59SP6A

Single-Stage, Non-Communicating, Variable-Speed, ECM Multipoise, Condensing Gas Furnace



Installation, Start-up, Operating, Service and Maintenance Instructions

NOTE: Read the entire instruction manual before starting the
installation.
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WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury and/or death

Carbon Monoxide (CO) is a colorless, odorless, and tasteless poisonous gas that can be fatal when inhaled. Follow all installation, maintenance, and service instructions. See additional information below regarding the installation of a CO Alarm.

Most states in the USA and jurisdictions in Canada have laws that require the use of Carbon Monoxide (CO) alarms with fuel burning products. Examples of fuel burning products are furnaces, boilers, space heaters, generators, water heaters, stoves/ranges, clothes dryers, fireplaces, incinerators, automobiles, and other internal combustion engines. Even if there are no laws in your jurisdiction requiring a CO Alarm, it's highly recommended that whenever any fuel burning product is used in or around the home or business that the dwelling be equipped with a CO Alarm(s). The Consumer Product Safety Commission recommends the use of CO Alarm(s). The CO Alarm(s) must be installed, operated, and maintained according to the CO Alarm manufacturer's instructions. For more information about Carbon Monoxide, local laws, or to purchase a CO Alarm online, please visit the following website. https://www.kidde.com.













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REQUIRED NOTICE FOR MASSACHUSETTS INSTALLATIONS IMPORTANT

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires compliance with regulation 248 CMR as follows:

5.08: Modifications to NFPA-54, Chapter 10

- 2) Revise 10.8.3 by adding the following additional requirements:
 - a. For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:
- 1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed. In addition, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a battery operated or hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm is installed on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the services of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors
 - a. In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level.
 - b. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision can not be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of thirty (30) days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said thirty (30) day period, a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.
- 2. APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.
- 3. SIGNAGE. A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) inch in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS".
- 4. INSPECTION. The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4.
- 5. EXEMPTIONS: The following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4:
 - (1.) The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled "Equipment Not Required To Be Vented" in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and
 - (2.) Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.
 - a. MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:
- 1. Detailed instructions for the installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and
- 2. A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.
 - a. MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM NOT PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies "special venting systems", the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer:
- The referenced "special venting system" instructions shall be included with the appliance or equipment installation instructions;
- 2. The "special venting systems" shall be Product Approved by the Board, and the instructions for that system shall include a parts list and detailed installation instructions.
 - a. A copy of all installation instructions for all Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment, all venting instructions, all parts lists for venting instructions, and/or all venting design instructions shall remain with the appliance or equipment at the completion of the installation.

For questions regarding these requirements, please contact the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Board of State Examiners of Plumbers and Gas Fitters, 239 Causeway Street, Boston, MA 02114. 617-727-9952.

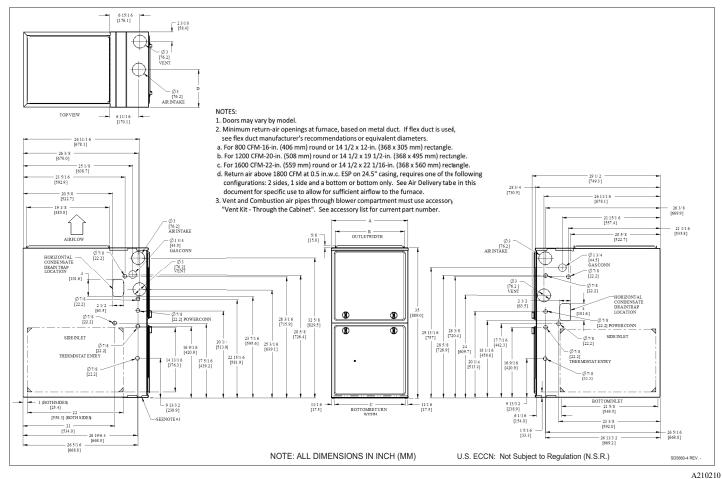


Fig. 1 – Dimensional Drawing

SHIP WT. Α В С D **FURNACE SIZE CABINET WIDTH OUTLET WIDTH BOTTOM INLET WIDTH AIR INTAKE** LB (KG) 040V14--10 14-3/16 (361) 12-1/2 (319) 12-9/16 (322) 7-1/8 (181) 123 (55.8) 040V17--12 17-1/2 (445) 15-7/8 (403) 16 (406) 8-3/4 (222) 136 (61.7) 060V14--12 14-3/16 (361) 12-1/2 (319) 12-9/16 (322) 7-1/8 (181) 132 (59.9) 060V17--14 15-7/8 (403) 16 (406) 8-3/4 (222) 146 (66.2) 17-1/2 (445) 15-7/8 (403) 080V17--16 17-1/2 (445) 16 (406) 8-3/4 (222) 150 (68) 080V21--20 19-3/8 (492) 19-1/2 (495) 10-1/2 (267) 161 (73) 21 (533) 170 (77.1) 100V21--20 21 (533) 19-3/8 (492) 19-1/2 (495) 10-1/2 (267) 120V24--22 24-1/2 (622) 22-7/8 (581) 23 (584) 12-1/4 (311) 189 (85.6)

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

A WARNING

FIRE, INJURY, OR DEATH HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

This furnace was manufactured to operate with natural gas. When fuel supply is Liquid Propane (LP), this furnace <u>must</u> be converted with a factory approved LP conversion kit. See furnace rating plate for approved conversion kit.

! WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in dangerous operation, personal injury, death, or property damage.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, fire, electrical shock, or other conditions which may cause personal injury or property damage. Consult a qualified service agency, local gas supplier, or your distributor or branch for information or assistance. The qualified service agency must use only factory-authorized accessories and replacement parts when installing and servicing this product.

MARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in dangerous operation, personal injury, death, or property damage.

Furnaces shall NOT be twinned (i.e. tandem or staged operation) unless approved in factory technical specifications literature for the furnace. A factory authorized, field-supplied Twinning Kit MUST be used. Consult furnace pre-sale literature for specific models approved for twinning and the correct twinning kit. Twinned furnaces must be installed on both a common supply AND a common return duct system as shown in the Twinning Kit Installation Instructions. Only two furnaces can be twinned on a common supply and return duct system using a factory authorized twinning kit.

WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

Solvents, cements and primers are combustible. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid breathing in vapor or allowing contact with skin or eyes.

A CAUTION

FURNACE RELIABILITY HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit component damage. Application of this furnace should be indoors with special attention given to vent sizing and material, gas input rate, air temperature rise, unit leveling, and unit sizing.

A WARNING

FIRE, INJURY, OR DEATH HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

Do not bypass any of the safety controls in the furnace, including but not limited to the main limit switch, rollout or burner thermal switch, and pressure switch/pressure transducer.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause explosion, fire, electrical shock, or other conditions which may cause death, personal injury, or property damage. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or your distributor or branch for information or assistance. The qualified installer or agency must use factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product. Refer to the individual instructions packaged with the kits or accessories when installing.

Installing and servicing heating equipment can be hazardous due to gas and electrical components. Only trained and qualified personnel should install, repair, or service heating equipment. Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning and replacing air filters. All other operations must be performed by trained service personnel. When working on heating equipment, observe precautions in literature, on tags, and on labels attached to or shipped with furnace and other safety precautions that may apply.

These instructions cover minimum requirements and conform to existing national standards and safety codes. In some instances, these instructions

exceed certain local codes and ordinances, especially those that may not have kept up with changing residential construction practices. We require these instructions as a minimum for a safe installation.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses, protective clothing, and work gloves. Have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions included in literature and attached to the unit.

A CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts, and servicing furnaces.

This is the safety-alert symbol \bigwedge . When you see this symbol on the furnace and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which will result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies a hazard which could result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify hazards which may result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE and NOTICE are used to highlight suggestions which will result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

- 1. Use only with type of gas approved for this furnace. Refer to the furnace rating plate.
- 2. Install this furnace only in a location and position as specified in the "Location" section of these instructions.
- 3. Provide adequate combustion and ventilation air to the furnace space as specified in "Air for Combustion and Ventilation" section.
- Combustion products must be discharged outdoors. Connect this furnace to an approved vent system only, as specified in the "Venting" section of these instructions.
- 5. Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections, as specified in the "Gas Piping" section.
- 6. Always install furnace to operate within the furnace's intended temperature-rise range with a duct system which has an external static pressure within the allowable range, as specified in the "Start-Up, Adjustments, and Safety Check" section. See furnace rating plate.
- 7. When a furnace is installed so that supply ducts carry air circulated by the furnace to areas outside the space containing the furnace, the return air shall also be handled by duct(s) sealed to the furnace casing and terminating outside the space containing the furnace. See "Air Ducts" section.
- 8. A gas-fired furnace for installation in a residential garage must be installed as specified in the warning box in the "Location" section.
- 9. The furnace may be used for construction heat provided that the furnace installation and operation complies with the first CAUTION in the LOCATION section of these instructions.
- 10. These Multipoise Gas-Fired Furnaces are CSA design-certified for use with natural and propane gases (see furnace rating plate) and for installation in alcoves, attics, basements, closets, utility rooms, crawlspaces, and garages. The furnace is factory-shipped for use with natural gas. A CSA (A.G.A. and C.G.A.) listed accessory gas conversion kit is required to convert furnace for use with propane
- 11. See Table 1 for required clearances to combustible construction.

Table 1 – Minimum Clearances to Combustible Materials for All Units

POSITION	CLEARANCE				
Rear	0 (0 mm)				
Front (Combustion air openings in	1 in (25 mm)				
furnace and in structure)	1 in. (25 mm)				
Required for service	24 in. (610 mm)*				
All Sides of Supply Plenum	1 in. (25 mm)				
Sides	0 (0 mm)				
Vent	0 (0 mm)				
Top of Furnace	1 in. (25 mm)				

- *. Consult local building codes.
- 12. Maintain a 1-in. (25 mm) clearance from combustible materials to supply air ductwork for a distance of 36 in. (914 mm) horizontally from the furnace. See NFPA 90B or local code for further requirements.
- 13. These furnaces SHALL NOT be installed directly on carpeting, combustible tile, or any other combustible material other than wood flooring. In downflow installations, factory accessory floor base MUST be used when installed on combustible materials and wood flooring. Special base is not required when this furnace is installed on a manufacturer's specified coil assembly or coil box (see furnace clearance label).

A NOTICE

IMPORTANT INSTALLATION AND START-UP PROCEDURES Failure to follow this procedure may result in a nuisance smoke or odor complaint.

The manifold pressure, gas rate by meter clocking, temperature rise and operation must be checked after installation. Minor smoke and odor may be present temporarily after start-up from the manufacturing process. Some occupants are more sensitive to this minor smoke and odor. It is recommended that doors and windows be open during the first heat cycle.

INTRODUCTION

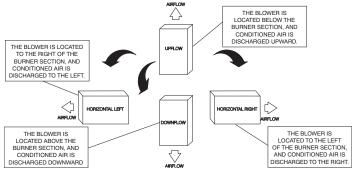


Fig. 2 – Multipoise Orientations

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This 4-way multipoise Category IV condensing furnace is CSA design-certified as a direct-vent (2-pipe) or non-direct vent (1-pipe) furnace. See Fig. 2. The furnace is factory-shipped for use with natural gas. The furnace can be converted in the field for use with propane gas when a factory-supplied conversion kit is used. Refer to the furnace rating plate for conversion kit information.

This furnace is not approved for installation in mobile homes, recreational vehicles, or outdoors.

This furnace is designed for minimum continuous return-air temperature of 60°F (15°C) db or intermittent operation down to 55°F (13°C) db such as when used with a night setback thermostat. Return-air temperature must not exceed 80°F (27°C) db. Failure to follow these return-air

temperature limits may affect reliability of heat exchangers, motors, and controls. See Fig. 3.

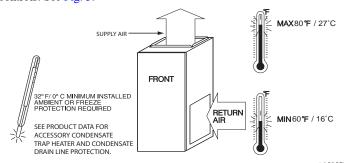


Fig. 3 – Freeze Protection and Return Air Temperature

The furnace should be sized to provide 100 percent of the design heating load requirement plus any margin that occurs because of furnace model size capacity increments. None of the furnace model sizes can be used if the heating load is 20,000 BTU or lower. Use Air Conditioning Contractors of America (Manual J and S); American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers; or other approved engineering method to calculate heating load estimates and select the furnace. Excessive oversizing of the furnace may cause the furnace and/or vent to fail prematurely, customer discomfort and/or vent freezing.

Failure to follow these guidelines is considered faulty installation and/or misapplication of the furnace; and resulting failure, damage, or repairs may impact warranty coverage.

For accessory installation details, refer to the applicable instruction literature.

NOTE: Remove all shipping materials, loose parts bag, and literature before operating the furnace. See Table 2.

WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Do not install the furnace on its back or hang furnace with control compartment facing downward. Safety control operation will be adversely affected. Never connect return-air ducts to the back of the furnace. See Fig. 4.

Table 2 - Loose Parts Bag

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Outlet Restrictor Plate (provided with 40K BTUH	1
furnaces only; see Note)	'
Air Intake Pipe Flange	1
Vent Pipe Flange	1
Pipe Flange Gaskets	2
Sharp Tip Screws (Vent and Inlet Flanges)	10
Vent Pipe Coupling	1
Vent Pipe Coupling Clamps	2
Pressure Switch Tube	1
Rubber Drain Elbow	1
Drain Tube Clamps	4
1/2-in. CPVC to 3/4-in. PVC Pipe Adapter	1
Gas Line Grommet	1
Junction Box Cover	1
Junction Box Base	1
Green Ground Screw	1
Blunt Tip Screws (Junction Box)	3
Thermostat Wire Grommet	1
Drain Extension Tube (Z-pipe) (Provided separately in furnace)	1

NOTE: The 40K models are the only furnaces that receive the outlet restrictor in loose parts bag. See Maximum Equivalent Vent Length Table for usage.

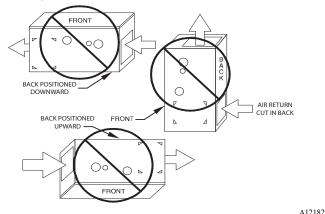


Fig. 4 – Prohibited Installations

WARNING

FIRE, INJURY OR DEATH HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

When the furnace is installed in a residential garage, the burners and burner ignition devices must be located at least 18 in. (457 mm) above the floor. The furnace must be located or protected to avoid damage by vehicles. When the furnace is installed in a public garage, airplane hangar, or other building having a hazardous atmosphere, the furnace must be installed in accordance with the current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 or CAN/CSA B149.2. See Fig. 5.

CODES AND STANDARDS

Follow all national and local codes and standards in addition to these instructions. The installation must comply with regulations of the serving gas supplier, local building, heating, plumbing, and other codes. In absence of local codes, the installation must comply with the national codes listed below and all authorities having jurisdiction.

In the United States and Canada, follow all codes and standards for the following:

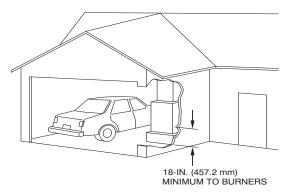


Fig. 5 – Installation in a Garage

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Safety

- US: Current edition of National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 and the Installation Standards, Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems ANSI/NFPA 90B
- CANADA: Current edition of National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (NSCNGPIC) CAN/CSA B149.1

General Installation

- US: NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 and the NFPA 90B. For copies, contact the National Fire Protection Association Inc., Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269; or for only the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 contact the American Gas Association, 400 N. Capitol, N.W., Washington DC 20001
- CANADA: NSCNGPIC. For a copy, contact Standard Sales, CSA International, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Etobicoke (Toronto), Ontario, M9W 1R3, Canada

Combustion and Ventilation Air

- US: Section 9.3 of the current edition of NFPA54/ANSI Z223.1 Air for Combustion and Ventilation
- CANADA: Part 8 of the current edition of CAN/CSA B149.1, Venting Systems and Air Supply for Appliances

Duct Systems

 US and CANADA: Air Conditioning Contractors Association (ACCA) Manual D, Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA), or American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) Fundamentals Handbook

Acoustical Lining and Fibrous Glass Duct

• US and CANADA: Current edition of SMACNA, NFPA 90B as tested by UL Standard 181 for Class I Rigid Air Ducts

Gas Piping and Gas Pipe Pressure Testing

• US: Current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1; Chapters 5, 6, 7, and 8 and national plumbing codes.

CANADA: Current edition of CAN/CSA-B149.1, Parts 4, 5, 6, and 9. In the state of Massachusetts:

- This product must be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.
- When flexible connectors are used, the maximum length shall not exceed 36 in. (914 mm).
- When lever type gas shutoffs are used they shall be T-handle type.
- The use of copper tubing for gas piping is not approved by the state of Massachusetts.

Electrical Connections

- US: Current edition of National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70.
- CANADA: Current edition of Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1

Condensate Drain Connection

- US: Current edition of National Standard Plumbing Code, Section 8.7.
- Canada: Current edition of National Plumbing Code of Canada.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS PROCEDURE

A CAUTION

FURNACE RELIABILITY HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit component damage. Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during furnace installation and servicing to protect the furnace electronic control. Precautions will prevent electrostatic discharges from personnel and hand tools which are held during the procedure. These precautions will help to avoid exposing the control to electrostatic discharge by putting the furnace, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential.

- Disconnect all power to the furnace. Multiple disconnects may be required. DO NOT TOUCH THE CONTROL OR ANY WIRE CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL PRIOR TO DISCHARGING YOUR BODY'S ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE TO GROUND.
- 2. Firmly touch the clean, unpainted, metal surface of the furnace chassis which is close to the control. Tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be satisfactorily discharged.
- 3. After touching the chassis, you may proceed to service the control or connecting wires as long as you do nothing to recharge your body with static electricity (for example; DO NOT move or shuffle your feet, do not touch ungrounded objects, etc.).
- 4. If you touch ungrounded objects (and recharge your body with static electricity), firmly touch a clean, unpainted metal surface of the furnace again before touching control or wires.
- Use this procedure for installed and uninstalled (ungrounded) furnaces.
- 6. Before removing a new control from its container, discharge your body's electrostatic charge to ground to protect the control from damage. If the control is to be installed in a furnace, follow items 1 through 4 before bringing the control or yourself in contact with the furnace. Put all used and new controls into containers before touching ungrounded objects.
- An ESD service kit (available from commercial sources) may also be used to prevent ESD damage.

ACCESSORIES

See Product Data Sheet for a list of accessories for this product.

LOCATION

General

These furnaces are shipped with materials to assist in proper furnace installation. These materials are shipped in the main blower compartment. See Table 2 for loose parts bag contents.

This furnace must:

- be installed so the electrical components are protected from water.
- not be installed directly on any combustible material other than wood flooring (refer to SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS).
- be located close to the chimney or vent and attached to an air distribution system. Refer to Air Ducts section.
- be provided ample space for servicing and cleaning. Always comply
 with minimum fire protection clearances shown in Table 1 or on the
 furnace clearance to combustible construction label.

The following types of furnace installations may require OUTDOOR AIR for combustion due to chemical exposures:

- · Commercial buildings
- · Buildings with indoor pools

- · Laundry rooms
- Hobby or craft rooms
- · Chemical storage areas

If air is exposed to the following substances, it should not be used for combustion air, and outdoor air may be required for combustion:

- · Permanent wave solutions
- · Chlorinated waxes and cleaners
- · Chlorine based swimming pool chemicals
- Water softening chemicals
- · De-icing salts or chemicals
- · Carbon tetrachloride
- Halogen type refrigerants
- Cleaning solvents (such as perchloroethylene)
- Printing inks, paint removers, varnishes, etc.
- · Hydrochloric acid
- · Cements and glues
- · Antistatic fabric softeners for clothes dryers
- · Masonry acid washing materials

All fuel-burning equipment must be supplied with air for fuel combustion. Sufficient air must be provided to avoid negative pressure in the equipment room or space. A positive seal must be made between the furnace cabinet and the return-air duct to prevent pulling air from the burner area.

A CAUTION

PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Improper use or installation of this furnace may result in premature furnace component failure. Unless otherwise prohibited, this gas furnace may be used for heating buildings under construction provided that:

- The furnace is permanently installed with all electrical wiring, piping, venting and ducting installed according to these installation instructions. A return air duct is provided, sealed to the furnace casing, and terminated outside the space containing the furnace. This prevents a negative pressure condition as created by the circulating air blower, causing a flame rollout and/or drawing combustion products into the structure.
- The furnace is controlled by a thermostat. It may not be "hot wired" to provide heat continuously to the structure without thermostatic control.
- Clean outside air is provided for combustion. This is to minimize the corrosive effects of adhesives, sealers and other construction materials. It also prevents the entrainment of drywall dust into combustion air, which can cause fouling and plugging of furnace components.
- The temperature of the return air to the furnace is maintained between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C), with no evening setback or shutdown. The use of the furnace while the structure is under construction is deemed to be intermittent operation per our installation instructions.
- The air temperature rise is within the rated rise range on the furnace rating plate, and the gas input rate has been set to the nameplate value.
- The filters used to clean the circulating air during the construction process must be either changed or thoroughly cleaned prior to occupancy.
- The furnace, ductwork and filters are cleaned as necessary to remove drywall dust and construction debris from all HVAC system components after construction is completed.
- Verify proper furnace operating conditions including ignition, gas input rate, air temperature rise, and venting according to these installation instructions.

M WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING / COMPONENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death and unit component damage.

Corrosive or contaminated air may cause failure of parts containing flue gas, which could leak into the living space. Air for combustion must not be contaminated by halogen compounds, which include fluoride, chloride, bromide, and iodide. These elements can corrode heat exchangers and shorten furnace life. Air contaminants are found in aerosol sprays, detergents, bleaches, cleaning solvents, salts, air fresheners, and other household products. Do not install furnace in a corrosive or contaminated atmosphere. Make sure all combustion and circulating air requirements are met, in addition to all local codes and ordinances.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION Introduction

Direct Vent (2-pipe) Applications

When the furnace is installed as a direct vent (2-pipe) furnace, no special provisions for air for combustion are required. However, other gas appliances installed in the space with the furnace may require outside air for combustion. Follow the guidelines below to ensure that other gas appliances have sufficient air for combustion.

Non-Direct Vent (1-pipe) Applications

When the furnace is installed as a non-direct vent (1-pipe) furnace, it will be necessary to ensure there is adequate air for combustion. Other gas appliances installed with the furnace may also require air for combustion and ventilation in addition to the amount of combustion air and ventilation air required for the furnace. Follow the guidelines below to ensure that the furnace and other gas appliances have sufficient air for combustion.

<u>Ventilated Combustion Air Applications (for U.S. Only)</u>

When the furnace is installed using the ventilated combustion air option, the attic or crawlspace must freely communicate with the outdoor to provide sufficient air for combustion. The combustion air pipe cannot be terminated in attics or crawlspaces that use ventilation fans designed to operate during the heating season. If ventilation fans are present in these areas, the combustion air pipe must terminate outdoors as a Direct Vent/2-Pipe system.

All air for combustion is piped directly to the furnace from a space that is well ventilated with outdoor air (such as an attic, crawl space or equipment closet) and the space is well isolated from the living space or garage. In addition, other gas appliances installed in the space with the furnace may require outside air for combustion. Follow the guidelines below to ensure that the roof or crawlspace walls have sufficient free area to provide sufficient air for combustion and ventilation for the furnaces. The guidelines below can be used to ensure that other gas appliances have sufficient air for combustion.

Provisions for adequate combustion, ventilation, and dilution air must be provided in accordance with:

 USA Installations: Section 9.3 of the current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, Air for Combustion and Ventilation and applicable provisions of the local building codes.

The requirements for combustion and ventilation air depend upon whether or not the furnace is located in a space having a volume of at least 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btuh input rating for all gas appliances installed in the space.

- Spaces having less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btuh (4.8 cubic meters per kW) require the Outdoor Combustion Air Method.
- Spaces having at least 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btuh (4.8 cubic meters per kW) may use the Indoor Combustion Air, Standard or Known Air Infiltration Method.

! CAUTION

FURNACE CORROSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace damage.

Air for combustion must not be contaminated by halogen compounds, which include fluoride, chloride, bromide, and iodide. These elements can corrode heat exchangers and shorten furnace life. Air contaminants are found in aerosol sprays, detergents, bleaches, cleaning solvents, salts, air fresheners, and other household products.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. The operation of exhaust fans, kitchen ventilation fans, clothes dryers, attic exhaust fans or fireplaces could create a NEGATIVE PRESSURE CONDITION at the furnace. Make-up air MUST be provided for the ventilation devices, in addition to that required by the furnace. Refer to the Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard warning in the venting section of these instructions to determine if an adequate amount of make-up air is available.

Outdoor Combustion Air Method

- Provide the space with sufficient air for proper combustion, ventilation, and dilution of flue gases using permanent horizontal or vertical duct(s) or opening(s) directly communicating with the outdoors or spaces that freely communicate with the outdoors.
- Fig. 6 illustrates how to provide TWO OUTDOOR OPENINGS, one inlet and one outlet combustion and ventilation air opening, to the outdoors.
 - a. One opening MUST commence within 12 in. (300 mm) of the ceiling and the second opening MUST commence within 12 in. (300 mm) of the floor.
 - b. Size openings and ducts per Fig. 6 and Table 3.
 - c. TWO HORIZONTAL DUCTS require 1 sq. in. (645 sq. mm) of free area per 2,000 Btuh (1,100 mm2/kW) of combined input for all gas appliances in the space per Fig. 6 and Table 3.
 - d. TWO OPENINGS OR VERTICAL DUCTS require 1 sq. in. (645 sq. mm) of free area per 4,000 Btuh (550 mm2/kW) for combined input of all gas appliances in the space per Fig. 6 and Table 3.
- 3. ONE OUTDOOR OPENING requires:
 - a. 1 sq. in. (645 sq. mm) of free area per 3,000 Btuh (734 mm2/kW) for combined input of all gas appliances in the space per Fig. 6 and Table 3.
 - b. Not less than the sum of the areas of all vent connectors in the space.

The opening shall commence within 12 in. (300 mm) of the ceiling. Appliances in the space shall have clearances of at least 1 in. (25 mm) from the sides and back and 6 in. (150 mm) from the front. The opening shall directly communicate with the outdoors or shall communicate through a vertical or horizontal duct to the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors.

Indoor Combustion Air© NFPA & AGA Standard and Known-Air-Infiltration Rate Methods

Indoor air is permitted for combustion, ventilation, and dilution, if the Standard or Known-Air-Infiltration Method is used.

⚠ WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. Many homes require air to be supplied from outdoors for furnace combustion, ventilation, and dilution of flue gases.

The furnace combustion air supply must be provided in accordance with this instruction manual.

Standard Method

 The space has no less volume than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btuh of the maximum input ratings for all gas appliances installed in the space and 2. The air infiltration rate is not known to be less than 0.40 air changes per hour (ACH).

The Known Air Infiltration Rate Method shall be used, if the infiltration rate is known to be:

- 1. Less than 0.40 ACH and
- 2. Equal to or greater than 0.10 ACH

Infiltration rates greater than 0.60 ACH shall not be used. The minimum required volume of the space varies with the number of ACH and shall be determined per Table 4 or Equations 1 and 2. Determine the minimum required volume for each appliance in the space and add the volumes together to get the total minimum required volume for the space.

Table 4 - Minimum Space Volumes were determined by using the following equations from the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, 9.3.2.2:

 For other than fan-assisted appliances, such as a draft hood-equipped water heater:

Volume Other =
$$\frac{21 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{ACH}} \left(\frac{\text{I}_{\text{other}}}{1000 \text{ Btu/hr}} \right)$$

A04002

2. For fan-assisted appliances such as this furnace:

Volume Fan
$$= \frac{15 \text{ft}^3}{\text{ACH}} \left(\frac{\text{I}_{fan}}{1000 \text{ Btu/hr}} \right)$$

A04003

If: Iother = combined input of all other than fan-assisted appliances in Rtub/hr

Ifan = combined input of all fan-assisted appliances in Btuh/hr ACH = air changes per hour (ACH shall not exceed 0.60.)

The following requirements apply to the Standard Method and to the Known Air Infiltration Rate Method.

- 1. Adjoining rooms can be considered part of a space if:
 - a. There are no closeable doors between rooms.
 - b. Combining spaces on same floor level. Each opening shall have free area of at least 1 in.2/1,000 Btuh (2,000 mm2/kW) of the total input rating of all gas appliances in the space, but not less than 100 in.2 (0.06 m2). One opening shall commence within 12 in. (300 mm) of the ceiling and the second opening shall commence within 12 in. (300 mm) of the floor. The minimum dimension of air openings shall be at least 3 in. (80 mm). See Fig. 7.
 - c. Combining space on different floor levels. The volumes of spaces on different floor levels shall be considered as communicating spaces if connected by one or more permanent openings in doors or floors having free area of at least 2 in.2/1,000 Btuh (4,400 mm2/kW) of total input rating of all gas appliances.
- 2. An attic or crawlspace may be considered a space that freely communicates with the outdoors provided there are adequate permanent ventilation openings directly to outdoors having free area of at least 1-in.2/4,000 Btuh of total input rating for all gas appliances in the space.
- 3. In spaces that use the Indoor Combustion Air Method, infiltration should be adequate to provide air for combustion, permanent ventilation and dilution of flue gases. However, in buildings with unusually tight construction, additional air MUST be provided using the methods described in the Outdoor Combustion Air Method section.
- 4. Unusually tight construction is defined as Construction with:
 - a. Walls and ceilings exposed to the outdoors have a continuous, sealed vapor barrier. Openings are gasketed or sealed and

- b. Doors and openable windows are weatherstripped and
- c. Other openings are caulked or sealed. These include joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical and gas lines, etc.

Combination of Indoor and Outdoor Air

- Indoor openings shall comply with the Indoor Combustion Air Method below and,
- Outdoor openings shall be located as required in the Outdoor Combustion Air Method mentioned previously and,
- 3. Outdoor openings shall be sized as follows:
 - a. Calculate the Ratio of all Indoor Space volume divided by required volume for Indoor Combustion Air Method below.
 - b. Outdoor opening size reduction Factor is 1 minus the Ratio in a.
 - c. Minimum size of Outdoor openings shall be the size required in Outdoor Combustion Air Method above multiplied by reduction Factor in b. above. The minimum dimension of air openings shall be not less than 3 in. (80 mm).

CONDENSATE TRAP

Condensate Trap - Upflow Orientation

When the furnace is installed in the upflow position, it is not necessary to relocate the condensate trap or associated tubing. Refer to Fig. 8 for upflow condensate trap information. Refer to Condensate Drain section for information how to install the condensate drain.

Condensate Trap - Downflow Orientation.

When the furnace is installed in the downflow position, the condensate trap will be initially located at the upper left corner of the collector box, as received from the factory. See the top image in Fig. 9. When the furnace is installed in the downflow orientation, the condensate trap must be relocated for proper condensate drainage. See the bottom image in Fig. 9.

To Relocate the Condensate Trap:

- Orient the furnace in the downflow position.
- Fig. 9 shows the condensate trap and tubing before and after relocation. Refer to Fig. 9 to begin the trap conversion.
- Refer to Condensate Drain section for information how to install the condensate drain.

Condensate Trap - Horizontal Orientation.

When the furnace is installed in the horizontal right position, the condensate trap will be initially located at the bottom of the collector box, as received from the factory. See the top image in Fig. 10. When the furnace is installed in the horizontal left position, the condensate trap will be initially located at the top of the collector box, as received from the factory. See the top image in Fig. 11. In both cases the trap must be repositioned on the collector box for proper condensate drainage. See the bottom images in Fig. 10 and Fig. 11.

A field-supplied, accessory Horizontal Installation Kit (trap grommet) is required for all direct-vent horizontal installations (only). The kit contains a rubber casing grommet designed to seal between the furnace casing and the condensate trap. See Fig. 18.

Table 3 - Minimum Free Area Required for Each Combustion Air Opening or Duct to Outdoors

FURNACE INPUT (BTUH)	TWO HORIZO (1 SQ. IN./2, (1,100 SQ.	000 BTUH)	SINGLE DUCT (1 SQ. IN./3, (734 SQ.	000 BTUH)	TWO OPENINGS OR VERTICAL DUCTS (1 SQ. IN./4,000 BTUH) (550 SQ. MM/KW)		
(BTON)	Free Area of Opening and Duct Sq. In (Sq. mm)	Round Duct In. (mm) Dia	Free Area of Opening and Duct Sq. In (Sq. mm)	Round Duct In. (mm) Dia	Free Area of Opening and Duct Sq. In (mm)	Round Duct In. (mm) Dia.	
40,000*	20 (12904)	5 (127)	14 (8696)	5 (127)	10 (6452)	4 (102)	
60,000	30 (19355)	6 (152)	20 (13043)	5 (127)	15 (9678)	5 (127)	
80,000	40 (25807)	7 (178)	27 (17391)	6 (152)	20 (12904)	5 (127)	
100,000	50 (32258)	8 (203)	34 (21739)	7 (178)	25 (16130)	6 (152)	
120,000	60 (38709)	9 (229)	40 (26087)	7 (178)	30 (19355)	6 (152)	
140,000*	70 (45161)	10 (254)	47 (30435)	8 (203)	35 (22581)	7 (178)	

^{*}Not all families have these models.

EXAMPLES: Determining Free Area

FURNACE		WATER HEATER		TOTAL INPUT		
100,000	+	30,000	=	(130,000 divided by 4,000)	=	32.5 Sq. In. for each two Vertical Ducts or Openings
60,000	+	40,000	=	(100,000 divided by 3,000)	=	33.3 Sq. In. for each Single Duct or Opening
80,000	+	30,000	=	(110,000 divided by 2,000)	=	55.0 Sq. In. for each two Horizontal Ducts

Table 4 - Minimum Space Volumes for 100% Combustion, Ventilation and Dilution Air from Outdoors

	THER THAN FAN (1,000'S BTUH C			FAN-ASSISTED TOTAL (1,000'S BTUH GAS INPUT RATE)						
ACH	30	40	50	40	60	80	100	120	140	
АСП				Spac	e Volume Ft3 (M3)				
0.60	1,050 (29.7)	1,400 (39.6)	1,750 (49.5)	1,400 (39.6)	1,500 (42.5)	2,000 (56.6)	2,500 (70.8)	3,000 (84.9)	3,500 (99.1)	
0.50	1,260 (35.6)	1,680 (47.5)	2,100 (59.4)	1,680 (47.5)	1,800 (51.0)	2,400 (67.9)	3,000 (84.9)	3,600 (101.9)	4,200 (118.9)	
0.40	1,575 (44.5)	2,100 (59.4)	2,625 (74.3)	2,100 (59.4)	2,250 (63.7)	3,000 (84.9)	3,750 (106.1)	4,500 (127.3)	5,250 (148.6)	
0.30	2,100 (59.4)	2,800 (79.2)	3,500 (99.1)	2,800 (79.2)	3,000 (84.9)	4,000 (113.2)	5,000 (141.5)	6,000 (169.8)	7,000 (198.1)	
0.20	3,150 (89.1)	4,200 (118.9)	5,250 (148.6)	4,200 (118.9)	4,500 (127.3)	6,000 (169.8)	7,500 (212.2)	9,000 (254.6)	10,500 (297.1)	
0.10	6,300 (178.0)	8,400 (237.8)	10,500 (297.3)	8,400 (237.8)	9,000 (254.6)	12,000 (339.5)	15,000 (424.4)	18,000 (509.2)	21,000 (594.1)	
0.00	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	

NP = Not Permitted

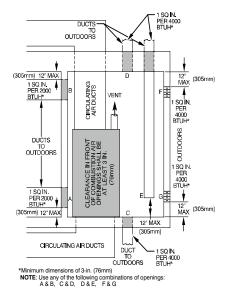
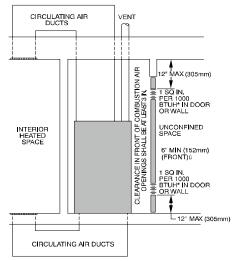


Fig. 6 – Air for Combustion, Ventilation, and Dilution for Outdoors



- Minimum opening size is 100 sq in. (64516 sq. mm) with minimum dimensions of 3-in. (76mm)
- † Minimum of 3-in. (76mm) when type-B1 vent is used.

Fig. 7 – Air for Combustion, Ventilation, and Dilution from Indoors $\,$

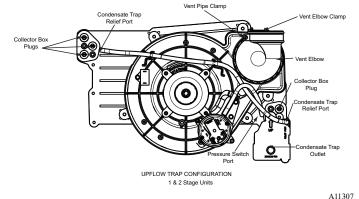


Fig. 8 – Upflow Trap Configuration (Appearance may vary)

Remove relief tube from relief port on condensate trap.

1 Remove relief tube from relief port on condensate trap.

2 Remove the screw that secures the trap to the collector box and remove trap.

5 Loosen clamp on inlet to vent elbow.

1 Remove relief tube from relief port on condensate trap.

6 Remove middle and bottom plugs. DO NOT DISCARD.

Connect the new pressure switch tube from Loose Parts bag to Route tube through inducer port on front pressure switch stand-offs to adjust position of the tube Trim excess tube Connect pressure switch tube to port on collector Install the two plugs previously removed on the open ports of the collector box. Attach condensate trap Connect relief tube to port on collector with screw to collect Connect relief tube to 5 relief port on condensate Rotate elbow to Hotate elbow to desired position and tighten clamp to 15 lb.-in. Align condensate trap 2 over middle and botton ports of collector box. Slide tube in stand-offs to adjust length.

Fig. 9 – Downflow Trap Configuration (Appearance may vary)

Downflow Trap Configuration

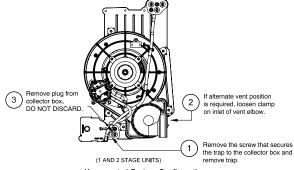
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⚠ NOTICE

The field-supplied, accessory horizontal drain trap grommet is ONLY REQUIRED FOR DIRECT VENT APPLICATIONS. It it NOT required for applications using single-pipe or ventilated combustion air venting.

NOTICE

The condensate trap extends below the side of the casing in the horizontal position. A minimum of 2-in. (51 mm) of clearance is required between the casing side and the furnace platform for the trap to extend out of the casing in the horizontal position. Allow at least 1/4-in. per foot (20 mm per meter) of slope down.



Unconverted Factory Configuration
As Viewed in the Horizontal Right Orientation

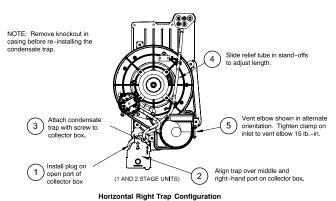
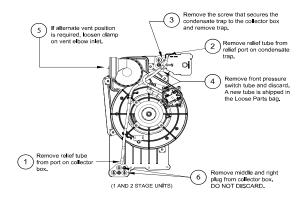


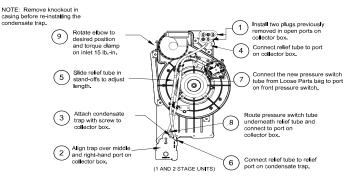
Fig. 10 – Horizontal Right Trap Configuration (Appearance may vary)

To Relocate the Condensate Trap:

- Remove the knockout in the casing for the condensate trap.
- Install the grommet in the casing when required for direct-vent horizontal applications.
- Orient the furnace in the desired position.
- Allow for 2 in. (51 mm) of clearance underneath the furnace for the condensate trap and drain line.
- Fig. 10 shows the condensate trap and tubing before and after relocation in the horizontal right position.
- Fig. 11 shows the condensate trap and tubing before and after relocation in the horizontal left position.
- Refer to the appropriate figure to begin the trap conversion.
- Refer to Condensate Drain section for information how to install the condensate drain.



Unconverted Factory Trap Configuration As Viewed in the Horizontal Left Orientation



Horizontal Left Trap Configuration

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Fig. 11 – Horizontal Left Configuration (Appearance may vary)

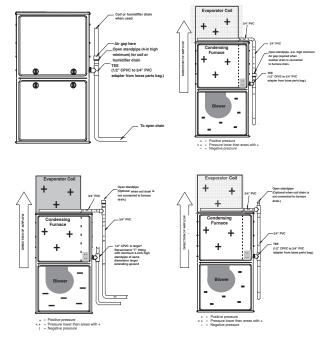


Fig. 12 - Example of Field Drain Attachment

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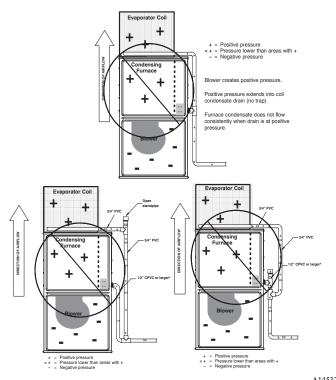


Fig. 13 – Example of Field Drain Attachment (Not Allowed) A14532

CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

A CAUTION

FROZEN AND BURST WATER PIPE HAZARD

Failure to protect against the risk of freezing may result in property damage.

Special precautions MUST be made if installing furnace in an area which may drop below freezing. This can cause improper operation or damage to equipment. If furnace environment has the potential of freezing, the drain trap and drain line must be protected. The use of accessory drain trap heaters, electric heat tape and/or RV antifreeze is required for these installations.

A CAUTION

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in burst water pipes and/or property damage.

If a condensate pump is installed, a plugged condensate drain or a failed pump may cause the furnace to shut down. Do not leave the home unattended during freezing weather without turning off water supply and draining water pipes or otherwise protecting against the risk of frozen pipes.

DO NOT trap the drain line in any other location than at the condensate drain trap supplied with the furnace. If possible, DO NOT route the drain line where it may freeze. The drain line must terminate at an inside drain to prevent freezing of the condensate and possible property damage.

Special precautions MUST be made if installing furnace in an area which may drop below 32°F (0°C). This can cause improper operation or damage to the equipment. If the furnace environment has the potential of freezing, the drain trap and drain line must be protected. In areas where the temperature may be below 32°F (0°C), a Condensate Freeze Protection kit is strongly recommended. The kit includes a condensate

trap with heat pad and replaces the factory-installed condensate trap. Refer to the Accessory section of the Product Data for current kit number. If the Condensate Freeze Protection kit is not used, the factory-installed condensate trap must be adequately covered using a self-regulating, shielded and waterproof heat tape rated at 3 to 6 watt per foot (10 to 20 watt per meter) at 115 volt, 40°F (4°C). Failure to effectively secure the heat tape to the trap and sufficiently cover the trap with heat tape may result in freezing and cracking of the trap, causing a leak that results in property damage. In applications with potential for freezing, the above specified heat tape must also adequately cover/wrap the remaining condensate drain line to provide freeze protection. Wrap the drain trap and drain line with the heat tape and secure with appropriate plastic ties. Follow the heat tape manufacturer's recommendations. Prime the trap before furnace operation.

The condensate drain line must be supported and/or secured per local codes. Supports and clamps should be spaced to prevent the drain line from sagging or being dislocated from the furnace or termination point. In the absence of local codes, consult the current edition of the National Standard Plumbing Code, in the U.S. or the current edition of the National Plumbing Code of Canada.

Upflow/Downflow Orientation

In the Upflow or Downflow orientation, the condensate trap is inside the furnace casing. The condensate drain must be routed from the trap through the furnace casing. The condensate drain can be routed through the left or right side of the casing. (The left or right side is as you are viewing/facing the furnace from the front.)

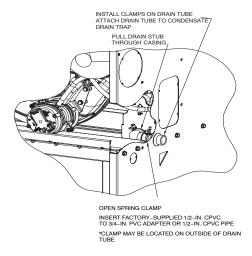
An indoor coil condensate drain or humidifier drain can be connected to the external furnace condensate drain provided:

- · The drains are not hard piped together, and
- · There is an air gap at the point where the two drain lines meet or
- All condensate piping is at least 3/4-in. PVC and there is a relief tee at the top of condensate drain piping as shown in Fig. 12.

NOTE: On narrower casings, it may be easier to remove the condensate trap, connect the drain line components and re-install the condensate trap. Read the steps thoroughly to familiarize yourself with the required steps.

For Right Side Condensate Drain:

- 1. Remove the 7/8-in. knock-out from the right side of the casing. See Fig. 15 for suggested knockout removal technique.
- 2. Remove the pre-formed rubber drain elbow and two spring clamps from the loose parts bag.
- 3. Slide a spring clamp 1-inch (25 mm) down the plain end (the end without the formed grommet) of the drain elbow.
- 4. From inside the casing, insert the formed grommet end of the elbow through the 7/8-in. knockout in the casing.
- 5. Pull the grommet through the casing from the outside until it is seated in the knockout
- 6. Attach the plain end of the drain elbow to the outlet stub on the drain trap. Secure the drain elbow to the trap with the spring clamp.



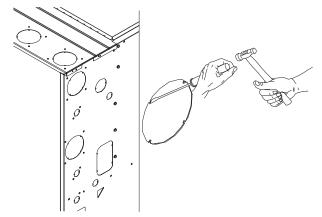
RIGHT SIDE DRAIN INSTALLATION

Fig. 14 – Formed Rubber Drain Grommet

A11342A

The remaining drain line can be constructed from field supplied 1/2-in. CPVC or 3/4-in. PVC pipe, in compliance with local building codes. A factory-supplied 1/2-in. CPVC to 3/4-in. PVC adapter is supplied in the loose parts bag for use as required.

- Install the adapter or connect the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe by sliding a spring clamp over the open end of the grommet on the outside the furnace casing.
- 8. Open the spring clamp and insert the long end of the adapter or the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe into the outlet stub on the drain tube.
- Connect additional condensate piping to a code-approved drain, or
 to a condensate pump approved for use with acidic furnace
 condensate and compatible with mineral and vegetable oils, such as
 canola oil.



A CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts, and servicing furnaces.

Fig. 15 – Knockout Removal

Allow at least 1/4-in. per foot (20 mm per meter) of slope down and away from the furnace in horizontal sections of drain line.

TIP FROM CONTRACTORS: Contractors have found that temporarily removing the inducer assembly in upflow applications while performing the steps, below, makes upflow left-side drain connections easier.

For Left Side Condensate Drain Connection:

- For left side condensate drainage, the drain line is routed from the condensate trap, behind the inducer (upflow) or gas valve (downflow) and out through the left side of the furnace casing. A pre-formed 1/2-in. CPVC "Z-pipe" is provided with the furnace. The Z-pipe is long enough to extend across the casing for drain connections.
- 2. Locate the Z-pipe. Remove the pre-formed drain elbow and four spring clamps from the loose parts bag.
- The Z-pipe is connected to the condensate trap and the outside of the furnace by modifying the formed rubber drain elbow as shown in Fig. 16.

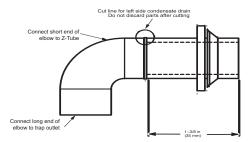
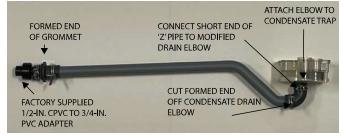


Fig. 16 - Modify Rubber Drain Elbow

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Remove the formed grommet from the rubber drain elbow by cutting the elbow along the vertical line located about 1-3/8 in. (35 mm) away from the formed grommet. See Fig. 16. DO NOT DISCARD THE FORMED GROMMET OR THE RUBBER ELBOW. Both of these pieces will be used.



A220966

<u>Top View</u> <u>Drain Elbow "Z" Discharge Pipe for Left Side</u> <u>Drain is Routed behind Inducer</u>



A230060

Front View Left Side Drain Pipe Orientation for Condensate Discharge - NEW 1.25.23

NOTE: Remove Inducer Housing for easier access, if desired.

Fig. 17 – Drain Trap Connection and Routing (Appearance may vary)

Assemble and route the drain line to the opposite side of the furnace as detailed below:

- Remove the inducer housing screws, disconnect harnesses, and set inducer housing aside. See Fig. 15 for suggested knockout or plug removal technique.
- 5. Remove condensate trap.
- 6. Remove 7/8-in. knockout or plug from the left side of the casing. See Fig. 15 for suggested knockout or plug removal technique.
- 7. Starting from inside the casing, pull the grommet through the hole until it is seated in the hole.
- 8. Assemble the Z-pipe, rubber elbow and condensate trap external to the unit by securing the rubber elbow to the drain trap and the Z-pipe with spring clamps.
- Slide the spring clamp for the Z-pipe/grommet connection over the Z-tube.
- Adjust the Z-pipe orientation prior to final installation to ensure the Z-pipe will be as horizontal as possible and NOT resting on any sheet metal parts.
- 11. Align the Z-pipe with the long end of the grommet inside the furnace and insert slightly. The angled end of the tube at the other side of the casing should be facing the front of the furnace.
- 12. Slide a spring clamp over the end of the remaining rubber drain elbow.
- 13. Re-attach the condensate trap with Z-pipe assembly. Make fine adjustments to the Z-pipe orientation as needed to ensure the Z-pipe is as horizontal as possible. Condensate trap screws should be torqued to 17.5 +/- 2.5 in-lbs. Do **NOT** use power tools and torque to a maximum of 20 in-lbs.
- 14. In both upflow and downflow orientations, the Z-pipe should NOT be resting on any sheet metal parts.
- 15. Replace inducer housing. Inducer housing screws should be torqued to 17.5 +/- 2.5 in-lbs. Do **NOT** use power tools and torque to a maximum of 20 in-lbs.

The remaining drain line can be constructed from field supplied 1/2-in. CPVC or 3/4-in. PVC pipe, in compliance with local building codes. A factory-supplied 1/2-in. CPVC to 3/4-in. PVC adapter is supplied in the loose parts bag for use as required.

- 16. Install the adapter or connect the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe by sliding a spring clamp over the open end of the grommet on the outside the furnace casing.
- 17. Open the spring clamp and insert the long end of the adapter or the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe into the outlet stub of the grommet.

Connect additional condensate piping to a code-approved drain, or to a condensate pump approved for use with acidic furnace condensate and compatible with mineral and vegetable oils, such as canola oil.

Allow at least 1/4-in. per foot (20 mm per meter) of slope down and away from the furnace in horizontal sections of drain line.

A NOTICE

The field-supplied, accessory horizontal drain trap grommet is ONLY REQUIRED FOR DIRECT VENT APPLICATIONS. It is NOT required for applications using single-pipe or ventilated combustion air venting.

TIP FROM CONTRACTORS: When installing the furnace horizontally, use the entire drain elbow (that is, do NOT cut as shown in Fig. 16 to connect the trap to the drain line. This helps to prevent bumps and shocks to the drain line from damaging the furnace drain trap. Avoid misalignment of the drain pipe which may cause kinks in the elbow.

Horizontal Orientation

NOTE: Trap grommet is required only for direct-vent

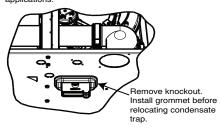


Fig. 18 - Horizontal Drain Trap Grommet

A11582

- 1. The condensate trap outlet extends 2-in. (51 mm) below the furnace casing. Leave enough clearance between the furnace and the furnace platform for the trap.
- To allow for servicing the trap, the condensate drain elbow in the loose parts bag can be used to make a coupler to allow for future service of the condensate trap and drain line.
- Remove the knock-out for the condensate trap in the side of the casing.
- Install the drain trap grommet in the casing if required for direct-vent applications. If necessary, remove the trap, install the grommet and re-install the trap.
- Remove the pre-formed rubber drain elbow, and two spring clamps from the loose parts bag.
- Connect the full or modified elbow and/or grommet to the outlet of the condensate trap with one spring clamp. Avoid misalignment of the drain pipe which may cause kinks in the elbow or grommet.
- 7. The remaining drain line can be constructed from field-supplied 1/2-in. CPVC or 3/4-in. PVC pipe, in compliance with local building codes. A factory-supplied 1/2-in. CPVC to 3/4-in. PVC adapter is supplied in the loose parts bag for use as required.
- 8. Install the adapter or connect the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe by sliding a spring clamp over the open end of the elbow or grommet on the outside the furnace casing.
- 9. Open the spring clamp and insert the long end of the adapter or the 1/2-in. CPVC pipe into the outlet stub on the drain tube.
- 10. Connect additional condensate piping to a code-approved drain, or to a condensate pump approved for use with acidic furnace condensate and compatible with mineral and vegetable oils, such as canola oil.

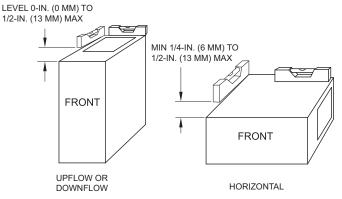
Allow at least 1/4-in. per foot (20 mm per meter) of slope down and away from the furnace in horizontal sections of drain line.

INSTALLATION

NOTICE

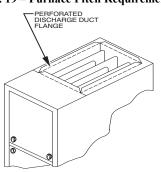
This furnace is certified to leak 2% or less of nominal air conditioning CFM delivered when pressurized to 1-in. water column with all present air inlets, including bottom closure in upflow and horizontal applications, air outlets, and plumbing and electrical ports sealed.

Upflow Installation



NOTE: The furnace must be pitched as shown in Fig. 19 for proper condensate drainage.

Fig. 19 - Furnace Pitch Requirements



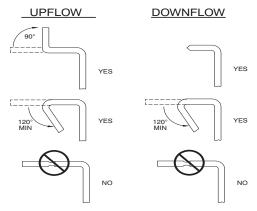


Fig. 20 - Duct Flanges

– Duct Flanges

Supply Air Connections

For a furnace not equipped with a cooling coil, the outlet duct shall be provided with a removable access panel. This opening shall be accessible when the furnace is installed and shall be of such a size that the heat exchanger can be viewed for possible openings using light assistance or a probe can be inserted for sampling the air stream. The cover attachment shall prevent leaks.

Connect supply-air duct to flanges on furnace supply-air outlet. Bend flange upward to 90° with wide duct pliers. See Fig. 20. The supply-air duct must be connected to ONLY the furnace supply-outlet-air duct flanges or air conditioning coil casing (when used). DO NOT cut main furnace casing side to attach supply air duct, humidifier, or other accessories. All supply-side accessories MUST be connected to duct external to furnace main casing.

Return Air Connections

MARNING

FIRE HAZARD

A11237

A failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Never connect return-air ducts to the back of the furnace. Follow instructions below.

The return-air duct must be connected to bottom, sides (left or right), or a combination of bottom and side(s) of main furnace casing. Bypass humidifier may be attached into unused return air side of the furnace casing. See Fig. 21, Fig. 22, and Fig. 23.

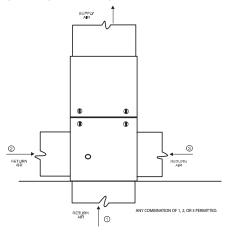


Fig. 21 – Upflow Return Air Configurations and Restrictions $^{\rm A11036}$

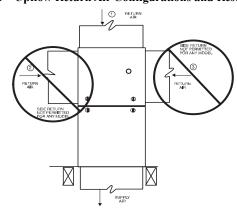


Fig. 22 – Downflow Return Air Configurations and Restrictions

A11037

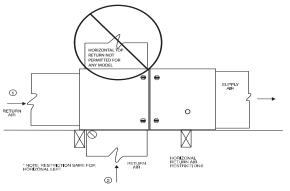
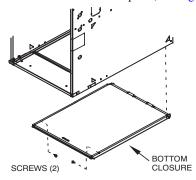


Fig. 23 – Horizontal Return Air Configurations and Restrictions

A11038

Bottom Return Air Inlet

These furnaces are shipped with bottom closure panel installed in bottom return-air opening. Remove and discard this panel when bottom return air is used. To remove bottom closure panel, see Fig. 24.



Representative drawing. Models may vary.

- 1. Lay furnace on the back or side
- Remove the two (2) screws that secure the bottom closure panel to the furnace casing and remove the panel

Fig. 24 – Removing Bottom Closure Panel (2 Screws)

A170123

Side Return Air Inlet

These furnaces are shipped with bottom closure panel installed in bottom return-air opening. This panel MUST be in place when only side return air is used. Where required by code, seal bottom closure to furnace with tape, mastic or other durable sealing method.

NOTE: Side return-air openings can be used in UPFLOW and some HORIZONTAL configurations. Do not use side return-air openings in DOWNFLOW configuration. See Fig. 21, Fig. 22, and Fig. 23.

Downflow Installation

A WARNING

FIRE AND PROPERTY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in equipment damage, personal injury, or property damage.

When furnace is installed in a downflow application, make sure all external sources of condensate/water are not positioned above furnace in case of water leak.

NOTE: The furnace must be pitched as shown in Fig. 19 for proper condensate drainage.

Supply Air Connections

NOTE: For downflow applications, this furnace is approved for use on combustible flooring when any one of the following accessories are used:

- Manufacturer's approved downflow combustible floor subbase
- · Manufacturer's approved cased evaporator coil
- · Manufacturer's approved evaporator coil casing
- 1. Determine application being installed from Table 5.
- 2. Construct hole in floor per Table 5 and Fig. 25.
- 3. Construct plenum to dimensions specified in Table 5 and Fig. 25.
- 4. If downflow subbase is used, install as shown. If manufacturer's cased evaporator coil or coil casing is used, install as shown in Fig. 25.

A CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts, and servicing furnaces.

NOTE: It is recommended that the perforated supply-air duct flanges be completely removed from furnace when installing the furnace on a factory-supplied cased coil or coil box. To remove the supply-air duct flange, use wide duct pliers or hand seamers to bend flange back and forth until it breaks off. Be careful of sharp edges. See Fig. 20.

Connect supply-air duct to supply-air outlet on furnace. Bend flange inward past 90° with wide duct pliers See Fig. 20. The supply-air duct must be connected to ONLY the furnace supply outlet or air conditioning coil casing (when used). When installed on combustible material, supply-air duct must be connected to ONLY the factory-approved accessory subbase, or a factory-approved air conditioning coil casing. DO NOT cut main furnace casing to attach supply side air duct, humidifier, or other accessories. All supply-side accessories MUST be connected to duct external to furnace casing.

Return Air Connections



FIRE HAZARD

A failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Never connect return-air ducts to the back of the furnace. Follow instructions below.

The return-air duct must be connected to return-air opening (bottom inlet). DO NOT cut into casing sides (left or right). Bypass humidifier connections should be made at ductwork or coil casing sides exterior to furnace. See Fig. 22.

Bottom Return Air Inlet

These furnaces are shipped with bottom closure panel installed in bottom return-air opening. Remove and discard this panel when bottom return air is used. To remove bottom closure panel see Fig. 24.

Horizontal Installation

NOTE: The furnace must be pitched forward as shown in Fig. 19 for proper condensate drainage.

A CAUTION

MINOR PROPERTY HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in minor property damage. Local codes may require a drain pan under entire furnace and condensate trap when a condensing furnace is used in an attic application or over a finished ceiling.

MARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

Do not install the furnace on its back or hang furnace with control compartment facing downward. Safety control operation will be adversely affected. Never connect return-air ducts to the back of the furnace.

The furnace can be installed horizontally in an attic or crawlspace on either the left-hand (LH) or right-hand (RH) side. The furnace can be hung from floor joists, rafters or trusses or installed on a non-combustible platform, blocks, bricks or pad.

Supply Air Connections

For a furnace not equipped with a cooling coil, the outlet duct shall be provided with a removable access panel. This opening shall be accessible when the furnace is installed and shall be of such a size that the heat exchanger can be viewed for possible openings using light assistance or a probe can be inserted for sampling the air stream. The cover attachment shall prevent leaks.

Table 5 – Opening Dimensions - In. (mm)

FURNACE CASING		PLENUM	OPENING	FLOOR OPENING		
WIDTH IN. (mm)	APPLICATION	Α	В	С	D	
	Upflow Applications on Combustible or Noncombustible Flooring	12-11/16	21-5/8	13-5/16	22-1/4	
	(subbase not required)	(322)	(549)	(338)	(565)	
	Downflow Applications on Noncombustible Flooring	12-9/16	19	13-3/16	19-5/8	
14–3/16 [*]	(subbase not required)	(319)	(483)	(335)	(498)	
(360)	Downflow applications on combustible flooring	11-13/16	19	13-7/16	20-5/8	
	(subbase required)	(300)	(483)	(341)	(524)	
	Downflow Applications on Combustible Flooring with coil assembly or	12-5/16	19	13-5/16	20	
	coil box (subbase not required)	(313)	(483)	(338)	(508)	
	Upflow Applications on Combustible or Noncombustible Flooring	16	21-5/8	16-5/8	22-1/4	
	(subbase not required)	(406)	(549)	(422)	(565)	
	Downflow Applications on Noncombustible Flooring	15-7/8	19	16-1/2	19-5/8	
17–1/2	(subbase not required)	(403)	(483)	(419)	(498)	
(445)	Downflow applications on combustible flooring	15-1/8	19	16-3/4	20-5/8	
	(subbase required)	(384)	(483)	(425)	(524)	
	Downflow Applications on Combustible Flooring with coil assembly or	15-1/2	19	16-1/2	20	
	coil box (subbase not required)	(394)	(483)	(419)	(508)	
	Upflow Applications on Combustible or Noncombustible Flooring	19-1/2	21-5/8	20-1/8	22-1/4	
	(subbase not required)	(495)	(549)	(511)	(565)	
	Downflow Applications on Noncombustible Flooring	19-3/8	19	20	19-5/8	
21	(subbase not required)	(492)	(483)	(508)	(498)	
(533)	Downflow applications on combustible flooring	18-5/8	19	20-1/4	20-5/8	
	(subbase required)	(473)	(483)	(514)	(524)	
	Downflow Applications on Combustible Flooring with coil assembly or	19	19	20	20	
	coil box (subbase not required)	(483)	(483)	(508)	(508)	
	Upflow Applications on Combustible or Noncombustible Flooring	23	21-5/8	23-5/8	22-1/4	
	(subbase not required)	(584)	(549)	(600)	(565)	
	Downflow Applications on Noncombustible Flooring	22-7/8	19	23-1/2	19-5/8	
24-1/2	(subbase not required)	(581)	(483)	(597)	(498)	
(622)	Downflow applications on Combustible flooring	22-1/8	19	23-3/4	20-5/8	
• •	(subbase required)	(562)	(483)	(603)	(524)	
	Downflow Applications on Combustible Flooring with coil assembly or	22-1/2	19	23-1/2	20	
	coil box (subbase not required)	(572)	(483)	(597)	(508)	

^{*.} Not all families have these models

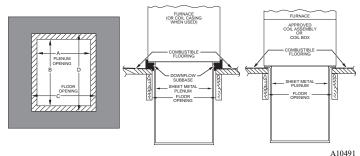


Fig. 25 – Installation on Combustible Flooring

Connect supply-air duct to flanges on furnace supply-air outlet. Bend flange upward to 90° with wide duct pliers. See Fig. 20. The supply-air duct must be connected to ONLY the furnace supply-outlet-air duct flanges or air conditioning coil casing (when used). DO NOT cut main furnace casing side to attach supply air duct, humidifier, or other accessories. All supply-side accessories MUST be connected to duct external to furnace main casing.

Return Air Connections

The return-air duct may be connected to bottom of the furnace. The side of casing that faces downward may also be used for return air connection. A combination of the bottom and downward facing side may also be used. The upward facing side of the casing cannot be used as a return air connection. See Fig. 23.

Bottom Return Air Inlet

These furnaces are shipped with bottom closure panel installed in bottom return-air opening. Remove and discard this panel when bottom return air is used. To remove bottom closure panel see Fig. 24.

Side Return Air Inlet

These furnaces are shipped with bottom closure panel installed in bottom return-air opening. This panel MUST be in place when side return air inlet(s) are used without a bottom return air inlet.

Not all horizontal furnaces are approved for side return air connections See Fig. 23. Where required by code, seal bottom closure to furnace with tape, mastic or other durable sealing method.

Filter Arrangement

WARNING

FIRE, CARBON MONOXIDE AND POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in fire, personal injury or death

Never operate a furnace without a filter or filtration device installed. Never operate a furnace with filter or filtration device access doors removed.

There are no provisions for an internal filter rack in these furnaces. An external filter is required.

This furnace may use an optional Media Filter Cabinet available from your local distributor. The Media Filter Cabinet uses either a standard 1-inch (25 mm) filter or 4-inch (102 mm) wide Media Filter which can be purchased separately.

The Media Cabinet is sized for bottom return applications for use in upflow, downflow and horizontal applications.

For upflow side return applications, the Media Cabinet or field supplied accessory air cleaner can be installed on the side of the furnace or side and bottom when a bottom plenum is used. See Fig. 21 and Fig. 27.

For downflow applications, the Media Cabinet or field supplied accessory air cleaner must only be connected to the bottom opening on the furnace. See Fig. 22 and Fig. 27.

For horizontal applications, the Media Cabinet or field supplied accessory air cleaner for all models can be connected to the bottom opening on the furnace. For side return use in the horizontal position, refer to Fig. 23. If both side and bottom openings are used in Fig. 23, each opening used will require a filter.

The media cabinet or field supplied accessory air cleaner can also be installed in the common return duct prior to entering the return air opening in any orientation.

Refer to the instructions supplied with Media Cabinet or accessory air filter for assembly and other details.

See Table 6 for filter size details.

Table 6 – Air Filter Selection and Duct Sizing - In. (mm)

FILTER CABINET HEIGHT IN (MM)	FILTER SIZE - IN (MM)	FILTER TYPE
44.0/40* (000)	14 x 25 x 3/4	Washable
14-3/16 [*] (360)	(356 x 635 x 19)	or Media [†]
	(1) 16 x 25 x 3/4*	
16 (406)	(406 x 635 x 19) or	Washable
10 (400)	(1) 16 x 25 x 4-5/16	or Media [†]
	(406 x 635 x 110)	
	(1) 20 x 25 x 3/4*	
21 (533)	(508 x 635 x 19) or	Washable
21 (333)	(1) 20 x 25 x 4-5/16	or Media [†]
	(508 x 635 x 110)	
	(1) 24 x 25 x 3/4*or	
24-1/2 (622)	(610 x 635 x 19) or	Washable
24-1/2 (022)	(1) 24 x 25 x 4-5/16	or Media [†]
	(610 x 635 x 110)	

- *. Not all families have these models.
- Filters with a side return-air may have a different filter size. Measure the filter to obtain the correct size.
 Recommended to maintain air filter face velocity. See Product Data for part

Filter and Return Duct Sizing

number

Pressure drop must be taken into account when sizing filters, filter racks, IAQ devices, and associated system ductwork. See Table 7 for a comparison of Pressure Drop (initial/clean resistance to airflow) versus Airflow for a variety of filter media types and sizes. These are representative numbers. Consult the filter or IAQ device manufacturers' specification sheet for performance data for a particular filter media or IAQ device.

Design the filter and associated ductwork for the best match of pressure drop versus filter size. Best practice usually chooses filter systems with pressure drops under 0.2 in. W.C. (50 Pa), with the best blower electrical efficiency and system airflow performance occurring with filter pressure drops under 0.1 in. W.C. (25 Pa).

A NOTICE

Design the duct system FIRST to determine how much pressure drop may be allowed in the filter system. See the Air Ducts section. Excessive filter pressure drop often compromises system airflow and duct performance, causes inadequate airflow to the furthest ends of the duct system, as well as causes excess noise and higher than anticipated electrical consumption.

Provide duct transitions, as required, to smoothly transition airflow from the return duct system to the filter (or IAQ device) to the furnace when the dimensions of the ductwork or furnace return air opening do not match the required filter or IAQ device dimensions. See the instructions supplied with factory-accessory duct adapters.

Leveling Legs (If Desired)

In upflow position with side return inlet(s), leveling legs may be used. See Fig. 26. Install field-supplied, 5/16 x 1-1/2 in. (8 x 38 mm) (max) corrosion-resistant machine bolts, washers and nuts.

NOTE: Bottom closure must be used when leveling legs are used. It may be necessary to remove and reinstall bottom closure panel to install leveling legs. To remove bottom closure panel, see Fig. 24.

To install leveling legs:

- 1. Position furnace on its back. Locate and drill a hole in each bottom corner of furnace.
- 2. For each leg, install nut on bolt and then install bolt with nut in hole. (Install flat washer if desired.)

- 3. Install another nut on other side of furnace base. (Install flat washer if desired.)
- Adjust outside nut to provide desired height, and tighten inside nut to secure arrangement.
- 5. Reinstall bottom closure panel if removed.

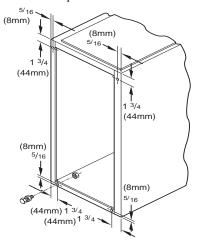


Fig. 26 – Leveling Legs

Location Relative to Cooling Equipment

The cooling coil must be installed parallel with, or on the downstream side of the unit to avoid condensation in the heat exchangers. When installed parallel with the furnace, dampers or other flow control must prevent chilled air from entering the furnace. If the dampers are manually operated, they must be equipped with means to prevent operation of either unit unless the damper is in the full-heat or full-cool position.

Platform Furnace Support

Construct working platform at location where all required furnace clearances are met. See Table 1 and Fig. 28. For furnaces with 1-in. (25 mm) clearance requirement on side, set furnace on non-combustible blocks, bricks or angle iron. For crawlspace installations, if the furnace is not suspended from the floor joists, the ground underneath furnace must be level and the furnace set on blocks or bricks.

Suspended Furnace Support

The furnace must be supported under the entire length of the furnace with threaded rod and angle iron. See Fig. 29. Secure angle iron to bottom of furnace as shown.

Roll-Out Protection

Provide a minimum 12-in. x 22-in. (305 x 559 mm) piece of sheet metal for flame roll-out protection in front of burner area for furnaces closer than 12-in. (305 mm) above the combustible deck or suspended furnaces closer than 12-in. (305 mm) to joists. The sheet metal MUST extend underneath the furnace casing by 1-in. (25 mm) with the door removed.

The bottom closure panel on furnaces of widths 17-1/2-in. (445 mm) and larger may be used for flame roll-out protection when bottom of furnace is used for return air connection. See Fig. 28 for proper orientation of roll-out shield.

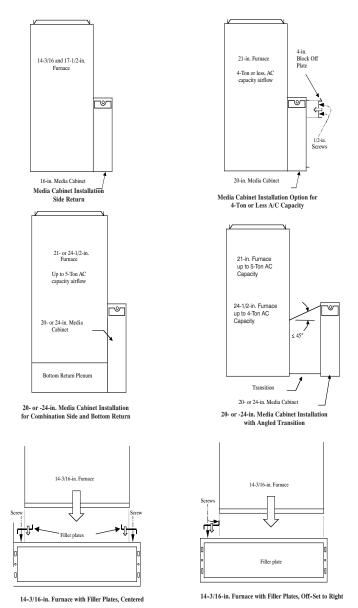
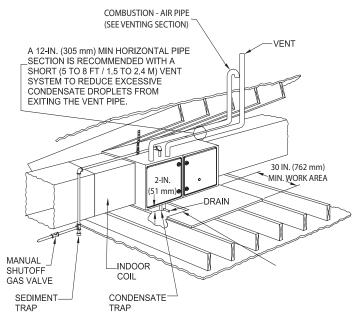


Fig. 27 – Optional Media Cabinet Accessory

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A89014



ROLLOUT PROTECTION REQUIRED

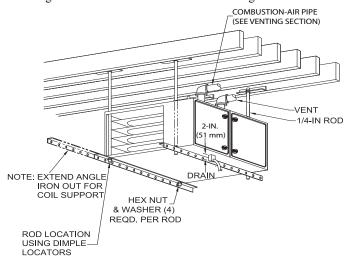
Install 12" x 22" (305x559 mm) sheet metal in front of burner compartment area. The sheet metal MUST extend underneath the furnace casing by 1-in. (25 mm) with the door removed. The bottom closure panel may be used for flame roll-out protection when bottom of furnace is used for return air connection.

NOTE: FURNACE SHOWN AS DIRECT VENT APPLICATION. REFER TO THE VENTING SECTION FOR ALLOWABLE VENT CONFIGURATIONS

Fig. 28 – Working Platform for Attic Installation

A150580

NOTE: Local codes may require a drain pan and condensate trap when a condensing furnace is installed over a finished ceiling.



ROLLOUT PROTECTION REQUIRED

Install 12"x 22" (204 x 559 mm) sheet metal in front of and above the burner compartment area. The sheet metal MUST extend above the furnace casing by 1-in. (25 mm with the door removed. A 1-in. (25 mm) clearance minimum between top of furnace and combustible material is required. The entire length of furnace must be supported when furnace is used in horizontal position to ensure proper drainage.

NOTE: FURNACE SHOWN IS A DIRECT-VENT APPLICATION. REFER TO THE VENTING SECTION FOR ALLOWABLE VENT CONFIGURATIONS.

Fig. 29 - Suspended Furnace Installation

A150581

NOTE: Local codes may require a drain pan and condensate trap when a condensing furnace is installed over a finished ceiling.

Table 7 – Filter Media Pressure Drop (Clean) Versus Airflow - In. W.C. (Pa)

14 x 25 Filter Factory-Acces			Accessory	Factory-A	Accessory	Representative After-Market Filter Media [*]							
(356 x 6	(356 x 635 mm)		hable	Me	dia [*]		Fiberglass* Pleated*						
CFM	L/s	(1-in. / 2.5 cm)		(4-in. /	(4-in. / 10 cm)		2.5 cm)	(2-in. /	(2-in. / 5 cm)		2.5 cm)	(2-in. /	5 cm)
600	(283)	0.04	(12)	0.05	(12)	0.07	(17)	0.10	(26)	0.24	(60)	0.16	(40)
800	(378)	0.06	(15)	0.07	(19)	0.10	(25)	0.15	(39)	0.34	(85)	0.23	(59)
1000	(472)	0.07	(18)	0.10	(27)	0.13	(34)	0.21	(52)	-	-	0.32	(81)
1200	(566)	0.08	(20)	0.14	(36)	0.17	(43)	0.27	(68)	-	-	-	-

16 x 25 Filter Factory-Acce		Factory-Accessory		Factory-A	Accessory	Representative After-Market Filter Media [*]								
(406 x 6	35 mm)	Wasl	nable	Me	dia [*]	Fiberglass*				Pleated*				
CFM	L/s	(1-in. / 2.5 cm)		(4-in. /	10 cm)	(1-in. /	(1-in. / 2.5 cm) (2-i		(2-in. / 5 cm)		(1-in. / 2.5 cm)		(2-in. / 5 cm)	
600	(283)	0.04	(10)	0.05	(13)	0.06	(15)	0.09	(22)	0.20	(51)	0.13	(34)	
800	(378)	0.05	(13)	0.07	(18)	0.08	(21)	0.13	(32)	0.29	(72)	0.20	(49)	
1000	(472)	0.06	(16)	0.11	(28)	0.11	(28)	0.17	(43)	-	-	0.27	(67)	
1200	(566)	0.07	(18)	0.15	(37)	0.14	(36)	0.22	(56)	-	-	-	-	
1400	(661)	0.08	(21)	0.19	(48)	0.18	(45)	0.28	(70)	-	-	-	-	
1600	(755)	0.09	(23)	0.24	(60)	0.21	(54)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1800	(850)	0.10	(25)	-	-	0.26	(64)	-	-	-	-	-	-	

20 x 2	5 Filter	Factory-A	ccessory	Factory-A	Accessory	Representative After-Market Filter Media*								
(508 x 6	(508 x 635 mm)		nable	Media [*]		Fiberglass* P					Plea	Pleated*		
CFM	(L/s)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(4-in. /	10 cm)	(1-in. /	(1-in. / 2.5 cm)		(2-in. / 5 cm)		(1-in. / 2.5 cm)		(2-in. / 5 cm)	
800	(378)	0.04	(11)	0.05	(12)	0.06	(16)	0.09	(24)	0.22	(55)	0.15	(37)	
1000	(472)	0.05	(13)	0.07	(18)	0.08	(21)	0.13	(32)	0.29	(72)	0.20	(49)	
1200	(566)	0.06	(15)	0.09	(22)	0.11	(27)	0.16	(41)	-	-	0.25	(63)	
1400	(661)	0.07	(17)	0.12	(31)	0.13	(33)	0.20	(51)	-	-	0.31	(79)	
1600	(755)	0.08	(19)	0.15	(38)	0.16	(40)	0.24	(61)	-	-	-	-	
1800	(850)	0.08	(21)	0.18	(47)	0.18	(47)	0.29	(73)	-	-	-	-	
2000	(944)	0.09	(23)	0.22	(56)	0.21	(54)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2200	(1038)	0.09	(24)	0.26	(66)	0.25	(62)	-		-	-	-	-	

25 x 2	25 x 25 Filter Factory-Accessory		Factory-Accessory		Representative After-Market Filter Media [*]								
(635 x 6	5 x 635 mm) Washable			Media [*]		Fiberglass*				Pleated [*]			
CFM	L/s	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(4-in. /	10 cm)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(2-in. /	5 cm)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(2-in. /	5 cm)
800	(378)	0.03	(9)	0.03	(8)	0.05	(12)	0.07	(18)	0.17	(43)	0.11	(28)
1000	(472)	0.04	(11)	0.05	(12)	0.06	(16)	0.09	(24)	0.22	(55)	0.15	(37)
1200	(566)	0.05	(13)	0.07	(17)	0.08	(20)	0.12	(31)	0.27	(68)	0.18	(47)
1400	(661)	0.06	(15)	0.09	(23)	0.10	(24)	0.15	(38)	-	-	0.23	(58)
1600	(755)	0.06	(16)	0.12	(31)	0.11	(29)	0.18	(45)	-	-	0.28	(69)
1800	(850)	0.07	(18)	0.14	(35)	0.13	(34)	0.21	(53)	-	-	-	-
2000	(944)	0.08	(19)	0.16	(41)	0.16	(39)	0.24	(61)	-	-	-	-
2200	(1038)	0.08	(21)	0.19	(49)	0.18	(45)	0.28	(70)	-	-	-	1

^{*.} Recommended to maintain air filter face velocity. See Product Data for part number.

If the filter size that you are looking for is not contained in Table 7, refer to Table 8 for a comparison of Pressure Drop (initial/clean resistance to airflow) versus Face Velocity for a variety of filter media types.

The following equations relate Face Velocity (FPM), Filter Area and Airflow (CFM):

Filter Face Velocity = Airflow / Filter Area

Minimum Filter Area = Rated System Airflow / Maximum Filter Face Velocity

Table 8 - Filter Media Pressure Drop (Clean) Versus Face Velocity- In. W.C. (Pa)

Face V	elocity	Factory-Accessory			Representative After-Market Filter Media*										
race v	elocity	Wasi	nable		Fiber	glass [*]		Pleated*							
FPM	(m/s)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(2-in.	/ 5 cm)	(1-in. /	2.5 cm)	(2-in.	5 cm)				
200	(1)	0.04	(10)	0.05	(13)	0.08	(20)	0.18	(47)	0.12	(31)				
300	(1.5)	0.05	(14)	0.09	(22)	0.13	(34)	0.30	(75)	0.21	(52)				
400	(2)	0.07	(17)	0.13	(32)	0.20	(50)	-	-	0.31	(78)				
500	(2.5)	0.08	(21)	0.18	(44)	0.27	(69)	-	-	-	-				
600	(3)	0.09	(23)	0.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
700	(3.6)	0.10	(26)	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

^{*.} Recommended to maintain air filter face velocity. See Product Data for part number

Table 9 – Cooling⁴ and Heating Air Delivery - CFM (Bottom Return⁵ with Filter)

		(5)	W1-5 and S	W4-3 set t	o OFF. exc	ept as indi	icated. See	Notes 1 a	nd 2.\				
Unit Size: 040V1410	Clg/C	F Switch se			,	- 10. 40 11141		rnal Static		ESP)			
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	1125	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	975	955	930	905
	OFF	OFF	ON	605	565	525	485	445			See Note 4		
	OFF	ON	OFF	760	730	695	655	625	590	555	525	490	455
	OFF	ON	ON	950	925	900	870	840	810	785	760	730	705
Cooling	ON ON	OFF	OFF	1125	1105 1105	1080 1080	1055 1055	1030 1030	1005 1005	975 980	955 955	930 930	905 905
(SW2-8,7,6)	ON	OFF ON	ON OFF	1130 1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
	ON	ON	ON	1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
		mum Clg Air		1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
CF Switches	SW2-5	SW2-4	SW2-3	1130	1100	1000	1000	1030	1003	300	300	900	303
Low-Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	605	565	525	485	445			See Note 4		
20W Olg Boldani	OFF	OFF	ON	605	565	525	485	445			See Note 4		
	OFF	ON	OFF	760	730	695	655	625	590	555	525	490	455
	OFF	ON	ON	950	925	900	870	840	810	785	760	730	705
Low-Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1125	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	975	955	930	905
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
	ON	ON	OFF	1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
	ON	ON	ON	1130	1105	1080	1055	1030	1005	980	955	930	905
Cont. Fan Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	385	335				See N	Note 4			
	OFF	OFF	ON	245	180					Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	310	245				See N	Note 4			
Continuous Fan	OFF	ON	ON	385	335				See N	Note 4			
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	OFF	385	335				See N	Note 4			
(0772-0,4,0)	ON	OFF	ON	385	335					Note 4			
	ON	ON	OFF	385	335					Note 4			
	ON	ON	ON	385	335				See N	Note 4			
Heating (SW1)		Heat Airflow	3	705	750	745	005	055	COF		500	F2F	EOE
J (/		Heat Airilow	o	785	750	715	685	655	625	595	560	535	505
				785	750	715				ļ.	560	535	505
Unit Size: 040V1712	Clg/C	F Switch se	ettings				Exte	nal Static	Pressure (ESP)			
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches:	Clg/C SW2-8	F Switch se	ettings SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	Exter	rnal Static	Pressure (ESP) 0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Unit Size: 040V1712	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF	F Switch se	SW2-6	0.1 1240	0.2 1210	0.3 1180	Exter 0.4 1145	nal Static 0.5 1105	Pressure (ESP)	0.8 950		
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF	SW2-6 OFF	0.1 1240 585	0.2 1210 540	0.3 1180 490	Exte 0.4 1145 445	70.5 1105 400	0.6 1060	ESP) 0.7 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4	0.9 895	1.0 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780	0.2 1210 540 740	0.3 1180 490 695	0.4 1145 445 655	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620	Pressure (0.6 1060	ESP) 0.7 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510	0.9 895 480	1.0 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975	0.2 1210 540 740 945	0.3 1180 490 695 910	0.4 1145 445 655 870	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620 835	Pressure (0.6 1060 580 805	ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740	0.9 895 480 710	1.0 835 445 680
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140	0.3 1180 490 695	0.4 1145 445 655	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620	Pressure (0.6 1060	ESP) 0.7 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510	0.9 895 480	1.0 835 445 680 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170	0.2 1210 540 740 945	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115	0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085	70.5 1105 400 620 835 1050	Pressure (0.6 1060 580 805 1020	ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945	0.9 895 480 710 890	1.0 835 445 680
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180	0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145	70.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105	Pressure (0.6 1060 580 805 1020 1060	ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180	Exter 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105	9 Pressure (0.6 1060 580 805 1020 1060 1060	ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180	0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145	70.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105	9 Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6)	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180	0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145	70.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105	9 Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON SW2-4	SW2-6 OFF ON ON OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 445	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 400 400	9 Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005	0.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON SW2-4 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 1145 445 445 655	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 400 400 620	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 445 655 870	nal Static 0.5 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 400 400 620 835	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1705 545 775	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF OF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975 1170	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 4445 445 655 870 1085	1105 1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 400 400 620 835 1050	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 895 480 710	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975 1170	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945 1140 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 655 870 1085 1145	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 7775 985 1005	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945 1140 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180	## Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 655 870 1085 1145	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	9 Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 7775 985 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950	895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975 1170	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945 1140 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 655 870 1085 1145	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 7775 985 1005	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180	## Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 655 870 1085 1145	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	9 Pressure (9.6 1060 580 805 1020 1060 1060 1060 1060 580 805 1020 1060 1	ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210	0.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490	0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 1145 1145 1145 1145 11	1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	585 585 780 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	540 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210	9.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180	## Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 45 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 1145 1145 1145 446 447 448	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 950 See Note 4 945 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON Mum Cig Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF O	SW2-6 OFF ON	585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240	540 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210	9.3 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490	## Extel 0.4	1105 400 620 835 1050 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON SW2-4 OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210	910 1180 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 49	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 445 445 455 870 1085 1145 445 445 445 445 445 445	105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	9.8 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 950 950 See Note 4 510 740 945 950 950 950 950 4 See Note 4 54 See Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Ain SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210	910 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 49	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 1145 445 445 44	105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540	910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 11	## Extel 0.4	1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Ain SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210 1210	910 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 490 490 695 910 1115 1180 1180 1180 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 49	Extel 0.4 1145 445 655 870 1085 1145 1145 1145 1145 445 445 44	105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950 950	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835
Unit Size: 040V1712 Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	0.1 1240 585 780 975 1170 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 1240 124	0.2 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 540 740 945 1140 1210 1210 1210 1210 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540	910 1115 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 11	## Extel 0.4	1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105	Pressure (ESP) 0.7 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 545 775 985 1005 1005 1005 1005	950 See Note 4	0.9 895 480 710 890 895 895 895 895 480 710 890 895 895 895	1.0 835 445 680 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835

Table 9 – Cooling⁴ and Heating Air Delivery - CFM (Bottom Return⁵ with Filter) (Continued)

		(S	W1-5 and S	W4-3 set t	o OFF. exc	ept as ind	icated. See	Notes 1 a	nd 2.\				
Unit Size: 060V1412	Cla/C	F Switch se			O 1 1 , CAC	cpt us mu		rnal Static		(ESP)			
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	1180	1150	1130	1100	1075	1045	1020	995	965	935
	OFF	OFF	ON	625	585	540	See N	lote 4					
	OFF	ON	OFF	820	785	745	710	670	635	595	560	525	490
	OFF	ON	ON	1000	970	935	905	875	845	815	785	755	725
Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1180	1150	1130	1100	1075	1045	1020	995	965	935
(SW2-8,7,6)	ON	OFF	ON	1220	1195	1170	1140	1115	1090	1065	1035	1010	985
	ON ON	ON ON	OFF ON	1220 1220	1195 1195	1170 1170	1140 1140	1115 1115	1090 1090	1065 1065	1035 1035	1010 1010	985 985
				1220	1195	1170	1140	1115	1090	1065	1035	1010	985
05.0 %.1		mum Clg Air		1220	1195	1170	1140	1113	1090	1005	1033	1010	960
CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-5 OFF	SW2-4 OFF	SW2-3 OFF	625	585	540				See Note 4			
Low-Cig Delauit.	OFF	OFF	OFF	625	585	540	495	445			See Note 4	1	
	OFF	ON	OFF	820	785	745	710	670	635	595	560	525	490
	OFF	ON	ON	1000	970	935	905	875	845	815	785	755	725
Low-Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1180	1150	1130	1100	1075	1045	1020	995	965	935
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	1220	1195	1170	1140	1115	1090	1065	1035	1010	985
	ON	ON	OFF	1220	1195	1170	1140	1115	1090	1065	1035	1010	985
	ON	ON	ON	1220	1195	1170	1140	1115	1090	1065	1035	1010	985
Cont. Fan Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	375	315				See N	Note 4			
Cont. 1 an Dolault.	OFF	OFF	ON	200	125					Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	285	215					Note 4			
	OFF	ON	ON	375	315					Note 4			
Continuous Fan	ON	OFF	OFF	375	315					Note 4			
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	375	315				See N	Note 4			
	ON	ON	OFF	375	315				See N	Note 4			
	ON	ON	ON	375	315				See N	Note 4			
Heating (SW1)		Heat Airflow	3	980	950	920	890	860	825	795	765	735	705
3 ()													
Unit Size: 060V1714		F Switch se	ettings				Exte	rnal Static					
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	F Switch se	ettings SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	Exte	rnal Static	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
	SW2-8 OFF	F Switch se	SW2-6	1350	1315	0.3 1285	Exte	rnal Static	0.6 1180	0.7 1150	1115	0.9 1085	1.0 1050
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF	SW2-6 OFF	1350 635	1315 575	0.3 1285 515	Exte 0.4 1250	nal Static 0.5 1215	0.6 1180	0.7	1115	1085	
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825	1315 575 775	0.3 1285 515 725	Exte 0.4 1250 675	nal Static 0.5 1215	0.6 1180 575	0.7 1150 See Note 4	1115 See N	1085 Note 4	1050
Clg Switches: Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015	1315 575 775 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930	0.4 1250 675 890	7nal Static 0.5 1215 630 845	0.6 1180 575 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765	1115 See N	1085 Note 4 See N	1050 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825	1315 575 775	0.3 1285 515 725	Exte 0.4 1250 675	nal Static 0.5 1215	0.6 1180 575	0.7 1150 See Note 4	1115 See N	1085 Note 4	1050
Clg Switches: Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch se SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190	1315 575 775 975 1150	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115	675 890	7nal Static 0.5 1215 630 845 1040	0.6 1180 575 805 1005	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965	1115 See N 720 930	1085 Note 4 See N	1050 Note 4 855
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285	675 890 1075 1250	630 845 1040 1215	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150	1115 See N 720 930 1115	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085	1050 Note 4 855 1050
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480	675 890 1075 1250 1450	630 845 1040 1215 1420	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360	1115 See N 720 930 1115 1330	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450	630 845 1040 1215 1420	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450	630 845 1040 1215 1420	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435	1085 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1390 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON SW2-4 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515	Exte 0.4 1250 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 See N	1085 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1300 1390 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930	Exte 0.4 1250 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 See N 720	1085 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1300 1390 1390 Note 4 See 1	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930 1115	Exte 0.4 1250 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930	1085 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1300 1390 1390 Note 4 See 1 895	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 575 975 1150 1315	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285	Exte 0.4 1250 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115	1085 Note 4 See Note 4 1390 1390 1390 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1215 1420	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4 765 965 1150	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1390 1390 1390 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF OF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635	Exte 0.4 1250 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1475	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See Note 4 1390 1390 1390 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF O	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1215 1420	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1390 1390 1390 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1475	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1390 1390 Note 4 See N 895 1085 1300 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF O	SW2-7 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1510 1675	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See Note 4 1390 1390 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 Note 4	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OF	SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1350 1540 1715 635 635 825 1015	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 775 975 1750 175	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	630 845 1215 1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1300 1390 Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1300 1390	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-4 OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1715 635 635 825 1015 1540	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 775 975 175 975 1775 975 975 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805 805 805	965 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085	Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-4 OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 635 635 825 1015 1015	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 575 775 975 150 1315 1575 1775 975 1775 975 975 975 975 975 975 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	630 845 1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805 805 805 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 765 765 765 765	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 See N 720 720 720 720 720	Note 4 See 1 895 1085 1085 1390 1390 1390 Note 4 See 1 895 1300 1390 Note 4 See 1 See 1 See 1	Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-4 OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1715 635 635 825 1015 1540	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 575 775 975 175 975 975 975 975 975 975 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 1285 1480 1635	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	630 845 1215 1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805 805 805	965 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 See Note 4	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435	1085	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default: Continuous Fan (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-4 OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 635 635 825 1015 1015 1015 1015	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 775 975 175 975 975 975 975 975 975 975 9	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 515 725 930 930 930 930 930 930	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 890 890 890 890 890	630 845 1215 1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	0.6 1180 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805 805 805 805 805 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 765 765 765 765 765	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 See N 720 720 720 720 720 720 720	1085	1050 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 1350 1350 1270 1350 1350 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	F Switch see SW2-7 OFF OPF ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1350 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 1715 635 825 1015 1190 1350 1540 1715 635 635 825 1015 1015 1015	1315 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 1675 575 775 975 1150 1315 1510 1675 575 775 975 175 975 975 975 975 975 975 975	0.3 1285 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 515 725 930 1115 1285 1480 1635 515 515 725 930 930 930 930 930	675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595 675 890 1075 1250 1450 1595	630 845 1215 1215 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555 630 845 1040 1215 1420 1555	575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 1515 575 805 1005 1180 1390 1515 575 805 805 805 805	0.7 1150 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 1475 See Note 4 765 965 1150 1360 1475 See Note 4 765 765 765 765 765	See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 See N 720 930 1115 1330 1435 1435 1435 1720 930 720 720 720 720 720	1085	Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 1350 Note 4 855 1050 1270 1350 Note 4 Note 4

Table 9 – Cooling⁴ and Heating Air Delivery - CFM (Bottom Return⁵ with Filter) (Continued)

		/9	W1-5 and S	W4-3 set t	O OFF AVO	ent as ind	icated Sec	Notes 1 a	nd 2.)				
Unit Size: 080V1716	Clg/C	F Switch se		5 5011	,	opt ao mu		rnal Static		(ESP)			
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	1595	1560	1530	1500	1470	1440	1405	1370	1340	1290
	OFF	OFF	ON	625	555	495				See Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	810	755	700	645	595	540	480	425	380	330
	OFF	ON	ON	1040	995	950	900	860	815	770	725	680	630
Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1215	1175	1135	1095	1055	1015	975	935	900	860
(SW2-8,7,6)	ON ON	OFF ON	ON OFF	1390 1595	1355 1560	1320 1530	1285 1500	1245 1470	1210 1440	1175 1405	1140 1370	1105 1340	1070 1290
	ON	ON	OFF	1790	1760	1735	1700	1655	1610	1570	1485	1395	1290
		mum Clg Ai		1790	1760	1735	1700	1655	1610	1570	1485	1395	1295
CF Switches	SW2-5	SW2-4	SW2-3	1730	1700	1733	1700	1000	1010	1370	1400	1000	1233
Low-Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	625	555	495				See Note 4	1		
Low-Cig Delault.	OFF	OFF	ON	625	555	495				See Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	810	755	700	645	595	540	480	425	380	330
	OFF	ON	ON	1040	995	950	900	860	815	770	725	680	630
Low-Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1215	1175	1135	1095	1055	1015	975	935	900	860
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	1390	1355	1320	1285	1245	1210	1175	1140	1105	1070
	ON	ON	OFF	1595	1560	1530	1500	1470	1440	1405	1370	1340	1290
	ON	ON	ON	1790	1760	1735	1700	1655	1610	1570	1485	1395	1295
Cont. Fan Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	625	555	495	l			See Note 4	1		
Cont. 1 an Belaalt.	OFF	OFF	ON	465	390	300				See Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	625	555	495				See Note 4			
	OFF	ON	ON	690	630	570	510	445			See Note 4		
Continuous Fan	ON	OFF	OFF	690	630	570	510	445			See Note 4		
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	690	630	570	510	445			See Note 4		
	ON	ON	OFF	690	630	570	510	445			See Note 4		
	ON	ON	ON	690	630	570	510	445			See Note 4		
Heating (SW1)	1	Heat Airflow	3	1375	1340	1300	1265	1230	1195	1155	1120	1090	1050
				10.0		1000	ļ.		ļ.				
Unit Size: 080V2120	CI~/C												
		F Switch se						rnal Static		` <u> </u>			
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
	SW2-8 OFF	SW2-7 OFF	SW2-6 OFF	1950	1910	1870	0.4 1835			0.7 1720	1680	0.9 1645	1.0 1605
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835	1910 760	1870 685	0.4 1835 620	0.5 1795	0.6 1760	0.7 1720	1680 Note 4	1645	
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055	1910 760 995	1870 685 930	0.4 1835 620 865	0.5 1795 810	0.6 1760 750	0.7 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See N	1645 Note 4	1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225	1910 760 995 1170	1870 685 930 1115	0.4 1835 620 865 1060	0.5 1795 810 1000	750 945	0.7 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See N	1645 Note 4 See N	1605 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405	1910 760 995 1170 1355	1870 685 930 1115 1305	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205	750 945 1155	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060	1645 Note 4 See N	1605 Note 4 965
Clg Switches: Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425	750 945 1155 1380	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335	1680 Note 4 See Note 1 840 1060 1290	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	1605 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835	810 1000 1205 1425 1795	750 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680	1645 Note 4 See Note 1015 1245 1645	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040	895 1105 1335 1720 1995	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 1945	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Maxi	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835	810 1000 1205 1425 1795	750 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680	1645 Note 4 See Note 1015 1245 1645	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON SW2-4	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF SW2-3	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040	895 1105 1335 1720 1995	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Maxi	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040	895 1105 1335 1720 1995	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 1945	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF SW2-4 OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF SW2-3 OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON FOR ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4	1645 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 See I	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4	1645 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895	1605 Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 See Note 4 See N	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 Note 4 See N	1645 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425	750 945 1760 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995 See Note 4 See N	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON ON Mum Clg Ail SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205	750 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 See N Note 4 See N 895 1105	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 1060	1645 Note 4 See Note 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See Note 1015	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840 Note 4 965
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425	750 945 1760 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995 1010 1010 1010 1010 101	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON Mum Cig Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1605	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425	9.6 1760 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760	895 1105 1335 1720 1995 1995 1995 1010 1010 1010 1010 101	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 Note 4 See Note 4 1060 1290 1680	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF O	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Mum Clg Ail SW2-4 OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF O	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425	9.6 1760 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760	895 1105 1335 1720 See Note 4 895 1105 1335 1720 See Note 4	1680 Note 4 See Note 4 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 Note 4 See Note 4 1060 1290 1680	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 685	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835	0.5 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425	9.6 1760 945 1155 1380 1760 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760	895 1105 1335 1720 See Note 4 895 1105 1335 1720 See Note 4	1680 Note 4 See 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 1945 Note 4 See 1060 1290 1680 Note 4 Note 4	1645 Note 4 See N 1015 1245 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See N 1015 1245	Note 4 965 1205 1605 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1950 835 690 835	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 760 605 760 995 1170	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 685	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 620 620 865 1060 620	810 1795 1795 810 1000 1205 1425 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795	0.6 1760 750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760 See I 750 945	0.7 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See 840 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060 1290 1680 1060	1645 Note 4 See Note 4 1015 1645 1895 1895 Note 4 See Note 4	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1405 1950 835 690 835	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 760 605 1170 1355	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 685 930 1115 1305 685 930 1115 1305	620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 620	810 1795 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 810 1000 1205	750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 750 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N Note 4 See N 1355 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 Note 4 See 840 1060 Note 4 See 840 1060 See 840 1060	1645 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1895 1895 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1645	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1950 835 690 835 1055 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 685 930 1115 1305 685 930 1115 1305 1305	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795	750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N 895 1105 1360 See N 895 1105 1	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060	Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1895 1895 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1015 1015 1015	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1405 1950 835 690 835	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 760 605 1170 1355	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 685 930 1115 1305 685 930 1115 1305	620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 620	810 1795 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 810 1000 1205	750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 750 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N Note 4 See N 1355 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 Note 4 See 840 1060 Note 4 See 840 1060 See 840 1060	1645 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1895 1895 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1645	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default: Continuous Fan (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1950 835 690 835 1055 1950	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 760 605 760 1910 1355 1355 1355 1355	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 685 930 1115 1305 1305	0.4 1835 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 2110 2145 620 865 1060 1255 1470 1835 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620	810 1000 1205 1425 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090	0.6 1760 750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760 750 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N	1680 Note 4 See 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 1945 Note 4 See 840 1060 1290 1680 Note 4 See 840 1060	Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1895 1895 Note 4 See 1 1015 1245 1015 1015 1015	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205 1605
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1605 1950 2215 2295 835 690 835 1055 1225 1405 1950 835 1055 1225 1405 1405 1405	1910 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 2180 2245 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910 760 605 760 995 1170 1355 1560 1910	1870 685 930 1115 1305 1515 1870 2145 2195 685 685 930 1115 1305 685 930 1115 1305 1305	620 620 865 1060 1255 1470 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 620 62	810 1000 1205 1425 1795 2080 2090 810 1000 1205 1425 1795	750 945 1155 1380 2040 2040 See I 750 945 1155 1380 1760 945 1155 1380 1760	0.7 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N 895 1105 1335 1720 See N 895 1105 1360 See N 895 1105 1	1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 1945 Note 4 See N 840 1060 1290 1680 Note 4 See N 840 1060	1645 Note 4 See Note 4 1015 1895 1895 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 Note 4 See Note 4 Note 5 Note 6 Note 6 Note 7 Note 8 Note 9 Note	Note 4 965 1205 1840 1840 Note 4 965 1205 1605

Table 9 – Cooling⁴ and Heating Air Delivery - CFM (Bottom Return⁵ with Filter) (Continued)

I		(S	W1-5 and S	W4-3 set t	o OFF, exc	ept as ind	icated. See	Notes 1 a	nd 2.)				
Unit Size: 100V2120	Clg/C	F Switch se	ettings				Exte	rnal Static	Pressure	(ESP)			
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	2015	1975	1935	1895	1855	1820	1785	1745	1705	1655
	OFF	OFF	ON	840	760	675				See Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	1065	1000	935	865				Note 4		
	OFF	ON	ON	1250	1190	1135	1075	1015	4475	1	See Note 4		
Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1435	1380	1330	1280	1230	1175	4005		Note 4	1.4.4
(SW2-8,7,6)	ON	OFF	ON OFF	1640 2015	1590 1975	1545 1935	1500	1455	1410	1365	1320		Note 4
	ON ON	ON ON	OFF	2220			1895 2105	1855	1820 2035	1785 1995	1745 1900	1705 1790	1655
			-	2360	2180	2145		2070	2100				1665
27.2		mum Clg Air		2300	2320	2265	2215	2160	2100	2005	1905	1790	1665
CF Switches	SW2-5	SW2-4	SW2-3	0.40	700	075				0 11 1			
Low-Clg Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	840	760	675			0	See Note 4	1		
	OFF	OFF	ON	700	605	675			See	Note 4			
	OFF OFF	ON ON	OFF ON	840 1065	760 1000	675 935	865			See Note 4	Note 4		
Low-Cooling	ON	OFF	OFF	1250	1190	1135	1075	1015	ı	3661	See Note 4	<u> </u>	
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	ON	1435	1380	1330	1280	1230	1175			Note 4	
	ON	ON	OFF	1640	1590	1545	1500	1455	1410	1365	1320		Note 4
	ON	ON	ON	2015	1975	1935	1895	1855	1820	1785	1745	1705	1655
			L	L		l.		1000	.020	•		1.00	
Cont. Fan Default:	OFF	OFF	OFF	840	760	675				See Note 4	1		
	OFF	OFF	ON	700	605	075			See	Note 4			
	OFF	ON	OFF	840	760	675	005	1		See Note 4			
Continuous Fan	OFF	ON	ON	1065	1000	935	865				Note 4		
(SW2-5,4,3)	ON	OFF	OFF	1065	1000	935	865				Note 4		
	ON ON	OFF ON	ON OFF	1065 1065	1000	935 935	865 865				Note 4 Note 4		
	ON	ON	OFF	1065	1000	935	865				Note 4		
	ON	ON	ON	1005	1000	933	800			3661	NOIE 4		
Heating (SW1)		Heat Airflow	3	1855	1810	1765	1720	1680	1640	1595	1555	1515	1470
Unit Size: 120V2422	Clg/C	F Switch se	ettings				Exte	rnal Static	Pressure		l .		
		F Switch se		0.1	0.2	0.3		rnal Static			0.8		1.0
Unit Size: 120V2422 Clg Switches: Clg Default:	Clg/C SW2-8 OFF	F Switch se	sw2-6	0.1 2025	0.2 1975	0.3 1925	Exter 0.4 1875	0.5 1830	Pressure 0.6 1780	(ESP)	0.8 1675	0.9 1630	1.0 1585
Clg Switches:	SW2-8	SW2-7	SW2-6				0.4	0.5	0.6 1780	(ESP) 0.7		0.9	
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF	SW2-7 OFF	SW2-6 OFF	2025	1975		0.4	0.5	0.6 1780	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4		0.9	
Clg Switches:	SW2-8 OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON	2025 920	1975 830	1925	0.4 1875	0.5 1830 995	0.6 1780	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4	1675	0.9 1630	
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470	1975 830 1050 1205 1410	970 1130 1345	0.4 1875 890 1060 1280	995 1220	0.6 1780 See 1160	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See N	1675 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630	
Clg Switches: Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610	970 1130 1345 1555	0.4 1875 890 1060 1280 1500	995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4	1585
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975	970 1130 1345 1555 1925	890 1060 1280 1500 1875	995 1220 1440 1830	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4	1585
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160	0.4 1875 890 1060 1280 1500	995 1220 1440 1830 2075	1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See N 1330 1730 1985	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4	1585
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975	970 1130 1345 1555 1925	890 1060 1280 1500 1875	995 1220 1440 1830	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4	1585
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF SW2-4	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF SW2-3	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120	995 1220 1440 1830 2075	1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See N 1330 1730 1985	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON SW2-4 OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF SW2-3 OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120	995 1220 1440 1830 2075	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON SW2-4 OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON flow ² SW2-3 OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120	995 1220 1440 1830 2075	1160 1380 1780 5ee 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches	SW2-8 OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315	995 1220 1440 1830 2075	1160 1380 1780 5ee 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940 1985	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See N	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250	1160 1380 1780 5ee 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940 1985	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1275	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250	1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 1 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Mum Clg Ail SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1275 1470	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 1 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
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Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON Maxi SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON Mum Clg Ail SW2-4 OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1275 1470	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 1 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
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Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON OFF ON ON ON Mum Clg Air SW2-4 OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See See 1160 1380 1780	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3)	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF O	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 920 770 920 770	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1410 1610 1975 830 665 830 665 830	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555 1925	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500 1875	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See 1160 1380 1780 1780 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 Note 4 Note 4	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 See N 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
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Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default:	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1470 1670 2025 1275 1470 1670 2025 1275 1470 1670	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410 1975 830 665 830 1050 1050	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555 1925	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500 1875	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See 1160 1380 1780 1780 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 Note 4 Note 5 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
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Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default: Continuous Fan	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 2455 920 770 920 1125 1470 1670 2025 920 770 920 1125 1470 1	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 830 665 830 1050 1050 1050	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555 1925 970 970 970 970	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500 1875 890 890 890 890	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See 1160 1380 1780 1780 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 See 1 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default: Continuous Fan	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 920 770 920 1125 1470 1670 2025 920 770 920 1125 1125 1125 1125	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1410 1975 1410 1975 1410 1975 1050 1050 1050	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555 1925 970 970 970 970	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500 1875 890 890 890	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See 1160 1380 1780 1780 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 See 1 See 1 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4 1675 1940 1985 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685
Clg Switches: Clg Default: Cooling (SW2-8,7,6) CF Switches Low-Clg Default: Low-Cooling (SW2-5,4,3) Cont. Fan Default: Continuous Fan	SW2-8 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON SW2-5 OFF OFF OFF OFF ON	SW2-7 OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF	SW2-6 OFF ON OFF	2025 920 1125 1275 1470 1670 2025 2255 2455 2455 920 770 920 1125 1470 1670 2025 920 770 920 1125 1470 1	1975 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 2210 2410 830 665 830 1050 1205 1410 1610 1975 830 665 830 1050 1050 1050	970 1130 1345 1555 1925 2160 2370 970 1130 1345 1555 1925 970 970 970 970	890 1060 1280 1500 1875 2120 2315 890 1060 1280 1500 1875 890 890 890 890	995 1220 1440 1830 2075 2250 995 1220 1440	0.6 1780 See 1160 1380 1780 2030 2190 See See 1160 1380 1780 1780 See See	(ESP) 0.7 1730 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 1985 2115 2115 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 1330 1730 Note 4 Note 4 Note 4 See 1 See 1 See 1 See 1	1675 Note 4 See Note 4	0.9 1630 Note 4 See Note 4 See Note 4 1825 1830	1585 Note 4 1685 1685

NOTE:

 $1. Nominal\ 350\ CFM/ton\ cooling\ airflow\ is\ delivered\ with\ SW1-5\ and\ SW4-3\ set\ to\ OFF.$

Set both SW1-5 ON for nominal 400 CFM/ton (+15% airflow).

Set SW4-3 to ON for nominal 325 CFM/ton (-7%).

Set SW1-5 to OFF and SW4-3 to ON for nominal 370 CFM/ton (+7% airflow)

The above adjustments in airflow are subject to motor horsepower range/capacity

This applies to Cooling and Low-Cooling airflow, but does not affect continuous fan airflow.

- 2.Maximum cooling airflow is achieved when switches SW2-6, SW2-7, SW2-8 and SW1-5 are set to ON, and SW4-3 is set to OFF.
- 3.All heating CFM's are when comfort/efficiency adjustment switch SW1-4 is set to OFF.
- 4.Ductwork must be sized for high-heating CFM within the operational range of ESP. Operation within the blank areas of the chart is not recommended because high-heat operation will be above 1.0 ESP.
- 5.All airflows on 21" (533 mm) casing size furnaces are 5% less on side-return only installations.
- 6.Side returns for 24.5" (622 mm) casing sizes require two sides, or a side and bottom to allow sufficient airflow at the return of the furnace.
- 7.Airflows over 1800 CFM require bottom return, two-side return, or bottom and side return or excessive watt draw may result. A minimum filter size of 20x25" (508 x 635 mm) is required.

AIR DUCTS

A NOTICE

Many states, provinces and localities are considering or have implemented standards and/or restrictions on duct sizing practices, ductwork leakage, and/or ductwork thermal, airflow and electrical efficiencies. CONSULT LOCAL CODE OFFICIALS for ductwork design and performance requirements in your area.

General Requirements

The duct system should be designed and sized according to accepted national standards such as those published by: Air Conditioning Contractors Association (ACCA Manual D), Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA) or American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) or consult *The Air Systems Design Guidelines* reference tables available from your local distributor. The duct system should be sized to handle the required system design CFM at the design external static pressure. The furnace airflow rates are provided in Table 9-Air Delivery-CFM (With Filter). When a furnace is installed so that the supply ducts carry air circulated by the furnace to areas outside the space containing the furnace, the return air shall also be handled by duct(s) sealed to the furnace casing and terminating outside the space containing the furnace.

Secure ductwork with proper fasteners for type of ductwork used. Seal supply- and return-duct connections to furnace with code approved tape or duct sealer.

NOTE: Flexible connections should be used between ductwork and furnace to prevent transmission of vibration.

Ductwork passing through unconditioned space should be insulated to enhance system performance. When air conditioning is used, a vapor barrier is recommended.

Maintain a 1-in. (25 mm) clearance from combustible materials to supply air ductwork for a distance of 36-in. (914 mm) horizontally from the furnace. See NFPA 90B or local code for further requirements.

Return Duct Sizing

Refer to the Filter Selection and Duct Sizing section for information on the proper selection of filter sizes and the associated ductwork and duct transitions. Improperly designed filtering systems and return ductwork are the most common causes of airflow and/or noise complaints in HVAC systems.

Ductwork Acoustical Treatment

NOTE: Metal duct systems that do not have a 90 degree elbow and 10 ft. (3 M) of main duct to the first branch take-off may require internal acoustical lining. As an alternative, fibrous ductwork may be used if constructed and installed in accordance with the latest edition of SMACNA construction standard on fibrous glass ducts. Both acoustical lining and fibrous ductwork shall comply with NFPA 90B as tested by UL Standard 181 for Class 1 Rigid air ducts.

NOTE: For horizontal applications, the top most flange may be bent past 90° to allow the evaporator coil to hang on the flange temporarily while the remaining attachment and sealing of the coil are performed.

GAS PIPING

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber. Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Use proper length of pipe to avoid stress on gas control manifold and gas valve.

Gas valve inlet and/or inlet pipe must remain capped until gas supply line is permanently installed to protect the valve from moisture and debris. Also, install a sediment trap in the gas supply piping at the inlet to the gas valve.

A CAUTION

FURNACE DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace damage.

Connect gas pipe to furnace using a backup wrench to avoid damaging gas controls and burner misalignment.

• NOTICE

In the state of Massachusetts:

- 1. Gas supply connections MUST be performed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.
- 2. When flexible connectors are used, the maximum length shall not exceed 36 in. (915 mm).
- 3. When lever handle type manual equipment shutoff valves are used, they shall be T-handle valves.
- 4. The use of copper tubing for gas piping is NOT approved by the state of Massachusetts.

Left Side Gas Entry. Gas Pipe Grommet Required For Direct Vent Applications.

Gas Pipe Grommet Required For Direct Vent Applications

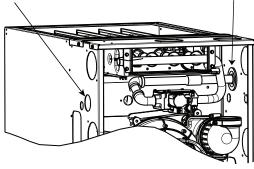
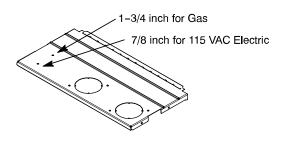


Fig. 30 - Gas Entry

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Fig. 31 – Alternate Gas and Electric Entry

NOTE: Top plate may be field drilled for alternate gas and 115 VAC

electric entry.

Gas piping must be installed in accordance with national and local codes. Refer to current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 in the USA. Refer to current edition of NSCNGPIC in Canada.

Installations must be made in accordance with all authorities having jurisdiction. If possible, the gas supply line should be a separate line running directly from meter to furnace.

NOTE: Use a back-up wrench on the inlet of the gas valve when connecting the gas line to the gas valve.

The gas supply pressure shall be within the maximum and minimum inlet supply pressures marked on the rating plate with the furnace burners ON and OFF.

Refer to Table 10 for recommended gas pipe sizing. Risers must be used to connect to furnace and to meter. Support all gas piping with appropriate straps, hangers, etc. Use a minimum of one hanger every 6 ft. (2 M). Joint compound (pipe dope) should be applied sparingly and only to male threads of joints. Pipe dope must be resistant to the action of propane gas.

Table 10 – Maximum Capacity of Pipe

Nominal:	1/2 (12.7)	3/4 (19.0)	1 (25.4)	1-1/4 (31.8)	1-1/2 (38.1)
Actual ID:	0.622	0.824	1.049	1.380	1.610
Length (ft)		Capacity in	Cubic Fee	t of Gravity	,
10 (3.0)	172	360	678	1390	2090
20 (6.0)	118	247	466	957	1430
30 (9.1)	95	199	374	768	1150
50 (15.2)	72	151	284	583	873

NOTE: Cubic ft. of natural gas per hr for gas pressures of 0.5 psig (14-in. w.c.) or less and a pressure drop of 0.5-in. w.c. (based on a 0.60 specific gravity gas). Ref: Chapter 6 current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.

Gas Pressure	Natural (in W.C.)	Propane (in W.C.)
Maximum	13	3.8
Minimum	4.5"	12"

When a flexible connector is used, black pipe shall be installed at the furnace gas control valve and extend a minimum of 2-in. (51 mm) outside the furnace.

For direct vent (2-pipe) applications, seal the gas pipe knockout to prevent air leakage.

Remove the required knockout. Install the grommet in the knockout. Then insert the gas pipe. The grommet is included in the loose parts bag. Piping should be pressure and leak tested in accordance with the current addition of the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 in the United States, local, and national plumbing and gas codes before the furnace has been connected. Refer to current edition of NSCNGPIC in Canada. After all connections have been made, purge lines and check for leakage at furnace prior to operating furnace.

PRESSURE TESTING ABOVE ½ psig:

The furnace and it's individual shut-off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of ½ psig (3.5 kPa).

PRESSURE TESTING BELOW ½ psig:

The furnace must be isolated from the gas supply piping by closing its individual manual shut-off valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than ½ psig (3.5 kPa).

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

A failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

If local codes allow the use of a flexible gas appliance connector, always use a new listed connector. Do not use a connector which has previously served another gas appliance. Black iron pipe shall be installed at the furnace gas control valve and extend a minimum of 2-in. (51 mm) outside the furnace.

An accessible manual equipment shutoff valve MUST be installed external to furnace casing and within 6 ft. (2 M) of furnace.

Install a sediment trap externally in the riser leading to furnace as shown in Fig. 32. Connect a capped nipple into lower end of tee. Capped nipple should extend below level of furnace gas controls. Place a ground joint union between furnace gas control valve and exterior manual equipment gas shutoff valve.

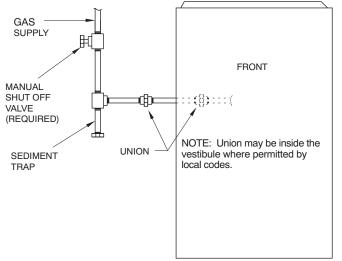


Fig. 32 - Typical Gas Pipe Arrangement

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A 1/8-in. (3 mm) NPT plugged tapping, accessible for test gauge connection, MUST be installed immediately upstream of gas supply connection to furnace and downstream of manual equipment shutoff valve.

Piping should be pressure and leak tested in accordance with the current addition of the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 in the United States, local, and national plumbing and gas codes before the furnace has been connected. Refer to current edition of NSCNGPIC in Canada. After all connections have been made, purge lines and check for leakage at furnace prior to operating furnace.

NOTE: The furnace gas control valve inlet pressure tap connection is suitable to use as test gauge connection providing test pressure DOES NOT exceed maximum 0.5 psig (14-in. W.C.) stated on gas control valve. See Fig. 64.

If pressure exceeds 0.5 psig (14-in. W.C.), gas supply pipe must be disconnected from furnace and capped before and during supply pipe

pressure test. If test pressure is equal to or less than 0.5 psig (14-In. W.C.), turn off electric shutoff switch located on furnace gas control valve and accessible manual equipment shutoff valve before and during supply pipe pressure test. After all connections have been made, purge lines and check for leakage at furnace prior to operating furnace.

The gas supply pressure shall be within the maximum and minimum inlet supply pressures marked on the rating plate with the furnace burners ON and OFF.

Gas entry can be from left or right side, or top panel. See Fig. 30 and Fig. 31.

Gas Pipe Grommet

For direct vent (2-pipe) applications, the knockout for the gas pipe must be sealed to prevent air leakage. Remove the knockout, install the grommet in the knockout, then insert the gas pipe. The grommet is included in the loose parts bag. See Fig. 30.

A CAUTION

FURNACE MAY NOT OPERATE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in intermittent furnace operation.

Furnace control must be grounded for proper operation or else control will lock out. Control must remain grounded through green/yellow wire routed to gas valve and manifold bracket screw.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow safety warnings could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death or property damage.

Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death or property damage.

- Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to furnace.
- When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnection.
 Reconnect wires correctly.
- Verify proper operation after servicing.
- Always reinstall access doors after completing service and maintenance.

MARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. Blower door switch opens 115-v power to control. No component operation can occur. Do not bypass or close switch with blower door removed.

See Fig. 33 for field wiring diagram showing typical field 115-v wiring. Check all factory and field electrical connections for tightness.

Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of 63°F (33°C) rise.

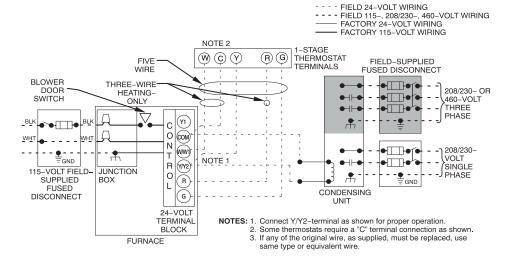


Fig. 33 – Typical Single-Stage Field Wiring Diagram
Table 11 – Electrical Data

OPERATING VOLTAGE VOLTS-**MAXIMUM** MINIMUM **MAXIMUM MAX FUSE OR FURNACE** UNIT **RANGE** HERTZ-UNIT **WIRE SIZE** WIRE LENGTH **CKT BKR** SIZE **AMPACITY**[†] **PHASE AMPS AWG** FT (M)[‡] **AMPS** Maximum **Minimum** 040V14--10 115-60-1 104 7.0 9.7 14 38 11.6 15 127 040V17--12 115-60-1 127 104 7.2 10.0 14 37 11.2 15 060V14--12 115-60-1 127 104 7.1 9.8 14 38 11.6 15 060V17--14 115-60-1 127 104 10.4 13.9 14 26 7.9 15 080V17--16 115-60-1 127 104 10 13.4 14 27 8.2 15 080V21--20 115-60-1 127 104 12.8 16.9 12 34 10.4 20 100V21--20 115-60-1 127 104 12.6 16.7 12 34 10.4 20 120V24--22 115-60-1 127 104 12.6 16.7 12 10.4 20

- *. Permissible limits of the voltage range at which the unit operates satisfactorily.
- Unit ampacity = 125 percent of largest operating component's full load amps plus 100 percent of all other potential operating components' (EAC, humidifier, etc.) full load amps.
- ‡. Length shown is as measured one way along wire path between furnace and service panel for maximum 2 percent voltage drop.
- **. Time-delay type is recommended.

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M WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

The cabinet MUST have an uninterrupted or unbroken ground according to current edition of NEC NFPA 70 or local codes to minimize personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. In Canada, refer to the current edition of Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1. This may consist of electrical wire, conduit approved for electrical ground or a listed, grounded power cord (where permitted by local code) when installed in accordance with existing electrical codes. Refer to the power cord manufacturer's ratings for proper wire gauge. Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and furnace. Use only copper wire. See Fig. 34.

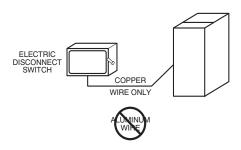


Fig. 34 – Field-Supplied External Electrical Box on Furnace Casing 115-V Wiring

Furnace must have a 115-v power supply properly connected and grounded.

NOTE: Proper polarity must be maintained for 115-v wiring. If polarity is incorrect, control LED status indicator light will flash rapidly and furnace will **NOT** operate.

Verify that the voltage, frequency, and phase correspond to that specified on unit rating plate. Also, check to be sure that service provided by utility is sufficient to handle load imposed by this equipment. Refer to rating plate or Table 11 for equipment electrical specifications.

USA Installations: Make all electrical connections in accordance with the current edition of the National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70 and any local codes or ordinances that might apply.

Canada Installations: Make all electrical connections in accordance with the current edition of the Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1 and any local codes or ordinances that might apply.

Use a separate, fused branch electrical circuit with a properly sized fuse or circuit breaker for this furnace. See Table 11 for wire size and fuse specifications. A readily accessible means of electrical disconnect must be located within sight of the furnace.

Furnace is shipped with extended-length high voltage wire leads to reach all potential mounting locations of the J-Box. Reduce excess high voltage wire length from inside the furnace vestibule by pulling the wires entirely through the J-Box opening or field supplied strain relief and shortening the leads to no more than 4-inches inside the J-Box.

J-Box Installation

MARNING

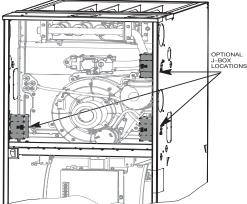
FIRE OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

High voltage field connections must be located in J-Box with furnace, or in field supplied external disconnect mounted to furnace.

If field-supplied manual disconnect switch is to be mounted on furnace casing side, select a location where a drill or fastener cannot damage electrical or gas components.

The J-Box must be used when field line voltage electrical connections are made to the furnace wiring harness inside the furnace casing. The J-Box cover is not required if a field-supplied external electrical box is attached to the outside of the furnace casing. The field ground wire and furnace main ground wire are grounded when the J-Box bracket is attached to the furnace and the field ground wire and factory ground wire are secured to the bracket grounding screw. If the J-Box cover is not used, the field and factory spliced connections must be located inside the external electrical box. Do not leave splice connections unprotected inside the furnace.



Representative drawing only, some models may vary in appearance.

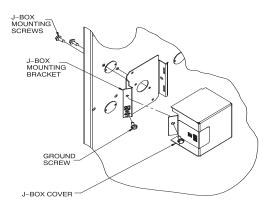


Fig. 35 – Installing J-Box (When Used)

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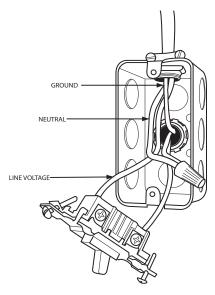


Fig. 36 – External Electrical Box

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The J-Box cover, mounting bracket and screws are shipped in the loose parts bag included with the furnace. See Fig. 35 for J-Box mounting locations.

The J-Box mounting bracket and green ground screw is used as a grounding point for all line voltage wiring options. The J-Box cover may be omitted when electrical connections are made inside an external electrical box mounted external to the casing.

External Electrical Box on Furnace Casing

NOTE: Check to ensure that external electrical box does not interfere with duct work, gas piping or the indoor coil drain. See Fig. 31 for alternate electric entry through top panel.

 Select and remove 7/8-in. (22 mm) knock-out on the desired side of the casing. Remove the knock-out from the casing.

NOTE: If electrical entry through the furnace top panel is used, a 7/8-in. (22 mm) hole must be drilled through the top panel.

2. Drill two (2) 1/8-in. (3 mm) pilot holes through the dimples in the furnace casing near the 7/8-in. knock-out.

NOTE: If electrical entry through the furnace top panel is used, mark the screw hole locations using the mounting holes in the external electrical box as a template.

For a side-mounted external electrical box, complete the following:

- Align the J-Box bracket with the knock-out inside the furnace casing.
- Install the threaded end of a strain-relief bushing through the J-Box bracket and the furnace casing. Strain-relief bushing should be installed so that the bushing can be tightened around the wiring harness inside the furnace casing.
- 3. Align the external electrical box with the 7/8-in. (22 mm) knock-out.
- Install and tighten the lock-nut on the strain-relief bushing inside the external electrical box.
- 5. Fasten the external electrical box to the furnace casing using two (2) sheet metal screws.
- 6. Route field power wiring into external electrical box.
- 7. Pull furnace line voltage power wires through strain-relief bushing of the external electrical box.
- 8. Pull the ground wire of the field line voltage wiring through the strain-relief bushing into the furnace casing.
- 9. Install the green ground screw to the J-Box bracket and attach both ground wires to the green ground screw.

- Connect any code required external disconnect(s) to field power wiring.
- 11. Connect field power and neutral leads to furnace power leads inside the external electrical box as shown in Fig. 32.

For a top panel-mounted external electrical box, complete the following:

- 1. Drill two (2) 1/8-in. (3 mm) pilot holes through the dimples in the furnace casing near the 7/8-in. knock-out on the side of the casing. Do not remove the knock-out in the side of the casing.
- Align the J-Box bracket with the pilot holes inside the furnace casing.
- 3. Install 2 screws through the outside of the casing to secure the J-Box bracket to the furnace casing.
- 4. Route field power wiring into external electrical box.
- 5. Pull furnace line voltage power wires through strain-relief bushing of the external electrical box.
- 6. Pull the ground wire of the field line voltage wiring through the strain-relief bushing into the furnace casing.
- Install the green ground screw to the J-Box bracket and attach both ground wires to the green ground screw.
- Connect any code required external disconnect(s) to field power wiring.
- 9. Connect field power and neutral leads to furnace power leads inside the external electrical box as shown in Fig. 34.

Power Cord Installation in Furnace J-Box

NOTE: Power cords must be able to handle the electrical requirements listed in Table 11. Refer to power cord manufacturer's listings.

- Install J-Box mounting bracket to inside of furnace casing. See Fig. 35.
- 2. Route listed power cord through 7/8-in. (22 mm) diameter hole in casing and J-Box bracket.
- Secure power cord to J-Box bracket with a strain relief bushing or a connector approved for the type of cord used.
- 4. Pull furnace power wires through 1/2-in. (12 mm) diameter hole in J-Box. If necessary, loosen power wires from strain—relief wire-tie on furnace wiring harness.
- 5. Connect field ground wire and factory ground wire to green ground screw on J-Box mounting bracket as shown in Fig. 35.
- 6. Connect power cord power and neutral leads to furnace power leads as shown in Fig. 33.
- Attach furnace J-Box cover to mounting bracket with screws supplied in loose parts bag. Do not pinch wires between cover and bracket. See Fig. 35.

BX Cable Installation in Furnace J-Box

- Install J-Box mounting bracket to inside of furnace casing. See Fig. 35.
- 2. Route BX connector through 7/8-in. (22 mm) diameter hole in casing and J-Box bracket.
- Secure BX cable to J-Box bracket with connectors approved for the type of cable used.
- 4. Connect field ground wire and factory ground wire to green ground screw on J-Box mounting bracket as shown in Fig. 35.
- 5. Connect field power and neutral leads to furnace power leads. as shown in Fig. 33.
- Attach furnace J-Box cover to mounting bracket with screws supplied in loose parts bag. Do not pinch wires between cover and bracket.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in dangerous operation, personal injury, death, or property damage.

Do not drill into blower shelf of furnace to route control wiring. Route any control or accessory wiring to the blower compartment through external knockouts on the casing.

Communication Connector is only used when the twinning two furnaces using a factory accessory twinning kit. Only select sizes can be twinned, refer to Twinning Kit instructions for list of approved furnaces. See Fig. 37.

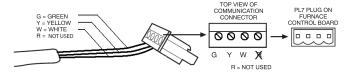


Fig. 37 – Twinning Communication Connector

24-V Wiring

Make field 24-v connections at the 24-v terminal strip. See Fig. 39. Connect terminal Y/Y2 as shown in Fig. 33 for proper cooling operation. Use only AWG No. 18, color-coded, copper thermostat wire.

NOTE: Use AWG No. 18 color-coded copper thermostat wire for lengths up to 100 ft. (30 M). For wire lengths over 100 ft., use AWG No. 16 wire.

The 24-v circuit contains an automotive-type, 3-amp. fuse located on the control. Any direct shorts during installation, service, or maintenance could cause this fuse to blow. If fuse replacement is required, use ONLY a 3-amp. fuse of identical size. See Fig. 39.

Thermostats

A single stage heating and cooling thermostat can be used with the furnace. The furnace control board CPU will control outdoor unit staging. A two stage heating and cooling thermostat can also be used to control the staging. For two stage thermostat control of a 2-stage outdoor unit, remove the ACRDJ jumper from the furnace control board. Refer to typical thermostat wiring diagrams and the Sequence of Operation section for additional details. Consult the thermostat installation instructions for specific information about configuring the thermostat. See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40.

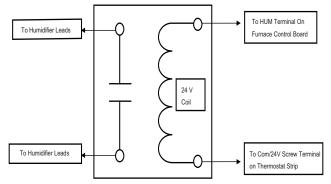


Fig. 38 – Field-supplied Isolation Relay for Humidifiers with Internal Power Supply

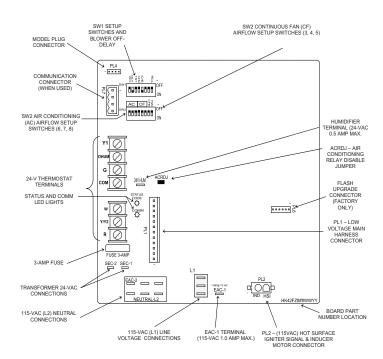


Fig. 39 - Example of Single Stage Furnace Control

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Accessories (See Fig. 38 and Fig. 39.)

1. Electronic Air Cleaner (EAC)

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Connect an accessory Electronic Air Cleaner (if used) using 1/4-in. female quick connect terminals to the two male 1/4-in. quick-connect terminals on the control board marked EAC-1 and EAC-2. The terminals are rated for 115VAC, 1.0 amps maximum and are energized during blower motor operation.

Connect an accessory 24 VAC, 0.5 amp. maximum humidifier (if used) to the 1/4-in. male quick-connect HUM terminal and COM-24V screw terminal on the control board thermostat strip.

NOTE: If the humidifier has its own 24 VAC power supply, an isolation relay may be required. Connect the 24 VAC coil of the isolation relay to the HUM and COM/24V screw terminal on the control board thermostat strip. See Fig. 38.

2. Humidifier (HUM)

The HUM terminal is a 24 VAC output, energized when the blower is operating during a call for heat.

3. Twinning Connector

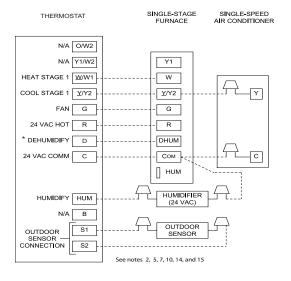
The furnace can only be controlled by a single or two-stage thermostat. A Communicating User Interface will not operate this furnace when connected to the Communication Connector. The Communication Connector on the furnace control board is only for communication between furnaces twinned together using a factory accessory twinning kit. Only select sizes can be twinned, refer to Twinning Kit instructions for list of approved furnaces. See Fig. 39.

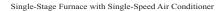
Alternate Power Supplies

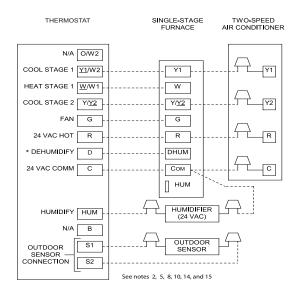
This furnace is designed to operate on utility generated power which has a smooth sinusoidal waveform. If the furnace is to be operated on a generator or other alternate power supply, the alternate power supply must produce a smooth sinusoidal waveform for compatibility with the furnace electronics. The alternate power supply must generate the same voltage, phase, and frequency (Hz) as shown in Table 11 or the furnace rating plate.

Power from an alternate power supply that is non-sinusoidal may damage the furnace electronics or cause erratic operation.

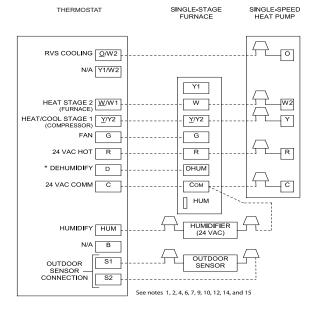
Contact the alternate power supply manufacturer for specifications and details.

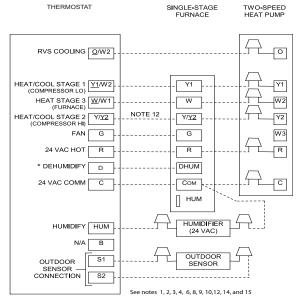






Single-Stage Furnace with Two-Speed Air Conditioner





Single-Stage Furnace with Single-Speed Heat Pump

Single-Stage Furnace with Two-Speed Heat Pump

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Fig. 40 – Thermostat Wiring Diagrams

NOTES FOR THERMOSTAT WIRING DIAGRAMS

- 1. Heat pump MUST have a high pressure switch for HYBRIDHEAT® dual fuel applications.
- 2. Refer to outdoor equipment Installation Instructions for additional information and setup procedure.
- 3. If the heat pump date code is 1501E or earlier, select the "ZONE" position on the two speed heat pump control. Heat pumps with date code 1601E and later do not have or require a "ZONE" selection.
- 4. Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor must be attached in all HYBRIDHEAT® dual fuel applications.
- 5. Configure the thermostat for air conditioner installations. Refer to thermostat instructions.
- 6. Configure thermostat for heat pump installations. Refer to thermostat instructions.
- 7. Configure thermostat for single-stage compressor operation. Refer to thermostat instructions.
- $8. \ \ Configure\ thermostat\ for\ HYBRIDHEAT @\ dual\ fuel\ operation.\ Refer\ to\ thermostat\ instructions.$
- 9. NO connection should be made to the furnace HUM terminal when using a thermostat with a 24 volt humidifier output.
- 10. The RVS Sensing terminal "L" should not be connected. This is used internally to sense defrost operation.
- 11. If thermostat has internal control of heat pump balance point, DO NOT SELECT the "FURNACE INTERFACE" or "BALANCE POINT" option on the two-speed heat pump control board. Refer to thermostat instructions.
- 12. Thermostat signals may vary. Consult thermostat installation instructions for more information.

VENTING

NOTE: Planning for the venting system should be done in conjunction with planning for the ductwork, drainage, and furnace accessories, such as air cleaners and humidifiers. Begin assembling the venting system **AFTER** the furnace is set in place in the required orientation.

Venting for this furnace shall follow all Local codes for Category IV venting systems. This furnace is CSA approved for venting with PVC/ABS DWV venting systems. This furnace is also CSA approved for venting with M&G DuraVent®PolyPro® or Centrotherm InnoFlue® polypropylene venting systems using single wall straight and flex, and required fittings (elbows, reducers, increasers, connectors, adapters) only.

NOTE: THESE INSTRUCTIONS **DO NOT** CONTAIN DETAILED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR POLYPROPYLENE VENTING SYSTEMS. Refer to the polypropylene venting system manufacturer's installation instructions for the polypropylene venting system installation.

NOTE: When using polypropylene venting systems, all venting materials used, including the vent terminations, must be from the same manufacturer.

Special Venting Requirements for Installations in Canada

Installation in Canada must conform to the requirements of CSA B149 code. Vent systems must be composed of pipe, fittings, cements, and primers listed to ULC S636. The special vent fittings, accessory vent termination kits, (KGAVT0701CVT KGAVT0801CVT) and accessory external drain trap available from the furnace manufacturer have been certified to ULC S636 for use with those Royal Pipe and IPEX PVC vent components which have been certified to this standard. In Canada, the primer and cement must be of the same manufacturer as the vent system – GVS-65 Primer (Purple) for Royal Pipe or IPEX System 636, PVC/CPVC Primer, Purple Violet for Flue Gas Venting and GVS-65 PVC Solvent Cement for Royal Pipe or IPEX System 636(1)t, PVC Cement for Flue Gas Venting, rated Class IIA, 65 deg C. must be used with this venting system - do not mix primers and cements from one manufacturer with a vent system from a different manufacturer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions in the use of primer and cement and never use primer or cement beyond its

The safe operation, as defined by ULC S636, of the vent system is based on following these installation instructions, the vent system manufacturer's installation instructions, and proper use of primer and cement. All fire stop and roof flashing used with this system must be UL listed material. Acceptability under Canadian standard CAN/CSA B149 is dependent upon full compliance with all installation instructions. Under this standard, it is recommended that the vent system be checked once a year by qualified service personnel.

The authority having jurisdiction (gas inspection authority, municipal building department, fire department, etc.) should be consulted before installation to determine the need to obtain a permit.
*IPEX System 636TM is a trademark of IPEX Inc.

Consignes spéciales pour l'installation de ventilation au Canada

L'installation faite au Canada doit se conformer aux exigences du code CSA B149. Ce systême de ventillation **doit** se composer de tuyaux, raccords, ciments et apprêts conformes au ULC S636. La tuyauterie de ventilation des gaz, ses accessoires, le terminal concentrique mural (KGAVT0701CVT or KGAVT0801CVT) ainsi que l'ensemble du drain de condensation extérieur fourni par le fabricant de cette fournaise ont été certifiés ULCS 636 pour l'application des composantes Royal Pipe, IPEX PVC qui sont certifiées à ce standard. Au Canada, l'apprêt et le ciment doivent être du même fabricant que le système d'évacuation.

L'apprêt GVS-65 (Purple) et le ciment-solvant GVS-65 doivent être utilisé avec les Royal Pipe. Système IPEX 636, apprêt PVC/CPVC, Purple pour évacuation des gaz de combustion et système IPEX 636(1)t, ciment PVC pour évacuation des gaz de combustion, coté classe IIA, 65 deg C. doivent être utilisés avec le système d'évacuation IPEX 636 – Ne pas combiner l'apprêt et le ciment d'un manufacturier avec un système d'évacuation d'un manufacturier différent.

Bien suivre les indications du manufacturier lors de l'utilisation de l'apprêt et du ciment et ne pas utiliser ceux-ci si la date d'expiration est atteinte.

L'opération sécuritaire, tel que définit par ULC S636, du système de ventilation est basé sur les instructions d'installation suivantes, ainsi que l'usage approprié de lapprêt et ciment. Tout arrêt feu et solin de toit utilisés avec ce système doivent être des matériaux listés UL. L'acceptation du standard Canadien CAN/CSA B149 est directement relié à l'installation conforme aux instructions ci- haut mentionnées. Le standard Canadien recommande l'inspection par un personel qualifié et ce, une fois par année.

Les autoritées ayant juridiction (inspecteurs de gas, inspecteurs en bâtiments, département des incendies, etc) devraient être consultées avant l'installation afin de déterminer si un permis est requis.

General

If this furnace replaces a furnace that was connected to a vent system or chimney, the vent or vent connectors of other remaining appliances may need to be re-sized. Vent systems or vent connectors of other appliances must be sized to the minimum size as determined using appropriate table found in the current edition of National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z-223.1. In Canada, refer to CAN/CSA-B149.1.

An abandoned masonry chimney may be used as a raceway for properly insulated and supported combustion-air (when applicable) and vent pipes. Each furnace must have its own set of combustion-air and vent pipes and be terminated individually, as shown in Fig. 41 for Direct Vent (2-Pipe) system, or Fig. 42 for single-pipe or ventilated combustion air option.

A furnace shall not be connected to a chimney flue serving a separate appliance designed to burn solid fuel.

Other gas appliances with their own venting system may also use the abandoned chimney as a raceway providing it is permitted by local code, the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, and the vent or liner manufacturer's installation instructions. Care must be taken to prevent the exhaust gases from one appliance from contaminating the combustion air of other gas appliances.

Do not take combustion air from inside the chimney when using ventilated combustion air or single-pipe vent option.

These furnaces can be vented as direct-vent (two-pipe), ventilated combustion air or non-direct (single-pipe) vent system. Each type of venting system is described below. Common venting between these furnaces or other appliances is prohibited.

Materials

USA

Combustion air and vent pipe, fittings, primers, and solvents must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards. See Table 17 for approved materials for use in the USA. This furnace is also CSA approved for venting with M&G DuraVent®PolyPro® or Centrotherm InnoFlue® polypropylene venting systems using single wall straight and flex, and required fittings (elbows, reducers, increasers, connectors, adapters) only.

Canada

Special Venting Requirements for Installations in Canada, Installation in Canada must conform to the requirements of CAN/CSA B149 code. Vent systems **must** be composed of pipe, fittings, cements, and primers

listed to ULC S636. M&G DuraVent® PolyPro® or Centrotherm InnoFlue® polypropylene venting systems are ULC S636 listed.

NOTE: When using polypropylene venting systems, all venting materials used, including the vent terminations must be from the same manufacturer.

⚠ WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow the instructions outlined below for each appliance being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

For all venting configurations for this appliance and other gas appliances placed into operation for this structure, provisions for adequate combustion, ventilation, and dilution air must be provided in accordance with:

USA Installations: Section 9.3 current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, Air for Combustion and Ventilation and applicable provisions of the local building codes.

Canadian Installations: Part 8 of current edition of CAN/CSA-B149.1. Venting Systems and Air Supply for Appliances and all authorities having jurisdiction.

Venting Systems

A NOTICE

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT FOR VENT TERMINATION

It is recommended that sidewall vent terminations of over 24 inches (0.6 M) in length or rooftop vent terminations of over 36 inches (1 M) in length be supported by EITHER the factory accessory vent termination kit or field-supplied brackets or supports attached to the structure. A factory accessory vent termination kit may be used for direct vent terminations. Termination kits are available for 2-in. or 3-in. pipe. See Table 12 for available options.

Direct Vent / 2-Pipe System

In a direct-vent (2-pipe) system, all air for combustion is taken directly from outdoor atmosphere, and all flue products are discharged to outdoor atmosphere. Combustion-air and vent pipes must terminate together in the same atmospheric pressure zone, either through the roof (preferred) or a sidewall. See Fig. 43 for references to clearances required by National code authorities.

A NOTICE

OPTIONAL CONFIGURATION FOR COMBUSTION AIR INLET

In applications where there is a risk of excessive moisture entering the combustion air inlet pipe, a moisture trap may be added to the inlet pipe to help prevent moisture from entering the furnace from the combustion air inlet pipe. See Fig. 52.

When sizing venting systems, the equivalent length of the optional inlet pipe moisture trap must be taken into account.

<u>Ventilated Combustion Air Systems</u>

In a ventilated combustion air option, the vent terminates and discharges the flue products directly to the outdoors similar to a direct vent system. See Fig. 44 for references to clearances required by National code authorities.

All air for combustion is piped directly to the furnace from a space that is well ventilated with outdoor air (such as an attic or crawl space) and the space is well isolated from the living space or garage. Combustion air requirements for this option are the same as the requirements for

providing outside air for combustion for a single pipe vent system. Refer to the "Air For Combustion and Ventilation" Section.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow the steps outlined below for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

The following steps shall be followed for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation, while all other appliances connected to the venting system are not in operation:

- 1. Seal any unused openings in venting system.
- Inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch, as required in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or the CSA B149 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and these instructions. Determine that there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies, which could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3. As far as practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliance(s) connected to the venting system are located and other spaces of the building.
- 4. Close fireplace dampers.
- 5. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they are operating at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan.
- Follow the lighting instructions. Place the appliance being inspected into operation. Adjust the thermostat so appliance is operating continuously.
- 7. Test for spillage from draft hood equipped appliances at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle.
- 8. If improper venting is observed during any of the above tests, the venting system must be corrected in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.
- After it has been determined that each appliance connected to the venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-fired burning appliance to their previous conditions of use.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow the instructions outlined below for each appliance being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

The instructions included with this furnace **DO NOT APPLY** to vent systems that are located below the furnace. **CAREFULLY FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED WITH THE EXTERNAL VENT TRAP KIT FOR LAYING OUT THE VENTING SYSTEM AND THE DRAIN SYSTEM** when all or part of the venting system is placed below the furnace.

Proper configuration of the venting and drain system is critical when placing all or part of the venting system below the level of the furnace. **VENT GASSES COULD BE RELEASED FROM THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM** if the instructions provided with the External Vent Trap Kit are not followed.

Non-Direct Vent (1-pipe) System

In a non direct-vent (1-pipe) system, all air for combustion is taken from the area adjacent to furnace, and all flue products are discharged to outdoor atmosphere. Air for combustion must be supplied as described in the Air For Combustion and Ventilation Section. Do not use an abandoned chimney to supply outside air to the furnace. See Fig. 44 for references to vent clearances required by National code authorities.

A combustion air pipe to the outdoors is not required for a single-pipe vent system. A 12-in. (304 mm) long pipe with a 2-in. (51 mm) tight radius 90 degree elbow is **required** to be attached to the combustion air pipe adapter on the furnace. See Fig. 49. This short inlet air pipe helps to ensure stable combustion, as well as allow for sound attenuation. To aid sound attenuation, point the inlet air pipe away from occupants. An extra elbow and/or five feet of pipe may be used to accomplish the sound attenuation function.

! NOTICE

OPTIONAL VENTING BELOW THE FURNACE

The venting system may be positioned below the furnace **ONLY** IF the factory accessory External Vent Trap Kit is used. The External Vent Trap Kit is only approved for PVC/ABS DWV venting systems.

CAREFULLY FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED WITH THE EXTERNAL VENT TRAP KIT FOR LAYING OUT THE VENTING SYSTEM AND THE DRAIN SYSTEM. The instructions included with this furnace DO NOT APPLY to vent systems that are located below the furnace.

NOTE: The vent for this appliance must not terminate over public walkways; or near soffit vents or crawl space vents or other areas where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage; or where condensate vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.

Locating the Vent Termination General

NOTE: Termination Requirements for the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan are located at the end of this section.

Combustion-air inlet pipe (direct vent/2-pipe system only) and vent pipe must terminate outside structure, either through sidewall or roof.

For vent termination clearance, references to National codes are shown in Fig. 43 for Direct Vent/2-Pipe system and Fig. 44 for Ventilated Combustion Air/Non-direct Vent/1-Pipe system. For exterior termination arrangements, refer to Fig. 41 for Direct Vent/2-Pipe system and Fig. 42 for Ventilated Combustion Air/Non-Direct/1-Pipe system. Contact Local code authorities for other requirements to and/or exemptions from the National codes shown in the figures.

Roof termination is the recommended termination location. Roof terminations provide better performance against sustained prevailing winds. The roof location is preferred since the vent and combustion air system is less susceptible to damage or contamination. The termination is usually located away from adjacent structures or other obstacles such

as inside corners, windows, doors or other appliances. It is less prone to icing conditions, and it often has less visible vent vapors.

Sidewall terminations may require sealing or shielding of building surfaces with a corrosive resistance material due to the corrosive properties of combustion products from the vent system, as well as protection of adjacent structures.

When determining appropriate location for termination, consider the following guidelines:

- 1. Comply with all clearance requirements stated in Fig. 43 or Fig. 44 per application.
- Termination or termination kit should be positioned where vent vapors will not damage plants/shrubs, air conditioning equipment or utility meters.
- 3. Do not locate termination directly into prevailing winds. Termination should be positioned so that it will not be affected by sustained prevailing winds over 30 mph, wind eddy, such as inside building corners, or by recirculation of flue gases, airborne leaves, or light snow.
- Termination or termination kit should be positioned where it will not be damaged by or subjected to foreign objects such as stones, balls, etc.
- 5. Termination or termination kit should be positioned where vent vapors are not objectionable.

Direct Vent / 2-Pipe System

Direct vent (2-pipe) vent and combustion air pipes must terminate outside the structure. See Fig. 43 for references to vent clearances required by National code authorities. Allowable vent and combustion air terminations are shown in Fig. 41.

Ventilated Combustion Air

The vent pipe for a Ventilated Combustion Air System must terminate outdoors. See Fig. 44 for references to vent clearances required by National code authorities. Allowable vent terminations are shown in Fig. 42. The combustion air pipe terminates in a well-ventilated attic or crawl space. Follow the clearances as shown in Fig. 51.

The combustion air pipe cannot terminate in attics or crawl spaces that use ventilation fans designed to operate in the heating season. If ventilation fans are present in these areas, the combustion air pipe must terminate outdoors as a Direct Vent System.

Non-Direct Vent / 1-Pipe System

The vent pipe for a Non Direct Vent (1-pipe) system must terminate outdoors. See Fig. 44 for references to vent clearances required by National Code authorities. Allowable vent terminations are shown in Fig. 42.

A combustion air inlet pipe to the outdoors is not required for a Non-Direct (single-pipe) Vent System. A 12-in. long section of pipe with a tight radius 2-in. (51 mm) 90 degree elbow is required to be attached to the furnace. See Fig. 49. This short inlet air pipe helps to ensure stable combustion, as well as allow for sound attenuation. To aid sound attenuation, point the inlet air pipe away from occupants. An extra elbow and/or five feet of pipe may be used to accomplish the sound attenuation function.

Roof Termination (Preferred)

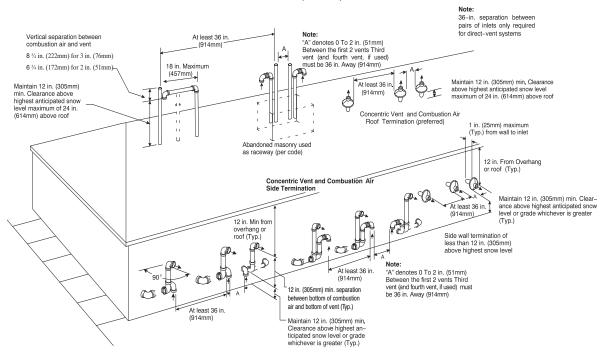


Fig. 41 – Combustion Air and Vent Pipe Termination for Direct Vent (2-Pipe) System

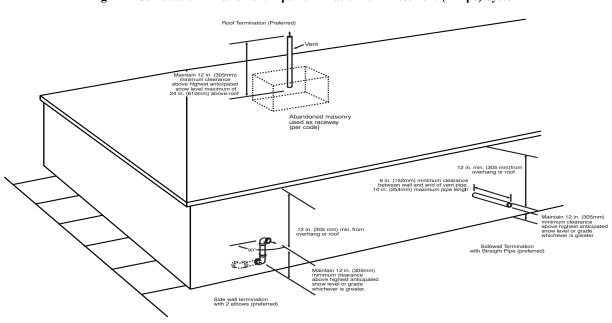


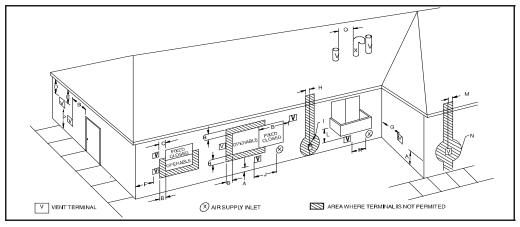
Fig. 42 – Vent Pipe Termination for Non-Direct Vent and Ventilated Combustion Air System

Table 12 – Vent Termination Kit for Direct Vent (2-pipe) Systems

Vent and Combustion		Approved Tw	o-Pipe Termin	ation Fittings		Allowable Concentric	Concentric Vent
Air Pipe Diameters	1 1/2-in. (38 mm)	2-in. (51 mm)	2 1/2-in. (64 mm)	3-in. (76-mm)	4-in. (102 mm)	Vent Kit	Kit
1 1/2-in. (38 mm)	No	Yes	No	No	No	2-in. (51 mm)	KGAVT0701CVT
2-in. (51 mm)	No	Yes	No	No	No	2-in. (51 mm)	KGAVT0701CVT
2 1/2-in. (64 mm)	No	No	No	Yes	No	2-in. (51 mm) 3-in. (76 mm)	KGAVT0701CVT KGAVT0801CVT
3-in. (76-mm)	No	No	No	Yes	No	3-in. (76 mm)	KGAVT0801CVT
4-in. (102 mm)	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	3-in. (76 mm)	KGAVT0801CVT

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U.S. Installations (2)

Fig. 43 – Direct Vent Termination Clearance

Canadian Installations (1)

NOTE: The following is based upon National codes for gas appliances and is provided as a reference. Refer to local codes which may supersede these standards and/or recommendations.

Item	Clearance Description	(per CAN/CSA B149.1)	(per ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54)
Α	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, balcony or anticipated snow level	12 in. (305 mm) 18 in. (457 mm) above roof surface.	12 in. (305 mm)
В	Clearance to a window or door that may be opened	12 in. (305 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and =100,000 Btuh (30 kW),<br 36 in. (914 mm) for appliances >100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	9 in. (229 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and = 50,000 Btuh (15 kW),<br 12 in. (305 mm) for appliances >50,000 Btuh (15kW)
С	Clearance to a permanently closed window		
D	Vertical clearance to a ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the centerline of the terminal	For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CA with local installation codes and the requirements of the instructions	gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation
E	Clearance to an unventilated soffit		
F	Clearance to an outside corner	Manufacturer's Recommenda	tion: See Notes 3-8.
G	Clearance to an inside corner		<u>, </u>
Н	Clearance to each side of the centerline extended above electrical meter or gas service regulator assembly	3 ft. (.9 M) within 15 ft. (4.6 M) above the meter/regulator assembly.	3 ft. (.9 M) within 15 ft. (4.6 M) above the meter/regulator assembly.
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3ft. (.9 M)	See Note 4.
J	Clearance to non—mechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	12 in. (305 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh(3 kW) and = 100,000 Btuh (30 kW),<br 36 in. (914 mm) for appliances >100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	9 in. (9 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and = 50,000 Btuh (15 kW),<br 12 in.(305 mm) for appliances >50,000 Btuh (15kW)
K	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft. (1.8 M)	3ft (.9 M) above if within 10 ft. (3 M) horizontally
L	Clearance under a veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in. (305 mm). Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.	See Note 4. Manufacturer's Recommendation: See Notes 3-8.
М	Clearance to each side of the centerline extended above or below vent terminal of the furnace to a dryer or water heater vent, or other appliance's direct vent intake or exhaust	12 in. (305 mm)	12 in. (305 mm)
N	Furnace combustion air intake clearance to a water heater vent, dryer vent or other types of appliance exhaust.	3 ft. (.9 M)	3 ft. (.9 M)
0	Clearance from a plumbing vent stack	3 ft. (.9 M)	3 ft. (.9 M)
Р	Clearance above or adjacent to paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft. (2.1 M) Vent shall not terminate above or adjacent to a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family	See Note 4.
	paved driveway located on public property	dwellings and serves both dwellings.	Manufacturer's Recommendation: See Notes 3-8.

> greater than, \geq greater than or equal to, < less than, \leq less than or equal to

Notes:

- 1. In accordance with the current CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.
- 2. In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code
- 3. NOTE: This table is based upon National codes for gas appliances, and are provided as a reference.

Refer to Local codes which may supersede these standards and/or recommendations.

- 4. For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CAN/CSA B 149.1, clearances shall be in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 5. When locating vent terminations, consideration must be given to prevailing winds, location, and other conditions which may cause recirculation of the combustion products of adjacent vents. Recirculation can cause poor combustion, inlet condensate problems, vent termination icing, and/or and accelerated corrosion of the heat exchangers.
- 6. Design and position vent outlets to avoid ice build-up on and moisture damage to surrounding surfaces.
- 7. The vent for this appliance shall not terminate:
 - a. Near soffit vents of crawl space vents or other areas where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or property damage; or
 - b. Where condensate vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.
- 8. Avoid venting under a deck or large overhang. Recirculation could occur and cause performance or system problems. Ice build-up may occur.

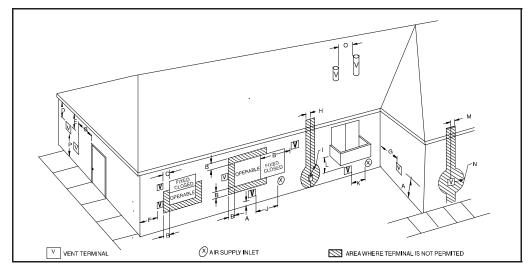


Fig. 44 – Ventilated Combustion Air and Non-Direct Vent Termination Clearance

NOTE: The following is based upon National codes for gas appliances and is provided as a reference.

Refer to local codes which may supersede these standards and/or recommendations.

Item	Clearance Description	Canadian Installations (1)	U.S. Installations (2)
		(per CAN/CSA B149.1)	(per ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54)
Α	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, balcony	12 in. (305 mm)	12 in. (305 mm)
	or anticipated snow level	18 in. (457 mm) above roof surface.	46 (4 0 1)
В	Clearance to a window or door that may be opened	12 in. (305 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and =100,000 Btuh (30 kW),</td <td>4ft. (1.2M) below or to the side of the opening, 1 ft (.3M) above the opening.</td>	4ft. (1.2M) below or to the side of the opening, 1 ft (.3M) above the opening.
	Clearance to a window of door that may be opened	36 in. (914 mm) for appliances >100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	Manufacturer's Recommendation: See Note 8.
С	Clearance to a permanently closed window	Com. (CTT min) for applications 100,000 Etail (CO KVV)	Manadator o recommendation. Goo recto o.
	Vertical clearance to a ventilated soffit located above	For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA	54 or CAN/CSA R149.1 clearances shall be in
D	the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61	accordance with local installation codes and the require	
	cm) from the centerline of the terminal	installation ins	
Е	Clearance to an unventilated soffit		
F	Clearance to an outside corner	Manufacturer's Recommend	dation: See Notes 3-8.
G	Clearance to an inside corner		
	Clearance to each side of the centerline extended	3 ft. (.9 M) within 15 ft. (4.6 M)	3 ft. (.9 M) within 15 ft. (4.6 M)
Н	above electrical meter or gas service regulator	above the meter/regulator assembly.	above the meter/regulator assembly.
	assembly	ů ,	ů ,
	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3ft. (.9 M)	See Note 4.
	Clearance to non—mechanical air supply inlet to	12 in. (305 mm) for appliances >10,000 Btuh(3 kW)	4ft. (1.2M) below or to the side of the opening,
J	building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	and = 100,000 Btuh (30 kW),<br 36 in. (914 mm) for appliances >100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	1 ft (.3M) above the opening. Manufacturer's Recommendation: See Note 8
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft. (1.8 M)	3ft (.9 M) above if within 10 ft. (3 M) horizontally
	Occuration to a meditariloar air suppry milet	12 in. (305 mm).	See Note 4.
L	Clearance under a veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is	OCC NOIC 4.
-	Croarance and a relative, peren, deem, or balleding	fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.	Manufacturer's Recommendation: See Notes 3-8.
	Clearance to each side of the centerline extended	7 1	
м	above or below vent terminal of the furnace to a dryer	12 in. (305 mm)	12 in. (305 mm)
IVI	or water heater vent, or other appliance's direct vent	12 III. (303 IIIII)	12 III. (303 IIIIII)
	intake or exhaust		
N	Clearance to a moisture exhaust duct	12 in. (305 mm) See Note 4	12 in. (305 mm) See Note 4
_	(dryer vent, spa exhaust, etc.)	, ,	, ,
0	Clearance from a plumbing vent stack	3 ft. (.9 M)	3 ft. (.9 M)
	Clearance above or adjacent to paved sidewalk or	7 ft. (2.1 M). Vent shall not terminate above or adjacent to a sidewalk	
Р	paved driveway located on public property	or paved driveway that is located between two	7ft. (2.1M)
	paved anveway located on public property	single-family dwellings and serves both dwellings.	

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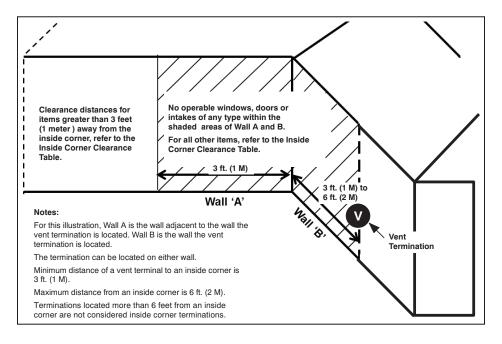
Notes:

- 1. In accordance with the current CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.
- 2. In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code
- 3. NOTE: This table is based upon National codes for gas appliances, and are provided as a reference.

Refer to Local codes which may supersede these standards and/or recommendations.

- 4. For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CAN/CSA B 149.1, clearances shall be in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 5. When locating vent terminations, consideration must be given to prevailing winds, location, and other conditions which may cause recirculation of the combustion products of adjacent vents. Recirculation can cause poor combustion, inlet condensation problems, vent termination icing, and/or accelerated corrosion of the heat exchangers.
- 6. Design and position vent outlets to avoid ice build-up on and moisture damage to surrounding surfaces.
- 7. The vent for this appliance shall not terminate:
 - a. Near soffit vents of crawl space vents or other areas where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or property damage; or
 - b. Where condensate vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.
- 8. These National standards apply to all non-direct-vent gas appliances. Contact Local code officials for additional requirements and/or exclusions.

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Fig. 45 – Inside Corner Termination

Inside Corner Terminations

Inside corner vent terminations are permitted provided that:

- Only two exterior walls come together to form an angle of 90 degrees to 135 degrees. There are no other exterior walls attached to either wall to form an alcove.
- The clearance distances apply when the vent is at least 3 feet (1 meter) from, but not more than 6 feet (2 meters) away from an inside corner.
- For vent terminations located more than 6 feet (2 meters) from an inside corner, refer to the appropriate Direct Vent Clearance Table for all two pipe terminations or Non-Direct Vent Clearance Table for all single pipe terminations.
- The clearance distances to items between the vent termination and the outside corner, refer to the appropriate Direct Vent Clearance Table for all two pipe terminations or Non-Direct Vent Clearance Table for all single pipe terminations.

For clearance distances when vent termination is located more than 6 ft. (2 M) away from an inside corner, refer	to the appropriate Direct Vent or
Non-Direct Vent Clearance Table.	
Clearance description when termination is at least 3 ft. (1 M) away and not more than 6 ft. (2 M) away from an in	side corner.
Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, balcony or anticipated snow level	12-in. (305 mm)
Clearance to a permanently closed window on either Wall A or Wall B	12-in. (305 mm)
Vertical clearance to a soffit located above the vent termination within a horizontal distance of 2 ft. (61 cm) from	6 ft. (2 M)
the centerline of the vent termination	0 It. (2 W)
Clearance to a ventilation exhaust (including HRV/ERV) on either Wall A or Wall B	12-in. (305 mm)
Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft. (2.1 M)
Clearance under a veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	N.P.*
No operable windows, doors or intakes of any type are permitted on Wall B between the vent termination and the	e inside corner when the vent
termination is at least 3 ft. (1 M) away and not more than 6 ft. (2 M) away from an inside corner.	
The following items on Wall A must be located at least 3 ft. (1 M) away from the inside corner when a vent termin	ation is located on Wall B and the vent
termination is at least 3 ft. (1 M) away or not more than 6 ft. (2 M) away from an inside corner.	
A window or door that may be opened	
The centerline extended above electrical meter or gas service regulator assembly	
A service regulator vent outlet	
The centerline of a dryer or water heater vent, or other appliance's vent intake	
A non-mechanical air supply inlet	
Clearance distances shown for Wall A are measured horizontally from the exit of the termination on Wall B to the	closest edge of the item shown below.
Clearance to a mechanical air supply (including HRV/ERV) inlet unless termination is 3 ft. (1 M) above the	10 ft. (3 M)
horizontal line of the intake	
For clearance distances from a vent termination to the outside corner of the wall, refer to the appropriate Direct V	ent or Non-Direct Vent Clearance Table
*N.P. = Not Permitted	
*N/A = Not Applicable	

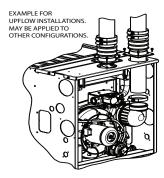


Fig. 46 – Sample Inlet Air Pipe Connection for Polypropylene
Venting Systems

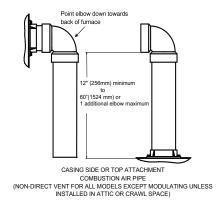


Fig. 47 – Combustion Air Pipe Attachment

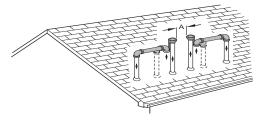


Fig. 48 – Pipe Vent and Combustion

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A NOTICE

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT FOR VENT TERMINATIONS

It is recommended that sidewall vent terminations in excess of 24 inches (.6 M) or rooftop terminations in excess of 36 inches (1 M) in vertical length be supported by **EITHER** the Direct Vent Termination Kit shown in Table 12 or by field-supplied brackets or supports fastened to the structure.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow the instructions outlined below for each appliance being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

For all venting configurations for this appliance and other gas appliances placed into operation for the structure, provisions for adequate combustion, ventilation, and dilution air must be provided in accordance with:

USA Installations: Section 9.3 current edition of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 Air for Combustion and Ventilation and applicable provisions of the local building codes.

Termination Requirements for the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan

The Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan require a minimum unobstructed distance of 4 ft. (1.2 M) from the foundation to the property line of the adjacent lot for vent termination of any appliance with an input over 35,000 Btuh. If there is less than 4 ft. (1.2 M) of unobstructed distance to the property line of the adjacent lot, no type of vent termination is permitted for appliances with inputs greater than 35,000 Btuh.

There are no additional restrictions on unobstructed distances greater than 8 ft. (2.4 M). All single, two-pipe and concentric vents may be used, providing all other Code and manufacturer's requirements in these instructions are adhered to. Refer to the appropriate **Vent Termination** section above for locating the vent termination

If the unobstructed distance from the foundation to the property line of the adjacent lot is no less than 4 ft. (1.2 M) and no greater than 8 ft. (2.4 M), it will be necessary to re-direct the flue gas plume. In this situation, a concentric vent kit cannot be used. A 2-pipe termination (or single pipe termination when permitted) that re-directs the flue gas away by use of an elbow or tee, certified to ULC S636 from the adjacent property line must be used. See Fig. 49.

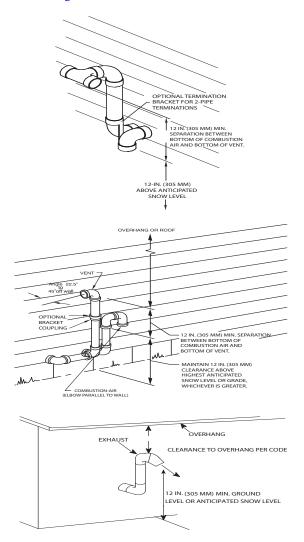


Fig. 49 – Alberta and Saskatchewan Vent Termination

The concentric vent kit currently cannot be modified to attach an elbow to the vent portion of the rain cap. A tee attached to the rain cap could potentially direct the flue gas plume toward the intake air stream and contaminate the incoming combustion air for the furnace.

Refer to Fig. 49 for terminations approved for use in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Size the Vent and Combustion Air Pipes **General**

OPTIONAL CONFIGURATION FOR COMBUSTION AIR INLET **PIPE**

In applications where there is a risk of excessive moisture entering the combustion air inlet pipe, a moisture trap may be added to the inlet pipe to help prevent moisture from entering the furnace from the combustion air inlet pipe. See Fig. 52.

When sizing venting systems, the equivalent length of the optional moisture trap (15 feet/5 M) must be taken into account.

Furnace combustion air and vent pipe connections are sized for 2-in. (50 mm ND) PVC/ABS DWV pipe. The combustion air and vent pipe connections also accommodate 60 mm polypropylene venting systems with outside diameters of approximately 60 mm (2-3/8 inches). Any pipe diameter change should be made outside furnace casing in vertical pipe. Any change in diameter to the pipe must be made as close to the furnace as reasonably possible. See Fig. 50.

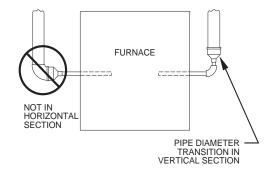


Fig. 50 – Combustion Air and Vent Pipe Diameter Transition **Location and Elbow Configuration**

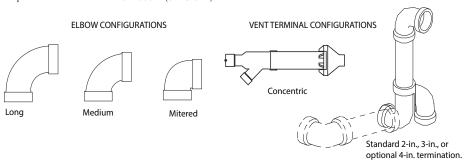
The Maximum Vent Length for the vent and combustion air pipe (when used) is determined from the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length in Table 13 minus the number of fittings multiplied by the deduction for each type of fitting used from Table 14.

NOTE: Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL) includes standard and concentric vent termination and does NOT include elbows. Use

						Tabl	e 13 –	Maxi	imum	Equ	ivalen	t Ven	t Leng	gth - l	Ft. (M	[)							
Uni	it Size	4	0,000	1		60,0)00 ²				80,00	0			100	,000		12	20,000) ³	1	40,000) ³
	Pipe Dia. (in)	1 ½	2	2 ½	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	4	2	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4
	0-2000	40	155	185	20	100	175	200	15	55	130	175	200	20	80	175	200	10	75	185	5	65	155
	2001-3000	35	150	175		95	165	185		49	125	165	185	15	75	165	185		70	175		60	140
	3001-4000	30	135	160	16	90	155	175		40	115	155	175	10		155	175	5	65	165			120
Altitude	4001-4500	25	130	155		85	150	170	10	44	110	150	165		70		170			160		50	110
(feet)	4501-5000		125	145	15	80	145	165				145	160	10	65	150	165		60			45	100
	5001-6000	20	120	130		75	140	155		41	100	135	150	10		140	155			155	N/A	35	80
	6001-7000	15	110	120	13	70	130	145		38	90	125	140		60	135	145	N/A	50	140		30	65
	7001-8000	10	100	110	10	65	120	135	N/A	36		120	125		55	125	135		46	130		25	45
	8001-9000		90	95	5	60	115	125	,,	33	80	110	115	N/A	50	115	125		43	120		15	30
	9001-10000	5	80	85	N/A	55	105	115		30	75	100	105		45	100	115		39	115		10	15
								Maximı	um Eq	uivaler	nt Vent	Length	- Mete	rs									
Un	it Size	4	40,000	1		60,0	000 ²				80,000)			100	,000		1	20,000	3	1	40,000	3
	Pipe Dia. (mm)	38	51	64	38	51	64	76	38	51	64	76	102	51	64	76	102	64	76	102	64	76	102
	0-610	12.1	47.2	56.3	6.0	30.4	53.3	60.9	4.5	16.7	39.6	53.3	60.9	6.0	24.3	53.3	60.9	3.0	22.8	56.3	1.5	19.8	47.2
	611-914	10.6	45.7	53.3	0.0	28.9	50.2	56.3		14.9	38.1	50.2	56.3	4.5	22.8	50.2	56.3	5.0	21.3	53.3		18.2	42.6
	915-1219	9.1	41.1	48.7	4.8	27.4	47.2	53.3		14.5	35.0	47.2	53.3	4.5	_	47.2	53.3	1.5	19.8	50.2		10.2	36.5
Altitude	1220-1370	7.6	39.6	47.2		25.9	45.7	51.8	3.0	13.4	33.5	45.7	50.2		21.3	41.2	51.8			48.7		15.2	33.5
(meters)	1371-1524	7.0	38.1	44.1	4.5	24.3	44.1	50.2		10.4	55.5	44.1	48.7	3.0	19.8	45.7	50.2		18.2			13.7	30.4
	1525-1829	6.0	36.5	39.6		22.8	42.6	47.2		12.4	30.4	41.1	45.7	0.0	13.0	42.6	47.2			47.2	NA	10.6	24.3
	1830-2134	4.5	33.5	36.5	3.9	21.3	39.6	44.1		11.5	27.4	38.1	42.6		18.2	41.1	44.1	NA	15.2	42.6		9.1	19.8
	2135-2438	3.0	30.4	33.5	3.0	19.8	36.5	41.1	NA	10.9		36.5	38.1		16.7	38.1	41.1		14.0	39.6		7.6	13.7
	2439-2743	0.0	27.4	28.9	1.5	18.2	35.0	38.1	14/1	10.0	24.3	33.5	35.0	NA	15.2	35.0	38.1		13.1	36.5		4.5	9.1
	2744-3048	1.5	24.3	25.9	NA	16.7	32.0	35.0		9.1	22.8	30.4	32.0	ĺ	13.7	30.4	35.0		11.8	35.0		3.0	4.5

NOTE:

- 1.40K Inducer Outlet Restrictor disk (P/N 337683-401; 1.25-in. (32 mm) Dia.) shipped in the loose parts bag or available through Replacement Components required under 10-ft. (3 M) TEVL in all orientations. Required for installations from 0 - 2000 ft. (0 to 610 M) above sea level. Failure to use an outlet restrictor may result in flame disturbances or flame sense
- 2.60K Inducer Outlet Restrictor disk (P/N 337683-401; 1.25-in. (32 mm) Dia. available through Replacement Components) required for less than 5-ft. (1.5 M) TEVL in downflow and horizontal orientations only. Required for installations from 0 - 2000 ft. (0 to 610 M) above sea level.
- 3.120K Inducer Outlet Restrictor disk (P/N 337683-402; 1.50-in. (38 mm) Dia. available through Replacement Components) required for less than 5-ft. (1.5 M) TEVL in downflow and horizontal orientations only. Required for installations from 0 - 2000 ft. (0 to 610 M) above sea level.



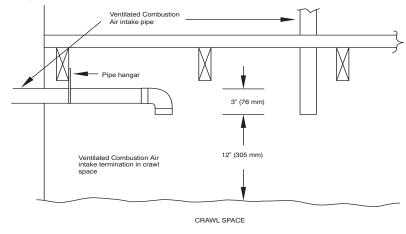
A13110

Table 14 – Deductions from Maximum Equivalent Vent Length - Ft. (M)

Pipe Diameter (in):	1-	1/2		2	2-	1/2		3		4
Mitered 90° Elbow	8	(2.4)	8	(2.4)	8	(2.4)	8	(2.4)	8	(2.4)
Medium Radius 90° Elbow	5	(1.5)	5	(1.5)	5	(1.5)	5	(1.5)	5	(1.5)
Long Radius 90° Elbow	3	(0.9)	3	(0.9)	3	(0.9)	3	(0.9)	3	(0.9)
Mitered 45° Elbow	4	(1.2)	4	(1.2)	4	(1.2)	4	(1.2)	4	(1.2)
Medium Radius 45° Elbow	2.5	(8.0)	2.5	(8.0)	2.5	(8.0)	2.5	(8.0)	2.5	(8.0)
Long Radius 45° Elbow	1.5	(0.5)	1.5	(0.5)	1.5	(0.5)	1.5	(0.5)	1.5	(0.5)
Tee	16	(4.9)	16	(4.9)	16	(4.9)	16	(4.9)	16	(4.9)
Concentric Vent Termination	N	lΑ	0	(0.0)	١	IA	0	(0.0)	١	IA
Standard Vent Termination	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)

NOTE:

- 1.Use only the smallest diameter pipe possible for venting. Over-sizing may cause flame disturbance or excessive vent terminal icing or freeze-up.
- 2.NA Not allowed. Pressure switch will not close, or flame disturbance may result.
- 3. Vent sizing for Canadian installations over 4500 ft. (1370 M) above sea level are subject to acceptance by the local authorities having jurisdiction.
- 4. Size both the combustion air and vent pipe independently, then use the larger size for both pipes.
- 5. Assume the two 45° elbows equal one 90° elbow. Wide radius elbows are desirable and may be required in some cases.
- 6. Elbow and pipe sections within the furnace casing and at the vent termination should not be included in vent length or elbow count.
- 7. The minimum pipe length is 5 ft. (2 M) linear feet (meters) for all applications.
- 8.Use 3-in. (76 mm) diameter vent termination kit for installations requiring 4-in. (102 mm) diameter pipe.
- 9.A running Tee in the Combustion Air Pipe adds 0 ft. to the TEVL of the vent length.



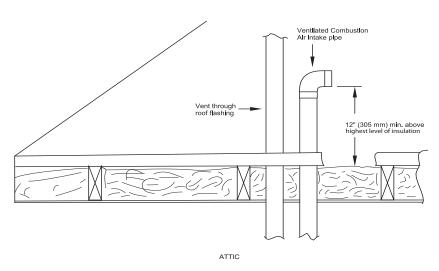


Fig. 51 - Vent Terminations for Ventilated Combustion Air

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Recommended Combustion Air Inlet Moisture Trap

Recommended to prevent moisture from trickling into the furnace vestibule, a trap can be installed in the intake air pipe near the furnace. To prevent moisture, connecting a drain line to the trap is recommended as trace amounts of moisture will evaporate into the intake air stream. If the combustion air inlet is located near a moisture exhaust duct, or there are other concerns of excessive moisture being drawn into the combustion air inlet, it is encouraged to connect a drain line to the trap.

The trap can be constructed from a running tee of the same diameter of the intake air pipe with **EITHER** a removable cap attached to a 6-inch long pipe connected to the tee or the External Vent Trap Kit to help prevent contaminants from entering the furnace. See Fig. 52.

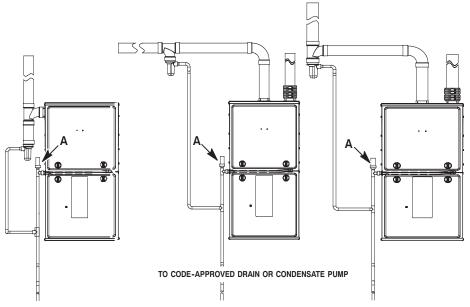
The External Vent Trap Kit accessory may be used as a trap for the combustion air inlet pipe if a large amount of moisture must be removed. The drain line may be connected to the same drain as the furnace condensate and the evaporator coil condensate line **ONLY** if the inlet air trap drain and the evaporator coil drain empty into an open segment of

pipe above the drain. See Fig. 12. When using the External Vent Trap Kit, refer to those instructions for proper drain connections.

The tee may also be connected to the intake air pipe on the side of the casing. See Fig. 52.

In any configuration, it will be necessary to add the equivalent length of the tee (15 feet/5 M) to the Total Equivalent Vent Length of the venting system.

The measured length of pipe used in a single or 2-pipe termination is included in the total vent length. Include deductions from the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL) contained in the Venting Tables for elbows and flexible vent pipe. Factory accessory concentric vent terminations or pipe lengths and elbows used for "standard" vent terminations (see vent termination figures associated with Table 13) do not require a deduction from the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length. Include a deduction for a Tee when used for Alberta and Saskatchewan terminations.



Recommend "T" fitting with 4-inch minimum height standpipe (A) of same diameter or larger extending upward.

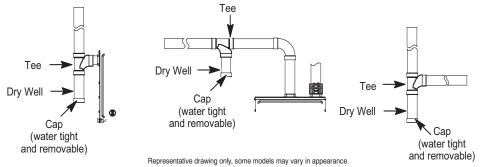


Fig. 52 - Recommended Combustion Air Inlet Moisture Trap

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▲ NOTICE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE VENTING SYSTEMS

Polypropylene venting systems include flexible vent pipe. These flexible vent pipes have a different equivalent vent length than straight sections of PVC/ABS DWV vent pipe. Be sure to make the appropriate deductions from the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL), or additions to the Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL), when applying flexible vent pipes in polypropylene venting systems. See the polypropylene vent system manufacturer's installation instructions for details.

When using metric-sized venting systems, use these equivalencies for obtaining the proper MEVL from the Tables:

Use 2" Vent Tables for 60 mm (o.d.) vent systems

Use 3" Vent Tables for 80 mm (o.d.) vent systems

Use 4" Vent Tables for 100 mm (o.d.) vent systems

NOTE: Polypropylene venting systems MAY require additional

deductions from the MEVL, or additions to the TEVL, for vent terminations and flexible pipe sections. See the polypropylene venting system manufacturer's instructions for details on equivalent lengths of vent terminations and flexible vent pipes, and for calculating total vent lengths.

To calculate the Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL) of the venting system:

- Measure the individual distance from the furnace to the termination for each pipe.
- 2. Count the number of elbows for each pipe.
- 3. For each pipe, multiply the number of elbows by the equivalent length for the type of elbow used. Record the equivalent length of all the elbows for each pipe.
- 4. If a Tee is used on the termination (Alberta and Saskatchewan, when required) record the equivalent length of the Tee used.
- Calculate Total Equivalent Vent Length by adding the equivalent lengths of the fittings to the lengths of the individual vent and combustion air pipes.

- 6. When using polypropylene venting systems with flexible vent pipes, perform adjustments for the equivalent length of the flexible vent pipe to the calculated total equivalent venting system length. See the polypropylene vent system manufacturer's instructions for details.
- 7. Select a diameter of vent pipe from Table 13 and note the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL) shown for that application for that specific furnace input size. Compare the Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL) to the MEVL:
- 8. If the Total Equivalent Vent Length is *shorter* than the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length for the diameter of pipe chosen, then that diameter of pipe selected may be used.
- If the Total Vent Length is *longer* than the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length for the diameter of pipe chosen, that diameter pipe MAY NOT be used for venting the furnace. Try the next larger diameter pipe.

NOTE: If the calculated Total Equivalent Vent Lengths results in different diameter pipes for the vent and combustion air, select the larger diameter for both pipes.

NOTE: If the Maximum Vent Length for diameter of the pipe selected is longer than the measured length and the equivalent length of all the fittings and terminations (TEVL), recalculate Total Equivalent Vent Length using the next smaller diameter. If the Maximum Equivalent Vent Length is still longer than the longer TEVL of the vent pipe or combustion air pipe, then that diameter of pipe selected may be used.

When installing vent systems pipe lengths of 10 ft. (3 M) or less, use the smallest allowable pipe diameter. Using a pipe size greater than required for short venting systems may result in loss of efficiency, incomplete combustion, flame disturbance, or flame sense lockout.

For vent systems longer than 10 ft. (3 M), any larger diameter vent pipe shown in Table 13 FOR THAT SIZE FURNACE may be used.

Combustion Air and Vent Piping Insulation Guidelines

NOTE: Use closed cell, neoprene insulation or equivalent.

The vent pipe may pass through unconditioned areas. The amount of exposed pipe allowed is shown in Table 15.

- 1. Using winter design temperature (used in load calculations), find appropriate temperature for your application and furnace model.
- 2. Determine the amount of total and exposed vent pipe.
- 3. Determine required insulation thickness for exposed pipe length(s).
- 4. When combustion air inlet piping is installed above a suspended ceiling, the pipe MUST be insulated with moisture resistant insulation such as Armaflex or other equivalent type of insulation.
- 5. Insulate combustion air inlet piping when run in warm, humid spaces.

6. Install the insulation per the insulation manufacturer's installation instructions.

NOTE: Pipe length (ft. / M) specified for maximum pipe lengths located in unconditioned spaces cannot exceed total allowable pipe length as calculated from Table 13.

Configure the Furnace

MARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. To route the vent pipe and combustion air pipe through the furnace, the manufacturer supplied kit must be used. Failure to properly seal the blower compartment from the furnace vestibule could result in the circulation of carbon monoxide throughout the structure. The vent pipe and combustion air pipe must be a continuous pipe while passing through the blower compartment. Seals supplied in this kit must be installed per the instructions provided. Follow all procedures outlined in these instructions.

Near Furnace Vent Connections

Offsets in the vertical portion of the vent pipe should be made with 45 deg. elbows instead of 90 deg. elbows. Short horizontal runs of vent pipe are difficult to pitch correctly and may trap water in the vent pipe.

Trapped water in the vent pipe may result in nuisance pressure switch tripping.

Install the Vent and Combustion Air Pipes

With the furnace installed in the required position, remove the desired knockouts from the casing. It will be necessary to remove one knockout for the vent pipe and the other knockout for the combustion air connection. See Fig. 15.

Use a flat blade screwdriver and tap on the knockout on opposite sides, where the knockout meets the casing. Fold the knockout down with duct pliers and work the knockout back and forth until it is removed. Trim any excess metal from the knockout with tin snips.

The vent elbow can be rotated to the required location on the casing if necessary. See Fig. 58. To rotate the vent elbow:

- 1. Loosen the clamp on the inlet of the vent elbow attached to the inducer.
- Rotate the vent elbow to the required position. There are rounded notches on the vent elbow to align it with the inducer housing for each orientation.
- 3. Tighten the clamp around the vent elbow. Torque the clamp to 15 lb-in. See Fig. 53 Fig. 56.

Table 15 - Maximum Allowable Exposed Vent Lengths in Unconditioned Space Insulation Table - Ft. / M

					40,0	00* B	TUH								6	0,000	BTUH	1				
Winter	Unit Size	Uni	nsula	ted		3/8-in. sulatio			1/2-in sulati			Unins	ulated	ı	3/8	-in. In	sulati	on	1/2	!-in. In	sulati	on
Design Temp	Pipe Dia. in.	1 ½	2	2 ½	1 ½	2	2 ½	1 ½	2	2 1/2	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	1 ½	2	2 ½	3
°F	20	20	20	20	20	50	45	20	60	50	20	30	30	25	20	75	65	60	20	85	75	65
•	0	10	5	5	20	25	20	20	30	25	15	15	10	10	20	40	30	25	20	45	40	30
	-20	5			20	15	10	20	20	15	10	5			20	25	20	15	20	30	25	20
	-40				15	10	5	15	15	10	5				20	15	15	10	20	20	15	10

Maximum Allowable Exposed Vent Lengths in Unconditioned Space Insulation Table - Ft. / M (Continued)

	Unit Size							80	,000 BTI	JH						
	Ullit Size		Uı	ninsulate	ed			3/8-i	in. Insula	ition			1/2-i	n. Insula	ition	
Winter Design	Pipe Dia. in.	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	4	1 ½	2	2 1/2	3	4	1 ½	2	2 ½	3	4
Temp	20	15	40	40	35	30	15	50	90	75	65	15	50	70	70	70
°F	0	15	20	15	10	5	15	50	45	35	30	15	50	50	40	35
	-20	15	10	5			15	35	30	20	15	15	40	30	25	15
	-40	10	5				15	25	20	15	5	15	30	25	20	10

	Unit Cina						100,000	BTUH					
	Unit Size		Unins	ulated			3/8-in. In	sulation			1/2-in. In	sulation	
Winter Design	Pipe Dia. in.	2	2 ½	3	4	2	2 ½	3	4	2	2 ½	3	4
Temp	20	20	50	40	35	20	80	95	80	20	80	105	90
°F	0	20	20	15	10	20	55	45	35	20	65	55	45
	-20	15	10	5		20	35	30	20	20	45	35	25
	-40	10	5			20	25	20	10	20	30	25	15

	Unit Size				120	,000 B	ГИН							140	,000 B1	ГИН			
	Utill Size	Un	insulat	ted	3/8-in	. Insul	ation	1/2-in	ı. Insul	ation	Ur	insulat	ed	3/8-ir	ı. Insul	ation	1/2-iı	n. Insul	ation
Winter Design	Pipe Dia. in.	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4	2 ½	3	4	2 1/2	3	4
Temp	20	10	50	40	10	75	95	10	75	105	5	55	50	5	65	105	5	65	125
°F	0	10	20	15	10	55	45	10	65	50	5	25	15	5	65	50	5	65	60
	-20	10	10		10	35	25	10	45	30	5	10	5	5	45	30	5	50	40
	-40	10	5		10	25	15	10	30	20	5	5		5	30	20	5	35	25

Maximum Allowable Exposed Vent Length in Unconditioned Space (Metric)

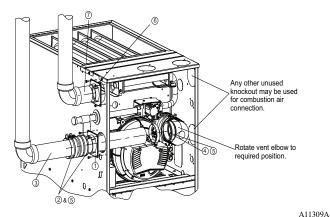
					40,0	00* B	TUH								(60,000	BTU	1				
Winter	Unit Size	Uni	insula	ited		3/8-in. sulatio			1/2-in. sulatio			Unins	ulated		3/8	B-in. In	sulati	on	1/2	2-in. In	sulati	on
Design Temp	Pipe Dia. mm	38	51	64	38	51	64	38	51	64	38	51	64	76	38	51	64	76	38	51	64	76
°C	-7	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	15.2	13.7	6.1	18.3	15.2	6.1	9.1	9.1	7.6	6.1	22.9	19.8	18.3	6.1	25.9	22.9	19.8
	-18	3.0	1.5	1.5	6.1	7.6	6.1	6.1	9.1	7.6	4.6	4.6	3.0	3.0	6.1	12.2	9.1	7.6	6.1	13.7	12.2	9.1
	-29	1.5			6.1	4.6	3.0	6.1	6.1	4.6	3.0	1.5			6.1	7.6	6.1	4.6	6.1	9.1	7.6	6.1
	-40				4.6	3.0	1.5	4.6	4.6	3.0	1.5				6.1	4.6	4.6	3.0	6.1	6.1	4.6	3.0

	Unit Size							80	,000 BTI	JH						
	Ullit Size		Uı	ninsulate	ed			3/8-i	n. Insula	ation			1/2-i	n. Insula	ition	
Winter Design	Pipe Dia. mm	38	51	64	76	102	38	51	64	76	102	38	51	64	76	102
Temp	-7	4.6	12.2	12.2	10.7	9.1	4.6	15.2	27.4	22.9	19.8	4.6	15.2	21.3	21.3	21.3
°C	-18	4.6	6.1	4.6	3.0	1.5	4.6	15.2	13.7	10.7	9.1	4.6	15.2	15.2	12.2	10.7
	-29	4.6	3.0	1.5			4.6	10.7	9.1	6.1	4.6	4.6	12.2	9.1	7.6	4.6
	-40	3.0	1.5				4.6	7.6	6.1	4.6	1.5	4.6	9.1	7.6	6.1	3.0

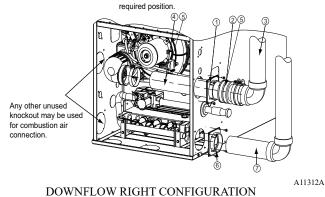
	Unit Size	100,000 BTUH												
	Unit Size	Uninsulated				3/8-in. Insulation				1/2-in. Insulation				
Winter Design	Pipe Dia. mm	51	64	76	102	51	64	76	102	51	64	76	102	
Temp	-7	6.1	15.2	12.2	10.7	6.1	24.4	28.9	24.4	6.1	24.4	32.0	27.4	
°C	-18	6.1	6.1	4.6	3.0	6.1	16.8	13.7	10.7	6.1	19.8	16.7	13.7	
	-29	4.6	3.0	1.5		6.1	10.7	9.1	6.1	6.1	13.7	10.7	7.6	
	-40	3.0	1.5			6.1	7.6	6.1	3.0	6.1	9.1	7.6	4.6	

Winter	Unit Size				120,000 BTUH					140,000 BTUH									
	ĺ	Uninsulated			3/8-in. Insulation			1/2-in. Insulation			Uninsulated			3/8-in. Insulation			1/2-in. Insulation		
Winter Design Temp	Pipe Dia. mm	64	76	102	64	76	102	64	76	102	64	76	102	64	76	102	64	76	102
°C	-7	3.0	15.2	12.2	3.0	22.9	28.9	3.0	22.9	32.0	1.5	16.7	15.2	1.5	19.8	32.0	1.5	19.8	38.1
	-18	3.0	6.1	4.6	3.0	16.8	13.7	3.0	19.8	15.2	1.5	7.6	4.6	1.5	19.8	15.2	1.5	19.8	18.3
	-29	3.0	3.0		3.0	10.7	7.6	3.0	13.7	9.1	1.5	3.0	1.5	1.5	13.7	9.1	1.5	15.2	12.2
	-40	3.0	1.5		3.0	7.6	4.6	3.0	9.1	6.1	1.5	1.5		1.5	9.1	6.1	1.5	35	7.6

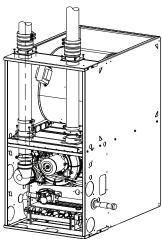
^{*} Pipe length (ft) specified for maximum pipe lengths located in unconditioned spaces. Pipes located in unconditioned space cannot exceed total allowable pipe length calculated from Table 13. † Insulation thickness based on R value of 3.5 per in.



UPFLOW LEFT CONFIGURATION



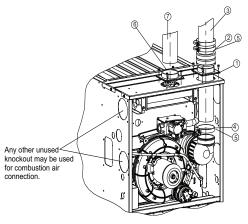
Rotate vent elbow to



Requires Accessory Internal Vent Kit. See Product Data for current kit number.

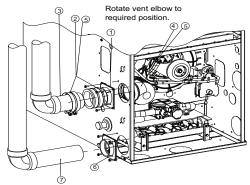
UPFLOW RIGHT CONFIGURATION

Any other unused knockout may be use for combustion air connection.



UPFLOW VERTICAL VENT

Fig. 53 – Upflow Configuration (Appearance May Vary) See "Notes for Venting Options"



DOWNFLOW LEFT CONFIGURATION

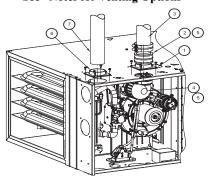
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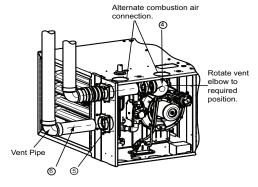
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DOWNFLOW VERTICAL

Fig. 54 – Downflow Configurations (Appearance May Vary) See "Notes for Venting Options"



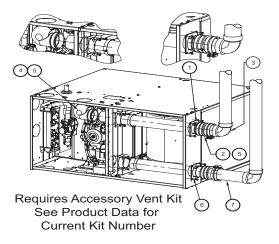
HORIZONTAL LEFT-VERTICAL VENT CONFIGURATION



HORIZONAL LEFT-LEFT VENT CONFIGURATION

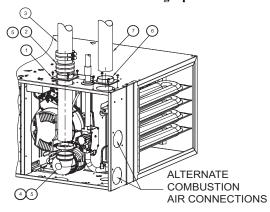
A11328A

A11313A

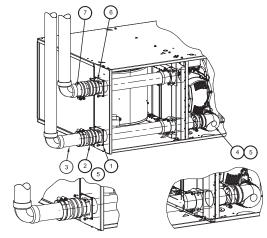


HORIZONTAL LEFT-RIGHT VENT CONFIGURATION

Fig. 55 – Horizontal Left (Appearance May Vary) See "Notes for Venting Options"



HORIZONTAL RIGHT-VERTICAL VENT CONFIGURATION



Requires Internal Vent Kit
See Product Data for Current Kit Number

 $\mbox{HORIZONTAL RIGHT - LEFT VENT CONFIGURATION} \mbox{\begin{tabular}{l} A11336 \\ \end{tabular}}$

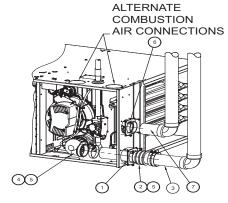


Fig. 56 – Horizontal Right (Appearance May Vary) See "Notes for Venting Options" A11335

NOTES FOR VENTING OPTIONS

- 1. Attach vent pipe adapter with gasket to furnace casing.
- 2. Align notches in rubber coupling over standoffs on adapter. Slide clamps over the coupling.
- 3. Slide vent pipe through adapter and coupling into vent elbow.
- 4. Insert vent pipe into vent elbow.
- 5. Torque all clamps 15 lb.-in.
- 6. Attach combustion air pipe adapter with gasket to furnace.
- 7. Attach combustion air pipe to adapter with silicone. Pilot drill a1/8-in. hole in adapter and secure with a #7 x 1/2-in. sheet metal screw.

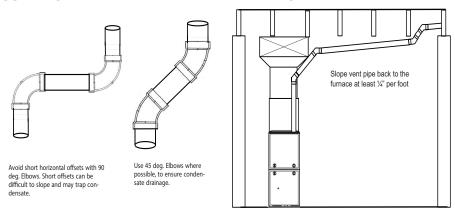


Fig. 57 – Near Furnace Vent Connections

A14546

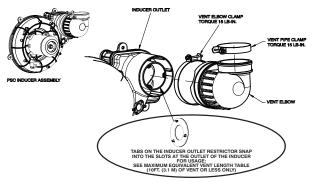


Fig. 58 – Inducer Vent Elbow

A170006

Installing the Vent Pipe Adapter and Combustion Air Pipe Adapter

MARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. To route the vent pipe and combustion air pipe through the furnace, the manufacturer supplied kit must be used. Failure to properly seal the blower compartment from the furnace vestibule could result in the circulation of carbon monoxide throughout the structure. The vent pipe and combustion air pipe must be a continuous pipe while passing through the blower compartment. Seals supplied in this kit must be installed per the instructions provided. Follow all procedures outlined in these instructions.

NOTE: The rubber coupling that attaches to the vent pipe adapter must be used. The adapter seals the vent pipe to the casing and reduces the strain on the vent elbow attached to the inducer.

1. Apply the gaskets to the vent pipe and combustion air pipe adapters. If supplied, remove and discard round center "slug" from interior of gasket. See Fig. 59.

WARNING

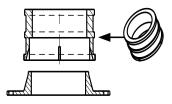
CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. **DO NOT** use cement to join polypropylene venting systems. Follow the polypropylene venting system manufacturer's instructions for installing polypropylene venting systems.

NOTE: The vent pipe adapter can be distinguished from the inlet pipe adapter by the absence of an internal pipe-stopping ring. The vent pipe can pass through the vent pipe adapter; it cannot pass through the inlet pipe adapter.

- Align the screw holes in the plastic vent pipe adapter with the dimples in the casing.
- 3. Pilot drill the screw holes for the adapter in the casing and attach the vent pipe adapter to the furnace with sheet metal screws.
- 4. Slide the end of the rubber vent coupling with notches in it over the standoffs on the vent pipe adapter.
- 5. Insert a length of vent pipe through the coupling into the outlet of the vent elbow.
- 6. Tighten the clamp around the outlet of the vent elbow. Torque the clamp to 15 lb-in.





Attach gaskets to vent pipe and combustion air adapters.

Vent Coupling and Adapter

Fig. 59 - Vent Coupling and Adapter with Gaskets

A13074

A NOTICE

The following instructions are for PVC/ABS DWV vent piping only. DO NOT USE THESE TECHNIQUES FOR POLYPROPYLENE VENT PIPING SYSTEMS. See the polypropylene vent system manufacturer's instructions for installing polypropylene venting systems.

Install the remaining vent and combustion air pipes as shown below. It is recommended that all pipes be cut, prepared, and pre-assembled before permanently cementing any joint.

- 1. Working from furnace to outside, cut pipe to required length(s).
- 2. De-burr inside and outside of pipe.
- 3. Chamfer outside edge of pipe for better distribution of primer and cement.
- 4. Complete the vent and combustion air pipe installation by connecting the concentric vent or by installing the required termination elbows as shown in Fig. 41, Fig. 42 and Fig. 49. For Ventilated Combustion Air Termination, see Fig. 51.
- 5. Clean and dry all surfaces to be joined.
- 6. Check dry fit of pipe and mark insertion depth on pipe.
- 7. Insert the vent pipe into the vent elbow.
- 8. Torque clamp on vent elbow 15 lb-in.
- 9. Torque clamp on vent coupling 15 lb-in.
- 10. Insert the combustion air pipe into the adapter.
- 11. Pilot drill a screw hole through the adapter into the combustion air pipe and secure the pipe to the adapter with sheet metal screws. DO NOT DRILL INTO POLYPROPYLENE VENT PIPES. Use an optional accessory vent coupling, if needed.
- 12. Seal around the combustion air pipe with silicone or foil tape. SILICONE SEALERS MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR POLYPROPYLENE VENT SYSTEMS. SEE POLYPROPYLENE VENT SYSTEM MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.
- 13. After pipes have been cut and pre-assembled, apply generous layer of cement primer to pipe fitting socket and end of pipe to insertion mark. Quickly apply approved cement to end of pipe and fitting socket (over primer). Apply cement in a light, uniform coat on inside of socket to prevent buildup of excess cement. Apply second coat. DO NOT CEMENT POLYPROPYLENE FITTINGS.
- 14. While cement is still wet, twist pipe into socket with 1/4-in. turn. Be sure pipe is fully inserted into fitting socket.
- 15. Wipe excess cement from joint. A continuous bead of cement will be visible around perimeter of a properly made joint.
- 16. Handle pipe joints carefully until cement sets.
- 17. Horizontal portions of the venting system shall be supported to prevent sagging. Space combustion air piping and vent piping hangars as shown in Table 16. Support pipes using perforated metal

hanging strap or commercially available hangars or straps designed to support plastic pipe.

A CAUTION

FURNACE RELIABILITY HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in nuisance short cycling, frozen vent termination, and/or no heat.

Slope the vent and combustion air piping downward towards furnace a minimum of 1/4-in. (6 mm) per linear ft. of pipe.

18. Slope the vent and combustion air piping downward towards furnace. A minimum slope of at least 1/4-in. (6 mm) per linear

- ft.(1-in (25 mm) per 4 ft.(1.2 M)) with no sags between hangers is required. See Caution Box below.
- 19. Use appropriate methods to seal openings where combustion air pipe and vent pipe pass through roof or sidewall.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. **DO NOT** use cement to join polypropylene venting systems. Follow the polypropylene venting system manufacturer's instructions for installing polypropylene venting systems.

Table 16 - Hanger Spacing

Diameter	Material											
Diameter	PVC Sch 40	SDR 21 & 26	ABS	CPVC	Polypropylene							
1 1/2-in.	3-ft.	2 1/2-ft.	3-ft.	3-ft.	3.25-ft.							
38-mm	914-mm	762-mm	914-mm	914-mm	1000 mm							
2-in.	3-ft.	3-ft.	3-ft.	3-ft.	3.25-ft.							
51-mm	914-mm	914-mm	914-mm	914-mm	1000 mm							
2 1/2-in.	3 1/2-ft.	3-ft.	3 1/2-ft.	3 1/2-ft.	3.25-ft.							
64-mm	1067-mm	914-mm	1067-mm	1067-mm	1000 mm							
3-in.	3 1/2-ft.	3-ft.	3 1/2-ft.	3 1/2-ft.	3.25-ft.							
76-mm	1067-mm	914-mm	1067-mm	1067-mm	1000 mm							
4-in.	4-ft.	3 1/2-ft.	4-ft.	4-ft.	3.25-ft.							
	* **	·	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	: :=:	00							

Installing the Vent Termination Roof Terminations

A roof termination of any type will require a 4-in. (102 mm) flashing for a 2 in. (50 mm ND) concentric vent kit, KGAVT0701CVT or a 5-in. diameter (127 mm) flashing for a 3-in. (80 mm ND) concentric vent kit, KGAVT0801CVT. For two-pipe or single pipe vent systems, a flashing for each pipe of the required diameter will be necessary.

It is recommended that the flashing be installed by a roofer or competent professional prior to installing the concentric vent. The terminations can be installed on a flat or pitched roof.

Concentric Vent

Single or multiple concentric vent must be installed as shown in Fig. 41. Maintain the required separation distance between vents or pairs of vents as shown in Fig. 41 and all clearance shown in Fig. 43.

NOTE: Follow the instructions of the vent terminal manufacturer. These instructions are provided as a reference, only.

Cut one 4-in. (102 mm) diameter hole for 2-in. (50 mm ND) kit, or one 5-in. (127 mm) diameter hole for 3-in. (80 mm ND) kit in the desired location.

Loosely assemble concentric vent/combustion air termination components together using instructions in kit.

Slide assembled kit with rain shield **REMOVED** through hole in wall or roof flashing.

NOTE: Do not allow insulation or other materials to accumulate inside of pipe assembly when installing it through hole.

Disassemble loose pipe fittings. Clean and cement using same procedures as used for system piping. **DO NOT CEMENT POLYPROPYLENE FITTINGS.**

Two-Pipe and Single-Pipe Terminations

Single and two pipe vent must be installed as shown in Fig. 41 and Fig. 42. Maintain the required separation distance between vents or pairs of vents as shown in Fig. 41 and Fig. 42 and all clearance shown in Fig. 43 and Fig. 44.

Disassemble loose pipe fittings. Clean and cement using same procedures as used for system piping. DO NOT CEMENT

A NOTICE

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT FOR VENT TERMINATIONS

It is recommended that rooftop vent terminations in excess of 36 inches (1 M) in vertical length be supported by **EITHER** the Direct Vent Termination Kit shown in Table 12 or by field-supplied brackets or supports fastened to the structure.

Cut the required number of holes in the roof or sidewall for vent and (when used) combustion air pipes. Sidewall holes for two-pipe vent terminations should be side-by-side, allowing space between the pipes for the elbows to fit on the pipes.

Holes in the roof for direct-vent two-pipe terminations should be spaced no more than 18 in. (457 mm) apart to help avoid vent gas recirculation into combustion air intake.

Termination elbows will be installed after the vent and (if used) combustion air pipe is installed.

Sidewall Terminations

Concentric Vent

NOTE: Follow the instructions of the vent terminal manufacturer. These instructions are provided as a reference only.

Determine an appropriate location for termination kit using the guidelines provided in section "Locating The Vent Termination" in this instruction.

- 1. Cut one 4-in. diameter hole for 2-in. kit, or one 5-in. diameter hole for 3-in. kit.
- 2. Loosely assemble concentric vent/combustion air termination components together using instructions in kit.
- 3. Slide assembled kit with rain shield REMOVED through hole.

NOTE: Do not allow insulation or other materials to accumulate inside of pipe assembly when installing it through hole.

4. Locate assembly through sidewall with rain shield positioned no more than 1-in. (25 mm) from wall as shown in Fig. 41.

POLYPROPYLENE FITTINGS.

2-Pipe and 1-Pipe Vent Termination

NOTE: Follow the instructions of the vent terminal manufacturer. These instructions are provided as a reference, only.

A NOTICE

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT FOR VENT TERMINATIONS

It is recommended that sidewall vent terminations in excess of 24 inches (.6 M) in vertical length be supported by **EITHER** the Direct Vent Termination Kit shown in Table 12 or by field-supplied brackets or supports fastened to the structure.

Determine an appropriate location for termination kit using the guidelines provided in section "Locating The Vent Termination" in this instruction.

- Cut two holes, one for each pipe, of appropriate size for pipe size being used.
- Loosely install elbow in bracket (if used) and place assembly on combustion-air pipe.
- 3. Install bracket as shown in Fig. 41 and Fig. 49.

NOTE: For applications using vent pipe option indicated by dashed lines in Fig. 41 and Fig. 42, rotate vent elbow 90° from position.

 Disassemble loose pipe fittings. Clean and cement using same procedures as used for system piping. DO NOT CEMENT POLYPROPYLENE FITTINGS.

(Direct Vent / 2-Pipe System ONLY)

When two or more furnaces are vented near each other, two vent terminations may be installed as shown in Fig. 41, but next vent termination, or pair of vent terminations, must be at least 36 in. (914 mm) away from the first two terminations. It is important that vent terminations be made as shown in Fig. 41 to avoid recirculation of vent gases.

Inducer Outlet Restrictor

To improve efficiency and operation of 40K, 60K or 100K BTUH input models on very short vent systems, an inducer outlet restrictor is required to be installed on the outlet of the inducer assembly. The outlet restrictor is shown in the footnote of Table 13 -Maximum Equivalent Vent Length. The outlet restrictor for 40K models is shipped in the loose parts bag. See Table 13 for usage, part numbers and sourcing of 60K and 100K inducer outlet restrictors.

To determine if the outlet restrictor is required, see Table 13. Failure to use an outlet restrictor on the 40K model when required may result in flame disturbance or flame sense lockout.

To install the outlet restrictor:

- 1. Remove the vent elbow from the inducer outlet.
- 2. Align the lock tabs on the outlet restrictor with the slots on inside outlet of the inducer assembly.
- 3. Snap the outlet restrictor in place.
- 4. Re-install the vent elbow.
- 5. Torque vent elbow clamp 15-lb-in.

Table 17 – Approved Combustion-Air and Vent Pipe, Fitting and Cement Materials

MATERIALS

	1. All pipe*, fittings*	*, primers**, and so	lvents** must conform	to American National	Standards Institute (ANSI	standards and						
USA	American Society f	or Testing and Mate	erials (ASTM) standard	ds								
USA	2. See Table below	for approved mate	rials for use in the U.S	S.A.								
	3. UL 1738 vent sys	stems must be com	posed of pipe*, fittings	s**, cements, and prin	mers** from the same supp	lier.						
	1. Installation in Canada must conform to the requirements of CAN/CSA B149 code.											
CANADA	2. Vent systems must be composed of pipe*, fittings*, cements, and primers from the same supplier and listed to ULC S636.											
CANADA	3. Not all materials below may be approved or listed to ULC S636.											
4. Factory accessory concentric vent kits are ULC S636 listed.												
Material	ASTM / ULC / UL Specification Type ASTM / ULC / UL Specification											
Materiai	Description	Туре	Pipe*	Fittings*	Solvents/Primers**	Cements						
	Pressure Pipe	Schedule 40	D1785 / UL 1738									
	DWV	Schedule 40	D1785 / D2665	D2466 or D2665	F656	D2564						
PVC	SDR 26	N/A	D2241	D2400 01 D2003	1-030	D230 4						
FVC	SDR 21	N/A	D2241									
	IPEX	Schedule 40	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636						
	Royal Pipe	Schedule 40	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636						
ABS	ABS	Schedule 40	D2661	D2468	Clear Cleaner For	D2235						
ABO	DWV-IPS Sizes	Schedule 40	D2661	D2661	ABS†	DZZOO						
	Pressure Pipe	Schedule 40	F441	F438	F656	F493						
CPVC	SDR	N/A	F442	N/A								
01 00	IPEX	Schedule 40	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636						
	Royal Pipe	Schedule 40	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636	ULC S636						
PVC and ABS r	pipe may use either D\	WV or pressure rate	ed fittinas.									

^{*} PVC and ABS pipe may use either DWV or pressure rated fittings.

[†] ABS plastic does not require a primer before solvent cementing. A cleaner for ABS is recommended to remove any surface residue. ABS cleaners are not subject to ASTM standards.

,			
Polypropylene	Approved Manufacturer	Solvents Primers	Cements
Poly Pro®	M & G Dura Vent	Not Pe	rmitted
Innoflue®	Centrotherm	Not Pe	rmitted
ECCO			
Polypropylene Vent®	ECCO Manufacturing	Not Pe	rmitted

NOTE: Polypropylene vent systems are UL – 1738 and ULC S636 listed and assembled using mechanical fastening systems supplied by the vent manufacturer.

^{**} Colored or tinted solvents or primers must be used where required by code in the USA

Venting System Length Calculations

The Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL) for **EACH** combustion air or vent pipe equals the length of the venting system, plus the equivalent length of elbows used in the venting system from Table 14.

Standard vent terminations or factory accessory concentric vent terminations count for zero deduction.

See vent system manufacturer's data for equivalent lengths of flexible vent pipe or other termination systems. **DO NOT ASSUME** that one foot of flexible vent pipe equals one foot of straight PVC/ABS DWV vent pipe.

Compare the Total Equivalent Vent Length to the Maximum Equivalent Vent Lengths in Table 13.

Example 1

A direct-vent 60,000 BTUH furnace installed at 2100 ft. (640M). Venting system includes FOR EACH PIPE:

70 feet (22 M) of vent pipe, 65 feet (20 M) of combustion air inlet pipe, (3) 90° long-radius elbows, (2) 45° long-radius elbows, and a factory accessory concentric vent kit.

Can this application use 2" (50 mm ND) PVC/ABS DWV vent piping?

Measure the required linear length of air inlet and vent pipe; insert the longest of the two here					70 ft. (22 M)	Use length of the longer of the vent or air inlet piping system
Add equiv length of (3) 90° long-radius elbows (use the highest number of elbows for either the vent or inlet pipe)	3	х	3 ft. (0.9 M)	=	9 ft. (2.7 M)	From Table 14
Add equiv length of (2) 45° long-radius elbows (use the highest number of elbows for either the vent or inlet pipe)	2	х	1.5 ft. (0.5 M)	II	3 ft. (0.9 M)	From Table 14
Add equiv length of factory concentric vent term					0 ft.	From Table 14
Add correction for flexible vent pipe, if any					0 ft.	From Vent Manufacturer's instructions; zero for PVC/ABS DWV
Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL)					82 ft. (25 M)	Add all of the above lines
Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL)					95 ft. (29 M)	For 2" pipe from Table 13
Is TEVL less than MEVL?					YES	Therefore, 2" pipe MAY be used

Example 2

A direct-vent 60,000 BTUH furnace installed at 2100 ft. (640M). Venting system includes FOR EACH PIPE:

100 feet (30 M) of vent pipe, 95 feet (29 M) of combustion air inlet pipe, (3) 90° long-radius elbows, and a polypropylene concentric vent kit. Also includes 20 feet (6.1 M) of flexible polypropylene vent pipe, included within the 100 feet (30 M) of vent pipe.

VERIFY FROM POLYPROPYLENE VENT MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS for the multiplier correction for flexible vent pipe.

Can this application use 60mm o.d. (2") polypropylene vent piping? If not, what size piping can be used?

		•		• •	_	
Measure the required linear length of RIGID air inlet and vent	pipe; inse	ert the Ion	gest of the	_	80 ft.	Use length of the longer of the vent
two here: 100 ft. Of rigid pipe - 20 ft. Of flexible pipe				-	(24 M)	or air inlet piping system
Add equiv length of (3) 90° long-radius elbows (use the	3	х	5 ft.	_	15 ft.	
highest number of elbows for either the vent or inlet pipe)	3	^	(1.5 M)	-	(4.6 M)	
Add equiv length of 45° long-radius elbows					0 ft.	
(use the highest number of elbows for either the vent or inlet	0	Х		=		Example from polypropylene vent manufacturer's
pipe)					(0 M)	instructions, Verify from vent manufacturer's
Add equiv length of factory concentric vent term	9	v	3.3 ft	_	30 ft.	instructions.
Add equiviengin or factory concentric vent term	9	Х	(0.9 M)	-	(9 M)	
Add correction for flexible vent pipe, if any	2*	х	20 ft.	_	40 ft.	
Add correction for flexible verit pipe, it arry		^	(6.1 M)	-	(12.2 M)	
* VERIFY FROM VENT MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION	IS; For ex	ample on	ıly, assume	1 me	eter of flexib	ele 60mm (2") or 80mm (3") polypropylene pipe equals
2.0 meters (6.5 ft.) of PVC/ABS pipe.						
Total Equivalent Vent Length (TEVL)					165 ft.	Add all of the above lines
Total Equivalent Vent Eength (TEVE)					(50 M)	Add all of the above lines
Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL)					95 ft.	For 2" pipe from Table 13
					(29 M)	
Is TEVL less than MEVL?					NO	Therefore, 60mm (2") pipe may NOT be used; try
10 12 V2 1000 than W2 V2.					110	80mm (3")
		1	ı			
Maximum Equivalent Vent Length (MEVL)					185 ft.	For 3" pipe from Table 13
. ,					(57 M)	
Is TEVL less than MEVL?					YES	Therefore, 80mm (3") pipe MAY be used

START-UP, ADJUSTMENT, AND SAFETY CHECK

NOTICE

IMPORTANT INSTALLATION AND START-UP PROCEDURES

Failure to follow this procedure may result in a nuisance smoke or odor complaint.

The manifold pressure, gas rate by meter clocking, temperature rise and operation must be checked after installation. Minor smoke and odor may be present temporarily after start-up from the manufacturing process. Some occupants are more sensitive to this minor smoke and odor. It is recommended that doors and windows be open during the first heat cycle.

General

 Furnace must have a 115-v power supply properly connected and grounded.

NOTE: Proper polarity must be maintained for 115-v wiring. Control status indicator light flashes rapidly and furnace does not operate if polarity is incorrect or if the furnace is not grounded.

- 2. Thermostat wire connections at terminals R, W, G, and Y/Y2 must be made at 24-v terminal block on furnace control.
- 3. Natural gas service pressure must not exceed 0.5 psig (14- in. w.c., 350 Pa), but must be no less than 0.16 psig (4.5-in. w.c., 1125 Pa).
- 4. Blower door must be in place to complete 115-v electrical circuit and supply power to furnace components.

Before operating furnace, check flame rollout manual reset switch for continuity. If necessary, press button to reset switch.

EAC-1 terminal is energized whenever blower operates. HUM terminal is only energized when the blower is energized in heating.

A CAUTION

UNIT OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in intermittent unit operation or performance dissatisfaction.

These furnaces are equipped with a manual reset limit switch in burner assembly. This switch opens and shuts off power to the gas valve if an overheat condition (flame rollout) occurs in the burner assembly/enclosure. Correct inadequate combustion-air supply, improper gas pressure setting, improper burner or gas orifice positioning, or improper venting condition before resetting switch. DO NOT jumper this switch.

Setup Switches

There are two sets of setup switches on the furnace control board. These switches configure the furnace for correct application requirement. They also select the airflow settings for Air Conditioning and Continuous Fan airflows.

The Setup Switch locations are shown and described on Fig. 60. The setup switches are also shown on the unit wiring label.

Setup Switches (SW1)

The furnace control has 8 setup switches that may be set to meet the application requirements. Refer to the Adjustments section for setup switch configurations. To set these setup switches for the appropriate requirement:

- 1. Remove blower door.
- 2. Locate setup switches on furnace control.
- 3. Configure the setup switches as necessary for the application.
- 4. Replace blower door.

NOTE: If a bypass humidifier is used, setup switch SW1-4 (Comfort/Efficiency) should be in OFF=Efficiency position. This compensates for the increased temperature in return air resulting from bypass.

Air Conditioning (A/C) Setup Switches (SW2-6, 7, 8)

The air conditioning setup switches are used to match furnace airflow to required cooling airflow or high stage cooling airflow when a two-stage outdoor unit is used. Refer to the Adjustments section for setup switch configurations.

To set the desired cooling airflow:

- 1. Remove blower door.
- 2. Locate A/C setup switches on furnace control.
- 3. Determine air conditioning tonnage used.
- 4. Configure the switches for the required cooling airflow.

NOTE: Incorrect airflow caused by improper A/C switch setup may cause condensate blow-off or a frozen indoor coil in the cooling mode.

5. Replace blower door.

Continuous Fan (CF) Setup Switches (SW2-3, 4, 5)

The CF setup switches are used to select desired airflow when thermostat is in continuous fan mode or to select low-cooling airflow for two-speed cooling units. Refer to the Adjustments section for setup switch configurations. To set desired cooling airflow:

- 1. Remove blower door.
- 2. Locate CF setup switches on furnace control.
- Determine air conditioning tonnage used for low-cooling (when used) or desired continuous fan airflow.
- 4. Configure the switches for the required airflow.
- 5. Replace blower door.

Setup Switches (SW2-1, 2)

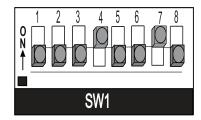
The furnace control has two additional setup switches labeled SW2-1, 2. Setup switch SW2-1 is used for twinning on approved models.

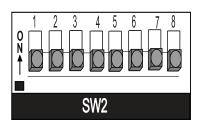
SW2-2 is used to adjust airflow. Refer to the Adjustments section for setup switch configurations.

Refer to Fig. 60 for configuration of SW2 airflow options.

- 1. Remove blower door.
- 2. Locate setup switch SW2 on furnace control.
- 3. Configure the switches as necessary for the application.
- 4. Replace blower door.

DIP SWITCH CONFIGURATION



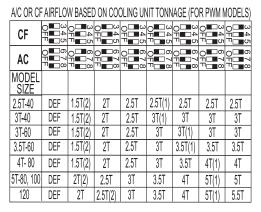


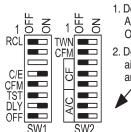
SW1			
Switch	Description		Factory
1	Status Code Recovery - Turn ON to retrieve status codes.	See manual for use.	OFF
2	Not Used		OFF
3	Not used		OFF
4	Comfort/Efficiency Adjust - Turn ON to decrease	heat airflow by approximately 10% for maximum comfort.	ON
5	CFM per Ton Adjust - See Airflow Tables in manual for	desired settings. Also see SW2 - 2.	OFF
6	Component Self Test - Turn ON to initiate Component disconnected. Turn OFF when Self Test is completed.	Self Test for troubleshooting assistance when R TSTAT lead is	OFF
7 & 8	Blower Off Delay - See manual or unit wiring diagram for Factory default is 120 Seconds	settings. Adjustable 90 - 180 seconds.	7-ON 8-OFF

SW2			
Switch	Description		Factory
1	Twinning - When Twinned furnace setup is required, SW2 - 1 SW2-1 ON selects the secondary furnace unit. See kit instructions	OFF selects the main furnace unit. for further details.	OFF
2	CFM per Ton Adjust - See Airflow Tables in manual for	desired settings. Also see SW1 - 5.	OFF
3-5	CF Setup Switches - The Continuous Fan setup switch selects airflow. See Cooling Air Delivery Tables and Continuous Fan delivery	desired CF and low-stage cooling (two-stage A/C units) Tables (when present) for specific switch settings.	ALL OFF
6-8	A/C Setup Switches - The Air Conditioning setup switch units) airflow. See Cooling Air Delivery Tables in manual for specific	selects desired cooling or high-stage cooling (two-stage switch settings.	ALL OFF

Fig. 60 - Furnace Setup Switch Description

A200286





- 1. Default A/C airflow when A/C setup switches are in OFF position.
- Default Low-Stage A/C airflow when CF switches are in OFF position

A200297

Fig. 61 - Airflow Selection (based on 350 CFM/TON) for A/C (SW2-6, 7, 8) and *CF (SW2-3, 4, 5)

Prime Condensate Trap with Water

! WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow these warnings could result in personal injury or death.

Failure to use a properly configured trap or NOT water-priming trap before operating furnace may allow positive pressure vent gases to enter the structure through drain tube. Vent gases contain carbon monoxide which is tasteless and odorless.

A CAUTION

UNIT OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in intermittent unit operation or performance satisfaction.

Condensate trap must be PRIMED or proper draining may not occur. The condensate trap has two internal chambers which can ONLY be primed by pouring water into the inducer drain side of condensate trap.

 Remove upper and middle collector box drain plugs opposite of the condensate trap. See Fig. 62.

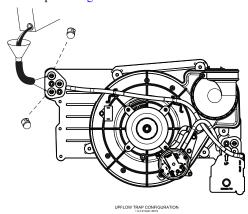


Fig. 62 – Priming Condensate Trap

- 2. Connect field-supplied 5/8-in. (16 mm) ID tube with attached funnel to upper collector box drain connection. See Fig. 62.
- Pour one quart (liter) of water into funnel/tube. Water should run through collector box, overfill condensate trap, and flow into open field drain.
- 4. Remove funnel; replace collector box drain plug.
- Connect field-supplied 5/8-in. (16 mm) ID tube to middle collector box drain port.
- Pour one quart (liter) of water into funnel/tube. Water should run through collector box, overfill condensate trap, and flow into open field drain.
- Remove funnel and tube from collector box and replace collector box drain plug.

Purge Gas Lines

If not previously done, purge the lines after all connections have been made and check for leaks.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber. Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Adjustments

A CAUTION

FURNACE DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in reduced furnace life.

DO NOT redrill orifices. Improper drilling (burrs, out-of-round holes, etc.) can cause excessive burner noise and misdirection of burner flames. This can result in flame impingement of heat exchangers, causing failures. See Fig. 63.

A11315

WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

DO NOT bottom out gas valve regulator adjusting screw. This can result in unregulated manifold pressure and result in excess overfire and heat exchanger failures.

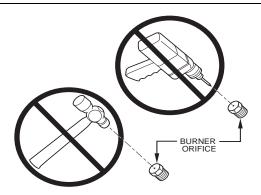


Fig. 63 - Orifice Hole

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For proper operation and long term reliability, the Furnace input rate must be within +/-2 percent of input rate on furnace rating plate, or as adjusted for altitude.

The gas input rate on rating plate is for installations at altitudes up to 2000 ft. (609.6M).

A NOTICE

The NATURAL GAS manifold pressure adjustments in Table 20 compensate for BOTH altitude AND gas heating value. DO NOT apply an additional derate factor to the pressures shown in Table 20. The values in this table are NOT referenced to sea level; they are AS-MEASURED AT ALTITUDE.

The heating content of natural gas at altitude may already provide for a reduction in capacity of the furnace. Be sure to obtain the expected in-season gas heating value of the gas from the gas supplier BEFORE making any adjustments for capacity or altitude. Refer to Table 20. No adjustments to the furnace may be necessary at altitude for certain gas heating values.

Refer to the instructions provided in the factory-specified LP/Propane conversion kit for instructions for setting gas manifold pressures for LP/Propane applications.

In the USA, the input rating for altitudes above 2000 ft. (609.6M) must be reduced by 2 percent for each 1000 ft. (304.8M) above sea level. Refer to Table 18. The natural gas manifold pressures in Table 20 adjust for BOTH altitude and natural gas heating value.

Table 18 – Altitude Derate Multiplier for USA

ALTI	TUDE	PERCENT	DERATE
FT.	М	OF DERATE	MULTIPLIER FACTOR*
0–2000	0-610	0	1.00
2001-3000	610-914	4-6	0.95
3001–4000	914-1219	6-8	0.93
4001–5000	1219-1524	8-10	0.91
5001-6000	1524-1829	10-12	0.89
6001–7000	1829-2134	12-14	0.87
7001–8000	2134-2438	14-16	0.85
8001–9000	2438-2743	16-18	0.83
9001–10,000	2743-3048	18-20	0.81

^{*.} Derate multiplier factors are based on midpoint altitude for altitude range.

In Canada, the input rating must be reduced by 5 percent for altitudes of 2000 ft. (609.6M) to 4500 ft. (1371.6M) above sea level. The natural gas manifold pressures in Table 20 adjust for BOTH altitude and natural gas heating value.

NOTE: For Canadian altitudes of 2000 to 4500 ft. (609.6 to 1371.6M), use USA altitudes of 2001 to 3000 ft. (609.6 to 914.4M).

To adjust manifold pressure to obtain the proper input rate, first, determine if the furnace has the correct orifice installed. At higher altitudes or different gas heat contents, it may be necessary to change the factory orifice to a different orifice. Tables have been provided in the furnace installation instructions to match the required orifice to the manifold pressure to the heat content and specific gravity of the gas. To do this:

- 1. Obtain average yearly gas heat value (at installed altitude) from local gas supplier.
- 2. Obtain average yearly gas specific gravity from local gas supplier.
- 3. Find installation altitude in Table 20.
- 4. Find closest natural gas heat value and specific gravity in Table 20. Follow heat value and specific gravity lines to point of intersection to find orifice size and low-and high-heat manifold pressure settings for proper operation.
- Check and verify burner orifice size in furnace. NEVER ASSUME ORIFICE SIZE. ALWAYS CHECK AND VERIFY.

NOTICE

If orifice hole appears damaged or it is suspected to have been redrilled, check orifice hole with a numbered drill bit of correct size. Never redrill an orifice. A burr-free and squarely aligned orifice hole is essential for proper flame characteristics.

6. Replace orifice with correct size, if required by Table 20. Use only factory-supplied orifices. See EXAMPLE 1.

EXAMPLE 1

EXAMPLE: 0 - 2000 ft. (0 - 609.6M) altitude

Heating value = 1050 Btu/cu ft.

Specific gravity = 0.62 Therefore: Orifice No. 44

* Furnace is shipped with No. 44 orifices. In this example, all main burner orifices are the correct size and do not need to be changed to obtain proper input rate.

Manifold pressure: 3.4-in. w.c. (874 pa) for heat

NOTE: To convert gas manifold Table pressures to Pascals, multiply the in. w.c. value by 249.1 Pa/in. w.c. (1 in. w.c. = 249.1 Pa).

Check Inlet Gas Pressure

The inlet gas pressure must be checked with the furnace operating in maximum heat. This is necessary to make sure the inlet gas pressure does not fall below the minimum pressure of 4.5 in. w.c. for natural gas. The maximum inlet gas pressure is 13.6 in. of water column. If the inlet pressure is too low, you will not be able to adjust the manifold pressure to obtain the proper input rate. To check the inlet gas pressure:

- 1. Make sure the gas supply is turned off to the furnace and at the electric switch on the gas valve.
- 2. Loosen set screw on inlet pressure tap no more than one full turn with a 3/32-in. hex wrench or remove the 1/8 in. NPT plug from the inlet pressure tap on the gas valve.
- 3. Connect a manometer to the inlet pressure tap on gas valve.
- 4. Turn on furnace power supply.
- 5. Turn gas supply manual shutoff valve to ON position.
- 6. Turn furnace gas valve switch to ON position.

- 7. Jumper the R to W thermostat connections at the furnace control board.
- 8. When main burners ignite, confirm inlet gas pressure is Between 4.5 in. w.c. and 13.6 in. w.c.
- Remove jumper across thermostat connections to terminate call for heat. Wait until the blower off delay is completed.
- 10. Turn furnace gas valve electric switch to OFF position.
- 11. Turn gas supply manual shutoff valve to OFF position.
- 12. Turn off furnace power supply.
- 13. Remove manometer from the inlet pressure tap of the gas valve.
- 14. Tighten set screw on inlet pressure tap with 3/32-in. hex wrench, or if 1/8-in. NPT plug was removed, apply pipe dope sparingly to end of plug and re-install in the gas valve.

A WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Inlet pressure tap set screw must be tightened and 1/8-in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.

Adjust Manifold Pressure

 Adjust manifold pressure to obtain proper gas input rate, see Fig. 64.

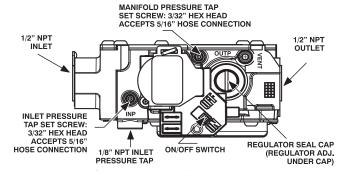


Fig. 64 – Gas Valve with Tower Pressure Ports

- a. Refer to the correct manifold pressure table for the appropriate model.
- b. Turn gas valve ON/OFF switch to OFF.
- c. Loosen set screw on manifold tower pressure tap no more than one full turn with a 3/32-in. hex wrench, or remove the 1/8 inch NPT plug from the manifold pressure tap on the gas valve.
- d. Connect a water column manometer or similar device to manifold pressure tap.
- e. Turn gas valve ON/OFF switch to ON.
- f. Manually close blower door switch.
- g. Jumper R and W thermostat connections on control to start furnace, see Fig. 39.
- h. Remove regulator adjustment cap from gas valve pressure regulator and turn adjusting screw (3/16 or smaller flat-tipped screwdriver) counterclockwise (out) to decrease input rate or clockwise (in) to increase input rate, see Fig. 64.
- i. When correct input is obtained, replace cap that conceals gas valve regulator adjustment screws. Main burner flame should be clear blue, almost transparent, see Fig. 65.
- j. Remove jumpers R to W.

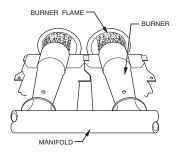


Fig. 65 – Burner Flame

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Clocking the Meter

1. Verify natural gas input rate by clocking meter.

NOTE: Contact your HVAC distributor or gas supplier for metric gas meter tables, if required.

- a. Turn off all other gas appliances and pilots served by the meter.
- b. Jumper R to W.
- c. Run furnace for 3 minutes.
- d. Measure time (in sec) for gas meter to complete one revolution and note reading. The 2 or 5 cubic feet dial provides a more accurate measurement of gas flow.
- e. Refer to Table 21 for cubic ft. of gas per hr.
- f. Multiply gas rate cu ft./hr by heating value (Btuh/cu ft.) to obtain input rate.
- g. If clocked rate does not match required input from Step 1, increase manifold pressure to increase input or decrease manifold pressure to decrease input. Repeat steps b through e of Step 1 until correct input is achieved. Re-install regulator seal cap on gas valve.
- 2. Restore furnace to normal operating condition.
 - a. Turn gas valve ON/OFF switch to OFF.
 - Remove water column manometer or similar device from manifold pressure tap.

MARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Manifold pressure tap set screw must be tightened or 1/8-in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.

- c. Tighten set screw on manifold pressure tap with 3/32-in. hex wrench, or if 1/8-in. NPT plug was removed, apply pipe dope sparingly to end of plug and re-install in the gas valve.
- d. Turn gas valve ON/OFF switch to ON.
- e. Check for gas leaks and verify furnace operation.

Adjust Temperature Rise

NOTE: Blower door must be installed when taking temperature rise reading. Leaving blower door off will result in incorrect temperature measurements, due to possible changes in duct static pressure and airflow.

A CAUTION

FURNACE DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in:

- Overheating the heat exchangers or condensing flue gases in heat exchanger areas not designed for condensate.
- Shortened furnace life
- Component damage.

Temperature rise must be within limits specified on furnace rating plate. Recommended operation is at midpoint of rise range or slightly above. This furnace must operate within the temperature rise ranges specified on the furnace rating plate. Determine the air temperature as follows:

- Place thermometers in return and supply ducts as near furnace as possible. Be sure thermometers do not see heat exchanger so that radiant heat does not affect readings. This practice is particularly important with straight-run ducts.
- When thermometer readings stabilize, subtract return-air temperature from supply-air temperature to determine air temperature rise.
 - a. Check gas input for heat operation.
 - b. Check derate for altitude, if applicable.
 - c. Check all return and supply ducts for excessive restrictions causing static pressure greater than 0.5-In. W.C.
 - d. Ensure Comfort/Efficiency SW1-4 on furnace control is in OFF=Efficiency position when a bypass humidifier is used. See Fig. 39 for switch location.
 - e. Verify correct model plug is installed.
 - Turn thermostat down below room temperature and remove blower access door.
 - g. To increase heating airflow, set Comfort/Efficiency SW1-4 of furnace control to OFF=Efficiency position.
 - h. Careful not to put tension on any wire connections
 - i. Repeat steps a through e.
 - j. When correct input rate and temperature rise is achieved, turn gas valve ON/OFF switch to OFF.

Adjust Blower Off Delay (Heat Mode)

If desired, the main blower off time delay period may be lengthened or shortened when operating in the heating mode to provide greater comfort.

Table 19 - Blower Off Delay Setup Switch

	SETUP	SWITCH			
DESIRED HEATING MODE BLOWER OFF DELAY (SEC.)	(SW1-7 AND -8) POSITION				
BLOWER OFF DELAT (SEC.)	F 031	11014			
	SW1-7	SW1-8			
90	OFF	OFF			
120	ON	OFF			
150	OFF	ON			
180	ON	ON			

Turn Dip switch SW-7 or SW-8 ON or OFF for desired blower off delay. (See Table 19 and Fig. 39, 61 and 62)

Adjust Cooling Airflow

The ECM blower can be adjusted for a range of airflows for low-speed or high-speed cooling. See Table 9 – Air Delivery – CFM (With Filter) and Fig. 60 – Furnace Setup Switches and Descriptions. Depending on the model size, the cooling airflow can be adjusted from 1.5 to 5.5 tons based on 350 CFM per ton.

The high-speed or single-speed cooling airflow is adjusted by turning Setup switches SW2-6, SW2-7 and SW2-8 either ON or OFF. Select the required airflow from Table 9. Table 9 is based upon 350 CFM per ton. For other CFM per ton Setup switch selections, see Fig. 39, Fig. 60 and Fig. 73.

The Continuous Fan airflow selection via Setup switches SW2 is also the airflow for low-speed cooling when the furnace is used with a 2-speed cooling or heat pump unit. Adjust SW2-3, 4, 5 to match the airflow required for low-speed cooling. Select the required airflow from Table 9 and Fig. 60.

NOTE: The airflow selected via SW2-3, 4, 5 (Low-Speed Cooling Airflow) cannot exceed the airflow selected via SW2-6, 7, 8 (High-Speed Cooling Airflow). For other CFM per ton Setup switch selections, see Fig. 39 and Fig. 60.

For a complete explanation of cooling airflow, refer to the section titled "Sequence of Operation."

Adjust Continuous Fan Airflow (and Low-Speed Cooling Airflow)

Adjust continuous fan and low-stage cooling airflow using SW2-3, 4, 5 and refer to Fig. 60. The continuous fan speed can be further adjusted at a conventional thermostat using the continuous fan speed select function. Changing the continuous fan speed at a conventional thermostat DOES NOT change the low-speed cooling airflow selected via SW2 at the control board.

Refer to the section titled "Continuous Blower Speed Selection for Thermostat."

Table 20 – Orifice Size and Manifold Pressure (In. W.C.) for Gas Input Rate

SINGLE-STAGE FURNACE

(TABULATED DATA BASED ON 20,000 BTUH PER BURNER, DERATED 2%/1000 FT (305M) ABOVE SEA LEVEL)

	ALTITUDE AVG. GAS					IC GRAVITY				,
	RANGE	HEAT VALUE).58).60).62).64
		AT ALTITUDE	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold
	ft (m)	(Btu/cu ft)	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure
		900	43	3.8	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4
	0	925	43	3.6	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.2
ad	(0)	950	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7
Ca		975	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.4	43	3.6
U.S.A. and Canada	to	1000	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.8	43	3.4
, A		1025	44	3.3	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.7
o,	2000	1050	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5
-	(610)	1075	45	3.7	45	3.8	44	3.3	44	3.4
		1100	46	3.7	46	3.8	45	3.8	44	3.2
	U.S.A.	800	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6	42	3.7
<u>6</u>	2001 (611)	825	43	3.8	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.5
l a	to	850	43	3.6	43	3.7	42	3.2	42	3.3
ပီ	3000 (914)	875	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.7	43	3.8
and Canada		900	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.5	43	3.6
∢.	Canada	925	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.8	43	3.4
U.S.A.	2001 (611)	950	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.6	44	3.7
-	to	975	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5
	4500 (1372)	1000	44	3.0	44	3.1	44	3.2	44	3.3
		775	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6
	3001	800	43	3.8	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4
Ę	(915)	825	43	3.6	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.2
ĕ	to	850	44	3.8	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7
U.S.A. Only	4000	875	44 44	3.6	44 44	3.7	43 44	3.4	43	3.5
-	4000 (1219)	900 925	44	3.4 3.2	44	3.5 3.4	44	3.7 3.5	44 44	3.8 3.6
	(1219)	925 950	44	3.1	44	3.4	44	3.3	44	3.4
-	! 	750	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6
	4001	775	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.3	42	3.4
≥	(1220)	800	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7	43	3.8
Only		825	44	3.8	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.6
U.S.A.	to	850	44	3.5	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.4
D.	5000	875	44	3.3	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.7
	(1524)	900	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5
		925	44	3.0	44	3.1	44	3.2	44	3.3
		725	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.5
	5001	750	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.2	42	3.3
5	(1525)	775	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.7	43	3.8
U.S.A. Only	to	800	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.4	43	3.5
S.A		825	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.7	44	3.8
ت ا	6000	850	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5	44	3.6
	(1829)	875	44	3.1	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4
		900	44	2.9	44	3.0	44	3.1	44	3.2
		675	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6	42	3.8
1.	6001	700	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.5
5	(1830)	725	43	3.6	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.3
ز ا	to	750	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7
U.S.A. Only		775	44	3.6	44	3.7	43	3.4	43	3.5
-	7000	800	44	3.4	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.7
1	(2133)	825	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5
\sqsubseteq	l	850	44	3.0	44	3.1	44	3.2	44	3.3

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SINGLE-STAGE FURNACE

(TABULATED DATA BASED ON 20,000 BTUH PER BURNER, DERATED 2%/1000 FT (305M) ABOVE SEA LEVEL)

-	ALTITUDE	AVG. GAS	SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF NATURAL GAS							
RANGE HEAT VALUE		0.58		0.60		0.62		0.64		
		AT ALTITUDE	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold	Orifice	Manifold
	ft (m)	(Btu/cu ft)	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure	No.	Pressure
		650	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6	42	3.7
	7001	675	43	3.8	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4
Only	(2134)	700	43	3.5	43	3.7	43	3.8	42	3.2
Ō	to	725	44	3.8	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.6
S.A.		750	44	3.5	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.4
j.	8000	775	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5	44	3.7
	(2438)	800	44	3.1	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4
		825	44	2.9	44	3.0	44	3.1	44	3.2
l		625	42	3.4	42	3.5	42	3.6	42	3.7
>	8001	650	43	3.8	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4
Only	(2439)	675	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7	42	3.2
∢	to	700	44	3.7	43	3.4	43	3.5	43	3.6
U.S.		725	44	3.5	44	3.6	44	3.7	44	3.8
~	9000	750	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5	44	3.6
	(2743)	775	44	3.0	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4
	9001	600	42	3.3	42	3.4	42	3.6	42	3.7
Only	(2744)	625	43	3.7	42	3.2	42	3.3	42	3.4
Ō	to	650	43	3.5	43	3.6	43	3.7	43	3.8
S.A.		675	44	3.7	44	3.8	43	3.4	43	3.5
U.S.	10000	700	44	3.4	44	3.5	44	3.7	44	3.8
	(3048)	725	44	3.2	44	3.3	44	3.4	44	3.5

^{*} Orifice numbers shown in BOLD are factory-installed

A11253B

SERVICE

If status code recall is needed, disconnect the "R" thermostat lead, reset power, and put setup switch "SW1-1" in the ON position. To clear the status code history put setup switch "SW1-1" in the ON position and jumper thermostat terminals "R", "W", and "Y/Y2" simultaneously until status code #11 is flashed.

LED CODE

STATUS

CONTINUOUS OFF - Check for 115VAC at L1 & L2, & 24VAC at SEC-1 & SEC-2.

CONTINUOUS ON - Control has 24VAC power.

RAPID FLASHING - Line voltage (115VAC) polarity reversed or furnace not grounded.

EACH OF THE FOLLOWING STATUS CODES IS A TWO DIGIT NUMBER WITH THE FIRST DIGIT DETERMINED BY THE NUMBER OF SHORT FLASHES AND THE SECOND DIGIT BY THE NUMBER OF LONG FLASHES

- 11 NO PREVIOUS CODE Stored status codes are erased automatically after 72 hours or as specified above 12 BLOWER ON AFTER POWER UP (115VAC or 24VAC) - Blower runs for 90 seconds, if unit is powered up
- 18 BLUWER ON A TER YOWER OF (1934C OF 2440.) Blower runs for 90 seconds, it until is powered up during a call for heat (R-W closed) or (R-W) opens during blower on-delay period.

 13 LIMIT CIRCUIT LOCKOUT Lockout occurs if a limit or flame rollout switch is open longer than 3 minutes Control will auto-reset after 3 hours. Refer to #33.

 14 IGNITION LOCKOUT Control will auto-reset after 3 hours. Refer to #34.

 21 GAS HEATING LOCKOUT Control will NOT auto reset. Check for: Mis-wired gas valve Defective control (valve relay)

 22 ABNORMAL FLAME-PROVING SIGNAL Flame is proved while gas valve is de-energized. Inducer will run world fell til celebrard. (Defective for part and the gas valve is de-energized. Inducer will run world fell til celebrard. (Defective for part and the gas valve is de-energized.

- until fault is cleared. Check for: Leaky gas valve Stuck-open gas valve
 23 PRESSURE SWITCH DID NOT OPEN Check for: Obstructed pressure tubing
- Pressure switch stuck closed
- Pressure switch stuck closed
 24 SECONDARY VOLTAGE FUSE IS OPEN Check for:
 Short circuit in secondary voltage (24VAC) wiring.
 25 MODEL SELECTION OR SETUP ERROR Either indicates the model plug (PL4) is missing or incorrect or setup switch "SW1-1" or "SW1-6" is positioned improperly. If code flashes only 4 times on power-up control is defaulting to model selection stored in memory. Check the following: Thermostat call with "SW1-1" ON
 Thermostat call with "SW1-6" ON "SW1-1" and "SW1-6" both ON together
 Two different furnace models twinned
- Rating plate for model plug number and resistance values if code flashes continuously
 HPS PRESSURE SWITCH DID NOT CLOSE OR REOPENED
 If HPS remains open for one minute after gas valve closes (after three succesive trials), then furnace
- - control will lockout for 3 hours before retry,
- control will lockout for 3 hours before retry.

 Check for: Excessive wind Restricted vent Defective inducer motor

 Low inlet gas pressure (if LGPS used) Defective pressure switch Low inducer voltage (115VAC)

 Inadequate combustion air supply Proper vent sizing Disconnected or obstructed pressure tubing

 Condensate drainage restricted or blocked

 If it opens during blower on-delay period, blower will come on for the selected blower off-delay.

 32 LPS PRESSURE SWITCH DID NOT CLOSE OR REOPENED If LPS open longer than five minutes,

- 32 LPS PRESSURE SMITCH DID NOT LEOSE OR KENDERDY I. 11-50 pern longer man five minutes, inducer shuts off for 15 minutes before retry. See Code 31 for troubleshooting.

 33 LIMIT CIRCUIT FAULT Indicates a limit or flame rollout, switch is open. Blower will run for 4 minutes or until open switch remakes whichever is longer. If open longer than 3 minutes, code changes to lockout #13, If open less than 3 minutes status code #33 continues to flash until blower shuts off. Flame rollout switch requires manual reset. Check for: Dirty filter or restricted duct system Proper vent sizing Restricted vent Loose blower wheel Excessive wind Defective blower motor Defective switch or connections Inadequate combustion air supply (Flame Roll-out Switch open).
- Detective swinch or conflictations inacequate combination an supply (Flatte Roilfout) swinch open).

 IGNITION PROVING FAULT Control will try three more times before lockout #14 occurs. If flatte signal lost during blower on-delay period, blower will come on for the selected blower off-delay. Check for - Control ground continuity
- Oxide buildup on flame sensor (clean with fine steel wool)
 Manual valve shut-off
 Control ground continue of the control ground control gro
- 45 CONTROL CIRCUITRY LOCKOUT Auto-reset after 1 hour lockout due to;
 Gas valve relay contact stuck open Flame sense circuit failure
 Reset power to clear lockout. Replace control if status code repeats.

COMPONENT TEST

To initiate the component test sequence shut OFF the room thermostat or disconnect the "R" thermostat lead. Reset power and then put setup switch "SW1-6" in the ON position to start the component test sequence. Once initiated the furnace control will fut the inducer ON. The inducer motor will run for the entire test. The hot surface igniter and blower motor will be turned ON for 15 seconds each. When the blower is turned OFF the inducer will be switched to low speed for 10 seconds. When the component test is completed one or more of the following codes will flash.

CODE

no errors detected. Visual check of hot surface igniter, inducer, blower motor, required.

11 Indicates no errors detected. Visual check of hot surface igniter, inducer, unwer in 25 ETIV ERROR. Same as code 25 above.
To repeat component test turn setup switch "SW1-6" OFF and then back ON.
After component test is completed put setup switch "SW1-6" in the OFF position and reconnect the "R" thermostat lead

Fig. 66 – Service Label Information

Check Safety Controls

The flame sensor, gas valve, and pressure switch were all checked in the Start-up procedure section as part of normal operation.

1. Check Main Limit Switch

This control shuts off combustion system and energizes air-circulating blower motor, if furnace overheats. By using this method to check limit control, it can be established that limit is functioning properly and will operate if there is a restricted return-air supply or motor failure. If limit control does not function during this test, cause must be determined and corrected.

- a. Run furnace for at least 5 minutes.
- b. Gradually block off return air with a piece of cardboard or sheet metal until the limit trips.
- c. Unblock return air to permit normal circulation.
- d. Burners will re-light when furnace cools down.
- 2. Check Pressure Switch(es)

This control proves operation of the draft inducer blower.

- a. Turn off 115-v power to furnace.
- b. Disconnect inducer motor lead wires from wire harness.
- c. Turn on 115-v power to furnace.
- d. Set thermostat to "call for heat" and wait 1 minute. When pressure switch is functioning properly, hot surface igniter should NOT glow and control diagnostic light flashes a status code 32. If hot surface igniter glows when inducer motor is disconnected, shut down furnace immediately.
- e. Determine reason pressure switch did not function properly and correct condition.
- f. Turn off 115-v power to furnace.
- g. Reconnect inducer motor wires, replace door, and turn on 115-v
- h. Blower will run for 90 sec before beginning the call for heat
- i. Furnace should ignite normally.

Checklist

- 1. Put away tools and instruments. Clean up debris.
- 2. Verify that switches SW1-1 and SW1-6 are OFF and other setup switches are set as desired. Verify that switches SW1-7 and SW1-8 for the blower **OFF DELAY** are set as desired per Table 19.
- 3. Verify that blower and control doors are properly installed.
- 4. Verify that there are no unsealed openings in the blower shelf or casing.
- 5. Cycle test furnace with room thermostat.
- 6. Check operation of accessories per manufacturer's instructions.
- Review Owner's Manual with owner.
- 8. Attach literature packet to furnace.

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Table 21 – Gas Rate (CU ft./hr)

Table 21 – Gas Rate (CU ft./hr)										
SEC.	SIZE (OF TEST	ΓDIAL	SEC.	SIZE OF TEST DIAL					
FOR 1	1 Cu	2 Cu	5	FOR 1	1 Cu	2 Cu	5 Cu			
REV.	Ft.	Ft.	Cu Ft.	REV.	Ft.	Ft.	Ft.			
10	360	720	1800	50	72	144	360			
11	327	655	1636	51	71	141	355			
12	300	600	1500	52	69	138	346			
13	277	555	1385	53	68	136	340			
14	257	514	1286	54	67	133	333			
15	240	480	1200	55	65	131	327			
16	225	450	1125	56	64	129	321			
17	212	424	1059	57	63	126	316			
18	200	400	1000	58	62	124	310			
19	189	379	947	59	61	122	305			
20	180	360	900	60	60	120	300			
21	171	343	857	62	58	116	290			
22	164	327	818	64	56	112	281			
23	157	313	783	66	54	109	273			
24	150	300	750	68	53	106	265			
25	144	288	720	70	51	103	257			
26	138	277	692	72	50	100	250			
27	133	267	667	74	48	97	243			
28	129	257	643	76	47	95	237			
29	124	248	621	78	46	92	231			
30	120	240	600	80	45	90	225			
31	116	232	581	82	44	88	220			
32	113	225	563	84	43	86	214			
33	109	218	545	86	42	84	209			
34	106	212	529	88	41	82	205			
35	103	206	514	90	40	80	200			
36	100	200	500	92	39	78	196			
37	97	195	486	94	38	76	192			
38	95	189	474	96	38	75	188			
39	92	185	462	98	37	74	184			
40	90	180	450	100	36	72	180			
41	88	176	439	102	35	71	178			
42	86	172	429	104	35	69	173			
43	84	167	419	106	34	68	170			
44	82	164	409	108	33	67	167			
45	80	160	400	110	33	65	164			
46	78	157	391	112	32	64	161			
47	76	153	383	116	31	62	155			
48	75	150	375	120	30	60	150			
49	73	147	367							

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning and replacing air filters. All other operations must be performed by trained service personnel. A qualified service person should inspect the furnace once a year.

WARNING

FIRE, INJURY OR DEATH HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

The ability to properly perform maintenance on this equipment requires certain knowledge, mechanical skills, tools, and equipment. If you do not possess these, do not attempt to perform any service and maintenance on this equipment other than those procedures recommended in the Owner's Manual.

A CAUTION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in environmental pollution. Remove and recycle all components or materials (i.e. oil, refrigerant, control board, etc.) before unit final disposal.

A CAUTION

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in improper furnace operation or failure of furnace.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death, or property damage.

Before installing, modifying, or servicing system, main electrical disconnect switch must be in the OFF position and install a lockout tag. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label. Verify proper operation after servicing. Always reinstall access doors after completing service and maintenance.

General

These instructions are written as if the furnace is installed in an upflow application. An upflow furnace application is where the blower is located below the combustion and controls section of the furnace, and conditioned air is discharged upward. Since this furnace can be installed in any of the 4 positions shown in Fig. 2, you must revise your orientation to component location accordingly.

Electrical Controls and Wiring

Each pressure switch is labeled with the reference location (noted as "COLLECTOR BOX-LPS" or "HOUSING-HPS" on the switch). The nominal break point of each switch is shown on the label below the reference location in inches of water column, "W.C." The maximum and minimum break point of the switch is +/- 0.05 inches of water column from the nominal break point of the switch. The maximum make point of the switch is 0.10 inches of water above the maximum break point of the switch.

Example: Nominal break point on pressure switch is 0.68-in. W.C. The minimum break point of the switch is 0.63-in. W.C. The maximum break point of the switch is 0.73-in. W.C. The maximum make point of the switch is 0.83-in. W.C.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. There may be more than one electrical supply to the furnace. Check accessories and cooling unit for additional electrical supplies that must be shut off during furnace servicing. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label.

The electrical ground and polarity for 115-v wiring must be properly maintained. Refer to Fig. 33 for field wiring information and to Fig. 73 for furnace wiring information.

NOTE: If the polarity is not correct, the STATUS LED on the control will flash rapidly and prevent the furnace from heating. The control system also requires an earth ground for proper operation of the control and flame-sensing electrode.

The 24-v circuit contains an automotive-type, 3-amp. fuse located on the control. See Fig. 39. Any shorts of the 24-v wiring during installation, service, or maintenance will cause this fuse to blow. If fuse replacement is required, use ONLY a 3-amp. fuse. The control LED will display status code 24 when fuse needs to be replaced.

Troubleshooting

Refer to the service label. See Fig. 66.

The Troubleshooting Guide can be a useful tool in isolating furnace operation problems. Beginning with the word "Start," answer each question and follow the appropriate arrow to the next item. See Fig. .

The Guide will help to identify the problem or failed component. After replacing any component, verify correct operation sequence.

Proper instrumentation is required to service electrical controls. The control in this furnace is equipped with a Status Code LED (Light-Emitting Diode) to aid in installation, servicing, and troubleshooting. Status codes can be viewed at the indicator in blower door. The Amber furnace control LED is either ON continuously, rapid flashing, or a code composed of 2 digits. The first digit is the number of short flashes, the second digit is the number of long flashes.

For an explanation of status codes, refer to service label located on blower door or Fig. 66, and the troubleshooting guide which can be obtained from your distributor.

Retrieving Stored Status Codes

The stored status codes will NOT be erased from the control memory, when 115- or 24-v power is interrupted. The control will store up to the last 7 Status Codes in order of occurrence.

1. To retrieve status codes, proceed with the following:

NOTE: NO thermostat signal may be present at control, and all blower-OFF delays must be completed.

- a. Leave 115-v power to furnace turned on.
- b. Look into blower door indicator for current LED status.
- c. Remove blower door.

NOTE: The Status Codes cannot be retrieved by disconnecting the limit switch. To retrieve Status Codes, follow the procedure below.

- 2. Turn Setup Switch, SW1-1 "ON."
- 3. Manually close blower door switch.
- 4. Control will flash up to 7 Status Codes.
- 5. The last Status Code, or 8th Code, will be Code 11.
- 6. Turn SW1-1 "OFF."
- 7. Amber will be ON continuous which indicates proper operation.
- 8. Release blower door switch, install blower door and refer to the SERVICE label on the blower door for more information.

Component Self-Test

Component Test can ONLY be initiated by performing the following:

- 1. Remove blower door.
- Shut off the room thermostat or disconnect the "R" terminal lead off the control board.
- 3. Reset power and then put setup Switch, SW-1-6 in the "ON" position to start the component test sequence.
- 4. Manually close blower door switch.

Blower door switch opens 115-v power to control. No component operation can occur unless switch is closed. Caution must be taken when manually closing this switch for service purposes.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, or death. Blower door switch opens 115-v power to furnace control. No component operation can occur unless switch is closed. Exercise caution to avoid electrical shock from exposed electrical components when manually closing this switch for service purposes.

- 5. Component Test sequence will function as follows:
 - a. The furnace control CPU turns the inducer motor ON. The inducer motor will run for the entire test.
 - b. The hot surface igniter and the blower motor will be turned ON for 15 seconds each.
 - c. When the blower is turned OFF the inducer will be switched to low speed to 10 seconds.

NOTE: When the component test is completed, one or more status codes 11 or 25 will flash. See component test section or Service Label (Fig. 66) for explanation of status codes.

NOTE: To repeat component test, turn setup switch SW1-6 to OFF and then back ON.

- d. Turn setup switch SW1-6 OFF position and reconnect the "R" thermostat lead.
- RELEASE BLOWER DOOR SWITCH, reattach wire to "R" terminal on furnace control board and replace blower door.

Care and Maintenance

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Never store flammable or combustible materials on, near, or in contact with the furnace, such as:

- 1. Spray or aerosol cans, rags, brooms, dust mops, vacuum cleaners, or other cleaning tools.
- Soap powders, bleaches, waxes or other cleaning compounds, plastic or plastic containers, gasoline, kerosene, cigarette lighter fluid, dry cleaning fluids, or other volatile fluids.
- Paint thinners and other painting compounds, paper bags, or other paper products. Exposure to these materials could lead to corrosion of the heat exchangers.

For continuing high performance and to minimize possible furnace failure, periodic maintenance must be performed on this furnace. Consult your local dealer about proper frequency of maintenance and the availability of a maintenance contract.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the furnace and install lockout tag before performing any maintenance or service. Follow the operating instructions on the label attached to the furnace.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Never operate furnace without a filter or filtration device installed. Never operate a furnace with filter or filtration device access doors removed.

A CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts, and servicing furnaces.

The minimum maintenance on this furnace is as follows:

- 1. Check and clean air filter each month or more frequently if required. Replace if torn.
- Check blower motor and wheel for cleanliness each heating and cooling season. Clean as necessary.
- Check electrical connections for tightness and controls for proper operation each heating season. Service as necessary.
- Inspect burner compartment before each heating season for rust, corrosion, soot or excessive dust. If necessary, have furnace and burner serviced by a qualified service agency.
- Inspect the vent pipe/vent system before each heating season for water leakage, sagging pipes or broken fittings. Have vent pipes/vent system serviced by a qualified service agency.
- 6. Inspect any accessories attached to the furnace such as a humidifier or electronic air cleaner. Perform any service or maintenance to the accessories as recommended in the accessory instructions.

Cleaning and/or Replacing Air Filter

The air filter type may vary depending on the application or orientation. The filter is external to the furnace casing. There are no provisions for an internal filter with this furnace. See "Filter Arrangement" under the "Installation" section of this manual.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Never operate furnace without a filter or filtration device installed. Never operate a furnace with filter or filtration device access doors removed.

NOTE: If the filter has an airflow direction arrow, the arrow must point toward the blower.

To clean or replace filters, proceed as follows:

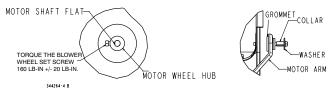
WARNING

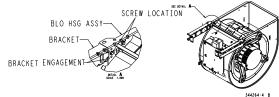
ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death, or property damage.

Before installing, modifying, or servicing system, main electrical disconnect switch must be in the OFF position and install a lockout tag. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label. Verify proper operation after servicing. Always reinstall access doors after completing service and maintenance.

- 1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
- 2. Remove filter cabinet door.
- 3. Slide filter out of cabinet.
- 4. If equipped with permanent, washable filter, clean filter by spraying cold tap water through filter in opposite direction of airflow. Rinse filter and let dry. Oiling or coating of the filter is not recommended.
- 5. If equipped with factory specified disposable media filter, replace only with a factory specified media filter of the same size.
- 6. Slide filter into cabinet.
- 7. Replace filter cabinet door.
- 8. Turn on electrical supply to furnace.





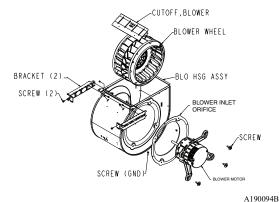


Fig. 67 – Blower Assembly

Blower Motor and Wheel Maintenance

To ensure long life, economy, and high efficiency, clean accumulated dirt and grease from blower wheel and motor annually.

The inducer and blower motors are pre-lubricated and require no additional lubrication. These motors can be identified by the absence of oil ports on each end of the motor.

The following items should be performed by a qualified service technician. Clean blower motor and wheel as follows:

1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.

- 2. Remove blower door.
- All factory wires can be left connected, but field thermostat and accessory wiring may need to be disconnected depending on their length and routing.
- 4. If the vent and combustion air pipe passes through the blower compartment, it will be necessary to remove the pipes from the blower compartment.

Disconnect the vent and combustion air pipe by:

- a. Loosen the clamps or screw on the vent couplings and combustion air pipe external to the furnace.
- b. Separate the pipes from the couplings and move them aside.
- Loosen the clamps on the vent couplings and combustion air pipe located on the blower shelf.
- d. Separate the pipes from the blower compartment and set aside.
- e. Remove the couplings from the pipe adapters and set aside.
- f. After servicing the blower, reverse steps a through e, resealing combustion air pipe per installation instructions.
- g. Tighten all clamps 15 lb -in.

See Fig. 67 For Steps 5 through 14.

Remove screws securing blower assembly to blower shelf and slide blower assembly out of furnace. Detach ground wire and disconnect blower motor harness plugs from blower motor.

NOTE: Blower wheel is fragile. Use care.

- Clean blower wheel and motor by using a vacuum with soft brush attachment. Be careful not to disturb balance weights (clips) on blower wheel vanes. Do not bend wheel or blades as balance will be affected.
- 7. If greasy residue is present on blower wheel, remove wheel from the blower housing and wash it with an appropriate degreaser. To remove wheel:

NOTE: The DIBC composite wheel used in some models should be cleaned with mild soapy water only. Allow wheel to dry prior to reassembly.

- a. Mark blower wheel location on shaft before disassembly to ensure proper reassembly.
- b. Loosen setscrew holding blower wheel on motor shaft.

NOTE: Mark blower mounting arms and blower housing so each arm is positioned at the same hole location during reassembly.

- Mark blower wheel orientation and cutoff plate location to ensure proper reassembly.
- d. Remove screws securing cutoff plate and remove cutoff plate from housing.
- Remove bolts holding motor mounts to blower housing and slide motor and mounts out of housing.
- f. Remove blower wheel from housing.
- g. Clean wheel per instructions on degreaser cleaner. Do not get degreaser in motor.
- 8. Reassemble motor and blower wheel by reversing items 7b through 7f. Ensure wheel is positioned for proper rotation.
- 9. Torque motor mounting bolts to 40 +/- 10 lb-in. when reassembling.
- 10. Torque blower wheel set screw to 160 +/- 20 lb-in. when reassembling.
- 11. Verify that blower wheel is centered in blower housing and set screw contacts the flat portion of the motor shaft. Loosen set screw on blower wheel and reposition if necessary.
- 12. Spin the blower wheel by hand to verify that the wheel does not rub on the housing.
- 13. Reinstall blower assembly in furnace.
- 14. Reinstall 2 screws securing blower assembly to blower deck.

15. Reconnect blower leads to furnace control. Refer to furnace wiring diagram, and connect thermostat leads if previously disconnected.

NOTE: Be sure to attach ground wire and reconnect blower harness plugs to blower motor.

MARNING

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. Blower door switch opens 115-v power to control. No component operation can occur unless switch is closed. Caution must be taken when manually closing this switch for service purposes.

- 16. Downflow or horizontal furnaces with vent pipe through furnace only:
 - a. Install and connect short piece of vent pipe inside furnace to existing vent.
 - b. Connect vent connector to vent elbow.
- 17. Turn on electrical supply. Manually close blower door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed. Check for proper rotation and speed changes between heating and cooling by jumpering R to G and R to Y/Y2 on furnace control thermostat terminals. If outdoor temperature is below 70°F, turn off circuit breaker to outdoor unit before running furnace in the cooling cycle. Turn outdoor circuit breaker on after completing cooling cycle. See Fig. 39.

NOTE: If R-W thermostat terminals are jumpered at the time blower door switch is closed, blower will run for 90 sec before beginning a heating cycle.

- a. Perform component self-test as shown at the bottom of the SERVICE label, located on the blower door.
- b. Verify blower is rotating in the correct direction
- 18. If furnace is operating properly, RELEASE BLOWER DOOR SWITCH. Remove any jumpers or reconnect any disconnected thermostat leads. Replace blower door.
- 19. Turn on gas supply and cycle furnace through one complete heating cycle. Verify the furnace temperature rise as shown in Adjustments Section. Adjust temperature rise as shown in Adjustments Section.

Cleaning Burners and Flame Sensor

The following items must be performed by a qualified service technician. If the burners develop an accumulation of light dirt or dust, they may be cleaned by using the following procedure:

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the furnace and install lockout tag before performing any maintenance or service. Follow the operating instructions on the label attached to the furnace.

NOTE: Use a back-up wrench on the gas valve to prevent the valve from rotating on the manifold or damaging the mounting to the burner assembly.

Refer to Fig. 68.

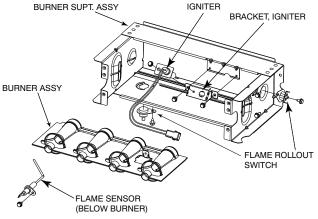


Fig. 68 – Burner Assembly

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- 1. Disconnect power at external disconnect, fuse or circuit breaker.
- 2. Turn off gas at external shut-off or gas meter.
- 3. Remove control door and set aside.
- Turn electric switch on gas valve to OFF.
- Disconnect the gas pipe from gas valve and remove pipe from the furnace casing.
- 6. Remove individual wires from terminals on gas valve.
- 7. Disconnect Hot Surface Igniter (HSI) wires from HSI.
- 8. Disconnect Flame Sensor wire from Flame Sensor.
- Support the manifold and remove the 4 screws that secure the manifold assembly to the burner assembly and set aside. Note the location of the green/yellow wire and ground terminal.
- 10. Inspect the orifices in the manifold assembly for blockages or obstructions. Remove orifice and clean or replace orifice.
- 11. Remove the four screws that attach the top plate of the casing to the furnace.
- Raise top plate up slightly and prop it up with a small piece of wood or folded cardboard.
- 13. Support the burner assembly and remove the screws that attach the burner assembly to the heat exchanger cell panel.
- 14. Remove wires from both rollout switches.
- 15. Slide one-piece burner out of slots on sides of burner assembly.
- 16. Remove the flame sensor from the burner assembly.
- 17. (Optional) Remove the Hot Surface Igniter (HSI) and bracket from the burner assembly.
- 18. Check igniter resistance. Nominal resistance is 40 to 70 ohms at room temperature and is stable over the life of the igniter.
- 19. Clean burner with a brush and a vacuum.
- 20. Clean the flame sensor with fine steel wool (0000 grade). Do not use sand paper or emery cloth.

To reinstall burner assembly:

- Install the Hot Surface Igniter (HSI) and bracket in burner assembly.
- 2. Install flame sensor on burner.
- Align the edges of the one-piece burner with the slots in the burner assembly and slide the burners forward until they are fully seated in the burner assembly.
- Align the orifices in the manifold assembly with the support rings on the end of the burner.
- 5. Insert the orifices in the support rings of the burners.

NOTE: If manifold does not fit flush against the burner, do not force the manifold on the burner assembly. The burners are not fully seated forward in the burner assembly. Remove the manifold and check burner positioning in the burner assembly before re-installing the manifold.

- Attach the green/yellow wire and ground terminal to one of the manifold mounting screws.
- 7. Install the remaining manifold mounting screws.
- 8. Check the igniter alignment. See Fig. 68, Fig. 69, and Fig. 70.
- 9. Attach the wires to the roll-out switches.
- 10. Align the burner assembly with the openings in the primary cell inlet panel and attach the burner assembly to the cell panel.
- 11. Connect the wire for the flame sensor.
- 12. Connect the wire for the Hot Surface Igniter.

NOTE: Use propane-resistant pipe dope to prevent leaks. Do not use PTFE thread-seal tape.

13. Install the gas pipe to the gas valve.

M WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury death, and/or property damage.

Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber. Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

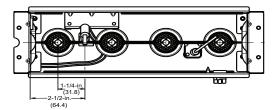


Fig. 69 – Igniter Position - Top View

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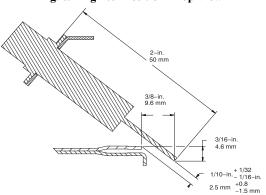


Fig. 70 – Igniter Position - Side View

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- 14. Check for gas leaks with a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks.
- Turn gas on at electric switch on gas valve and at external shut-off or meter
- 16. Turn power on at external disconnect, fuse or circuit breaker.
- 17. Run the furnace through two complete heating cycles to check for proper operation
- 18. Install control door when complete.

Servicing Hot Surface Igniter

The igniter does **NOT** require annual inspection. Check igniter resistance before removal. Refer to Fig. 68, Fig. 69, and Fig. 70.

- 1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
- 2. Remove control door.
- 3. Disconnect igniter wire connection.

- Check igniter resistance. Igniter resistance is affected by temperature. Only check resistance when the igniter is at room temperature.
 - using an ohm meter, check resistance across both igniter leads in connector.
 - b. Cold reading should be between 40 ohms and 70 ohms.
- 5. Remove igniter assembly.
 - a. Using a 1/4-in. driver, remove the two screws securing the igniter mounting bracket to the burner assembly See Fig. 68.
 - b. Carefully withdraw the igniter and bracket assembly through the front of the burner assembly without striking the igniter on surrounding parts.
 - c. Inspect igniter for signs of damage or failure.
 - d. If replacement is required, remove the screw that secures the igniter on igniter bracket and remove the igniter.
- To replace igniter and bracket assembly, reverse items 5a through 5d.
- 7. Reconnect igniter harness to the igniter, dressing the igniter wires to ensure there is no tension on the igniter itself. See Fig. 68.
- 8. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
- 9. Verify igniter operation by initiating control board self-test feature or by cycling thermostat.
- 10. Replace control door.

Flushing Collector Box and Drainage System

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the furnace and install lockout tag before performing any maintenance or service. Follow the operating instructions on the label attached to the furnace.

- 1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
- 2. Remove control door.
- 3. Disconnect pressure switch tube from pressure switch port.

NOTE: Ensure the pressure switch tube disconnected from the pressure switch is higher than the collector box opening or water will flow out of tube.

- 4. Remove the collector box plug from the top port on the upper corner of the collector box. See Fig. 62.
- 5. Attach a funnel with a flexible tube to port on the collector box.
- 6. Flush inside of collector box with water until discharge water from condensate trap is clean and runs freely.
- Repeat steps 4 through 6 with bottom plug on upper corner of collector box.
- 8. Remove the pressure switch tube from the collector box.

NOTE: Do **NOT** blow into tube with tube connected to the pressure switch.

- 9. Clean pressure switch port on collect box with a small wire. Shake any water out of pressure switch tube.
- 10. Reconnect tube to pressure switch and pressure switch port.
- 11. Remove the relief tube from the port on the collector box and the trap.
- 12. Clean the relief port on collect box and the trap with a small wire. Shake any water out of the tube.
- 13. Reconnect relief tube to trap and collector box ports.

Cleaning Condensate Drain and Trap

NOTE: If the condensate trap is removed, a new gasket between the trap and collector box is required. Verify a condensate trap gasket is included in the service kit or obtain one from your local distributor.

- 1. Disconnect power at external disconnect, fuse or circuit breaker.
- 2. Turn off gas at external shut-off or gas meter.
- 3. Remove control door and set aside.
- 4. Turn electric switch on gas valve to OFF.
- Disconnect external drain from condensate drain elbow or drain extension pipe inside the furnace and set aside.
- 6. Disconnect the condensate trap relief hose from collector box port and condensate trap.

NOTE: If condensate has a heat pad attached to the trap, trace the wires for the pad back to the connection point and disconnect the wires for the heat pad.

- 7. Remove the screw that secures the condensate trap to the collector box, remove the trap and set aside.
- 8. Remove the trap gasket from the collector box if it did not come off when the trap was removed.
- 9. Discard the old trap gasket.
- 10. Rinse condensate trap in warm water until trap is clean.
- 11. Flush condensate drain lines with warm water. Remember to check and clean the relief port on the collector box.
- 12. Shake trap dry.
- 13. Clean port on collector box with a small wire.

To re-install Condensate Drain and Trap:

- 1. Remove adhesive backing from condensate trap gasket
- 2. Install gasket on collector box
- 3. Align the condensate trap with the drain opening on the collector box and secure the trap with the screw
- Attach the relief hose to the relief port on the condensate trap and collector box.
- 5. Secure tubing to prevent any sags or traps in the tubing.
- 6. Connect condensate drain elbow or drain extension elbow to the condensate trap
- 7. Connect the leads of the condensate heat pad (if used)
- Connect external drain piping to the condensate drain elbow or drain extension pipe.
- Turn gas on at electric switch on gas valve and at external shut-off or meter
- 10. Turn power on at external disconnect, fuse or circuit breaker.
- 11. Run the furnace through two complete heating cycles to check for proper operation
- 12. Install control door when complete.

Checking Heat Pad Operation (If Applicable)

In applications where the ambient temperature around the furnace is 32°F or lower, freeze protection measures are required. If this application is where heat tape has been applied, check to ensure it will operate when low temperatures are present.

NOTE: The Heat Pad, when used, should be wrapped around the condensate drain trap. There is no need to use heat tape within the furnace casing. Most heat tapes are temperature activated, and it is not practical to verify the actual heating of the tape. Check the following:

- 1. Check for signs of physical damage to heat tape such as nicks, cuts, abrasions, gnawing by animals, etc.
- Check for discolored heat tape insulation. If any damage or discolored insulation is evident, replace heat tape.
- 3. Check that heat tape power supply circuit is on.

Cleaning Heat Exchangers

The following items must be performed by a qualified service technician.

Primary Heat Exchangers

If the heat exchangers get an accumulation of light dirt or dust on the inside, they may be cleaned by the following procedure:

NOTE: If the heat exchangers get a heavy accumulation of soot and carbon, both the primary and secondary heat exchangers should be replaced rather than trying to clean them thoroughly due to their intricate design. A build-up of soot and carbon indicates that a problem exists which needs to be corrected, such as improper adjustment of manifold pressure, insufficient or poor quality combustion air, improper vent termination, incorrect size or damaged manifold orifice(s), improper gas, or a restricted heat exchanger (primary or secondary). Action must be taken to correct the problem.

1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.

MARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death, or property damage.

Before installing, modifying, or servicing system, main electrical disconnect switch must be in the OFF position and install a lockout tag. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label. Verify proper operation after servicing. Always reinstall access doors after completing service and maintenance.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the furnace and install lockout tag before performing any maintenance or service. Follow the operating instructions on the label attached to the furnace.

- 2. Remove control door.
- Disconnect wires or connectors to flame rollout switch, gas valve, igniter, and flame sensor.
- 4. Using backup wrench, disconnect gas supply pipe from furnace gas control valve.
- 5. Remove two screws attaching top filler plate and rotate upwards to gain access to screws attaching burner assembly to cell panel.
- Remove screws attaching burner assembly to cell panel. See Fig. 68.

NOTE: Burner cover, manifold, gas valve, and burner assembly should be removed as one assembly.

7. Clean heat exchanger openings with a vacuum and a soft brush. See Fig. 71.

NOTE: After cleaning, inspect the heat exchangers to ensure they are free of all foreign objects that may restrict flow of combustion products.

- 8. Reverse items 6 through 1 for reassembly.
- 9. Refer to furnace wiring diagram and reconnect wires to flame rollout switch, gas valve, igniter, and flame sensor.
- 10. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
- 11. Check furnace operation through 2 complete heat operating cycles. Look at burners. Burner flames should be clear blue, almost transparent. See Fig. 65.

- 12. Check for gas leaks.
- 13. Replace main furnace door.

M WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury death, and/or property damage.

Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber. Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

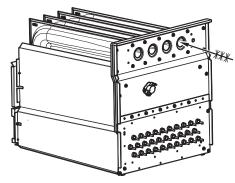


Fig. 71 – Cleaning Heat Exchanger Cell

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Secondary Heat Exchangers

The condensing side (inside) of the secondary heat exchanger CANNOT be serviced or inspected without complete removal of the heat exchanger assembly. Detailed information on heat exchanger removal can be obtained from your Distributor.

Wiring Diagrams

See Fig. 73 for the Deluxe 4-Way Multipoise Furnace wiring diagrams.

WINTERIZATION

A CAUTION

UNIT AND PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit component or property damage.

If the furnace is installed in an unconditioned space where the ambient temperatures may be 32° F (0° C) or lower, freeze protection measures must be taken to prevent minor property or product damage.

Since the furnace uses a condensing heat exchanger, some water will accumulate in the unit as a result of the heat transfer process. Therefore, once it has been operated, it cannot be turned off and left off for an extended period of time when temperatures will reach 32°F (0°C) or lower unless winterized. Follow these procedures to winterize your furnace:

A CAUTION

UNIT COMPONENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to the furnace and other property damage.

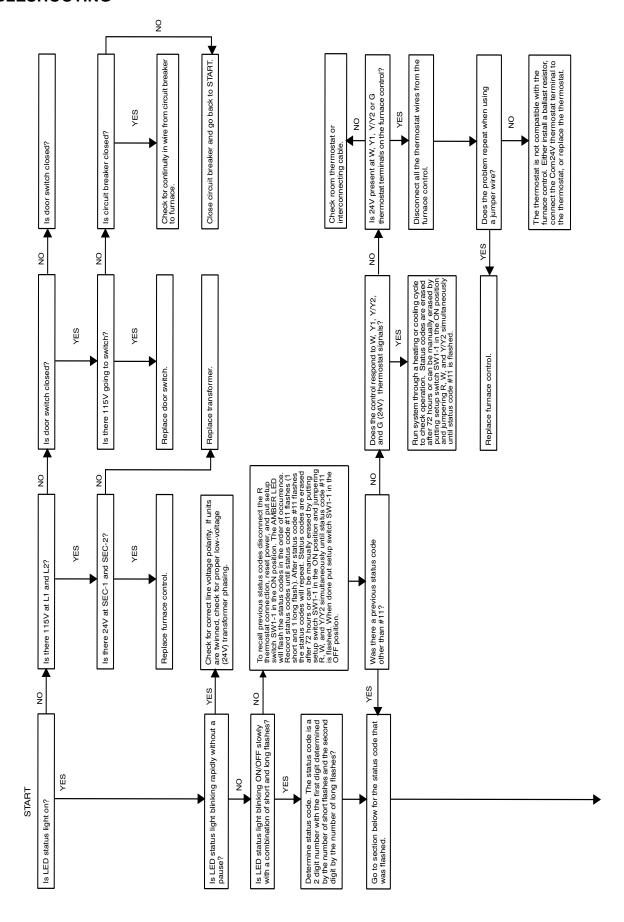
Do not use ethylene glycol (automotive antifreeze coolant or equivalent). Failure of plastic components may occur.

- Obtain propylene glycol (RV/swimming pool antifreeze or equivalent).
- 2. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to your furnace.
- 3. Remove furnace control door.
- 4. Remove the top unused rubber plug from the port on the collector box opposite the condensate trap. See Fig. 62.
- 5. Connect a field supplied 3/8-in. (9.5-mm) ID tube to the open port on the collector box
- 6. Insert a field supplied funnel into the tube.
- Pour 1 quart of anti-freeze solution into the funnel/tube. Antifreeze should run through the inducer housing, overfill condensate trap and flow to an open drain.
- 8. Replace the rubber plug in the port on the collector box.
- 9. Remove the middle unused rubber plug from the port on the collector box opposite the condensate trap. See Fig. 62.
- 10. Repeat Steps 5 through 8.
- 11. If a condensate pump is used, check with pump manufacturer to verify pump is safe for use with antifreeze used. Allow pump to start and pump anti-freeze to open drain.
- 12. Replace main door.
- 13. When furnace is re-started, flush condensate pump with clear water to check for proper operation before re-starting furnace.
- 14. Propylene glycol need not be removed before re-starting furnace.

15. Component self-test

The furnace features a component test system to help diagnose a system problem in the case of a component failure. To initiate the component test procedure, ensure that there are no thermostat inputs to the control and all time delays have expired. Turn on setup switch SW1-6. See Fig. 39. Refer to page 61 for instructions.

TROUBLESHOOTING



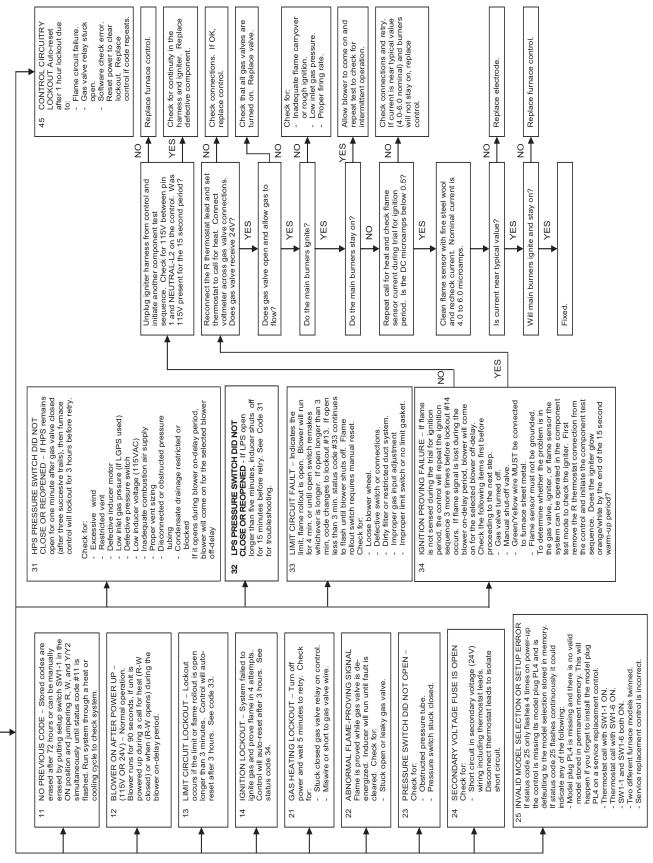


Fig. 72 – Troubleshooting Guide

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SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

NOTE: Furnace control must be grounded for proper operation or control will lock out. Control is grounded through green/yellow wire routed to gas valve and manifold bracket screw. Using the schematic diagram in Fig., follow the sequence of operation through the different modes. Read and follow the wiring diagram very carefully.

NOTE: If a power interruption occurs during a call for heat (W), the control will start a 90-sec blower-only ON period two sec after power is restored, if the thermostat is still calling for gas heating. The Amber LED light will flash code 12 during the 90-sec period, after which the LED will be ON continuous, as long as no faults are detected. After the 90-sec period, the furnace will respond to the thermostat normally.

The blower door must be installed for power to be conducted through the blower door interlock switch ILK to the furnace control CPU, transformer TRAN, inducer motor IDM, blower motor BLWM, hot-surface igniter HSI, and gas valve GV.

1. Heating

See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections. The wall thermostat "calls for heat," closing the R-to-W circuit. The furnace control performs a self-check, verifies the pressure switch contacts LPS and HPS are open, and starts the inducer motor IDM.

- a. Inducer Prepurge Period- As the inducer motor IDM comes up to speed, the collector box pressure switch contacts LPS close to begin a 15-sec prepurge period. The inducer housing pressure switch contacts HPS are ignored until one minute after the gas valve closes.
- b. **Igniter Warm-Up-** At the end of the prepurge period, the Hot-Surface igniter HSI is energized for a 17-sec igniter warm-up period.
- c. **Trial-for-Ignition Sequence-** When the igniter warm-up period is completed, the main gas valve relay contacts GVR close to energize the gas valve GV, the gas valve opens, and 24 vac power is supplied for a field-installed humidifier at the HUM terminal. The gas valve GV permits gas flow to the burners where it is ignited by the HSI. Five sec after the GVR closes, a 2-sec flame proving period begins. The HSI igniter will remain energized until the flame is sensed or until the 2-sec flame proving period begins.
- d. Flame-Proving- When the burner flame is proved at the flame-proving sensor electrode FSE, the furnace control CPU begins the blower-ON delay period and continues to hold the gas valve GV open. If the burner flame is not proved within two sec, the control CPU will close the gas valve GV, and the control CPU will repeat the ignition sequence for up to three more Trials-For-Ignition before going to Ignition-Lockout. Lockout will be reset automatically after three hours or by momentarily interrupting 115 vac power to the furnace, or by interrupting 24 vac power at SEC1 or SEC2 to the furnace control CPU (not at W, G, R, etc.).
 - If flame is proved when flame should not be present, the furnace control CPU will lock out of Gas-Heating mode and operate the inducer motor IDM until flame is no longer proved.
- e. Blower-On Delay- If the burner flame is proven, the blower motor is energized on HEAT speed 25 sec after the gas valve GV is energized.
 - Simultaneously, the electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 is energized and remains energized as long as the blower motor BLWM is energized.
- f. **Blower-Off Delay-** When the thermostat is satisfied, the R-to-W circuit is opened, de-energizing the gas valve GV, stopping gas flow to the burners, and de-energizing the humidifier terminal HUM. The inducer motor IDM will remain energized for a 15-sec post-purge period. The blower motor BLWM and air

cleaner terminal EAC-1 will remain energized for 90, 120, 150, or 180 sec (depending on the blower-OFF delay selection). The furnace control CPU is factory-set for a 120-sec Blower-OFF delay.

2. Cooling mode

The thermostat "calls for cooling".

a. Single-Speed Cooling-

See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections
The thermostat closes the R-to-G-and-Y circuits. The R-to-Y
circuit starts the outdoor unit, and the R-to-G-and-Y/Y2 circuits
start the furnace blower motor BLWM on cooling airflow.
Cooling airflow is based on the A/C selection shown in Fig. 60.
The electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 is energized with 115
vac when the blower motor BLWM is operating.
When the thermostat is satisfied, the R-to-G-and-Y circuits are
opened. The outdoor unit will stop, and the furnace blower motor
BLWM will continue operating at cooling airflow for an
additional 90 seconds. Jumper Y/Y2 to DHUM to reduce the
cooling off-delay to 5 seconds. See Fig. 39.

b. Single-Stage Thermostat and Two-Speed Cooling (Adaptive Mode) -

See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections. This furnace can operate a two-speed cooling unit with a single-stage thermostat because the furnace control CPU includes a programmed adaptive sequence of controlled operation, which selects low-cooling or high-cooling operation. This selection is based upon the stored history of the length of previous cooling period of the single-stage thermostat.

NOTE: The air conditioning relay disable jumper ACRDJ must be connected to enable the adaptive cooling mode in response to a call for cooling. See Fig. 39. When ACRDJ is in place the furnace control CPU can turn on the air conditioning relay ACR to energize the Y/Y2 terminal and switch the outdoor unit to high-cooling.

The furnace control CPU can start up the cooling unit in either low- or high-cooling. If starting up in low-cooling, the furnace control CPU determines the low-cooling on-time (from 0 to 20 minutes) which is permitted before switching to high-cooling. If the power is interrupted, the stored history is erased and the furnace control CPU will select low-cooling for up to 20 minutes and then energize the air conditioning relay ACR to energize the Y/Y2 terminal and switch the outdoor unit to high-cooling, as long as the thermostat continues to call for cooling. Subsequent selection is based on stored history of the thermostat cycle times.

The wall thermostat "calls for cooling", closing the R-to-G-and-Y circuits. The R-to-Y1 circuit starts the outdoor unit on low-cooling speed, and the R-to-G-and-Y1 circuits starts the furnace blower motor BLWM at low-cooling airflow which is the true on-board CF selection as shown in Fig. 60.

If the furnace control CPU switches from low-cooling to high-cooling, the furnace control CPU will energize the air conditioning relay ACR. When the air conditioning relay ACR is energized the R-to-Y1 and -Y2 circuits switch the outdoor unit to high-cooling speed, and the R-to-G-and-Y1 and Y/Y2 circuits transition the furnace blower motor BLWM to high-cooling airflow. High-cooling airflow is based on the A/C selection shown in Fig. 39.

NOTE: When transitioning from low-cooling to high-cooling the outdoor unit compressor will shut down for 1 minute while the furnace blower motor BLWM transitions to run at high-cooling airflow.

The electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 is energized with 115 vac whenever the blower motor BLWM is operating.

When the thermostat is satisfied, the R-to-G-and-Y circuit are opened. The outdoor unit stops, and the furnace blower BLWM and electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 will remain energized for an additional 90 seconds. Jumper Y/Y1 to DHUM to reduce the cooling off-delay to 5 seconds. See Fig. 39.

c. Two-Stage Thermostat and Two-Speed Cooling
 See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections

NOTE: The air conditioning relay disable jumper ACRDJ must be disconnected to allow thermostat control of the outdoor unit staging. See Fig. 39.

The thermostat closes the R-to-G-and-Y1 circuits for low-cooling or closes the R-to-G-and-Y1 and -Y2 circuits for high-cooling. The R-to-Y1 circuit starts the outdoor unit on low-cooling speed, and the R-to-G-and-Y1 circuit starts the furnace blower motor BLWM at low-cooling airflow which is the true on-board CF (continuous fan) selection as shown in Fig. 69. The R-to-Y1 and -Y2 circuits start the outdoor unit on high-cooling speed, and the R-to-G-and-Y/Y2 circuits start the furnace blower motor BLWM at high-cooling airflow. High-cooling airflow is based on the A/C (air conditioning) selection shown in Fig. 60.

The electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 is energized with 115 vac whenever the blower motor BLWM is operating.

When the thermostat is satisfied, the R-to-G-and-Y1 or R-to- G-and-Y1 and -Y2 circuits are opened. The outdoor unit stops, and the furnace blower BLWM and electronic air cleaner terminal EAC-1 will remain energized for an additional 90 seconds. Jumper Y1 to DHUM to reduce the cooling off-delay to 5 seconds. See Fig. 39.

3. Dehumidification Mode

See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections.

The dehumidification output, D or DHUM on the Thermidistat should be connected to the furnace control thermostat terminal DHUM. When there is a dehumidify demand, the DHUM input is activated, which means 24 vac signal is removed from the DHUM input terminal. In other words, the DHUM input logic is reversed. The DHUM input is turned ON when no dehumidify demand exists. Once 24 vac is detected by the furnace control on the DHUM input, dehumidification capability is activated. If the DHUM input is removed for more than 48 hours, the furnace control reverts back to non-dehumidification mode.

The cooling operation described in item 3 above also applies to operation with a dehumidification thermostat. The exceptions are listed below:

- a. Low cooling-When the R-to-G-and-Y1 circuit is closed and there is a demand for dehumidification, the low cooling airflow demand is reduced by 10 percent.
- b. High cooling-When the R-to-G-and Y/Y2 circuit is closed and there is a demand for dehumidification, high cooling airflow demand is reduced by 10 percent.
- c. Cooling off-delay-When the "call for cooling" is satisfied and there is a demand for dehumidification, the cooling blower-off delay is decreased from 90 seconds to 5 seconds.

4. Continuous Blower Mode

When the R-to-G circuit is closed by the thermostat, the blower motor BLWM will operate at continuous blower airflow. Continuous blower airflow selection is initially based on the CF (continuous fan) selection shown in Fig. 60. Factory default is shown in Fig. 60. Terminal EAC-1 is energized as long as the blower motor BLWM is energized.

During a call for heat, the furnace control CPU will transition the blower motor BLWM to continuous blower airflow or heat airflow whichever is lowest. The blower motor BLWM will remain ON until the main burners ignite then shut OFF and remain OFF for the blower-ON delay (25 seconds in heat), allowing the furnace heat exchangers to heat up more quickly, then restarts at the end of the blower-ON delay period at heat airflow.

The blower motor BLWM will revert to continuous-blower airflow after the heating cycle is completed.

When the thermostat "calls for low-cooling", the blower motor BLWM will switch to operate at low-cooling airflow. When the thermostat is satisfied, the blower motor BLWM will operate an additional 90 seconds at low-cooling airflow before transitioning back to continuous-blower airflow.

When the thermostat "calls for high-cooling", the blower motor BLWM will operate at high cooling airflow. When the thermostat is satisfied, the blower motor BLWM will operate an additional 90 seconds at high-cooling airflow before transitioning back to continuous-blower airflow. When the R-to-G circuit is opened, the blower motor BLWM will continue operating for an additional 5 seconds, if no other function requires blower motor BLWM operation.

Continuous Blower Speed Selection from Thermostat

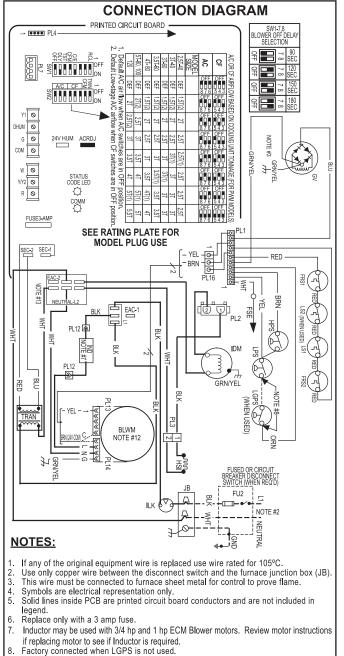
To select different continuous-blower airflow from the room thermostat, momentarily turn off the FAN switch or push button on the room thermostat for 1-3 seconds after the blower motor BLWM is operating. The furnace control CPU will shift the continuous-blower airflow from the factory setting to the next highest CF selection airflow as shown in Fig. 60. Momentarily turning off the FAN switch again at the thermostat will shift the continuous-blower airflow up one more increment. If you repeat this procedure enough you will eventually shift the continuous-blower airflow to the lowest CF selection as shown in Fig. 60. The selection can be changed as many times as desired and is stored in the memory to be automatically used following a power interruption.

NOTE: If the blower-off delay is set to the maximum, the adjustable continuous-fan feature is locked (i.e., fan speed cannot be changed from its current setting).

5. Heat pump

See Fig. 39 and Fig. 40 for thermostat connections.

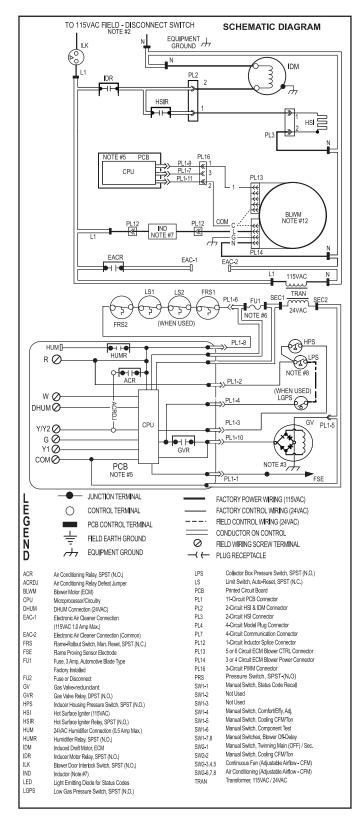
When installed with a heat pump, the furnace control automatically changes the timing sequence to avoid long blower off times during demand defrost cycles. Whenever W is energized along with Y1 or Y/Y2, the furnace control CPU will transition to or bring on the blower motor BLWM at cooling airflow or low-heat airflow whichever is lowest. The blower motor BLWM will remain on until the main burners ignite then shut OFF and remain OFF for 25 seconds before coming back on at heating airflow. When the W/W1 input signal disappears, the furnace control begins a normal inducer post-purge period while changing the blower airflow. If Y/Y2 input is still energized the furnace control CPU will transition the blower motor BLWM airflow to cooling airflow. If Y/Y2 input signal disappears and the Y1 input is still energized the furnace control CPU will transition the blower motor BLWM to low-cooling airflow. If both the Y1 and Y/Y2 signals disappear at the same time, the blower motor BLWM will remain on at low-heat airflow for the selected blower-OFF delay period. At the end of the blower-OFF delay, the blower motor BLWM will shut OFF unless G is still energized, in which case the blower motor BLWM will operate at continuous blower airflow.



- Blower-off delay: gas heating selections are 90, 120, 150 or 180 seconds, cooling or heat pump 90 seconds or 5 seconds when dehumidify call is active.

 Ignition-lockout will occur after four consecutive unsuccessful trials-for-ignition.
- Control will auto-reset after three hours.
- 11. Inducer (IDM) motor contains internal auto-reset thermal overload switches (OL). 12. PL 13 and PL14 not available on all motors. Blower motor (BLWM) leads may be
- hardwired at motor. Depending on motor type, 24V Common wire may be in either CTRL (PL5) or Power (PL6) Connector
- N connections are interchangeable within the N connector block.

 BLWM is locked rotor overload protected by redundant electronic control circuits.



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Fig. 73 - Wiring Diagram

PARTS REPLACEMENT INFORMATION GUIDE

PARTS REPEACEMENT IN ORMATION GOIDE

Casing Group
Blower door

Bottom plate Control door

Door knob assembly

Top filler plate

Electrical Group

3-Amp fuse Circuit board

Control box

Door switch

Junction box

Limit switch(es)

Transformer

Blower Group

Blower housing

Blower motor Blower wheel

Cut-off plate

D 1.1.

Power choke (where used)

Filter Group

Filter(s)

Media Cabinet (when used)

Gas Control Group

Burner

Flame sensor

Gas valve

Hot surface igniter

Manifold

Orifice

Heat Exchanger Group

Containment plate

Coupling Box

Heat exchanger assembly Primary HX cell panel

Secondary HX assembly

Tubing gaskets

Inducer Group

Collector box

Condensate trap

Condensate trap elbow

Gaskets

Inducer

Inducer assembly

Inducer motor capacitor (when used)

Inducer motor module (when used)

Pressure switch(es)

TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ON PARTS: Consult your installing dealer or a licensed Heating and Air Conditioning company of your choice:

CARRIER

7310 West Morris Street

Indianapolis, IN 46231 U.S.A.

Have available the model number, series number, and serial number located on the unit rating plate to ensure correct replacement part.

MODEL NOMENCLATURE

MODEL	HEATING SIZE	MOTOR	WIDTH	VOLTAGE	MINOR SERIES	COOLING AIRFLOW (CFM)
59SP6A	120	V	24	_	_	22

▲ WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in dangerous operation, personal injury, death or property damage.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance can cause personal injury, property damage, or death. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or your local gas supplier for information or assistance. The qualified installer or service agency must use only factory-authorized replacement parts, kits, or accessories when modifying this product.

TRAINING

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59SP6A: Installation, Start-up, Operating, Service and Maintenance Instructions

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