle. This option also includes a manual switch with fuse, located in a utility box and mounted on a bracket behind the convenience outlet; access is through the unit's control box access panel. See Fig. 31.

The primary leads to the convenience outlet transformer are not factory-connected. Selection of primary power source is a customer option. If local codes permit, the transformer primary leads can be connected at the line-side terminals on the unit-mounted non-fused disconnect; this will provide service power to the unit when the unit disconnect witch is open. Other connection methods will result in the convenience outlet circuit being de-energized when the unit disconnect switch is open. See Fig. 33. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect, connect the source leads to the main terminal block (TB1).



UNIT VOLTAGE	CONNECT AS	PRIMARY CONNECTIONS	TRANSFORMER TERMINALS
208, 230	240	L1: RED+YEL L2: BLU+YEL	H1+H3 H2+H4
460	480	L1: RED Splice BLU+YEL L2: GRA	H1 H2+H3 H4
575	600	L1: RED L2: GRA	H1 H2

Fig. 33 — Powered Convenience Outlet Wiring

#### **ALL UNITS**

Test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle. Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.

#### Unit-mounted convenience outlets

Outlets will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.

## Fuse on power type

The factory fuse is a Bussman¹ "Fusetron" T-15, non-renewable screw-in (Edison base) type plug fuse. See Fig. 34 for maximum continuous use amp limitations.

## NOTICE

## **Convenience Outlet Utilization**

Maximum Continuous use: 15 Amps for receptacle outlets, and 8 Amps for factory supplied transformers

50HJ542739 C

Fig. 34 — Convenience Outlet Utilization Notice Label

#### HACR AMP RATING

The amp rating of the HACR factory-installed option is based on the size, voltage, indoor motor and other electrical options of the unit as shipped from the factory. If field-installed accessories are added or changed in the field (for example, power exhaust, ERV), the HACR may no longer be of the proper amp rating and there-

fore will need to be removed from the unit. See unit nameplate and label on factory-installed HACR for the amp rating of the HACR that was shipped with the unit from the factory (Fig. 35). See unit nameplates for the proper fuse, HACR or maximum over-current protection device required on the unit with field installed accessories.

# A CAUTION The HACR circuit breaker is rated for

240V/480V Wye and Delta, and 600V Wye power supply. Do not connect to 600V Delta power supply. Severe damage to equipment would occur.

## **A** ATTENTION

Le voltage nominal du disjoncteur CACR est de 240V/480V en étoile-triangle, et 600V en étoile. Ne pas brancher sur une alimentation électrique de 600V en triangle. Cela causera de graves dommages à l'équipment.

Fig. 35 — HACR Caution Label

## FACTORY-OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS (ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS)

This service connection kit consists of a 1/2 in. NPT gas adapter fitting (brass), a 1/2 in. electrical bulkhead connector and a 3/4 in. electrical bulkhead connector, all factory-installed in the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section. The 3/4 in. bulkhead connector enables the low-voltage control wires to pass through the basepan. The 1/2 in. electrical bulkhead connector allows the high-voltage power wires to pass through the basepan. See Fig. 17.

Check tightness of connector lock nuts before connecting electrical conduits.

Field-supplied and field-installed liquid tight conduit connectors and conduit may be attached to the connectors on the basepan. Pull correctly rated high voltage through appropriate conduits. Connect the power conduit to the internal disconnect (if unit is so equipped) or to the external disconnect (through unit side panel). A hole must be field cut in the main control box bottom on the left side so the 24-v control connections can be made. Connect the control power conduit to the unit control box at this hole.

#### Units Without Thru- Base Connections

- 1. Install power wiring conduit through side panel openings. Install conduit between disconnect and control box.
- 2. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 33.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the formula on page 21 to determine the percent of voltage imbalance. Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

## Field Control Wiring

The 48GC unit requires an external temperature control device. This device can be a thermostat (field-supplied) or a SystemVu<sup>TM</sup> controller (available as factory-installed option, for use on a Carrier Comfort Network® or as a stand-alone control).

#### **Thermostat**

Install a Carrier-approved accessory 2-stage thermostat according to installation instructions included with the accessory. For complete economizer function and 2-stage compressor operation, select a two-stage cooling thermostat. If a 2-stage cooling thermostat

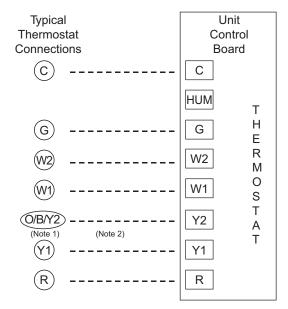
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is not available, use a single stage cooling thermostat instead, but note that this will limit cooling to just 1 stage. Locate the thermostat accessory on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with the thermostat installation instructions. If the thermostat contains a logic circuit requiring 24-v power, use a thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of different colors with minimum of seven leads (see Fig. 36). If the thermostat does not require a 24-v source (no "C" connection required), use a thermostat cable or equivalent with minimum of six leads. Check the thermostat installation instructions for additional features which might require additional conductors in the cable. For wire runs up to 50 ft (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gauge) insulated wire [35°C (95°F) minimum]. For 50 to 75 ft (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire [35°C (95°F) minimum]. For over 75 ft (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire [35°C (95°F) minimum]. All wire sizes larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

#### Unit Without Thru-Base Connection Kit

Pass the thermostat control wires through the hole provided in the corner post; then feed the wires through the raceway built into the corner post to the control box. Pull the wires over to the terminal strip on the upper-left corner of the Controls Connection Board. See Fig. 37.

NOTE: If thru-the-bottom connections accessory is used, refer to the accessory installation instructions for information on routing power and control wiring.



Note 1: Typical multi-function marking. Follow manufacturer's configuration Instructions to select Y2.

Note 2: Y2 to Y2 connection required on single-stage cooling units when integrated economizer function is desired.

--- Field Wiring

Fig. 36 — Low-Voltage Connections

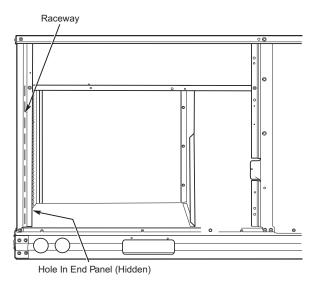


Fig. 37 — Field Control Wiring Raceway

**HUMIDI-MIZER® CONTROL CONNECTIONS** 

## Humidi-MiZer – Space RH Controller

NOTE: The Humidi-MiZer is a factory installed option.

The Humidi-MiZer dehumidification system requires a field-supplied and field-installed space relative humidity control device. This device may be a separate humidistat control (contact closes on rise in space RH above control setpoint) or a combination thermostat-humidistat control device such as Carrier's Edge® Pro Thermidistat<sup>TM</sup> device with isolated contact set for dehumidification control. (see Fig. 38 and 39). The humidistat is normally used in applications where a temperature control is already provided (units with SystemVu<sup>TM</sup> control).

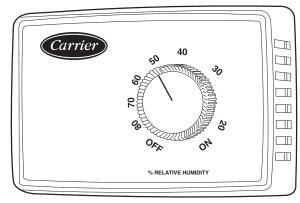


Fig. 38 — Accessory Field-Installed Humidistat



Fig. 39 — Edge® Pro Thermidistat

## To Connect the Carrier Humidistat (HL38MG029):

- 1. Route the humidistat 2-conductor cable (field-supplied) through the hole provided in the unit corner post.
- 2. Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 37) to the 24v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
- 3. Connect one of the leads from the 2-conductor cable to the HUM terminal on the UCB (Unit Control Board). Connect the other lead to the R terminal on the UCB. See Fig. 40.

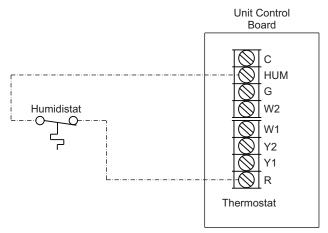


Fig. 40 — Humidistat Connections to UCB

## To connect the Thermidistat device (33CS2PPRH-01):

- Route the Thermidistat multi-conductor thermostat cable (field-supplied) through the hole provided in the unit corner post.
- 2. Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 37) to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
- 3. The Thermidistat has dry contacts at terminals D1 and D2 for dehumidification operation (see Fig. 41). Connect D1 to the R terminal on the UCB. Connect D2 to the HUM terminal on the UCB. Refer to the installation instructions included with the Carrier Edge® Pro Thermidistat device for more information.

#### TYPICAL UNIT WIRING DIAGRAMS

See Fig. 42 - 46 for examples of typical unit control and power wiring diagrams. These wiring diagrams are mounted on the inside of the unit control box cover. Refer to the wiring diagrams in the unit control box when making field power wiring connections.

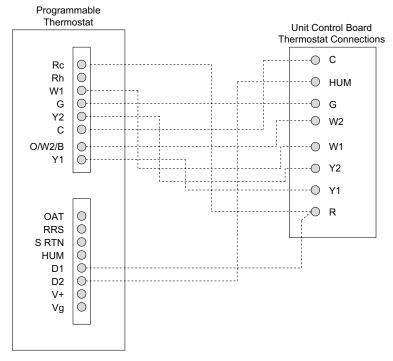
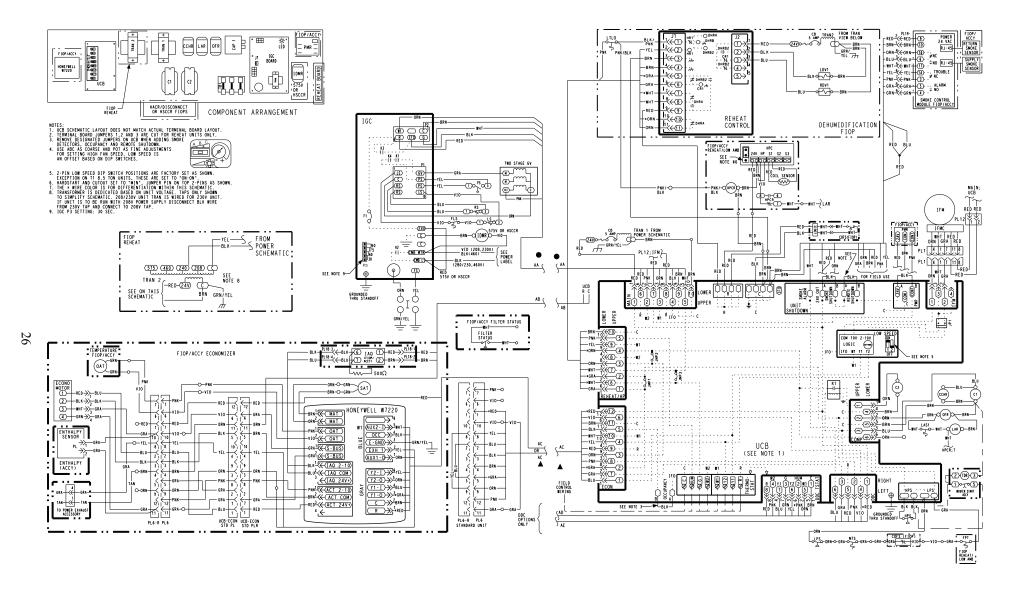


Fig. 41 — Typical 48GC\*\*07-12 Unit with Humidi-MiZer Adaptive Dehumidification System and Edge® Pro Thermidistat Device



YAC CONTROL 230/460/575V T1 7.5-10 TON, T2 6-8.5 TON

Fig. 42 — Typical Control Wiring Diagram, Electro-Mechanical with W7220 — 48GC 07-09, 230/460/575-3-60 Units Shown

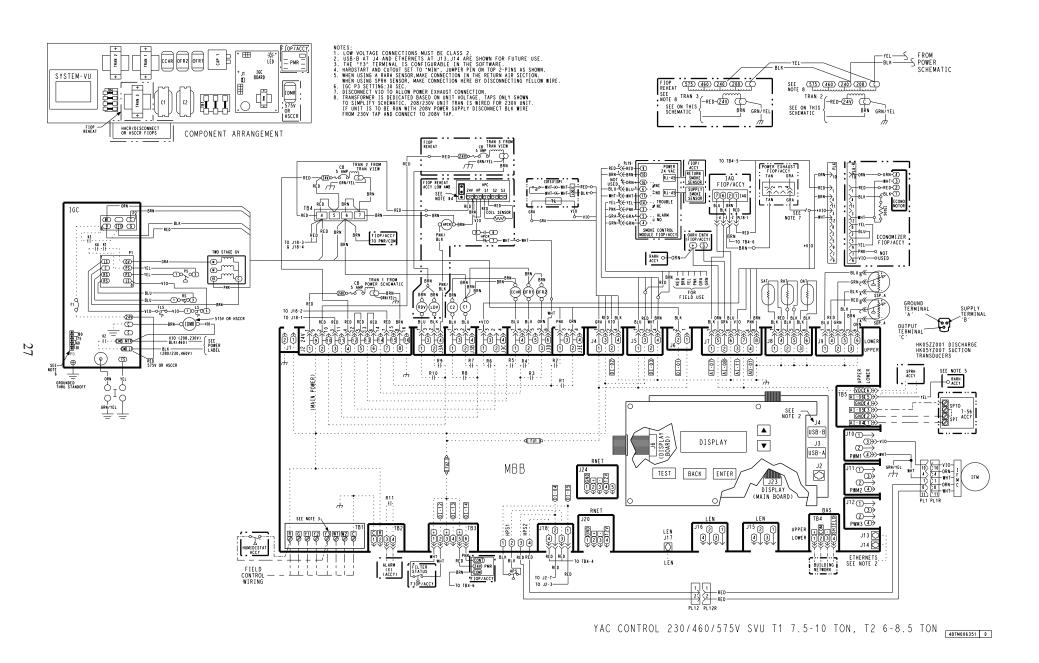


Fig. 43 — Typical Control Wiring Diagram, SystemVu™ Controller — 48GC 07-09 230/460/575-3-60 Unit Shown

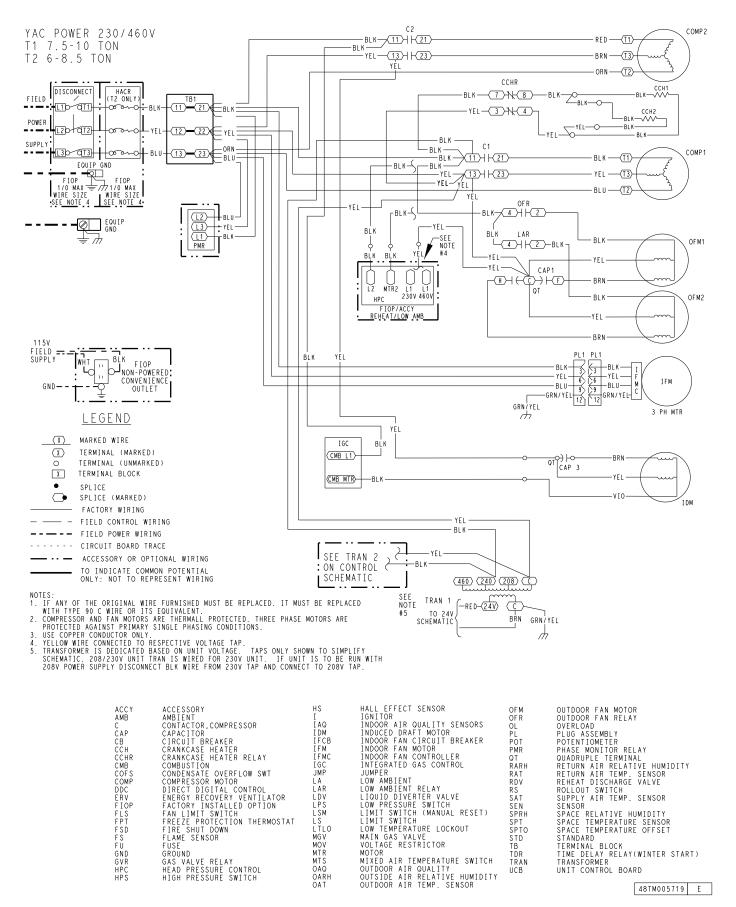


Fig. 44 — Typical Power Wiring Diagram, for Units with Electro-Mechanical or SystemVu Controllers — 48GC 07-09, 230/460-3-60 Units Shown

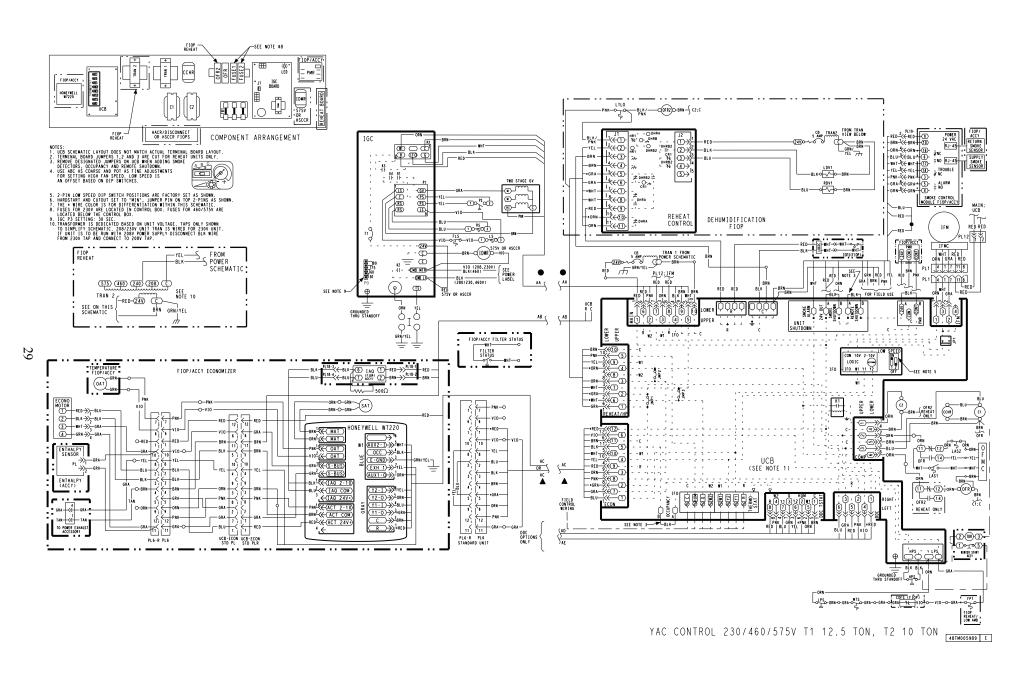


Fig. 45 — Typical Control Wiring Diagram, Electro-Mechanical with W7220 — 48GC 12, 230/460/575-3-60 Units Shown

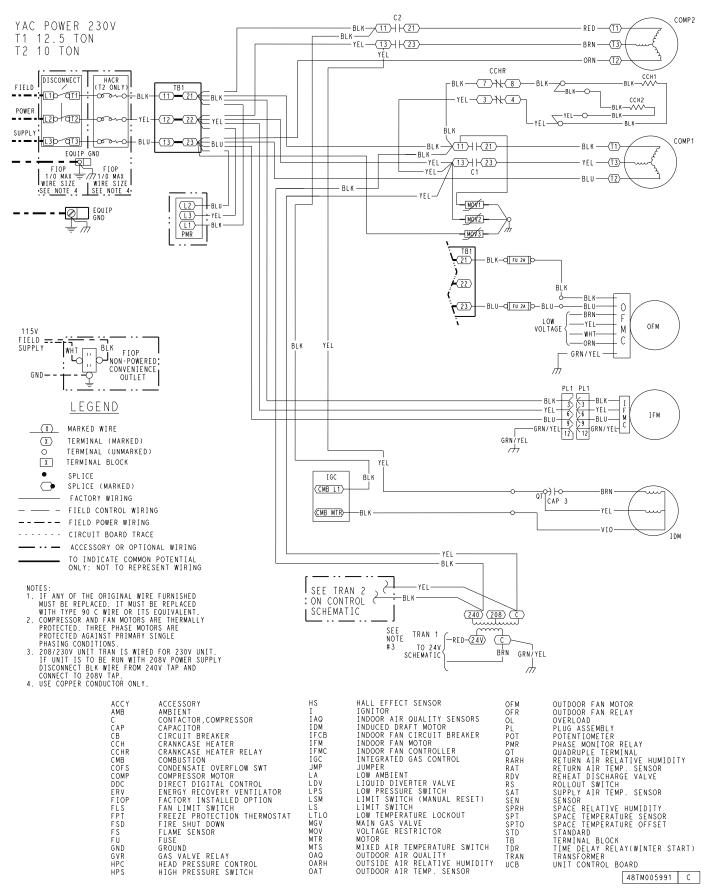


Fig. 46 — Typical Power Wiring Diagram, for Units with Electro-Mechanical Controller — 48GC 12, 230-3-60 Unit Shown

### **Integrated Gas Controller**

This unit contains an Integrated Gas Controller (IGC) board. The IGC control board uses a flue gas pressure switch that senses pressure drop in the heat exchanger due to the combustion inducer. See Fig. 47.

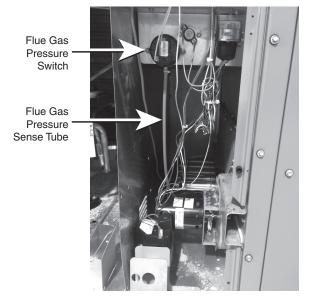


Fig. 47 — Flue Gas Pressure Switch and Pressure Sense Tube (Typical Location)

When the thermostat calls for heating, power is sent to W on the Integrated Gas Controller (IGC) board. An LED (light emitting diode) on the IGC board turns on and remains on during normal operation. A check is made to ensure that the rollout switch and limit switch are closed, and that the pressure switch is open. If the check was successful, the induced draft motor is energized. When the pressure in the heat exchanger is low enough to close the pressure switch, the ignition activation period begins. Once ignition occurs, the IGC board will continue to monitor the condition of the rollout switch, the limit switches, the pressure switch, and the flame sensor. Assuming the unit is controlled through a room thermostat set for "fan auto," 45 seconds after ignition occurs, the indoor fan motor will energize, and the outdoor air dampers will open to their minimum position. If the "over temperature limit" opens prior to the start of the indoor fan blower, the IGC will shut down the burners, and the control will shorten the 45 second delay to 5 seconds less than the time to trip the limit. For example, if the limit trips at 37 seconds, the control will change the "fan on delay" from 45 seconds to 32 seconds. Once the "fan on delay" has been modified, it will not change back to 45 seconds unless power is reset to the control. On units with 2 stages of heat, W2 closes and initiates power to the second stage of the main gas valve when additional heat is required.

When the thermostat is satisfied, W1 and W2 open and the gas valve closes, interrupting the flow of gas to the main burners. If the call for W1 lasted less than 1 minute, the heating cycle will not terminate until 1 minute after W1 became active. If the unit is controlled through a room thermostat set for fan auto, the indoor fan motor will continue to operate for an additional 90 seconds, then stop. An LED indicator is provided on the IGC to monitor operation.

See Fig. 48 for IGC board component layout. Fig. 49 is a typical IGC control wiring diagram. See Table 8 for IGC board LED alarm codes.

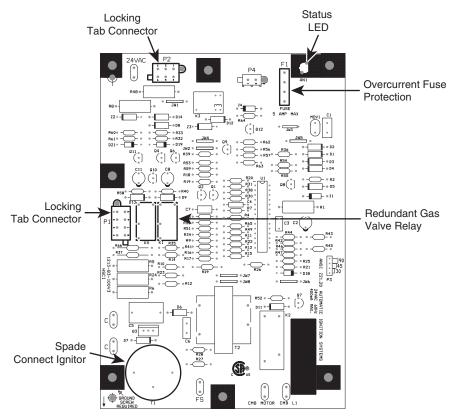


Fig. 48 — IGC Board Component Layout

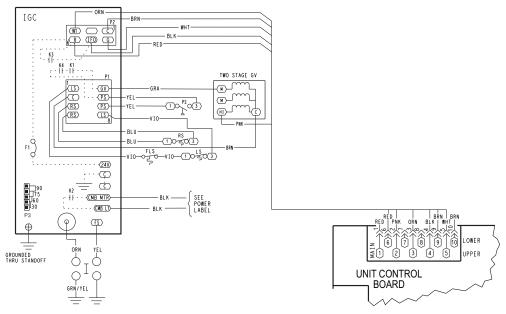


Fig. 49 — Typical IGC Control Wiring Diagram

Table 8 — IGC Board LED Alarm Codes a,b,c,d

LED FLASH CODE	DESCRIPTION	ACTION TAKEN BY CONTROL	RESET METHOD	PROBABLE CAUSE
On	Normal Operation	_	_	_
Off	Hardware Failure	No gas heating.	_	Loss of power to the IGC. Check 5 amp fuse on IGC, power to unit, 24V circuit breaker, transformer, and wiring to the IGC.
1 Flash	Indoor Fan On/Off Delay Modified	5 seconds subtracted from On delay.	Power reset.	High temperature limit switch opens during heat exchanger warm-up period before fanon delay expires.
2 Flashes	Limit Switch Fault	Gas valve and igniter Off. Indoor fan and inducer On.	Limit switch closed, or heat call (W) Off.	High temperature limit switch is open. Check the operation of the indoor (evaporator) fan motor.  Ensure that the supply-air temperature rise is within the range on the unit nameplate.  Check wiring and limit switch operation.
3 Flashes	Flame Sense Fault	Indoor fan and inducer On.	Flame sense normal. Power reset for LED reset.	The IGC sensed a flame when the gas valve should be closed. Check wiring, flame sensor, and gas valve operation.
4 Flashes	Four Consecutive Limit Switch Fault	No gas heating.	Heat call (W) Off. Power reset for LED reset.	4 consecutive limit switch faults within a single call for heat. See Limit Switch Fault.
5 Flashes	Ignition Fault	No gas heating.	Heat call (W) Off. Power reset for LED reset.	Unit unsuccessfully attempted ignition for 15 minutes. Check igniter and flame sensor electrode spacing, gaps, etc. Check flame sense and igniter wiring. Check gas valve operation and gas supply.
6 Flashes	Induced Draft Motor Fault	If heat off: no gas heating. If heat on: gas valve Off and inducer On.	Inducer sense normal, or heat call (W) Off.	Inducer sense On when heat call Off, or inducer sense Off when heat call On. Check wiring, voltage, and operation of IGC motor. Check speed sensor wiring to IGC.
7 Flashes	Rollout Switch Lockout	Gas valve and igniter Off. Indoor fan and inducer On.	Power reset.	Rollout switch has opened. Check gas valve operation. Check induced-draft blower wheel is properly secured to motor shaft.
8 Flashes	Internal Control Lockout	No gas heating.	Power reset.	IGC has sensed internal hardware or software error. If fault is not cleared by resetting 24 v power, replace the IGC.
9 Flashes	Temporary Software Lockout	No gas heating.	1 hour auto reset, or power reset.	Electrical interference is disrupting the IGC software.

## NOTE(S):

- If the Flue Gas pressure switch is stuck closed on a W1 call the unit will sit idle and you will not get any error code from the ICG. There is a 3-second pause between alarm code displays.

  If more than one alarm code exists, all applicable alarm codes will be displayed in numerical sequence.

  Alarm codes on the IGC will be lost if power to the unit is interrupted.

#### LEGEND

IGC Integrated Gas Unit Control LED Light-Emitting Diode

## EconoMi\$er X (Factory-Installed Option)

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The EconoMi\$er® X system is an expandable economizer control system, which includes a W7220 economizer module (controller) with an LCD and keypad (see Fig. 50). The W7220 module can be configured with optional sensors.



Fig. 50 — W7220 Economizer Module

The W7220 economizer module can be used as a stand-alone economizer module wired directly to a commercial set-back space thermostat and sensors to provide outside air dry-bulb economizer control.

The W7220 economizer module can be connected to optional sensors for single or differential enthalpy control. The W7220 economizer module provides power and communications for the sensors

The W7220 economizer module automatically detects sensors by polling to determine which sensors are present. If a sensor loses communications after it has been detected, the W7220 economizer controller indicates a device fail error on its LCD.

#### SYSTEM COMPONENTS

The EconoMi\$er X system includes an economizer module, 20k mixed air sensor, damper actuator, and either a 20k outdoor air temperature sensor or S-Bus enthalpy sensors.

#### Economizer Module

The module is the core of the EconoMi\$er X system. The module is mounted in the unit's control box, and includes the user interface for the system. The W7220 economizer module provides the basic inputs and outputs to provide simple economizer control. When used with the optional sensors, the economizer module provides more advanced economizer functionality.

#### S-Bus Enthalpy Control Sensors

The sensor is a combination temperature and humidity sensor which is powered by and communicates on the S-Bus. Up to three sensors may be configured with the W7220 economizer module.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor (optional)

The sensor can be added for Demand Controlled Ventilation (DCV).

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### W7220 Economizer Module

The module is designed for use with 2 to 10 vdc or bus communicating actuator. The module includes terminals for CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, Mixed Air sensor, and an Outdoor Dry Bulb sensor. Enthalpy and other options are available with bus sensors.

#### User Interface

Provides status for normal operation, setup parameters, checkout tests, and alarm and error conditions with a 2-line 16 character LCD display and four button keypad.

#### Electrical

Rated Voltage — 20 to 30 vac RMS, 50/60 Hz

Transformer — 100 va maximum system input

Nominal Power Consumption (at 24 vac, 60 Hz) — 11.5 VA without sensors or actuators

Relay Digital Output Rating at 30 vac (maximum power from Class 2 input only) — 1.5A run:

3.5A inrush at 0.45PF (200,000 cycles) or

7.5A inrush at 0.45PF (100,000 cycles)

External Sensors Power Output — 21 vdc  $\pm$  5% at 48mA

IMPORTANT: All inputs and outputs must be Class 2 wiring.

#### **INPUTS**

#### Sensors

NOTE: A Mixed Air (MA) analog sensor is required on all W7220 units; either an Outdoor Air (OA) sensor for dry bulb change over or an OA bus sensor for outdoor enthalpy change over is required in addition to the MA sensor. An additional Return Air (RA) bus sensor can be added to the system for differential enthalpy or dry bulb changeover. For differential dry bulb changeover, a 20k ohm sensor is required in the OA and a bus sensor in the RA. DIP switch on RA bus sensor must be set in the RA position.

## Dry Bulb Temperature (optional) and Mixed Air (required), 20k NTC

2-wire (18 to 22 AWG);

Temperature range –40°F to 150°F (–40°C to 65°C)

Temperature accuracy -0°F/+2°F

Temperature and Humidity, C7400S1000 (optional)

S-Bus; 2-wire (18 to 22 AWG)

Temperature: range –40°F to 150°F (–40°C to 65°C)

Temperature accuracy -0°F/+2°F

Humidity: range 0 to 100% RH with 5% accuracy.

NOTE: Up to three (3) S-Bus sensors may be connected to the W7220 economizer module. For outdoor air (OA), return air (RA) and discharge (supply) air (DA).

## 4 Binary Inputs

1-wire 24 vac + common GND (see page 35 for wiring details).

#### 24 vac power supply

20 to 30 vac 50/60Hz; 100 VA Class 2 transformer.

#### **OUTPUTS**

#### Actuator Signal:

2-10 vdc; minimum actuator impedance is 2k ohm; bus two-wire output for bus communicating actuators.

#### Exhaust fan, Y1, Y2 and AUX1 O:

All Relay Outputs (at 30 vac):

Running: 1.5A maximum

Inrush: 7.5A maximum

ENVIRONMENTAL

## **Operating Temperature:**

-40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 65°C)

Exception of display operation down to  $-4^{\circ}F$  ( $-20^{\circ}C$ ) with full recovery at  $-4^{\circ}F$  ( $-20^{\circ}C$ ) from exposure to  $-40^{\circ}F$  ( $-40^{\circ}C$ )

#### Storage Temperature:

-40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 65°C)

#### Shipping Temperature:

-40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 65°C)

#### Relative Humidity:

5% to 95% RH non-condensing

#### ECONOMIZER MODULE WIRING DETAILS

Use Fig. 51 and Tables 9 and 10 to locate the wiring terminals for the Economizer module.

NOTE: The four terminal blocks are removable. You can slide out each terminal block, wire it, and then slide it back into place.

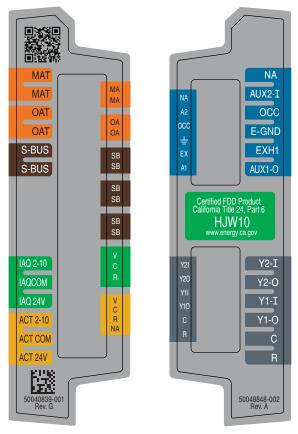


Fig. 51 — W7220 Wiring Terminals

Table 9 — Economizer Module - Left Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION		
	Top Left Terminal Block			
MAT MAT	20k NTC and COM	Mixed Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)		
OAT OAT	20k NTC and COM	Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)		
S-BUS S-BUS	S-BUS (Sylka Bus)	Enthalpy Control Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)		
Bottom Left Terminal Block				
IAQ 2-10	2-10 vdc	Air Quality Sensor Input (e.g. CO <sub>2</sub> sensor)		
IAQ COM	COM	Air Quality Sensor Common		
IAQ 24V	24 vac	Air Quality Sensor 24 vac Source		
ACT 2-10	2-10 vdc	Damper Actuator Output (2-10 vdc)		
ACT COM	COM	Damper Actuator Output Common		
ACT 24-v	24 vac	Damper Actuator 24 vac Source		

#### NOTE(S):

a. Third-party trademarks and logos are the property of their respective owners.

Table 10 — Economizer Module - Right Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION		
Top Right Terminal Blocks				
AUX2 I	24 vac IN	The first terminal is not used.		
осс	24 vac IN	Shut Down (SD) or HEAT (W) Conventional only and Heat Pump Changeover (O-B) in Heat Pump mode.		
E-GND	E-GND	Occupied/Unoccupied Input		
EXH1	24 vac OUT	Exhaust Fan 1 Output		
AUX1 O	24 vac OUT	Programmable: Exhaust fan 2 output or ERV or System alarm output		
	Bottom Right Terminal Blocks			
Y2-I	24 vac IN	Y2 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat		
Y2-O	24 vac OUT	Y2 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling		
Y1-I	24 vac IN	Y1 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat		
Y1-0	24 vac OUT	Y1 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling		
С	COM	24 vac Common		
R	24 vac	24 vac Power (hot)		

#### S-BUS SENSOR WIRING

The labels on the sensors and controller are color coded for ease of installation. Orange labeled sensors can only be wired to orange terminals on the controller. Brown labeled sensors can only be wired to S-bus (brown) terminals. Use Fig. 52 and Table 10 to locate the wiring terminals for each S-Bus sensor.

Use Fig. 52 and Table 11 to locate the wiring terminals for each enthalpy control sensor.

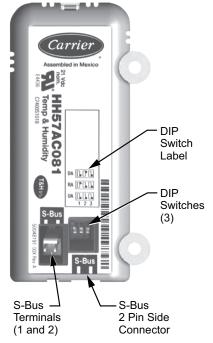


Fig. 52 — S-Bus Sensor DIP Switches

Table 11 — HH57AC081 Sensor Wiring Terminations

TERMINAL		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NUMBER	LABEL	IYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)
2	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)

Use Fig. 52 and Table 12 to set the DIP switches for the desired use of the sensor.

Table 12 — HH57AC081 Sensor DIP Switch

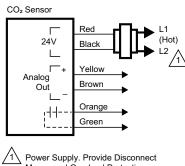
USE	DIP SWITCH POSITIONS FOR SWITCHES 1, 2, AND 3			
USE	1	2	3	
DA	OFF	ON	OFF	
RA	ON	OFF	OFF	
OA	OFF	OFF	OFF	

NOTE: When a S-Bus sensor is connected to an existing network, it will take 60 minutes for the network to recognize and auto-configure itself to use the new sensor.

During the 60 minute setup period, no alarms for sensor failures (except SAT) will be issued and no economizing function will be available.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR WIRING

When using a CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the black and brown common wires are internally connected and only one is connected to "IAQ COM" on the W7220. Use the power from the W7220 to power the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor OR make sure the ground for the power supplies are common. See Fig. 53 for CO<sub>2</sub> sensor wiring.



Means and Overload Protection
As Required.

Fig. 53 — CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Wiring

## INTERFACE OVERVIEW

This section describes how to use the EconoMi\$er® X user interface for:

- · Keypad and menu navigation
- · Settings and parameter changes
- Menu structure and selection

#### **USER INTERFACE**

The user interface consists of a 2-line LCD display and a 4-button keypad on the front of the economizer controller.

#### **KEYPAD**

The four navigation buttons (see Fig. 54) are used to scroll through the menus and menu items, select menu items, and to change parameter and configuration settings.

To use the keypad when working with menus:

- Press the ▲ (Up arrow) button to move to the previous menu
- Press the ▼ (Down arrow) button to move to the next menu.
- Press the (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
- Press the ① (Menu Up/Exit) button to exit a menu's item and return to the list of menus.

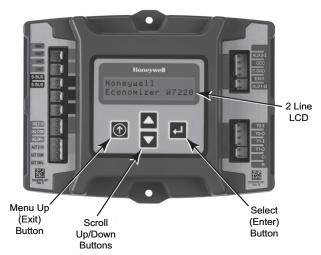


Fig. 54 — W7220 Controller Navigation Buttons

To use the keypad when working with Set Points, System and Advanced Settings, Checkout tests and Alarms:

- 1. Navigate to the desired menu.
- 2. Press the (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to scroll to the desired parameter.
- 4. Press the (Enter) button to display the value of the currently displayed item.
- Press the ▲ button to increase (change) the displayed parameter value.
- 6. Press the ▼ button to decrease (change) the displayed parameter value.

NOTE: When values are displayed, pressing and holding the ▲ or ▼ button causes the display to automatically increment.

- Press the (Enter) button to accept the displayed value and store it in nonvolatile RAM.
- 8. "CHANGE STORED" displays.
- 9. Press the (Enter) button to return to the current menu parameter.
- 10. Press the ♠ (Menu Up/Exit) button to return to the previous menu.

#### MENU STRUCTURE

Table 13 illustrates the complete hierarchy of menus and parameters for the EconoMi\$er® X system.

The Menus in display order are:

- STATUS
- SET POINTS
- SYSTEM SETUP
- ADVANCED SETUP
- CHECKOUT
- ALARMS

IMPORTANT: Table 13 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration.

For example, if you do not have a DCV (CO<sub>2</sub>) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear and only MIN POS will display. If you have a CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the DCV MIN and DCV MAX will appear AND if you have 2 speed fan DCV MIN (high and low speed) and DCV MAX (high and low speed will appear).

NOTE: Some parameters in the menus use the letters MA or MAT, indicating a mixed air temperature sensor location before the cooling coil. This unit application has the control sensor located after the cooling coil, in the fan section, where it is designated as (Cooling) Supply Air Temperature or SAT sensor.

#### SETUP AND CONFIGURATION

Before being placed into service, the W7220 economizer module must be setup and configured for the installed system.

IMPORTANT: During setup, the economizer module is live at all times.

The setup process uses a hierarchical menu structure that is easy to use. Press the  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  arrow buttons to move forward and backward through the menus and press the button to select and confirm setup item changes.

#### TIME-OUT AND SCREENSAVER

When no buttons have been pressed for 10 minutes, the LCD displays a screen saver, which cycles through the Status items. Each Status items displays in turn and cycles to the next item after 5 seconds.

Table 13 — W7220 Menu Structure<sup>a</sup>

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT <sup>b</sup>	NOTES
	ECONO AVAIL	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1–IN) YES = economizing available; the system can use outside air for free cooling when required
	ECONOMIZING	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT YES = outside air being used for 1 stage cooling
	OCCUPIED°	NO	YES/NO	OCCUPIED YES = OCC signal received from space thermostat or unitary controller YES = 24 Vac on terminal OCC NO = 0 Vac on terminal OCC
	HEAT PUMP	N/A	COOL HEAT	HEAT PUMP MODE Displays COOL or HEAT when system is set to heat pump (Non-conventional)
	COOL Y1—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) Y1-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for cooling stage 1. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y1-I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y1-I
	COOL Y1—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool stage 1 Relay Output to stage 1 mechanical cooling (Y1–OUT terminal)
	COOL Y2—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y2–IN) Y2–I signal from space thermostat our unitary controller for second stage cooling. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y2–I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y2–I
	COOL Y2—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool Stage 2 Relay Output to mechanical cooling (Y2–OUT terminal).
	MA TEMP <sup>d</sup>	F	0°F to 140°F (–17°C to 60°C)	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE, Cooling Mode Displays value of measured mixed air from MAT sensor. Displays F if not connected, short or out-of-range.
CTATUC	DA TEMP	F	0°F to 140°F (–17°C to 60°C)	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE, after Heating section Displays when Discharge Air sensor is connected and displays measured discharge temperature. DisplaysF if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range.
STATUS	OA TEMP	F	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)	OUTSIDE AIR TEMP Displays measured value of outdoor air temperature. DisplaysF if sensor sends invalid value, short or out-of-range.
	OA HUM	%	0 to 100%	OUTSIDE AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of outdoor humidity from OA sensor. Displays% if not connected short, or out-of-range.
	RA TEMP	F	0°F to 140°F (–17°C to 60°C)	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE Displays measured value of return air temperature from RAT sensor. Displays F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range
	RA HUM	%	0 to 100%	RETURN AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of return air humidity from RA sensor. Displays% if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, shor or out-of-range.
	IN CO2	ppm	0 to 2000 ppm	SPACE/RETURN AIR CO <sub>2</sub> Displays value of measured CO <sub>2</sub> from CO <sub>2</sub> sensor. Invalid if not connected, short or out-of-range.
	DCV STATUS	N/A	ON/OFF	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION STATUS Displays ON if above setpoint and OFF if below setpoint, and ONLY if a CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected.
	DAMPER OUT	2.0v	2.0 to 10.0v	Displays voltage output to the damper actuator.
	ACT POS	N/A	0 to 100%	Displays actual position of outdoor air damper actuator.
	ACT COUNT	N/A	1 to 65535	Displays number of times actuator has cycled.  1 cycles equals 180 deg. of actuator movement in any direction.
	ACTUATOR	N/A	OK/Alarm (on Alarm menu)	Displays ERROR if voltage or torque is below actuator range.
	EXH1 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 1 RELAY OUTPUT Output of EXH1 terminal: ON = relay closed OFF = relay open
	EXH2 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 2 RELAY OUTPUT Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = EXH2
	ERV	OFF	ON/OFF	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = ERV

Table 13 — W7220 Menu Structure<sup>a</sup> (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT <sup>b</sup>	NOTES
	MECH COOL ON	0	0, 1, or 2	Displays stage of mechanical cooling that is active.
STATUS	HEAT STAGES ON			Displays the stage of heat pump heating that is active.  SUPPLY FAN SPEED
(cont)	FAN SPEED	N/A	LOW or HIGH	Displays speed setting of fan on a 2-speed fan unit.
	W (HEAT ON)	N/A	ON/OFF	HEAT DEMAND STATUS Displays status of heat demand on a 2-speed fan unit.
	MAT SET <sup>d</sup>	53°F	38°F to 70°F (3°C to 21°C); increment by 1°F	MIXED AIR SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will modulate the OA damper to maintain the mixed air temperature.
	LOWTLOCK	32°F	-45°F to 80°F (-43°C to 27°C); increment by 1°F	COMPRESSOR LOW TEMPERATURE LOCKOUT Setpoint determines outdoor temperature when the mechanical cooling cannot be turned on. Commonly referred to as the Compressor lockout.
	DRYBLB SET®	63°F	48°F to 80°F (9°C to 27°C); increment by 1°F	OA DRY BULB TEMPERATURE CHANGEOVER SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will assume outdoor air temperature is good for free cooling; e.g.; at 63°F unit will economize at 62°F and below and not economize at 64°F and above. There is a 2°F deadband. DRYBULB SET is only displayed if the economizer has a single dry bulb sensor.
	DRYBLB DIFF	0°F	0°F to 6°F Increment by 2°F	Drybulb Differential will only show if using dual drybulb - i.e. when an outdoor air temperature sensor C7250 is attached to OAT terminals and C7400S sensor is wired to S-Bus and configured for RAT (return air). Free cooling will be assumed whenever OA temp is at or below RAT minus this drybulb setting.
	ENTH CURVE	ES3	ES1,ES2,ES3, ES4, or ES5	ENTHALPY CHANGEOVER CURVE (Requires enthalpy sensor option) Enthalpy boundary "curves" for economizing using single enthalpy.
	DCV SET	1100ppm	500 to 2000 ppm; increment by 100	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION SETPOINT Displays only if CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected. Setpoint for Demand Controlled Ventilation of space. Above the setpoint, the OA dampers will modulate open to bring in additional OA to maintain a space ppm level below the setpoint.
	MIN POS	4.4 V	2 to 10 Vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION. Only displayed if controller is set for single speed unit under FAN TYPE, and if DCV is NOT used.
SETPOINTS	MIN POS L	6.0 V	2 to 10 Vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION AT LOW SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 or 3 speed and CO <sub>2</sub> is not used. If using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for HEATING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for LOW SPEED COOLING ventilation.
	MIN POS M	IN POS M 5.4 V		VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION AT MEDIUM SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool, and CO <sub>2</sub> is not used. Set for HEATING ventilation.
	MIN POS H	4.4 V	2 to 10 Vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION AT HIGH SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 or 3 speed and CO <sub>2</sub> is not used. IF using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for COOLING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for HIGH SPEED COOLING ventilation.
	VENTMAX L	6.0V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT LOW SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 speed or 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. IF using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for HEATING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for LOW SPEED COOLING.
	VENTMAX M	5.4 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT MEDIUM SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. Set for HEATING ventilation.
	VENTMAX H 4.4 V		2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT HIGH SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 speed or 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. IF using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for COOLING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for HIGH SPEED COOLING ventilation.
	VENTMIN L	3.7 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT LOW SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 speed or 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. IF using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for HEATING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for LOW SPEED COOLING.
	VENTMIN M	3.4 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT MEDIUM SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. Set for HEATING ventilation.
	VENTMIN H	2.8 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION AT HIGH SPEED. Only displays if unit is set for 2 speed or 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool. IF using 2 speed with 1 heat and 1 cool then set for COOLING ventilation. If using 3 speed with 1 heat and 2 cool then set for HIGH SPEED COOLING ventilation.

Table 13 — W7220 Menu Structure<sup>a</sup> (cont)

AIR  A Damper  ed or 3 damper  hly assed on st. ed or 3 damper  ed or 3 damper  displays
a Damper ed or 3 damper hly assed on st. ed or 3 damper
ed or 3 damper hly assed on st. ed or 3 damper ed or 3
hly assed on st. ed or 3 damper
ed or 3 lamper ed or 3 damper
ed or 3 lamper
lamper
displays
st.
ed or 3 lamper
ius.
Pump
NV mode
ed, 2 an. rammed
unit.
d exhaust
vac), the incy AYS" OR
LCD will Il change ?-speed
and
or MIN

Table 13 — W7220 Menu Structure<sup>a</sup> (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT <sup>b</sup>	NOTES
	STG3 DLY	2.0h	0 min, 5 min, 15 min, then 15 min intervals. Up to 4 hrs or OFF	COOLING STAGE 3 DELAY Delay after stage 2 cool has been active. Turns on second stage of cooling when economizer is first stage and mechanical cooling is second stage. Allows three stages of cooling, 1 economizer and 2 mechanical.  OFF = no Stage 3 cooling
	SD DMPR POS	CLO	CLO or OPN	Indicates shutdown signal from space thermostat or unitary controller. When controller receives 24 Vac input on the SD terminal in conventional mode, the OA damper will open if programmed for OPN and OA damper will close if programmed for CLO. All other controls, e.g., fans, etc. will shut off.
	DA LO ALM	45°F (7°C)	35°F to 65°F (2°C to 18°C); Incremented by 5°F.	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too low. Set lower range of alarm, below this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DA HI ALM	80°F (27°C)	70°F to 180°F (21°C to 82°C); Incremented by 5°F	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too high. Set upper range of alarm, above this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
ADVANCED	DCVCAL ENA	MAN	MAN (manual) AUTO	Turns on the DCV automatic control of the dampers. Resets ventilation based on the RA, OA, and MA sensor conditions. Requires all 3 RA, OA, and MA sensors.
SETUP (cont)	MAT T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5°F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OAS T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5°F	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	OUTSIDE AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	RA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5°F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	RA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	RETURN AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	DA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5°F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	2SP FAN DELAY	5 Minutes	0 to 20 minutes in 1 minute increments	TIME DELAY ON SECOND STAGE ECONOMIZING When in economizing mode this is the delay for the high speed fan to try to satisfy the call for second stage cooling before the first stage mechanical cooling is enabled.
	DAMPER MINIMUM POSITION	N/A	N/A	The checkout for the damper minimum position is based on the system.
	DAMPER OPEN	N/A	N/A	Position damper to the full open position. Exhaust fan contacts enable during the DAMPER OPEN test. Make sure you pause in the mode to allow exhaust contacts to energize due to the delay in the system.
	DAMPER CLOSE	N/A	N/A	Positions damper to the fully closed position
CHECKOUT	CONNECT Y1-O CONNECT Y2-O	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	Closes the Y1-O relay (Y1-O)
	CONNECT AUX1-O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y2-O relay (Y2-O)  Energizes the AUX output. If Aux setting is:  NONE — not action taken  ERV — 24 Vac out. Turns on or signals an ERV that the conditions are not good for economizing but are for ERV operation.
	CONNECT EXH1	N/A	N/A	SYS — 24 Vac out. Issues a system alarm.  Closes the power exhaust fan 2 relay (EXH1)
	Alarms display only when	they are active. T	he menu title "ALAF	RMS(#)" includes the number of active alarms in parenthesis ( ). en, and when using 20k OA temperature sensors, "SENS T" will
	MA T SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Mixed air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
ALARMS	CO2 SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	CO <sub>2</sub> SENSOR ERROR CO <sub>2</sub> sensor has failed, gone out of range or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR
	OA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	Outdoor air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	RA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	RETURN AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Return air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected -
	RA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.

Table 13 — W7220 Menu Structure<sup>a</sup> (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT <sup>b</sup>	NOTES
	DA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Discharge air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SENS T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Outdoor air temperature sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace if the alarm continues.
	ACT ERROR	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR ERROR Actuator has failed or become disconnected - check for stall, over voltage, under voltage and actuator count. Replace actuator if damper is movable and supply voltage is between 21.6 V and 26.4 V. Check actuator count on STATUS menu.
	FREEZE ALARM	N/A	N/A	Check if outdoor temperature is below the LOW Temp Lockout on setpoint menu. Check if Mixed air temperature on STATUS menu is below the Lo Setpoint on Advanced menu. When conditions are back in normal range then the alarm will go away.
ALARMS	SHUTDOWN ACTIVE	N/A	N/A	AUX2 IN is programmed for SHUTDOWN and 24 V has been applied to AUX2 IN terminal.
(cont)	DMP CAL RUNNING	N/A	N/A	DAMPER CALIBRATION ROUTINE RUNNING If DCV Auto enable has been programmed, when the W7220 is completing a calibration on the dampers, this alarm will display. Wait until the calibration is completed and the alarm will go away. Must have OA, MA and RA sensors for DCV calibration; set up in the Advanced setup menu.
	DA SENS ALM	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ALARM Discharge air temperature is out of the range set in the ADVANCED SETUP Menu. Check the temperature of the discharge air.
	SYS ALARM	N/A	N/A	When AUX1-O is set to SYS and there is any alarm (e.g., failed sensors, etc.), the AUX1-O terminal has 24 Vac out.
	ACT UNDER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE LOW Voltage received by actuator is above expected range.
	ACT OVER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE HIGH Voltage received by actuator is below expected range.
	ACT STALLED	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR STALLED Actuator stopped before achieving commanded position.

#### NOTE(S):

- Table 13 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration. For example if you do not have a DCV (CO<sub>2</sub>) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear.

  When values are displayed, pressing and holding the or button causes the display to automatically increment.

  STATUS —> OCCUPIED The factory-standard Occupancy signal originates with a thermostat or other controller call for indoor fan operation at UCB terminal G. This signal passes through the Unit Control Board's OCCUPIED jumper JMP1 to the ECONO connector and to the W7220's OCC input terminal. An external timeclock or relay is required to implement an Occupancy schedule on the economizer damper position.

  STATUS —> MA TEMP, SETPOINTS —> MAT SET The W7220 menu parameters and labels include designations MA, MAT, and Mixed Air for the economizer control sensor. On these rooftop units, the economizer control sensor is located downstream of the evaporator/indoor coil in the supply fan section where this sensor is designated as Supply Air Temperature (SAT) sensor.

  SETPOINTS —> DRYBLB SET This point is not displayed if a Return Air (differential) temperature sensor or an Outdoor Air enthalpy sensor is connected.

  SETPOINTS —> DRYBLB SET This point is not displayed if a Return Air (differential) temperature sensor or an Outdoor Air enthalpy sensor is connected.

  SETV Operation: When in cooling mode AND the conditions are NOT OK for economizing the ERV terminal will be energized when the OA is below the ERV OAT set point in the set point menu.

  SYSTEM SETUP parameters must be configured as noted for Multi-Speed unit operation:

  EQUIPMENT = CONV

  AUX2 IN = W

AUX2 IN = W FAN SPEED = 2SPEED

## **LEGEND**

CLO Compressor Lockout **Energy Recovery Ventilator ERV** 

LCD Liquid Crystal Display

MA Mixed Air

MAT Mixed Air Temperature

N/A Not Applicable OA Outdoor Air

OAT Outdoor Air Temperature

occ Occupied RA Return Air

RAT Return Air Temperature

RTU Rooftop Unit SYS System

# STANDARD OR SINGLE SPEED FAN OPERATION FAN TYPE = 1 SPEED is not used on 48GC 07-12 units.

## 2 SPEED FAN OPERATION

The W7220 controller has the capability to work with a system using a 2-speed supply fan. The W7220 does not control the supply directly but uses the following input status to determine the speed of the supply fan and controls the OA damper to the required position, see Table 14.

Table 14 — Fan Speed

STATE	FAN SPEED
occ	Low
Y1	Low
Y2	High
W	High

The W (heating mode) is not controlled by the W7220 but it requires the status to know where to position the OA damper for minimum position for the fan speed.

The 2 speed fan delay is available when the system is programmed for 2 speed fan (in the System Setup menu item). The 2 speed fan delay is defaulted to 5 minutes and can be changed in the Advanced Setup menu item. When the unit has a call for Y1 In and in the free cooling mode and there is a call for Y2 In, the 2-speed fan delay starts and the OA damper will modulate 100% open, the supply fan should be set to high speed by the unit controller.

After the delay, one of two actions will happen:

- The Y2 In call will be satisfied with the damper 100% open and fan on high speed and the call will turn off OR
- If the call for additional cooling in the space has not been satisfied then the first stage of mechanical cooling will be enabled through Y1 Out or Y2 Out.

Refer to Table 15 for economizer operation.

Table 15 — Economizer Operation - FAN TYPE = 2SPEED

	INPU <sup>-</sup>	гѕ					OU	ITPUTS	
DEMAND	OUTSIDE AIR						FAN SPEED	DAMPER	POSITION
CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	(HEAT ON)	COOL Y1-IN	COOL Y2-IN	COOL Y1-OUT	COOL Y2-OUT	(reference only)	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
		ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	MIN POS H	Closed
	NO	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	MIN POS L	Closed
	NO	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	LOW	MIN POS L	Closed
		OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	HIGH	MIN POS H	Closed
NONE		ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	MIN POS H	Closed
		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	MIN POS L	Closed
	YES	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	MIN POS L to Full Open	Closed to Full Open
		OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF <sup>a</sup>	HIGH LOW HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIG	MIN POS H to Full Open	Closed to Full Open
		ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	VENTMIN H	Closed
	NO	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L	Closed
		OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L	Closed
		OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	HIGH	VENTMIN H	Closed
Below CO <sub>2</sub> Set	YES	ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	VENTMIN H	Closed
_		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L	Closed
		OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L to Full Open	Closed to Full Open
		OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF <sup>a</sup>	HIGH	VENTMIN H to Full Open	Closed to Full Open
		ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	VENTMIN H to VENTMAX H	Closed
	NO	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L to VENTMAX L	Closed
	NO	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L to VENTMAX L	Closed
Ab CO   Cot		OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	HIGH	VENTMAX H to VENTMAX H	Closed
Above CO₂ Set		ON	N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	HIGH	VENTMIN H to VENTMAX H	Closed
	VEC	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW	VENTMIN L to VENTMAX L	Closed
	YES	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF <sup>a</sup>	LOW	VENTMIN L to Full Open	Closed to Full Open
		OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFFa	HIGH	VENTMIN H to Full Open	Closed to Full Open

NOTE(S):

LEGEND

N/A — Not applicable

a. With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup, COOL Y2-OUT will be turned ON after the delay time specified.

2SP H/C (2 SPEED HEAT/COOL) SPEED FAN OPERATION FAN TYPE = 2SP H/C is not used on 48GC 07-12 units

## 3 SPEED FAN OPERATION

FAN TYPE = 3SPEED is not used on 48GG 07-12 units

## **ENTHALPY SETTINGS**

When the OA temperature, enthalpy and dew point are below the respective set points, the Outdoor Air can be used for economizing. Figure 55 shows the new single enthalpy boundaries in the W7220. There are 5 boundaries (set points ES1 through ES5), which are defined by dry bulb temperature, enthalpy and dew point.

Refer to Table 16 for ENTH CURVE set point values.

The W7220 calculates the enthalpy and dew point using the OA temperature and humidity input from the OA enthalpy sensor. When the OA temperature, OA humidity and OA dew point are all below the selected boundary, the economizer sets the economizing mode to YES, economizing is available.

When all of the OA conditions are above the selected boundary, the conditions are not good to economize and the mode is set to NO.

Figure 55 shows the 5 current boundaries. There is also a high limit boundary for differential enthalpy. The high limit boundary is ES1 when there are no stages of mechanical cooling energized and HL (high limit) when a compressor stage is energized.

Table 16 provides the values for each boundary limit.

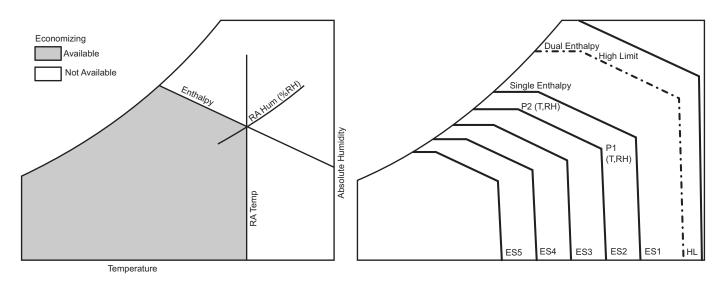


Fig. 55 — Single Enthalpy Curve Boundaries

Table 16 — Single Enthalpy and Dual Enthalpy High Limit Curves

ENTHALPY	TEMP. DRY	TEMP.	ENTHALPY	POIN	IT P1	POIN	IT P2
CURVE	BULB (°F)	DEWPOINT (°F)	(btu/lb/da)	TEMP. (°F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)	TEMP. (°F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)
ES1	80	60	28.0	80	36.8	66.3	80.1
ES2	75	57	26.0	75	39.6	63.3	80.0
ES3	70	54	24.0	70	42.3	59.7	81.4
ES4	65	51	22.0	65	44.8	55.7	84.2
ES5	60	48	20.0	60	46.9	51.3	88.5
HL	86	66	32.4	86	38.9	72.4	80.3

## **CHECKOUT**

Inspect all wiring connections at the economizer module's terminals, and verify compliance with the installation wiring diagrams.

For checkout, review the Status of each configured parameter and perform the Checkout tests.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 35.

## **↑** WARNING

## ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, property damage, or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch. Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage and amperage listed on the unit rating plate.

If any wiring changes are required, first be sure to remove power from the economizer module before starting work. Pay particular attention to verifying the power connection (24 vac).

## Power Up

After the W7220 module is mounted and wired, apply power.

## Initial Menu Display

On initial start up, Honeywell displays on the first line and Economizer W7220 on the second line. After a brief pause, the revision of the software appears on the first line and the second line will be blank.

## Power Loss (Outage or Brownout)

All set points and advanced settings are restored after any power loss or interruption.

NOTE: All settings are stored in non-volatile flash memory.

## Status

Use the Status menu (see Table 13) to check the parameter values for the various devices and sensors configured.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 35.

#### Checkout Tests

Use the Checkout menu (on page 40) to test the damper operation and any configured outputs. Only items that are configured are shown in the Checkout menu.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 35.

To perform a Checkout test:

- Scroll to the desired test in the Checkout menu using the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
- 2. Press the (Enter) button to select the item.
- 3. RUN? appears.
- 4. Press the  $\leftarrow$  (Enter) button to start the test.
- 5. The unit pauses and then displays IN PROGRESS.
- 6. When the test is complete, DONE appears.
- 7. When all desired parameters have been tested, press the 
  (Menu Up) button to end the test.

The Checkout tests can all be performed at the time of installation or at any time during the operation of the system as a test that the system is operable.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Alarms

The economizer module provides alarm messages that display on the 2-line LCD.

NOTE: Upon power up, the module waits 60 minutes before checking for alarms. This allows time for all the configured devices (e.g. sensors, actuator) to become operational. The exception is the SAT sensor which will alarm immediately.

If one or more alarms are present and there has been no keypad activity for at least 5 minutes, the Alarms menu displays and cycles through the active alarms.

You can also navigate to the Alarms menu at any time.

## Clearing Alarms

Once the alarm has been identified and the cause has been removed (e.g. replaced faulty sensor), the alarm can be cleared from the display.

To clear an alarm, perform the following:

- 1. Navigate to the desired alarm.
- 2. Press the  $\leftarrow$  (Enter) button.
- 3. ERASE? displays.
- 4. Press the (Enter) button.
- 5. ALARM ERASED displays.
- 6. Press the ① (Menu up/Exit) button to complete the action and return to the previous menu.

NOTE: If the alarm still exists after clearing it, it is redisplayed within 5 seconds.

## **A** CAUTION

## EQUIPMENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Be sure to allow enough time for compressor start-up and shutdown between checkout tests so that you do not short-cycle the compressors.

## SystemVu™ Controller (Factory Option)

For details on operating 48GC\*\*07-12 units equipped with the factory-installed SystemVu controller option, refer to the FC/GC Series Single Package Rooftop Units with SystemVu Controller Controls, Start-up, Operation and Troubleshooting manual.

## **Smoke Detectors**

Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on 48GC models. Smoke detectors may be specified for supply air only, for return air without or with economizer, or in combination of supply air and return air. All components necessary for operation are factory-provided and mounted. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

Units equipped with factory-optional return-air smoke detectors require a relocation of the sensor module at unit installation. See Fig. 56 for the as-shipped location.

## COMPLETING INSTALLATION OF RETURN-AIR SMOKE SENSOR

- Remove sensor and bracket assembly from shipping location. Remove sensor and discard shipping bracket.
- 2. Unscrew the two screws holding the return-air smoke detector assembly. See Fig. 57, Step 1.
- 3. Save the screws.
- 4. Turn the assembly 90 degrees and then rotate end to end. Make sure that the elbow fitting is pointing down. See Fig. 57, Step 2.
- 5. Screw the sensor and detector plate into its operating position using screws from Step 2. See Fig. 57, Step 3.
- Connect the flexible tube on the sampling inlet to the sampling tube on the basepan.

## ADDITIONAL APPLICATION DATA

Refer to the application data sheet titled "Factory-Installed Smoke Detector, for Small and Medium Rooftop Units 2 to 25 Tons" for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination.

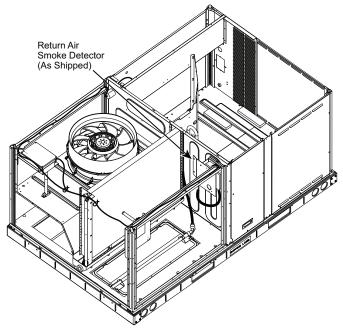


Fig. 56 — Return Air Smoke Detector; Shipping Position

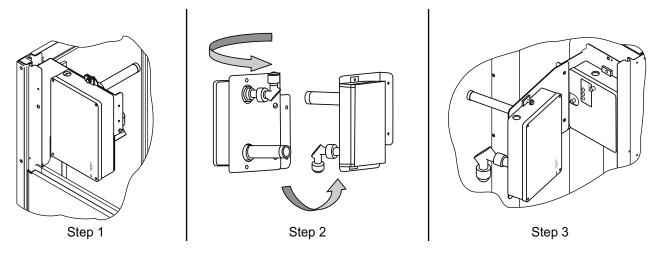


Fig. 57 — Completing Installation of Return Air Smoke Sensor

## Step 13 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options

## SMOKE DETECTORS

Smoke detector(s) will be connected at the Unit Control Board (UCB), at terminals marked "Smoke Shutdown."

## ECONOMI\$ER X OCCUPANCY SWITCH

If external occupancy control is desired, connect a time clock or remotely controlled switch (closed for Occupied, open for Unoccupied sequence) at terminals marked OCCUPANCY. Detach the jumper covering the "Occupancy" terminals on the UCB and then attach the required connections.

## Step 14 — Install Accessories

Available accessories include:

- Roof curb
- Thru-base connection kit (must be installed before unit is set on curb)
- LP conversion kit
- Flue discharge deflector
- Manual outside air damper
- Two-position motorized outside air damper
- EconoMi\$er2 (without control/for external signal)
- Power exhaust
- · Outdoor enthalpy sensor
- Differential enthalpy sensor
- CO<sub>2</sub> sensor
- Louvered hail guard
- Low ambient kit
- Phase monitor control

Refer to separate installation instructions for information on installing these accessories.

## Step 15 — Fan Speed Set Up

## UNITS WITH ELECTRO-MECHANICAL CONTROLS

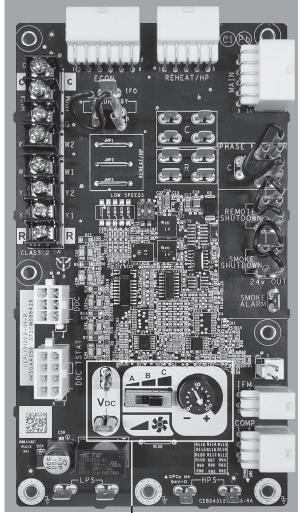
The fan speed set up controls are located on the lower section of the Unit Control Board (UCB). See Fig. 58.

- Check the job specifications for the CFM (cubic feet per minute) and ESP (external static pressure) required.
- 2. Using the chart on the Fan Speed Set Up labels (see Fig. 59), calculate the Vdc from the CFM and ESP for the base unit. Then add Vdc for any accessories installed per the "Field Accessories" section of the label.

NOTE: The Fan Speed Set Up labels are located on the High Voltage cover in the Control Box.

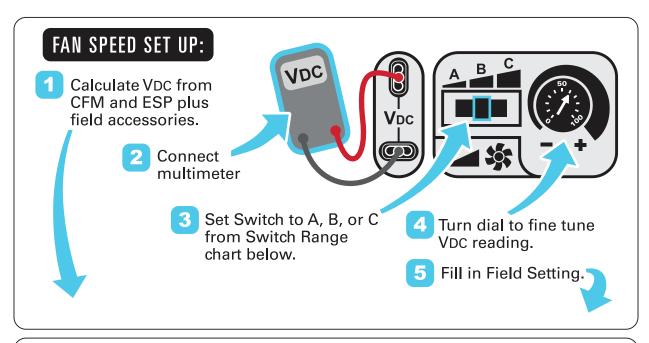
- 3. Connect a multimeter to the Vdc terminals on the UCB.
- 4. Set the Range Switch to either A, B, or C per the Switch Range table.
- 5. Using a straight blade screwdriver, turn the Vdc control dial to fine tune the Vdc reading.
- 6. Record the reading in the Field Setting field.

NOTE: Fan set-up Vdc is not affected by the operating stage of the unit.



- Fan Speed Set Up Controls

Fig. 58 — UCB Fan Speed Controls



VDC Calculator		lator					<b>ESP</b> i	n. wg						Factory Setting:
			0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0		9.0 VDC
-4		3000	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.6	8.0	8.3	8.6	8.9		Field Setting:
Ä		3250	6.0	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.2		•
NUMBER		3500	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.2	9.5	\ \ \(\rangle \text{Reco}	ord field setting here
$\supseteq$		3750	6.8	7.2	7.5	7.9	8.2 8.6 8.9 9.2 9.5 9.7			\VDC				
<b>8</b>		4000	7.2	7.6	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.2	9.5	9.8			'(   D *
		4250	7.6	8.0	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.2	9.5	9.8			8	witch Range: *
Š		4500	8.0	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.8					AB
LNO		4750	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.3	9.6	9.9					Α	4.1 - 7.5
$\supset$		5000	8.9	9.2	9.4	9.7	10.0						В	6.9 - 8.7
Field	Access	sories:											С	7.7 - 10.0
Economizer		0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	* Overlan	in A, B, C switch ran	
												designe adjustm	d for maximum field ent potential. For exa be set at either A or I	

Fig. 59 — Example of Fan Speed Set Up Labels for Electro-Mechanical Controls

## UNITS WITH SYSTEMVU™ CONTROLS

On units equipped with the factory-installed SystemVu controller, the Fan Speed settings are accessed through the SystemVu interface.

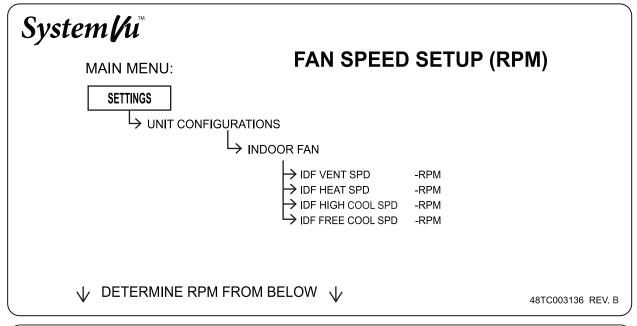
- Check the job specifications for the CFM (cubic feet per minute) and ESP (external static pressure) required.
- 2. Using the chart on the Fan Speed Set Up labels (see Fig. 60), calculate the RPM from the CFM and ESP for the base unit plus any field accessories (as listed on the label).

NOTE: The Fan Speed Set Up labels are located on the High Voltage cover in the Control Box.

- 3. Press any key on the SystemVu interface to activate the display backlight and then press the MENU key.
- 4. Using the UP and DOWN arrow keys highlight SETTINGS and then press ENTER.
- 5. Use the DOWN arrow key highlight the UNIT CONFIGURATIONS menu then press ENTER.

- 6. Highlight UNIT CONFIGURATIONS then press ENTER.
- 7. Highlight INDOOR FAN and then press ENTER.
- 8. Refer to the job specifications to set the following, determining the values per the RPM Calculator label (see Fig. 60). Use the UP and DOWN arrow keys and the BACK key to set the values. Press ENTER after setting each value to continue to the next selection.
- IDF VENT SPD
- IDF HEAT SPD
- · IDF HIGH COOL SPD
- IDF FREE COOL SPD

For further details, see the FC/GC Series Single Package Rooftop Units with SystemVu Controller Controls, Start-up, Operation and Troubleshooting manual.



RPM	Calcu	lator		ESP in. wg										
			0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0		
		3000	1250	1348	1441	1528	1610	1688	1762	1832	1899	1963		
UNIT MODEL NUMBER		3250	1336	1428	1515	1598	1677	1753	1824	1893	1959	2021		
		3500	1423	1509	1591	1670	1746	1819	1888	1955	2020	2081		
		3750	1510	1591	1669	1744	1817	1887	1954	2019	2082	2143		
	Ξ	4000	1598	1675	1749	1820	1890	1957	2022	2085	2146			
	ၓ	4250	1687	1759	1829	1898	1964	2029	2092	2153				
Š		4500	1776	1845	1912	1977	2041	2103	2163					
둗		4750	1866	1931	1995	2057	2118	2178						
<b>-</b>		5000	1955	2018	2079	2138	2197							
Field	Acces	sories:												
	Econ	omizer	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89		

Fig. 60 — Example of Fan Speed Set Up Labels for SystemVu™ Controls

Ĵ 2023 Carrier		

## START-UP CHECKLIST

## 48GC PACKAGED ROOFTOP UNITS WITH GAS HEAT AND ELECTRIC COOLING

(Remove and use for job file)

NOTE: To avoid injury to personnel and damage to equipment or property when completing the procedures listed in this start-up checklist, use good judgment, follow safe practices, and adhere to the safety considerations/information as outlined in preceding sections of this Installation Instruction document.

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATI	ON		
MODEL NO			
JOB NAME			
SERIAL NO			
ADDRESS			
START-UP DATE			
TECHNICIAN NAME			
ADDITIONAL ACCESSORIES			
II. PRE-START-UP			
	ve heen removed from	unit	(Y/N)
Verify that all packaging materials have been removed from unit Verify installation of outdoor air hood			(Y/N)
Verify installation of dutation and inlet hood			(Y/N)
Verify that condensate connection is installed per instructions verify that all electrical			(Y/N)
Connections and terminals are tight			(Y/N)
Verify gas pressure to unit gas valve	is within specified range	е	(Y/N)
Check gas piping for leaks			(Y/N)
Check that indoor-air filters are clean and in place			(Y/N)
Check that outdoor air inlet screens a			(Y/N)
Verify that unit is level			(Y/N)
Check fan wheels and propeller for lo	ocation in housing/orifice	e and verify setscrew is tight	(Y/N)
Verify that scroll compressors are rot	ating in the correct direct	ction	(Y/N)
Verify installation of thermostat			(Y/N)
Verify that crankcase heaters have b	een energized for at lea	st 24 hours	(Y/N)
III. START-UP			
ELECTRICAL			
Supply Voltage	L1-L2		
Supply Voltage to Ground	L1 to Ground		
Compressor Amps 1	L1		
Compressor Amps 2	L1	L2	L3
Supply Fan Amps	L1	L2	L3
TEMPERATURES			
Outdoor-air Temperature		°F DB (Dry Bulb)	°F WB (Wet Bulb)
Return-air Temperature			°F WB (Wet Bulb)
Cooling Supply Air Temperature		°F	
Gas Heat Supply Air		°F	

PRESSURES		
Gas Inlet Pressure	in. wg	
Gas Manifold Pressure	STAGE 1 in. wg	
Pofrigorant Custian	STAGE 2 in. wg	
Refrigerant Suction	STAGE 1PSIG STAGE 2PSIG	
Refrigerant Discharge	STAGE 2FSIG	
Homgoram Bloomargo	STAGE 2 PSIG	
Verify Refrigerant Charge using Charg		
	, ,	
GENERAL		
	peover settings to job requirements (if equipped)	(Y/N)
Verify smoke detector unit shutdown by	(Y/N)	
IV. HUMIDI-MIZER® SYSTEM	START-UP	
STEPS		
	mper 1, 2, 3 (Jumper 1, 2, 3 must be cut and open)	(Y/N)
2. Open humidistat contacts	(Y/N)	
3. Start unit In cooling (Close Y1)	(Y/N)	
<b>OBSERVE AND RECORD</b>		
A. Suction pressure		PSIG
B. Discharge pressure		PSIG
<ul><li>C. Entering air temperature</li></ul>		° F
		° <b>-</b>
D. Liquid line temperature at o	outlet or reheat coil	° F
E. Confirm correct rotation for	compressor	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms	(Y/N) (Y/N)
<ul><li>E. Confirm correct rotation for</li><li>F. Check for correct ramp-up of</li><li>4. Check unit charge per charging</li></ul>	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
<ul><li>E. Confirm correct rotation for</li><li>F. Check for correct ramp-up of</li><li>4. Check unit charge per charging</li><li>5. Switch unit to high-latent mode (</li></ul>	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms	(Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for     F. Check for correct ramp-up of     Check unit charge per charging     Switch unit to high-latent mode (     OBSERVE	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of 4. Check unit charge per charging 5. Switch unit to high-latent mode (OBSERVE  A. Reduction in suction pressu	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed ure (5 to 7 psi expected)	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of 4. Check unit charge per charging 5. Switch unit to high-latent mode (OBSERVE  A. Reduction in suction pressure. B. Discharge pressure unchar	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of 4. Check unit charge per charging 5. Switch unit to high-latent mode (OBSERVE  A. Reduction in suction pressu	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the charge per charging sometimes. Switch unit to high-latent mode (OBSERVE  A. Reduction in suction pressure. B. Discharge pressure uncharance. Liquid temperature drops to	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes)	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm co	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes)	(Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N) (Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm conf	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1 to normal cooling level	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm conf	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control)	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm conf	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm correct ramp-up of the confirm conf	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes)	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes) alve opens	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes) alve opens W1 compressor and outdoor fan stop;	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes) alve opens W1 compressor and outdoor fan stop; gized	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes) alve opens W1 compressor and outdoor fan stop; gized d mode or and outdoor fan stop;	(Y/N)
E. Confirm correct rotation for F. Check for correct ramp-up of the	compressor of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms chart (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed  ure (5 to 7 psi expected) nged 0 50°F to 55°F range alve closes) by opening Y1  to normal cooling level ses (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by low ambient control) to normal cooling level alve closes) alve opens W1 compressor and outdoor fan stop; gized d mode or and outdoor fan stop; gized	(Y/N)