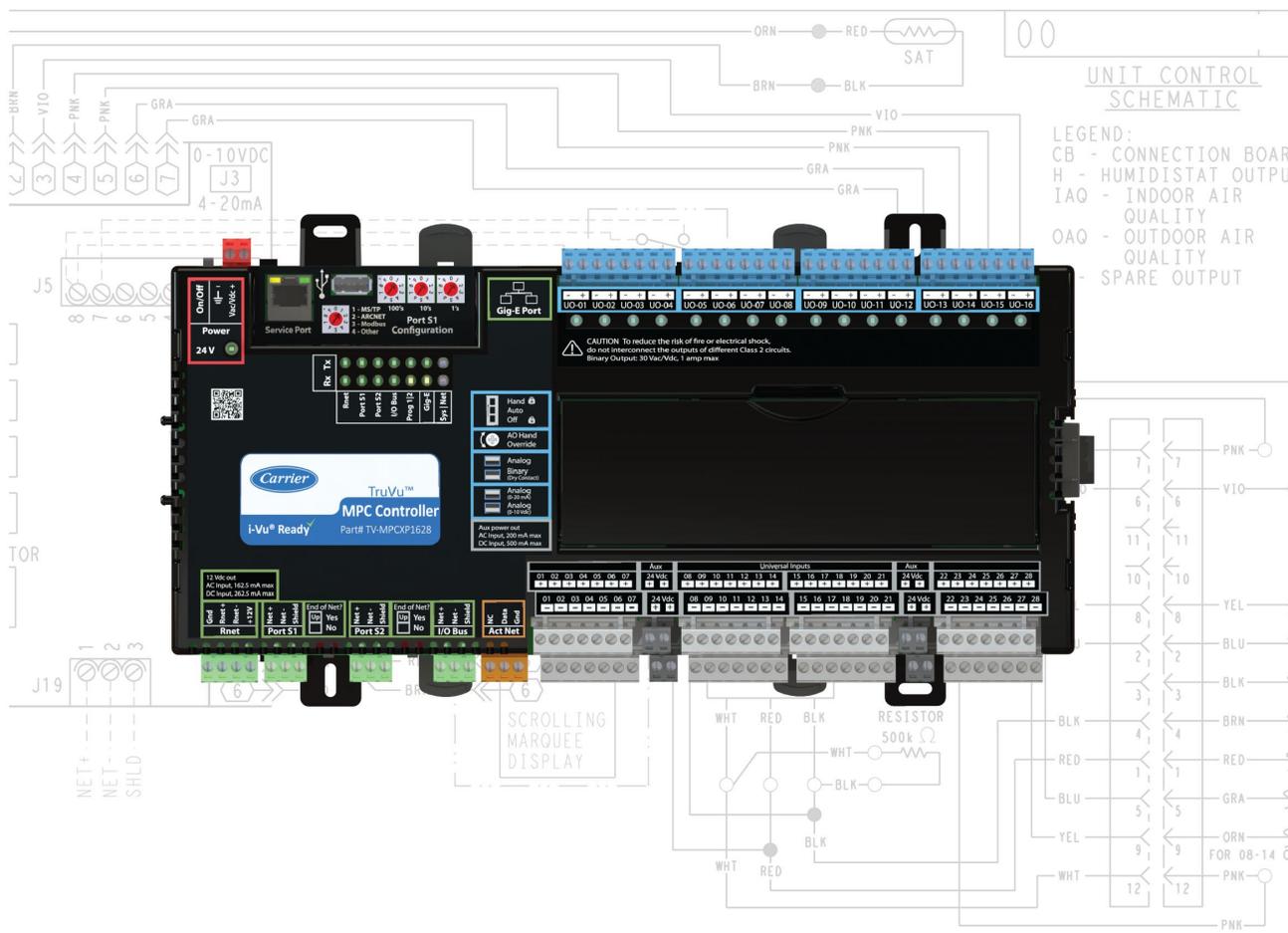


TruVu™ MPC Controller (part no. TV-MPCXP1628)

Installation and Start-up Guide





Verify that you have the most current version of this document from www.hvacpartners.com, the **Carrier Partner Community** website, or your local Carrier office.

Important changes are listed in **Document revision history** at the end of this document.

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Contents

What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?	1
Critical Product Announcement	2
Specifications	3
Zone sensors	6
Touchscreen devices	6
To mount the TV-MPCXP1628	8
To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders	10
TruVu™ MPC I/O expander configurations	12
Wiring for power	16
To wire for power	16
Addressing the TV-MPCXP1628	17
Rotary switch settings.....	18
To set up autobaud.....	18
To set the IP address.....	19
To set the Port S1 address and baud rate	21
To set the Port S2 address and baud rate	22
Configuring BACnet Device Instance and network number.....	22
To set up BACnet Broadcast Management Devices (BBMDs)	23
Wiring for communications	27
Wiring specifications.....	27
To connect the TV-MPCXP1628 to the Ethernet.....	28
To wire to a BACnet/ARCNET network.....	28
To wire to a BACnet MS/TP network	29
To wire a third-party device	29
Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port	30
Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Act Net port	31
To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port network	32
To communicate locally through the Rnet port	34
To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® Pro interface.....	35
Wiring inputs and outputs	36
Inputs	36
Outputs	37
Wiring specifications.....	37
To wire inputs and outputs.....	38
To adjust input and output properties	42
Input values	42
Output values	44
Resolution values	44
Offset/Polarity values	45
To use an output's Hand-Auto-Off switch	46
Find and upload in the i-Vu® interface	47
Adjusting the TV-MPCXP1628 driver properties	48
Driver	48
Device	49
Notification Classes.....	50
Calendars	51
Common and Specific Alarms	51
Custom Translation Tables.....	52
BACnet Router Properties	52

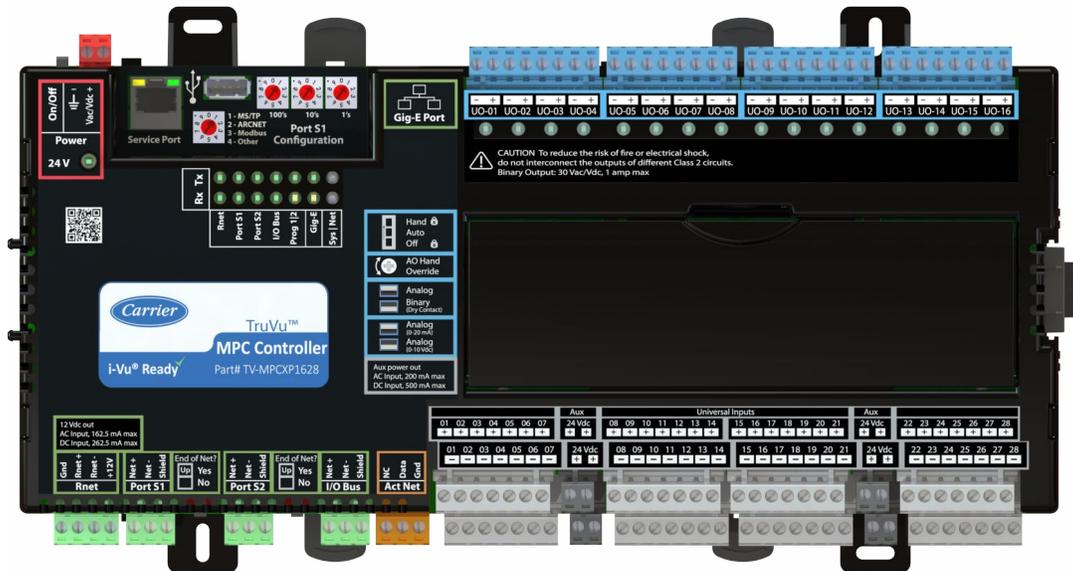
BACnet Firewall.....	53
Network Diagnostics - Statistics.....	53
Network Diagnostics - Packet Capture.....	55
I/O Expanders.....	57
To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® Pro interface.....	58
Act Net Bus	58
Communication Status	59
To set up Network Statistic trends.....	59
To set up the controller through the Service Port	61
ModStat tab.....	62
Device tab	62
Ports tab.....	63
BACnet tab.....	64
Modbus tab.....	66
Security tab.....	66
Local Network tab.....	66
Troubleshooting	70
LEDs	70
To configure custom Prog 1/2 LEDs.....	72
To get a Module Status report	73
Troubleshooting inputs and outputs.....	73
To monitor power input type.....	74
To get a Device Log	75
To get the TV-MPCXP1628's serial number	76
To replace the TV-MPCXP1628's fuses	76
To take the TV-MPCXP1628 out of service.....	78
Compliance	79
FCC Compliance.....	79
CE and UKCA Compliance	79
Industry Canada Compliance.....	79
BACnet Compliance.....	79
Appendix A: Module Status field descriptions	80
Appendix B: TV-MPCXP1628 wire lists	82
TV-MPCXP1628 input wire list.....	82
TV-MPCXP1628 output wire list	83
Document revision history	85



What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?

The TruVu™ MPC Controller (part no. TV-MPCXP1628) is a BACnet controller that:

- Provides BACnet routing between any supported BACnet communication types
- Supports I/O expanders
- Provides 28 universal inputs and 16 universal outputs
- Runs control programs
- Can have two BACnet/IP networks communicating on the Gig-E port
- Can serve as a BACnet Broadcast Management Device (BBMD) on each of the BACnet/IP networks
- Supports Foreign Device Registration (FDR)
- Supports DHCP IP addressing
- Has built-in network diagnostic capture functionality for troubleshooting
- Has network statistics that can be viewed numerically or as trend graphs
- Supports Rnet devices
- Supports up to 16 i-Vu® Smart Valves on the Act Net port
- Works with the i-Vu® v6.5 or later system with the latest cumulative patch
- Can serve as a gateway that can act as a:
 - Master or slave on a Modbus serial network
 - Server or client on a Modbus TCP/IP network



What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?

The TV-MPCXP1628 has 4 physical ports for BACnet or Modbus communication:

Port	Port type	For routing this type of communication...	At...
Gig-E	10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet	BACnet/IP, BACnet/Ethernet, and/or Modbus TCP/IP	10, 100, or 1000 Mbps (1 Gbps)
S1	High-speed EIA-485 port	BACnet/ARCNET or BACnet/MSTP or Modbus Serial	156 kbps 9.6 to 115.2 kbps 9.6 to 115.2 kbps
S2	Electrically isolated EIA-485 port	BACnet/MSTP or Modbus Serial	9.6 to 115.2 Kbps 9.6 to 115.2 kbps
Service Port	10/100 Mbps Ethernet HTTP/IP	BACnet/IP Service Port	10 or 100 Mbps

The TV-MPCXP1628 also has the following ports:

- I/O Bus port for wired TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders
- I/O bus edge connector for directly-connected TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders (DC only)
- Rnet port for ZS sensors, Wireless Adapter for wireless sensors, an Equipment Touch, and an TruVu™ ET Display
- USB port for recovery
- Act Net port for i-Vu® Smart Valves and Carrier actuators
- Ethernet Service Port for connecting locally to controller setup pages and the TruVu™ ET Display

Critical Product Announcement

Due to the global semiconductor supply chain uncertainty, starting July 2022, the TV-MPCXP1628 no longer supports communication over the ARCNET network. ARCNET-disabled TV-MPCXP1628s have a serial number starting with the prefix ICD and have an updated label. See *To get the TV-MPCXP1628's serial number* (page 76).

The TV-MPCXP1628's driver properties and controller setup pages only show available communication selection options.

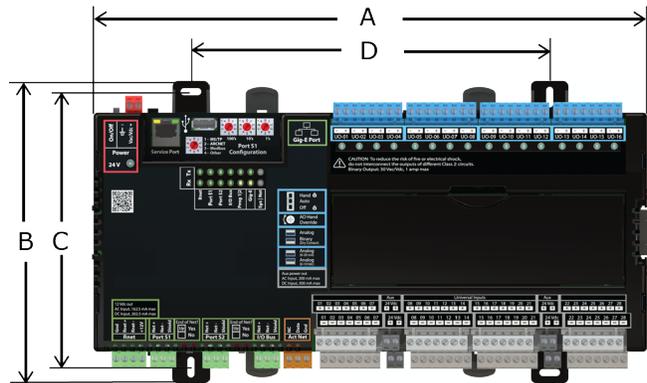
Specifications

Driver	drv_fwex_< version >.driverx
Maximum number of control programs*	999
Maximum number of BACnet objects*	12000
Third-party BACnet integration points	1500
Third-party Modbus integration points	200
* Depends on available memory.	
Power	24 Vac ±15%, 50–60 Hz, 100 VA 24 Vdc ±10%, 48 W
I/O expanders	Supports up to 9 TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders
Gig-E port	10/100/1000 BaseT, full duplex, Ethernet port for BACnet/IP and/or BACnet/Ethernet, or Modbus TCP/IP communication.
Port S1	For communication with either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A BACnet ARCNET network at 156 kbps • A BACnet MS/TP network at 9600 to 115200 bps • A Modbus serial network at 9600 to 115200 bps This port's End of Net? switch can be set to Yes to terminate the network segment.
Port S2	For communication with either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A BACnet MS/TP network at 9600 to 115200 bps • A Modbus serial network at 9600 to 115200 bps This port's End of Net? switch can be set to Yes to terminate the network segment.
Rnet port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supports Up to 15 ZS wireless and/or ZS sensors, and one Equipment Touch or TruVu™ ET Display • Supports local connection for a laptop running the i-Vu® application • Supplies 12 Vdc power less than or equal to 162.5 mA when the TV-MPCXP1628 is powered from an AC source and less than or equal to 262.5 mA when powered by a DC source. <p>NOTE If the total power required by the sensors on the Rnet exceeds the power supplied by the Rnet port, use an external power source. The Wireless Adapter, Equipment Touch, or TruVu™ ET Display must be powered by an external power source. See the specifications in each device's Installation and Start-up Guide to determine the power required.</p>
Act Net port	Supports up to 16 i-Vu® Smart Valves and Carrier actuators
I/O Bus port	Provides communication for up to 9 wired TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders. See <i>TruVu™ MPC I/O expander configurations</i> (page 12, page 10).
I/O bus edge connector	6-pin connector that provides communication and power to a directly-connected TruVu™ MPC I/O expander (DC only).
Service Port	Ethernet port at 10 or 100 Mbps for setting up the controller and troubleshooting through a local connection to a computer or connecting to the TruVu™ ET Display Supports local connection for a laptop running the i-Vu® application
USB port	USB 2.0 host port for device recovery

What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?

Aux 24V+ DC	8 Terminals Supplies 24Vdc to external I/O devices, max 200mA total (when controller powered by AC) or max 500mA total (when controller powered by DC)
Universal inputs	28 Inputs are configurable in the control program for 0–5 Vdc, 0–10 Vdc, 0–20 mA, RTD, thermistor, dry contact, or pulse counter.
Input resolution	16 bit A/D
Input pulse frequency	60 pulses per second. Minimum pulse width (on or off time) required for each pulse is 8.33 msec.
Universal outputs	16 Outputs can be set as analog or binary outputs. Analog outputs can be used for 0-10 Vdc or 0-20 mA devices. Binary outputs have a built-in relay and can be used to switch external devices or relays up to 1A, 30 Vac/Vdc.
Output resolution	12 bit D/A
Controller microprocessor	32-bit ARM Cortex-A8, 600MHz, processor with multi-level cache memory
Inputs and outputs microprocessor	Two 32-bit microprocessors with 256 kB Flash memory and 64 kB SRAM
Memory	8 GBs eMMC Flash memory and 512 MB DDR3 DRAM (22 MB available to use). User data is archived to non-volatile Flash memory when parameters are changed, every 90 seconds, and when the firmware is deliberately restarted. NOTE When you change a parameter, you must wait 30 seconds before turning the power off, in order for the change to be saved.
Real-time clock	Real-time clock keeps track of time in the event of a power failure for up to 3 days.
Protection	The TV-MPCXP1628 has two fast acting, 5mm x 20mm glass fuses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A 2.5A fuse for the TV-MPCXP1628's power • A 4A fuse for the I/O bus edge connector The power and network ports comply with the EMC requirements EN50491-5-2.  CAUTION To protect against large electrical surges on serial EIA-485 networks, place a PROT485 at each place wire enters or exits the building.
LED status indicators	See LEDs (page 70) for details. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tricolor Net LED to show network status • Tricolor Sys LED to show system status • A Tx (Transmit) and Rx (Receive) LED for the following ports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Gig-E ○ I/O Bus ○ Port S1 ○ Port S2 ○ Rnet • Output LEDs indicate status of communications. • Prog 1/2 LEDs are customizable. See <i>To configure custom Prog 1/2 LEDs</i> (page 72).

Environmental operating range	-40 to 158 °F (-40 to 70 °C), 10-95% relative humidity, non-condensing NOTES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The TV-MPCXP1628 is suitable for installation inside or outside the building envelope. Install in a UL Listed enclosure only. Do not change the position of the power or End of Net switch at temperatures below -22 °F (-30C) to ensure proper operation and electrical connectivity.
Physical	Fire-retardant plastic ABS, UL94-5VA
Terminal blocks and connectors	Screw-type terminal blocks. 0.2 in (5.08 mm) pitch connectors
Mounting	35mm DIN rail mounting or screw mounting



Overall dimensions	A: 12.75 in. (32.38 cm) B: 6.95 in. (17.68 cm) Depth: 2.09 in. (5.31 cm)
Screw mounting dimensions	C: 6.34 in (16.1 cm) D: 8.25 in. (20.95 cm)
Weight	2.7 lb. (1.22 kg)
BACnet support	Conforms to the BACnet Building Controller (B-BC), BACnet Router (B-RTR) Standard Device and BACnet Broadcast Management Device (B-BBMD) as defined in BACnet 135. Tested to and listed to Protocol Revision 14 (135-2012).
Compliance	United States of America: FCC CFR, Part 15, Class B Canada: Industry Canada Compliant, ICES-003, Class A cUL Listed UL 916, PAZX7, Energy Management Equipment Europe:  Mark, UK:  EN50491-5-2:2009; Part 5-2: EMC requirements for HBES/BACS used in residential, commercial and light industry environment RoHS Compliant: 2015/863/EU REACH Compliant

Zone sensors

You can wire ZS sensors and/or a Wireless Adapter that communicates with wireless sensors to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port. You can have up to 15 ZS and/or wireless sensors.

NOTES

- A control program can use no more than 5 ZS sensors, so you must use multiple control programs if your Rnet network has more than 5 sensors.
- ZS and wireless sensors can share the Rnet with an Equipment Touch or TruVu™ ET Display.



CAUTION Rnet power

The Rnet port provides 12 Vdc at up to 162.5 mA when the TV-MPCXP1628 is powered from an AC source and up to 262.5 mA when powered by a DC source. When determining which devices to put on the Rnet, verify that the total current draw of the sensors does not exceed the controller's Rnet power. See the sensor's *Installation and Start-up Guide* to determine the power required.

Touchscreen devices

You can connect the TV-MPCXP1628 to the touchscreen devices using the Rnet port or the Ethernet Service port.

Rnet port

You can wire a TruVu™ ET Display to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port to view or change the controller's property values, schedule equipment, view trends and alarms, and more, without having to access the system's server. The Rnet port can have one Equipment Touch or TruVu™ ET Display, plus ZS sensors and/or a Wireless Adapter that communicates with wireless sensors.

NOTE These touchscreen devices are not powered by the Rnet port.

- The TruVu™ ET Display requires a 24 Vdc external power source.
- The Equipment Touch requires a 24 Vac external power source.

Ethernet port

You can connect the TruVu™ ET Display to the TV-MPCXP1628's Ethernet Service port to view or change the controller's property values, schedule equipment, view trends and alarms, and more, without having to access the system's server.

NOTES

- These touchscreen devices are not powered by the Ethernet port.
- The TruVu™ ET Display requires a 24 Vdc external power source.

Shared power



CAUTION A touchscreen device can share a power supply with the Carrier controller if:

- The power source shared by the controller and Equipment Touch is AC power.
- The power source shared by the controller and TruVu™ ET Display is DC power.
- You maintain the same polarity.
- You use the power source only for Carrier controllers.

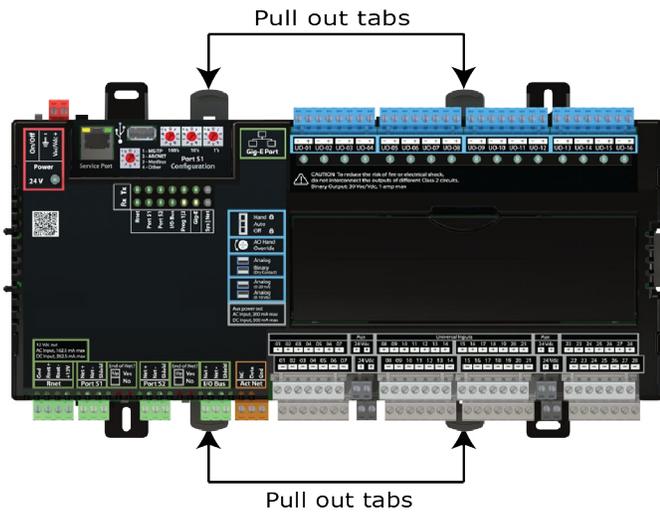
To mount the TV-MPCXP1628

The TV-MPCXP1628 can be mounted on a DIN rail or screwed to a surface.

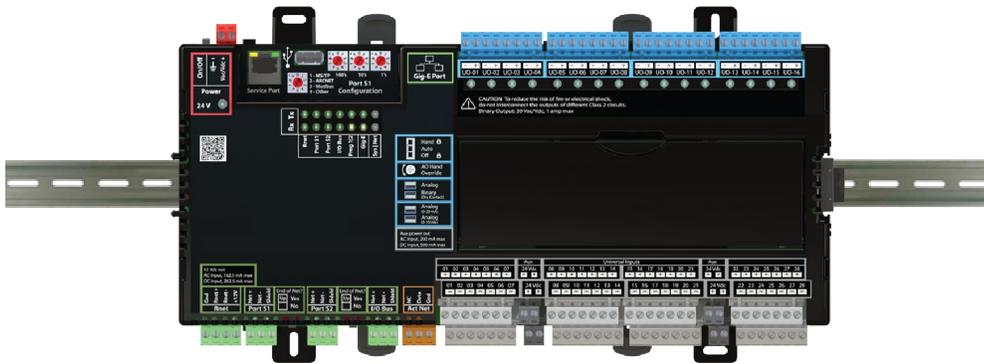
NOTE We recommend screw mounting when installing in a high temperature and high humidity environment.

DIN rail mount

- 1 Push down and pull out the DIN rail tabs shown below to clear the DIN rail trough on the back of the controller.



- 2 Place the controller on the DIN rail so that the rail is in the trough on the back of the controller.

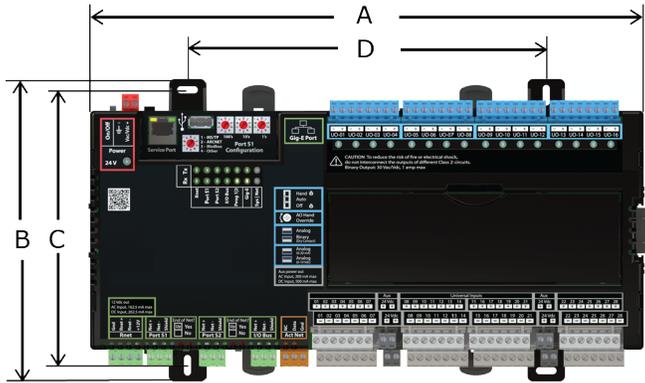


- 3 Push the DIN rail tabs towards the controller until you hear them click.
- 4 Pull gently on the controller to verify that it is locked in place.

Screw Mount

Leave about 2 in. (5 cm) on each side of the controller for wiring.

Insert #6 screws through the mounting tabs. Use no more than 12 in lbs. torque to secure plastic tab to mounting surface. Use flat washers to prevent the screw head from deforming the plastic.



A: 12.75 in. (32.38 cm)

B: 6.96 in. (17.68 cm)

C: 6.34 in. (16.1 cm)

D: 8.25 in. (20.95 cm)

Depth: 2.09 in (5.31 cm)

To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders

Depending on your power supply, TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders can be wired for communication to the TV-MPCXP1628's **I/O Bus** port, with AC or DC power supplied separately, or directly-connected to the TV-MPCXP1628's I/O bus edge connector (DC only). The type of power, AC or DC, requires different device and power arrangements. See *TruVu™ MPC I/O expander configurations* (page 10).

Each expander must have a unique address (1 through 9) set on its rotary switch. See the *TruVu™ MPC I/O Installation and Start-up Guide* for more details.

The expanders' outputs return to their unconfigured state if they are removed from the program or the program is deleted from the controller. Also, outputs time out and return to their unconfigured or off state after two minutes of inactivity. The unconfigured state results in:

- Not running control programs that are due to download
- Losing power to the controller, but not the expander

NOTE This does not apply to outputs that have been locked in the i-Vu® application.

To wire the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander to the I/O Bus port to enable communication (AC or DC)

Use ARC156 wiring (22 AWG, low-capacitance, twisted, stranded, shielded copper wire) to wire the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander to the controller. Do not exceed 1000 feet (305m) total wire length for the I/O bus.



WARNING Do not apply line voltage (mains voltage) to the expander's ports and terminals.

- 1 Turn off the controller's and expander's power.
- 2 Wire the expander's **I/O Bus** port to the same port on the controller.

NOTES

- To use more than one expander, wire their **I/O Bus** ports together in a daisy-chain configuration. The controller must be the first device on the expander network.
- Use the same polarity throughout the network segment.

- 3 On the last expander on the I/O bus, set the I/O Bus **End of Net?** switch to **Yes** to apply network termination and bias.

NOTES

- All other **End of Net?** switches on expanders must be set to **No**.
- The controller has built-in I/O bus network termination and must be the first device on the expander network.

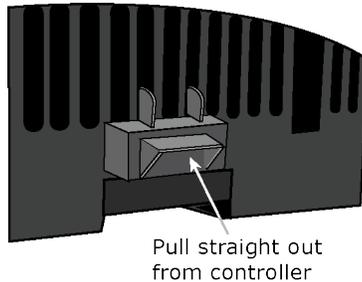
- 4 Mount the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander to a DIN rail or using screws.
- 5 Turn on the controller's and expander's power.

To connect the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander to the I/O bus edge connector (DC only)

NOTE

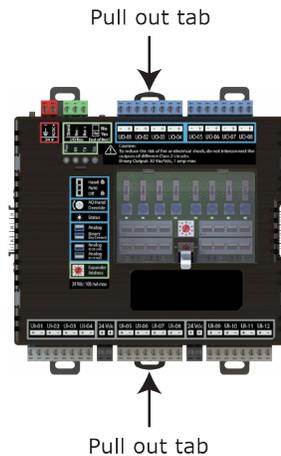
- The following instructions assume that the controller is already mounted either on a DIN rail or using screws.
- You cannot use the I/O bus edge connector on the TV-MPCXP1628 when using an AC power supply.

- 1 Turn off the TV-MPCXP1628's power.
- 2 Remove the plastic protective cap from the TV-MPCXP1628's bus edge connector and the expander's edge connector. Squeeze the plastic tabs to pull the cap off.



⚠ WARNING This connector provides power and communication. To prevent risk of shock, do not touch the bare edge connector if the controller's power is on.

- 3 DIN rail mounting only—Push down and pull out the expander's DIN rail tabs shown below.

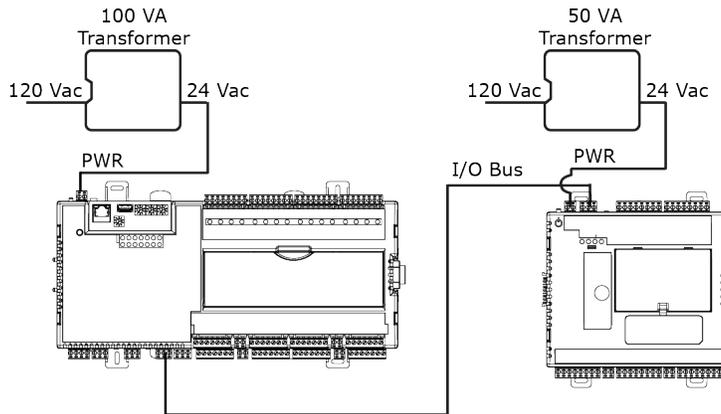


- 4 Slide the expander's left edge connector down onto the TV-MPCXP1628's edge connector.
- 5 Do one of the following:
 - DIN rail mounting—Push in the expander's center tabs towards the expander until you hear them click. Pull gently on the expander to verify that it is locked to the DIN rail.
 - Screw mounting—Insert #6 screws through the expander's mounting holes.

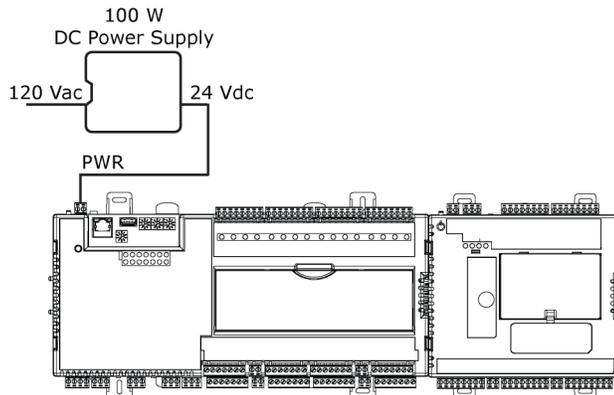
TruVu™ MPC I/O expander configurations

The TruVu™ MPC I/O expander can be connected to the TV-MPCXP1628 in one of the following ways:

- **AC or DC** - Wired to the **I/O Bus** port for communication and also wired to an external transformer for power



- **DC only** - Directly-connected to the I/O bus edge connector that provides power and communication



The connection/wiring configuration that you use depends on:

- The number of TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders you need (9 maximum)
- Whether you use AC or DC power supply
- The size of the power supply

NOTE The controller has built-in **I/O Bus** network termination and must be the first device on the expander network. Add termination to the last TruVu™ MPC I/O expander on the network by setting I/O Bus **End of Net?** switch to **Yes** (Up).



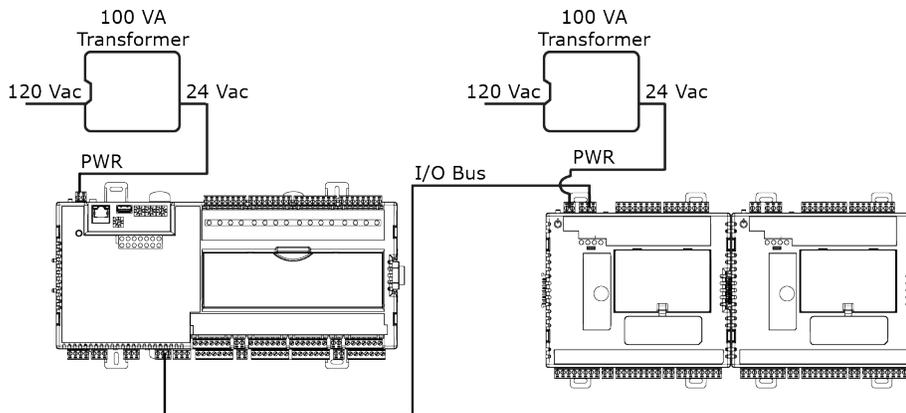
WARNING Do not apply line voltage (mains voltage) to the controller's ports and terminals.

⚠ CAUTIONS

- The TV-MPCXP1628 is powered by a Class 2 power source. Take appropriate isolation measures when mounting it in a control panel where non-Class 2 circuits are present.
- Carrier controllers can share a power supply as long as you:
 - Maintain the same polarity.
 - Use the power supply only for Carrier controllers.

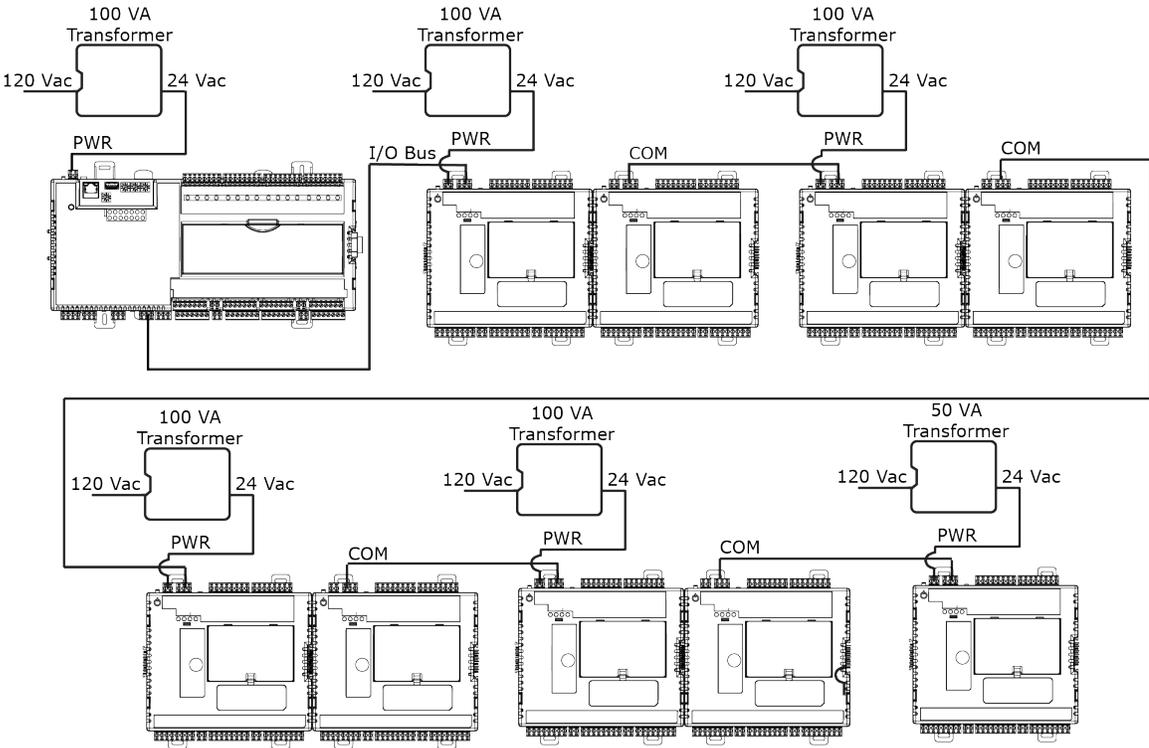
Using AC power

The controller draws 100 VA and each TruVu™ MPC I/O expander draws 50 VA. You can connect a maximum of nine expanders to the TV-MPCXP1628. The following images are two possible configurations when using AC power, but many more configurations exist, depending on the size of the transformers (50 or 100 VA) and the number of TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders you have.



The following configuration shows a combination of connections using the I/O bus edge connector and daisy-chained wiring to the **I/O Bus** port.

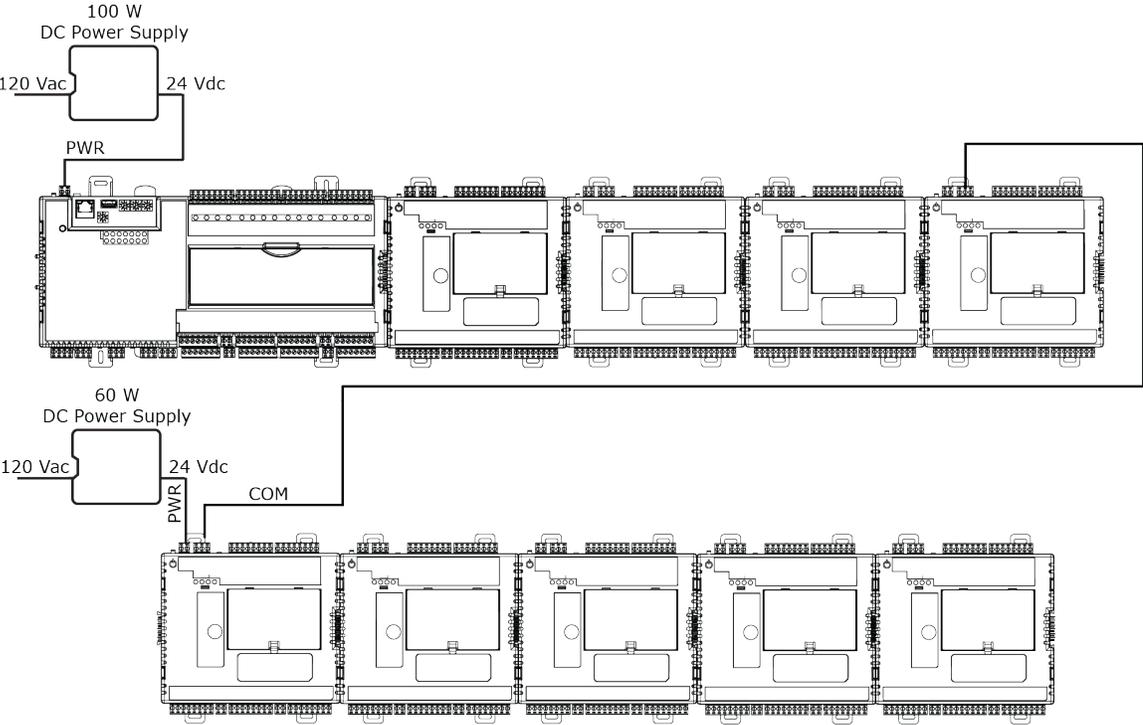
To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders



Using DC power

The controller draws 48 W and the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander draws 12 W.

In the following image, the 100 W power supply can provide power to one TV-MPCXP1628 and four expanders. The TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders are connected to the controller and to each other using the I/O bus edge connector that provides power and communication. The configuration also shows a combination of connections using the edge connector and wiring to the **I/O Bus** port.



Wiring for power

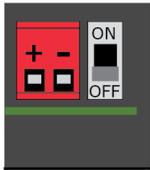
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 **CAUTIONS**

- The TV-MPCXP1628 is powered by a Class 2 power source. Take appropriate isolation measures when mounting it in a control panel where non-Class 2 circuits are present.
- Carrier controllers can share a power supply as long as you:
 - Maintain the same polarity.
 - Use the power supply only for Carrier controllers.

To wire for power

- 1 Make sure the TV-MPCXP1628's power switch is in the **OFF** position to prevent it from powering up before you can verify the correct voltage.



- 2 Remove power from the power supply.
- 3 Pull the red screw terminal connector from the controller's power terminals labeled **24 Vac/Vdc (+/-)**.
- 4 Connect the power supply's wires to the red screw terminal connector.
- 5 Connect an 18 AWG or larger wire from the power supply's negative (-) terminal to earth ground. This wire must not exceed 12 in. (30.5 cm).
- 6 Apply power to the power supply.
- 7 Measure the voltage at the red screw terminal connector to verify that the voltage is within the operating range of 20 to 30 Vac or 21.4 to 30 Vdc.
- 8 Insert the red screw terminal connector into the controller's power terminals.
- 9 To verify the polarity of the wiring, measure the voltage from the negative terminal of the red screw terminal connector to a nearby ground. The reading should be 0V.
- 10 Turn on the expander's power switch.
- 11 Verify that the  LED on top of the controller is on.
- 12 Measure the voltage at the red screw terminal connector to verify that the voltage is within the operating range of 20 to 30 Vac or 21.4 to 30 Vdc.

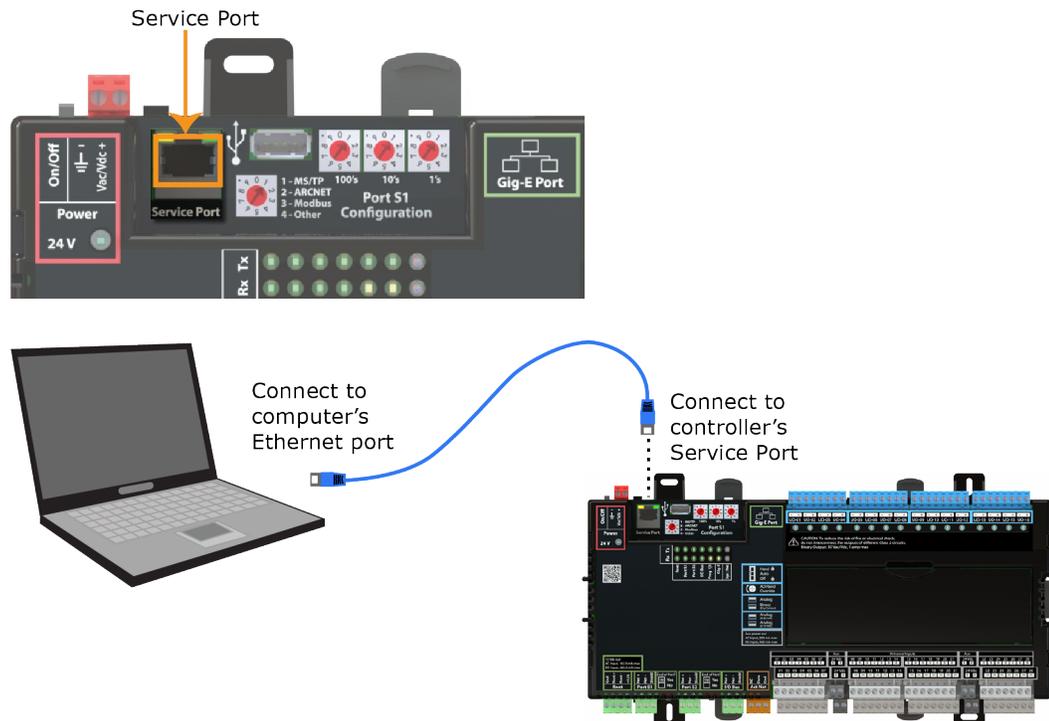
Addressing the TV-MPCXP1628

Set this port's address ...	In this location...	See...
IP	Service Port	To set the IP address (page 19)
Port S1	On the controller's rotary switches	To set the Port S1 address and baud rate (page 21)
Port S2	Service Port	To set the Port S2 address and baud rate (page 22)

To access the controller setup through the **Service Port**:

- 1 Connect an Ethernet cable from a computer to the controller's Service Port, as shown below.

NOTE Be sure NOT to plug the cable into the Gig-E Port.



- 2 Turn off the computer's Wi-Fi if it is on.
- 3 If your computer uses a static IP address, use the following settings:
 - Address: 169.254.1.x, where x is 2 to 7
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.248
 - Default Gateway: 169.254.1.1

If it uses a DHCP address, leave the address as it is.

- 4 Open a web browser on the computer.
- 5 Navigate to <http://local.access> or <http://169.254.1.1> to see the controller setup pages.

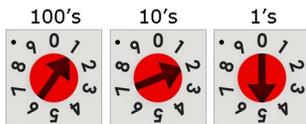
See *To set up the controller through the Service Port* (page 61) for general information on using the controller setup pages.

Rotary switch settings

Rotary switch settings (see example below) are used to determine the following items in your system, so you should plan carefully before setting the switches.

- If you use a **Default IP address**, the final octet is the number created by the three rotary switch settings (must be a unique number from 1 to 253). See *To set the IP address* (page 19).
- If you autogenerate the following:
 - Device Instance**, the number is automatically set to a number equal to the ((IP network number x 100) + rotary switch settings).
 - BACnet Network Number** for Port S1, the number is automatically set to a number equal to the ((IP network number + rotary switch settings) x 10).Autogenerating is set up through the *controller setup pages* (page 61).
- The rotary switch settings determine the router number in the i-Vu® interface.

EXAMPLE The switches below are set to 125.



 **CAUTION** Do not leave the rotary switches set at 0 (the factory default). The TV-MPCXP1628 cannot be discovered if the rotary switches are left at 0.

To set up autobaud

The TV-MPCXP1628 can automatically receive or establish the baud rate on a serial network. When you configure a device on the network for autobaud and then power it up, the device detects the incoming baud rate on the network and sets its baud to match.

Autobaud does not work unless there is a device on the network, whether Carrier or third party, that has the baud rate already set. You can manually set the baud rate on more than one device, as long as the rate is the same for every device.

NOTES

- The received baud rate stays intact during power cycles.
- We recommend you set the baud rate manually on the router for the network.

MS/TP

MSTP Autobaud can be configured in either the:

- **Service Port** controller setup pages > **BACnet** tab > **Port S1** or **Port S2**
or
- The i-Vu® interface, right-click your TV-MPCXP1628 on the navigation tree, and select **Driver Properties** > **BACnet Router Properties** > **MS/TP Configuration** on Port S1 or on Port S2. See *BACnet Router Properties* (page 52).

Modbus

Modbus Serial Autobaud can be configured in either the:

- **Service Port** controller setup pages > **Modbus** tab > **Modbus RS-485** > **Port Configuration**
or
- The i-Vu® interface, right-click your TV-MPCXP1628 on the navigation tree, and select to **Driver Properties** > **Communication Status** > **Modbus Serial**

NOTE See the *Modbus Integration Guide*.

NOTE If you set **Autobaud** or make other changes in the controller setup pages, you must upload the changes to the system database the first time you access the controller in the i-Vu® interface. This preserves those settings when you download memory or parameters to the controller.

To set the IP address

You must define the TV-MPCXP1628's IP addressing (IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway) in the Service Port controller setup pages so that the controller can communicate with the i-Vu Server on the IP network.

Use one of the IP addressing schemes described below with the associated instructions that follow.

Use a...	If...
DHCP IP Address generated by a DHCP server	The IP network uses a DHCP server for IP addressing
Custom Static IP Address from your network administrator	You do not use a DHCP server and the answer to any of the following questions is yes. Will the i-Vu® system: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Share a facility's existing IP data network? • Have 254 or more devices with static IP addresses? • Be connected to the Internet? • Have at least one device located on the other side of an IP router? • Have any third-party IP devices?
Default IP Address that your system creates	The answer to all of the above questions is no.

NOTE Carefully plan your addressing scheme to avoid duplicating addresses. If third-party devices are integrated into the system, make sure your addresses do not conflict with their addresses.

To set a DHCP IP address

- 1 On the controller setup **Modstat** tab, find the controller's **Ethernet MAC address** and write it down.
- 2 On the **Ports** tab under **IP Port**, select **DHCP**.
- 3 Click **Save**.
- 4 Write down the **IP Address**.
- 5 Give the DHCP network administrator the IP address and Ethernet MAC address and ask him to reserve that IP address for the controller so that it always receives the same IP address from the DHCP server.

To set a custom IP address

- 1 Obtain the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway address for the controller from the facility network administrator.
- 2 On the controller setup **Ports** tab under **IP Port**, select **Custom Static**.
- 3 Enter the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Default Gateway** addresses given to you by the network administrator.
- 4 Click **Save**.

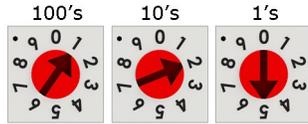
To set a default IP address

Default IP addressing assigns the following to the controller:

- IP address = 192.168.168.x
where **x** is the setting on the rotary switches in the range from 1 to 253
- Subnet Mask = 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway = 192.168.168.254

- 1 Set the controller's three rotary switches to a unique address on the network. Set the left rotary switch to the hundreds digit, the middle switch to the tens digit, and the right switch to the ones digit.

EXAMPLE The switches below are set to 125.



- 2 On the controller setup **Ports** tab under **IP Port**, select **Default IP Address**.
- 3 Click **Save**.



CAUTIONS

- The Default IP address range is 1 to 253. Setting the rotary switches to 0 will set the Default IP address to 1. Setting the switches to 255 will set the Default IP to 253. Do not set the switches to 254.
- If you set the Default IP address on the controller setup **Ports** tab and then change the rotary switches, you must do one of the following to correct the IP address in the controller:
 - Go to the controller setup **Ports** tab and click the **Update IP Address**.
 - Cycle the controller's power.

You will then need to correct the IP address in the i-Vu® application using **Find Devices** and **Upload All Content**. See the i-Vu® Help for more information.

NOTE The default address is an intranet address. Data packets from this address are not routable to the Internet.

To set the Port S1 address and baud rate

The address should be in one of the following ranges based on the port's use.

Port address

- For ARCNET, the range is 1 to 254.
- For MS/TP, the range is 0 to 127.
- For Modbus, the range is 1 to 247.

For MS/TP, set up autobaud or the port's baud rate

- 1 On the controller setup **BACnet** tab under **Port S1**, select the **MSTP Baud Rate** or select **Yes** for **MSTP Autobaud**. The default is 76,800 bps.

NOTES

- See *To set up autobaud* (page 18) for details.
 - If not using autobaud, enter the identical baud rate for all devices on the same MS/TP network segment.
- 2 Click **Save**.

Modbus

For Modbus, see the *Modbus Integration Guide*.

To set the Port S2 address and baud rate

For MS/TP, set up autobaud or the port's baud rate

- 1 On the controller setup **BACnet** tab under **Port S2**, type the address in the **MSTP Address** field. The address must be in the range 0 to 127.
- 2 Select the **MSTP Baud Rate** or select **Yes** for **MSTP Autobaud**. The default is 76,800 bps.

NOTES

- See *To set up autobaud* (page 18) for details.
 - If not using autobaud, enter the same baud rate for all devices on the MS/TP network.
- 3 Click **Save**.

Modbus

For Modbus, see the *Modbus Integration Guide*.

Configuring BACnet Device Instance and network number

The TV-MPCXP1628 controller must have a unique Device Instance and Name. These BACnet addresses are automatically generated and usually do not require modification. However, sometimes you need to override the automatic addressing assignments.

Autogenerated addressing scheme:

The TV-MPCXP1628's rotary address setting determines the automatic BACnet addressing scheme for the connected Open network.

Legend

16 = Carrier's BACnet Vendor ID
xxx = TV-MPCXP1628's rotary switch address (See NOTES below.)
yy = Controller's rotary switch address (ARCNET/MSTP MAC address)

For the TV-MPCXP1628:

- BACnet Device Instance Number = (IP network number x 100) + rotary switch address
- BACnet Device Instance Name = the name "device" + the Device Instance
- BACnet IP Network Number = 1600
- BACnet ARC/MSTP Port S1 Network Number = ((IP network number + rotary switch address) x 10)
- Port S1 MSTP MAC Address = 0 by default (user configurable)
- Port S1 ARCNET Address = 254 by default (user configurable)
- BACnet MSTP Port S2 Network Number = ((IP network number + rotary switch address) x 10) + 3
- Port S2 MSTP MAC Address = 0 by default (user configurable)

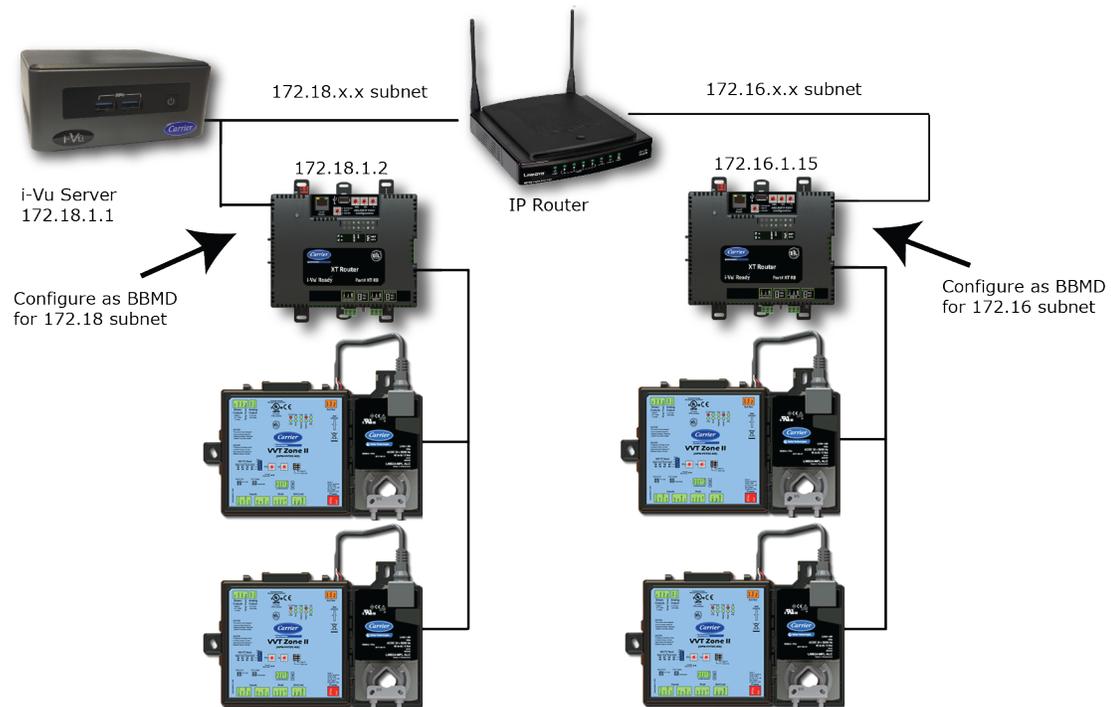
For the Open controllers connected to the TV-MPCXP1628

- BACnet MSTP Device Instance Number = BACnet MSTP Network Number + yy
- BACnet ARCNET Device Instance Number = BACnet ARCNET Network Number +yy
- BACnet MSTP Device Instance Name = the name "device" + Device Instance
- BACnet ARCNET Device Instance Name = the name "device" + Device Instance
- BACnet MSTP or ARCNET MAC Address = yy
- BACnet MSTP Network Number = 161xx (learned from the router, defaults to 16101 if no TV-MPCXP1628 is operating)

NOTES

- Do not configure the rotary switches on the TV-MPCXP1628 to a number greater than 127 unless Port S1 is enabled for ARCNET. Doing so will not allow the i-Vu® server to discover the TV-MPCXP1628. If you change the TV-MPCXP1628's switches or jumpers, you must cycle its power for the changes to take effect.
- If the BACnet automatic settings need to be changed, see *To communicate through the Local Access port* (page 35).

To set up BACnet Broadcast Management Devices (BBMDs)



If your system has multiple routers that reside on different IP subnets, you must set up one router on each IP subnet as a BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD).

Every subnet with a router must have a BBMD configured in order for broadcasts from routers on that subnet to reach the rest of the routers on the network.

NOTES

- The i-Vu® Standard or Plus application - If the i-Vu® web server is on a separate subnet than the rest of the routers, the internal router must be assigned a routable IP address and configured as a BBMD.
- The i-Vu® Pro application - If the i-Vu® Pro server is on a separate subnet than the rest of the routers, you must register it as a foreign device to a router acting as a BBMD device.

Use the **BBMD Configuration Tool** to:

- Write/read the **Broadcast Distribution Table** (BDT) of each BBMD device
- Allow controllers on one subnet to communicate with controllers on other subnets
- Enable the i-Vu® application to see, upload, or configure controllers on different subnets

To set up BBMDs using the BBMD Configuration Tool

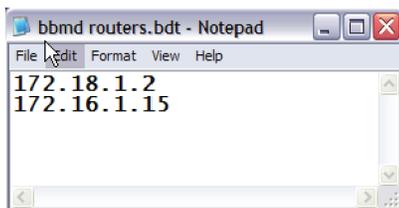
- 1 Assign an IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway for each TV-MPCXP1628 on the IP network. See *Addressing the TV-MPCXP1628* (page 17).
- 2 Acquire the **BBMD Configuration Tool** from the Tech Tools USB drive or from either of the *Carrier Control Systems Support Sites* <http://www.hvacpartners.com/>. This is a stand-alone executable file and no installation is necessary.
- 3 Make a list of the IP addresses for each router that will function as a BBMD in your system.

In the above illustration, the Carrier router, address 172.18.1.2, must be configured as a BBMD for the 172.18 subnet, while the Carrier router, address 172.16.1.15, must be configured as a BBMD for the 172.16 subnet.



CAUTIONS

- Define only one BBMD per subnet. Multiple BBMDs on an IP subnet disrupt network communications.
 - Unless explicitly modified, the UDP Port for BACnet/IP is 0xBACO (47808). Do not change this parameter unless you made a change in the router.
- 4 In a text editor such as Notepad, create a list of the routers that will be BBMDs. List each IP address on a separate line. (Maximum of 50 IP addresses per file)



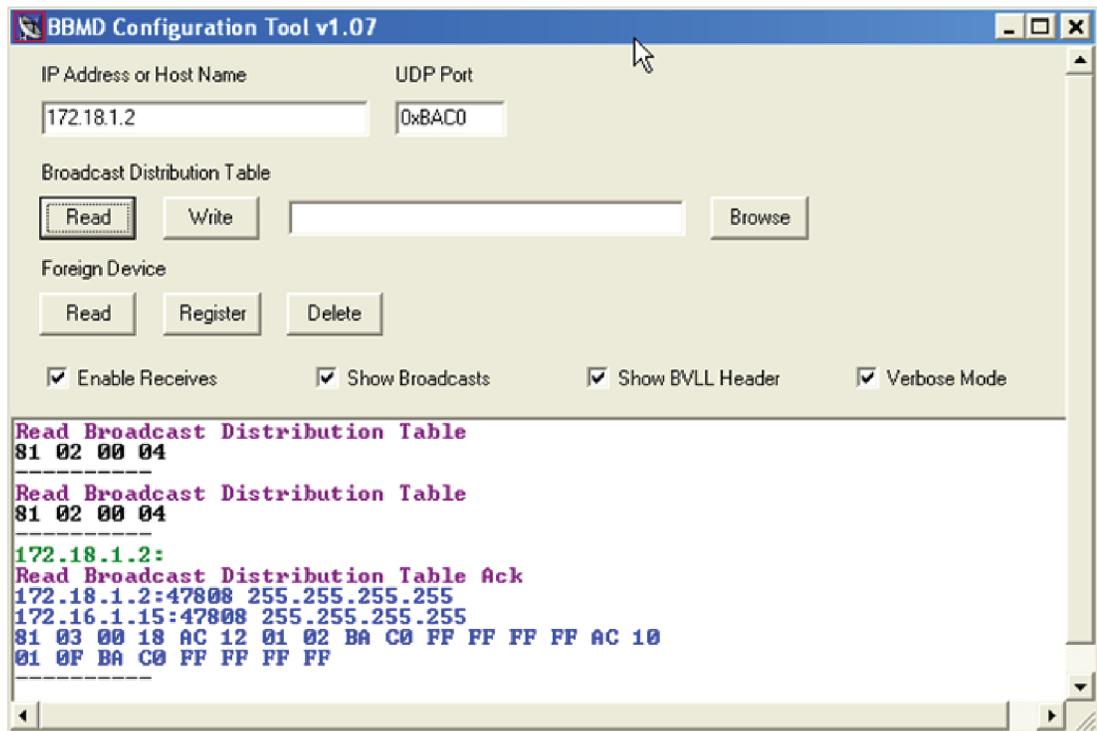
- 5 Save the file to your folder of choice with a .bdt, .bbmd, or .text extension instead of .txt.
- 6 Open the **BBMD Configuration Tool**.
- 7 In the **IP Address** or **Host Name** field, type the IP address of the router that functions as the BBMD (BACnet Broadcast Management Device) for its subnet.
- 8 To check if the router has an existing BBMD table, click the **Broadcast Distribution Table Read** button.
- 9 If the **Broadcast Distribution Table** contains IP addresses that are not in your file, verify that they are valid BBMDs and, if so, add them to your file.

NOTES

- The BDTs in each BBMD should be identical. Repeat this entire process whenever a BBMD is added.
- If needed, disable the checkbox next to **Show Broadcast** to limit the amount of scrolling text that is displayed.

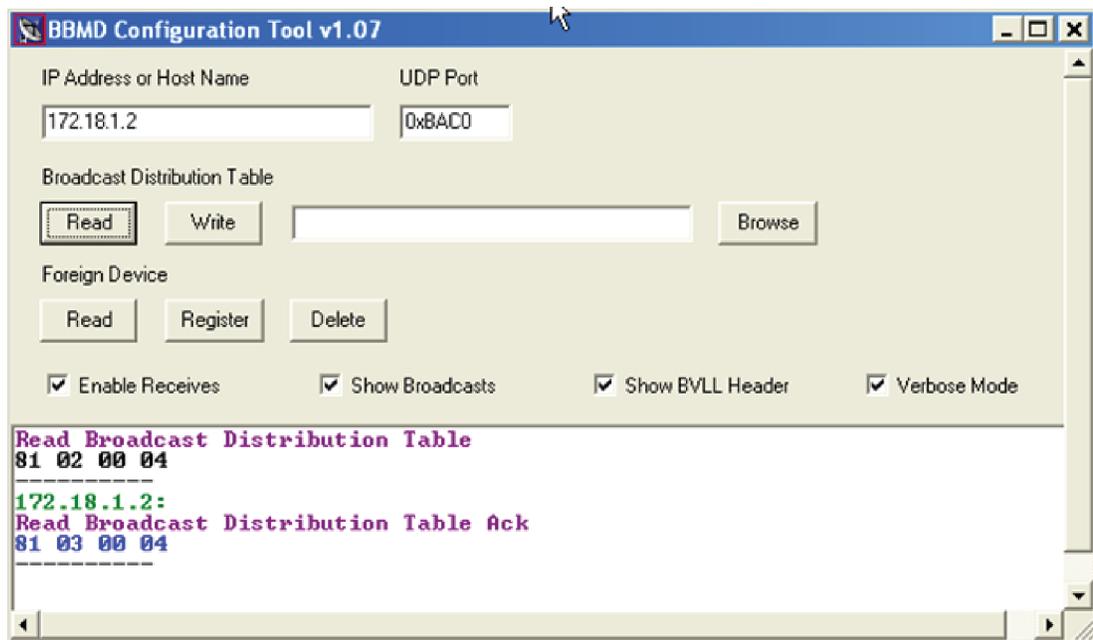
- 10 Click the **Broadcast Distribution Table Browse** button and select the file that you made in step 4.
- 11 Verify that the appropriate IP address is still in the **IP Address** or **Host Name** field.
- 12 Click the **Broadcast Distribution Table Write** button.
- 13 Click **Read** again to verify that the new file was written to the router. See example below.

NOTE If you have a large BDT, you may have to re-size the **BBMD Configuration Tool** window to see the **Broadcast Distribution Table**.



- 14 Using the next IP address in the file, repeat steps 7 through 14 until every file has been updated.

NOTE To clear the BBMD entries from a router, follow the steps above using an empty (blank) file. A cleared BBMD table contains just the router's IP address without entries in the BBMD table, as shown below.



Wiring for communications

The TV-MPCXP1628 communicates on the following ports.

Port	Protocol	Port type(s)	Speed(s)
Gig-E	BACnet/IP BACnet/Ethernet Modbus TCP/IP	Ethernet	10, 100, or 1000 Mbps (1 Gbps)
Port S1 ¹	BACnet/ARCNET	EIA-485	156 kbps
Port S1 ¹ or Port S2	BACnet/MSTP Modbus Serial	EIA-485	9.6 to 115.2 kbps ² 9.6 to 115.2 kbps ²
Service Port ³	HTTP/IP	Ethernet	10 Mbps 100 Mbps
USB Port	USB2.0	USB	
Rnet Port	See <i>Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port</i> (page 30).		
I/O Bus Port	See <i>To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders</i> (page 10).		
Act Net Port	See <i>Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Act Net port</i> (page 31)		

¹ Set the **Port S1 Configuration** rotary switch to:

- 0** if port is not used
- 1** for MS/TP
- 2** for ARCNET
- 3** for Modbus
- NOTE 4** is for future use.

² Default for MS/TP is 76.8 kbps.
Default for Modbus is 38.4 kbps.

³ See *To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port* (page 32) or *To set up the controller through the Service Port* (page 61).

Wiring specifications

For...	Use...	Maximum Length
BACnet/IP Ethernet	Cat5e or higher Ethernet cable	328 feet (100 meters)
MS/TP* ARCNET*	22 AWG, low-capacitance, twisted, stranded, shielded copper wire *	2000 feet (610 meters)

* For details see the *Open Controller Network Wiring Guide*.



WARNING Do not apply line voltage (mains voltage) to the controller's ports and terminals.

To connect the TV-MPCXP1628 to the Ethernet

Connect an Ethernet cable to the Gig-E Ethernet port.

NOTE Be careful NOT to plug your cable into the Service Port.



NOTE If your system has controllers on different IP subnets separated by an IP router, you must configure one controller on each subnet as a BACnet Broadcast Management Device (BBMD). Do not configure more than one BBMD per subnet as this may cause circular routes. See *To set up BACnet Broadcast Management Devices (BBMDs)* (page 23).

To wire to a BACnet/ARCNET network

- 1 Turn **off** the TV-MPCXP1628's power.
- 2 Check the communications wiring for shorts and grounds.
- 3 Connect the communications wiring to **Port S1**'s screw terminals labeled **Net +**, **Net -**, and **Shield**.
NOTE Use the same polarity throughout the network segment.
- 4 If the controller has a **Port S1 Configuration** rotary switch, set it to 2.
- 5 If the TV-MPCXP1628 is at either end of a network segment, set the port's **End of Net** switch to **Yes**.
NOTE The controller's **End of Net** switch applies network termination and bias. See the *Open Controller Network Wiring Guide*.
- 6 Turn on the controller's power.
- 7 To verify communication with the network, get a Module Status report in the i-Vu® interface for a controller on the ARCNET network.

NOTE This step requires that you have discovered and uploaded the controller in the i-Vu® application.

To wire to a BACnet MS/TP network

An MS/TP network can be wired to either **Port S1** or **Port S2**.

- 1 Turn **on** the TV-MPCXP1628's power.
- 2 Check the communications wiring for shorts and grounds.
- 3 Connect the communications wiring to the **Port S1** or **Port S2** screw terminals labeled **Net +**, **Net -**, and **Shield**.

NOTE Use the same polarity throughout the network segment.
- 4 If you are using **Port S1**, and the controller has a **Port S1 Configuration** rotary switch, set it to 1.

NOTE If **Port S1** is not being used for any network, set this rotary switch to 0.
- 5 If the TV-MPCXP1628 controller is at either end of a network segment, set the port's **End of Net?** switch to **Yes**.

NOTE The controller's **End of Net** switch applies network termination and bias. See the *Open Controller Network Wiring Guide*.
- 6 Turn on the controller's power.
- 7 To verify communication with the network, get a Module Status report in the i-Vu® interface for a controller on the MS/TP network.

NOTE This step requires that you have discovered and uploaded the controller in the i-Vu® application.

To wire a third-party device

BACnet: You can wire a third-party BACnet device to the TV-MPCXP1628's **Gig-E** port, **Port S1**, or **Port S2**. See the *BACnet Integration Guide* for the TV-MPCXP1628.

Modbus: You can wire a third-party Modbus TCP/IP device (client or server) to the TV-MPCXP1628's **Gig-E** port or a Modbus master or slave device to **Port S1** or **Port S2**. See *Modbus Integration Guide* for the TV-MPCXP1628.

Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port

You can wire the following devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet port in a daisy-chain configuration:

- ZS sensors
- Wireless Adapter that communicates with wireless sensors
- Equipment Touch
- TruVu™ ET Display

See the device's *Installation and Start-up* Guide for complete wiring instructions.

NOTES

- ZS sensors, a Wireless Adapter, and an Equipment Touch can share the same Rnet.
- The Rnet communicates at a rate of 115.2 kbps.

Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Act Net port

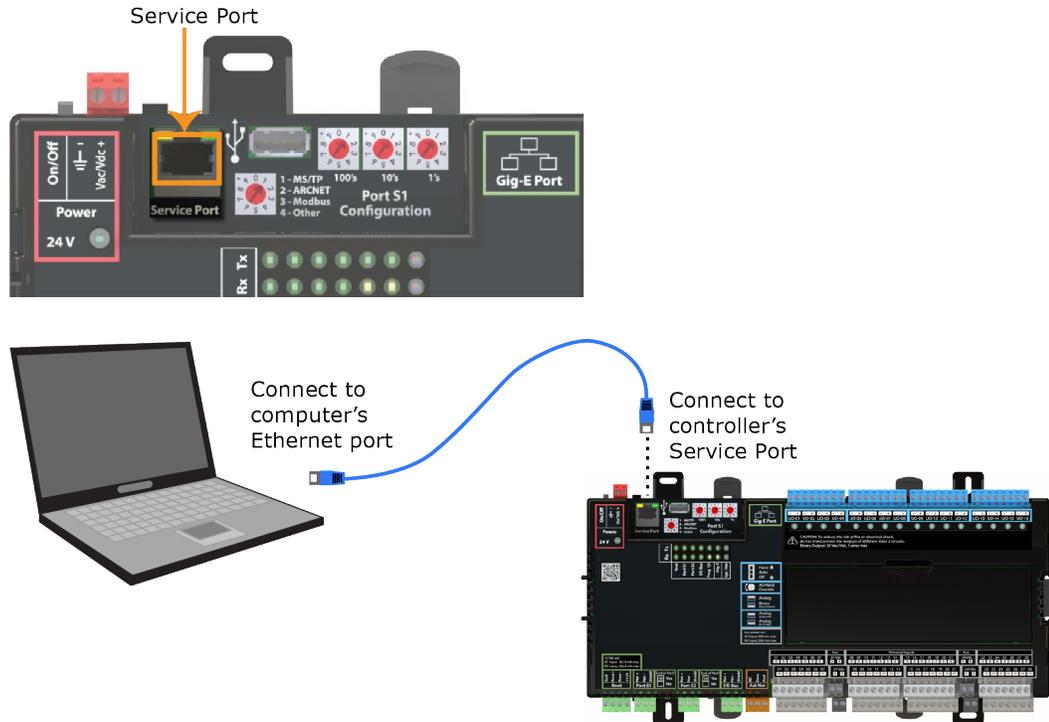
See the *Act Net User Guide* on the Carrier Partner Community website for a complete description of Act Net wiring.

To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port network

You can connect to the Service Port to access your network through the i-Vu® Pro application.

- 1 Connect an Ethernet cable from a computer to the controller's Service Port, as shown below.

NOTE Be sure NOT to plug the cable into the Gig-E Port.



- 2 Turn off the computer's Wi-Fi if it is on.
- 3 If your computer uses a static IP address, use the following settings:
 - Address: 169.254.1.x, where x is 2 to 7
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.248
 - Default Gateway: 169.254.1.1If it uses a DHCP address, leave the address as it is.
- 4 Open a web browser on the computer and login to your i-Vu® Pro application.
- 5 In the i-Vu® Pro interface, on the **System Options** tree, select **Connections**.
- 6 On the **Properties** page > **Configure** tab, Select **BACnet/IP Service Port Connection** from the drop-down list and click **Add**.
- 7 If needed, enter the **Service Port Network Number** as follows:
 - **0** - the TV-MPCXP1628 will communicate only with the computer or TruVu™ ET Display

- **1** to **65534** - the TV-MPCXP1628's network number for network communication
 - **65535** - searches for an available network number from 65531 to 65534. If any of these numbers are not available, you will have to assign a network number and enter it.
- 8** Click **Apply**.
 - 9** On the right of the page, in the **Networks using selected connection** table, click the checkbox next to the network you want to connect to.
 - 10** Click **Apply**.
 - 11** Select the **BACnet/IP Service Port Connection** and click **Start**. The status changes to **Connected**.
 - 12** Click **Accept**.
 - 13** On the navigation tree, right-click the controller that you are connected to and select **Module Status**. If a Modstat report appears, the i-Vu® application is communicating with the controller.

To communicate locally through the Rnet port

To communicate locally through the Rnet port

You can connect a computer running Field Assistant to the TV-MPCXP1628's **Rnet** port to download or troubleshoot.

PREREQUISITES

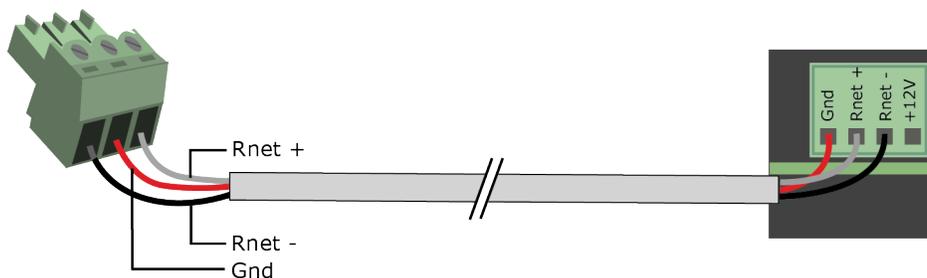
- A computer with a USB port
- A USB Link (Part #USB-L)
- For the Field Assistant application to communicate with the controller, the controller must have been downloaded with at least its driver.
- A 3-pin screw terminal connector and 3-wire cable



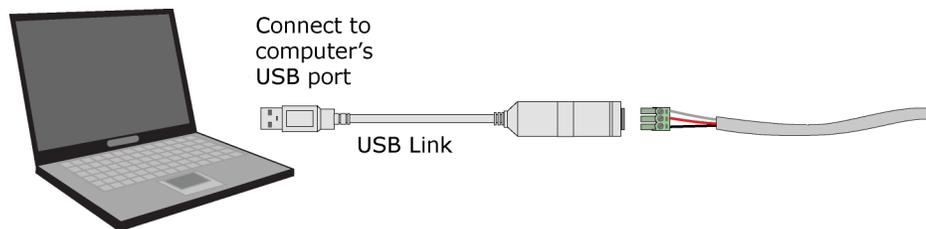
CAUTIONS

- Maintain polarity when controllers share power.
- Failure to maintain polarity while using the USB Link on a computer that is grounded via its AC adapter may damage the USB Link and the controller.
- If multiple controllers share power but polarity was not maintained when they were wired, the difference between the controller's ground and the computer's AC power ground could damage the USB Link and the controller. If you are not sure of the wiring polarity, use a USB isolator between the computer and the USB Link. Purchase a USB isolator online from a third-party manufacturer. Plug the isolator into your computer's USB port, and then plug the USB Link cable into the isolator.

- 1 The USB Link driver is installed with a v6.5 or later system. Please refer to the Silicon Labs website and search "CP210x USB to UART Bridge VCP Drivers" for the most current device drivers. Install the driver before you connect the USB Link to your computer.
- 2 Connect one end of a piece of 3-wire cable to the 3-pin connector.



- 3 Connect the other end of the 3-wire cable to the TV-MPCXP1628's **Rnet** port as shown in the drawing above in step 1.
- 4 Connect the 3-pin connector to the portion of the USB link kit shown in the drawing below, then connect the USB connector to the computer.

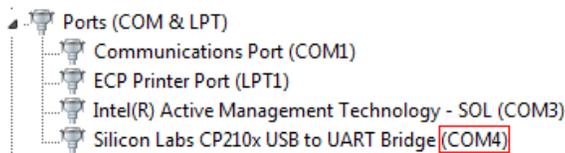


To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® Pro interface

For the i-Vu® Pro application to communicate with the **Rnet** port, you must do the following:

- 1 Click , select **System Options**, and then select **Connections**.
- 2 On the **Configure** tab, click **Add**.
- 3 From the **Type** drop-down list, select **BACnet/Rnet Connection**.
- 4 Optional: Edit the **Description**.
- 5 Type the computer's **Port** number that the USB cable is connected to.

NOTE To find the port number, plug the USB cable into the computer's USB port, then select **Start > Control Panel > System > Device Manager > Ports (Com & LPT)**. The COM port number is beside **Silicon Labs CP210x USB to UART Bridge**.



- 6 Set the **Baud** rate to 115200.
- 7 Click **Apply**.
- 8 On the right of the page, in the **Networks using selected connection** table, click the checkbox next to the network you want to connect to.
- 9 Click **Apply**.
- 10 Select **BACnet/Rnet Connection**, then click **Start**.

NOTE If an error message appears, make sure the COM port you selected is not in use. For example, PuTTY may be open and is holding the port open.
- 11 Click **Accept**.
- 12 On the navigation tree, select the controller that you are connected to.
- 13 Click  and select **Manual Command**.
- 14 Type `rnet here` in the dialog box, then click **OK**.
- 15 On the **Properties** page, click **Module Status**. If a Modstat report appears, the i-Vu® application is communicating with the controller.

Wiring inputs and outputs

Inputs

The TV-MPCXP1628 has inputs that accept the following signal types.

Signal Type	Description
Thermistor ¹	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Precon Type 2 (10kOhm at 77 °F) Carrier YSI 5kOhm at 77 °F TS-5700-850 10kOhm w/ 11kOhm shunt (5238 ohm@77 °F) <p>Input voltages should be from 0.09 Vdc to 4.36 Vdc for thermistors.</p>
Dry contact	The maximum current when the contact is closed is 0.5 mA. The input voltage should be 4.5V when the contact is open. Maximum closed contact resistance is 1kOhms.
0–5 Vdc 0–10 Vdc	The input impedance of the TV-MPCXP1628 is approximately 221 kOhm when configured as a voltage input.
0–20 mA	The input resistance on the positive (+) terminal is 200 Ohms when configured as a current input. Each 24 Vdc connector is capable of supplying 24 Vdc to multiple 4–20 mA transducers.
RTD ¹	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Platinum 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00375 TCR) Nickel-iron 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C) Platinum TS-8000 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00385 TCR) Balco (nickel-iron) TS8000 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C) <p>Input voltages should be from 0.3–0.68V.</p> <p>NOTE Carrier recommends use of an external current transducer between an RTD and the TV-MPCXP1628 to improve accuracy and resolution.</p>
Pulse counter ²	Pulse counting up to 60 pulses per second. Minimum pulse width (on or off time) required for each pulse is 8.33 msec.

¹ To use a thermistor or RTD not listed above, you can set up a custom translation table for your sensor in the controller's driver.

² The TV-MPCXP1628 can perform pulse counting for Dry Contact or Binary Input if you assign the input to a Pulse to Analog Input microblock. See To adjust input and output properties.



WARNING Do not apply voltage to any input configured for 0-20 mA as this could damage the expander.

Outputs

The TV-MPCXP1628's universal outputs can be set as analog or binary on their two DIP switches.

Analog outputs

Outputs set up as analog can be used for:

- 0-10 Vdc devices
- 0-20 mA devices



WARNING Do not apply voltage to any output whose DIP switch is set to Analog.

If output controls a...	Resistance to ground must be...
0-10 Vdc device	500 Ohms minimum
0-20 mA device	500 Ohms maximum

NOTE The device must share the same ground as the controller.

Binary outputs

The outputs have a built-in relay and provide a dry contact so an external voltage source must be wired to one of the two terminals.

Outputs set up as binary can be used to switch external devices and relays up to 1A, 30 Vac/Vdc.

Wiring specifications

Input wiring

Input	Maximum length	Minimum gauge	Shielding
Thermistor Dry contact	1000 feet (305 meters)	22 AWG	Shielded
0-5 Vdc 0-10 Vdc	1000 feet (305 meters)	26 AWG	Shielded
0-20 mA	3000 feet (914 meters)	26 AWG	Shielded or unshielded
RTD	100 feet (30 meters)	22 AWG	Shielded

NOTES

- Carrier recommends use of an external current transducer between an RTD and the TV-MPCXP1628 to improve accuracy and resolution.
- RTD inputs require either sensor calibration or an estimated offset correction for wiring resistance. See *Offset and Polarity values* (page 45).

Output wiring

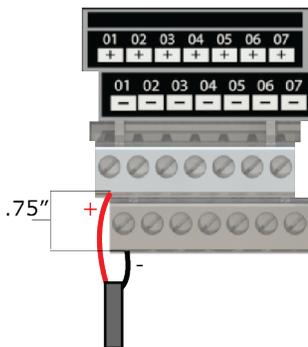
To size output wiring, consider the following:

- Total loop distance from the controller to the controlled device
 - NOTE** Include the total distance of actual wire. For 2-conductor wires, this is twice the cable length.
- Acceptable voltage drop in the wire from the controller to the controlled device
- Resistance (Ohms) of the chosen wire gauge
- Maximum current (Amps) the controlled device requires to operate

To wire inputs and outputs

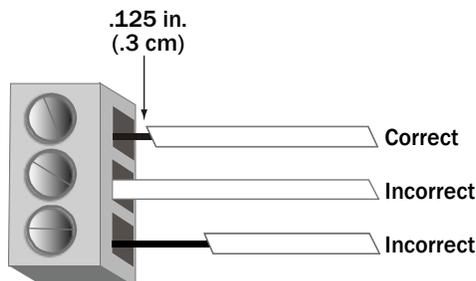
⚠ WARNING Do not apply line voltage (mains voltage) to the controller's ports and terminals.

The input terminals are arranged vertically. The ground (-) is below the input terminal (+). Allow .75 in. (19 mm) extra wire length for the top (+) screw terminal than for the (-) bottom.

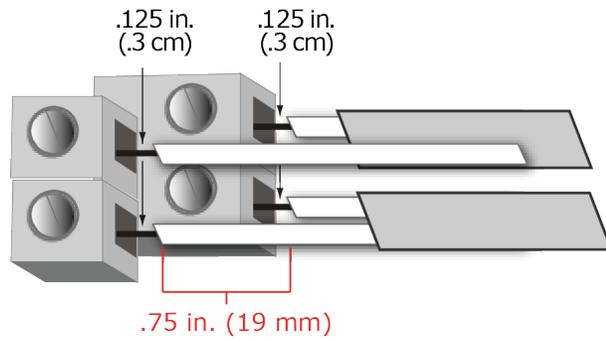


⚠ CAUTIONS

- Do not allow more than .125 inch (.3 cm) bare communication wire to protrude.



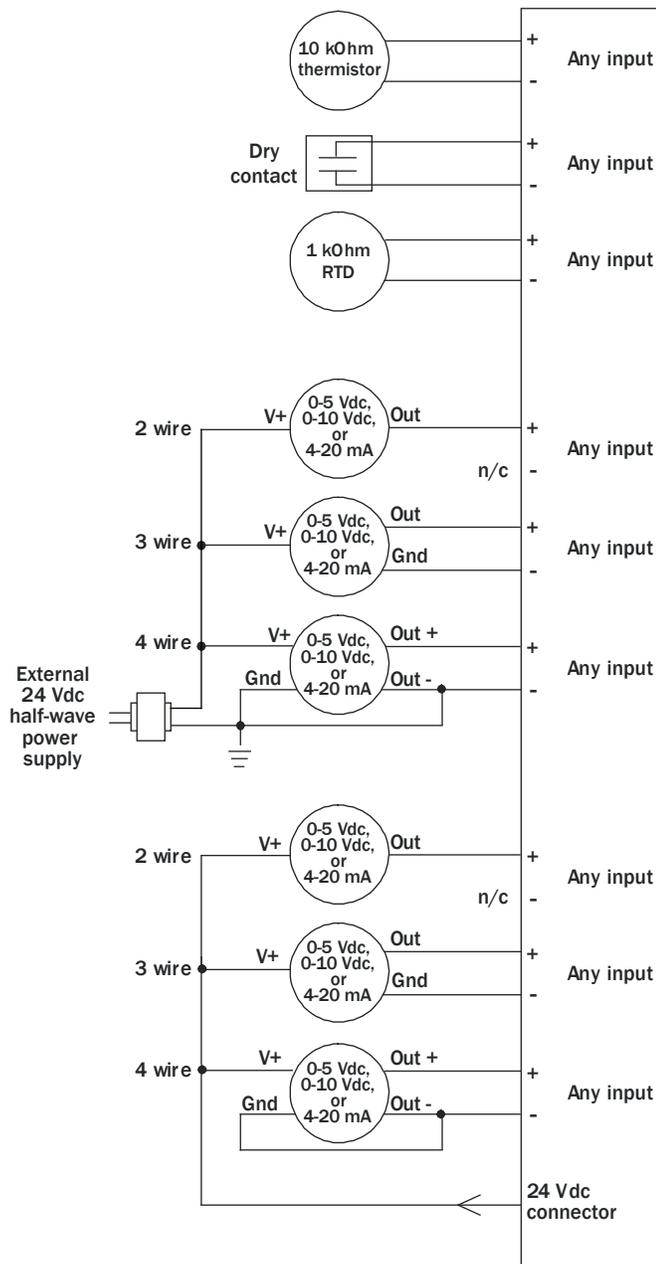
- If bare communication wire contacts the cable's foil shield, shield wire, or a metal surface other than the terminal block, communications may fail.



- 1 Verify that the TV-MPCXP1628's power and communications connections work properly.
- 2 Turn **off** the TV-MPCXP1628's power.
- 3 Connect the input wiring to the **UI** screw terminals on the TV-MPCXP1628.

⚠ WARNING Do not apply voltage to any input configured for 0-20 mA as this could damage the expander.

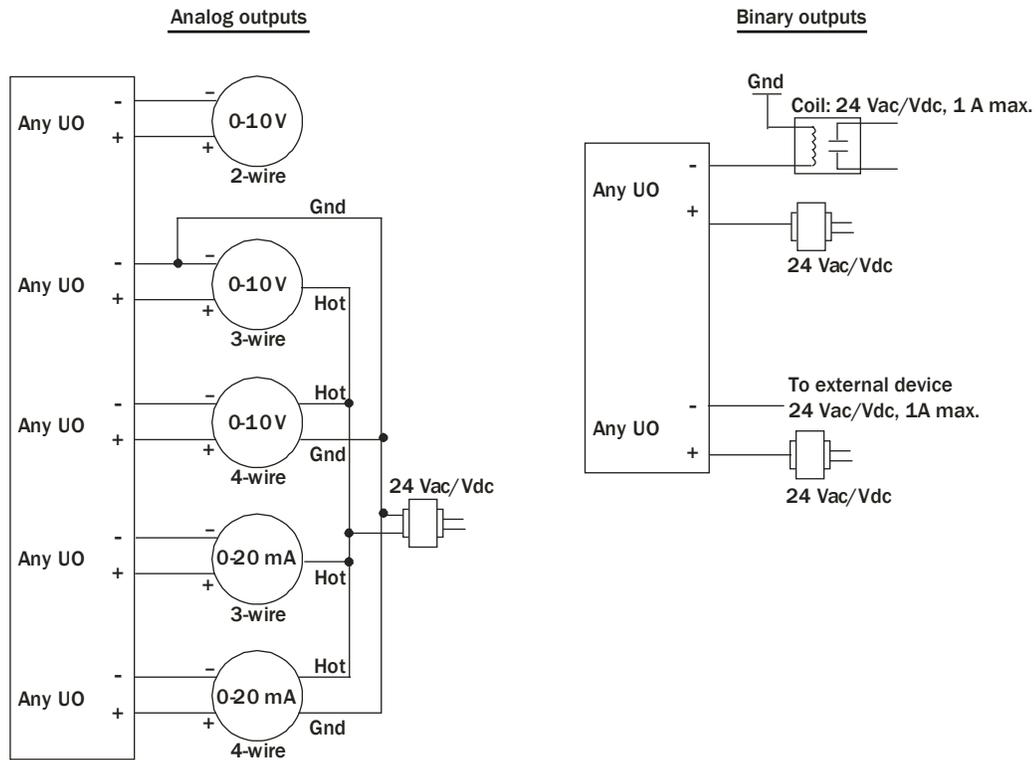
NOTE Connect the shield wire to the – terminal with the ground wire. Do not connect the shield wire at the other end of the cable as this will cause a ground loop error.



NOTE For a loop-powered 4-20 mA sensor, wire the sensor's positive terminal to the **+** terminal on the TV-MPCXP1628's **24 Vdc** connector. Wire the sensor's negative terminal to an input's **+** terminal.

- 4 Connect binary and analog output wiring to the **UO** screw terminals on the TV-MPCXP1628 and to the controlled device. Connect the ground wire to the UO's **-** terminal.

⚠ WARNING Do not apply voltage to any output whose DIP switch is set to Analog.



5 Set each output's two DIP switches to the appropriate settings for the type of device wired to the output.

For...	DIP switch on the...	Set to...
Analog 0-20 mA	Top	Up
	Bottom	Up
Analog 0-10 Vdc	Top	Up
	Bottom	Down
Binary	Top	Down
	Bottom	N/A

CAUTION Outputs are set to Binary in the factory. To avoid damage to the controller, use a voltmeter to verify there is no voltage on the + and - terminals before setting the DIP switch to Analog.

6 Turn **on** the TV-MPCXP1628's power.

See *Troubleshooting inputs and outputs* (page 73).

To adjust input and output properties

An input or output must be assigned to its corresponding point in the control program. This is typically done when the control program is created, but you can adjust the settings at the time of installation in the i-Vu® interface.

- 1 In the i-Vu® navigation tree, select the equipment controlled by the TV-MPCXP1628.
- 2 On the **Properties** page, select the **I/O Points** tab.
- 3 In each point's **Num** field, type the number of the controller's corresponding input or output. For example, if you use U01 on the TV-MPCXP1628 for the point **Pump S/S**, type 1 in the **Num** field for **Pump S/S**.

NOTES

- **Exp** (expander number) is **00** for the TV-MPCXP1628.
 - Do not assign the same output number to more than one point.
- 4 For expander points, type the point's rotary switch address in the **Exp** field and the number of the expander's corresponding input or output in the **Num** field.

EXAMPLE If U0-01 on the expander (which has a rotary switch address of 5) is used for the point **Fan S/S**, enter 5 : 1 in the **Exp:Num** column for **Fan S/S**.

NOTE Do not assign the same output number to more than one point.

- 5 Enter the appropriate values for each input and output in the remaining columns. See *Input values*, *Output values*, *Resolution values* and *Offset/Polarity values* below.



CAUTION Do not assign two input microblocks to the same physical input using Dry Contact in one and Binary Input in the other. This results in faulty behavior.

- 6 If you have not performed the initial download to the attached controller, you must download now to verify inputs and outputs.
- 7 To verify each input's operation, force each sensor to a known value, then compare it to the **Value** shown on the **Properties** page on the **I/O Points** tab.
- 8 To verify each output's operation, lock each output to a known condition on the **I/O Points** tab, then verify that the equipment operates correctly.

See *Troubleshooting inputs and outputs* (page 73).

Input values

Input	I/O Type	Sensor/Actuator Type	Min/Max
Analog (BAI)			
0-5 Vdc	0-5 Volt	Linear Full Range	Engineering values associated with 0 Vdc (Min) and 5 Vdc (Max) ¹
		No Translation	N/A. The input microblock's value will be the raw voltage of the input.

Input	I/O Type	Sensor/Actuator Type	Min/Max
0-10 Vdc	0–10 Volt	Linear Full Range	Engineering values associated with 0 Vdc (Min) and 10 Vdc (Max) ¹
		No Translation	N/A. The input microblock's value will be the raw voltage of the input.
2-10 Vdc	0–10 Volt	Linear w/Offset, 2–10 Volts	Engineering values associated with 2 Vdc (Min) and 10 Vdc (Max) ¹
0-20 mA	0–20 mA	Linear Full Range	Engineering values associated with 0 mA (Min) and 20 mA (Max) ¹
		No Translation	N/A. The input microblock's value will be the raw milliamps of the input.
4-20 mA	0–20 mA	Linear w/Offset, 4–20 mA	Engineering values associated with 4 mA (Min) and 20 mA (Max) ¹
RTD	RTD Input	Select your RTD type or set up and select a Non-Linear, Custom Table ^{2, 4}	N/A
Thermistor	Thermistor	Select your Thermistor type or set up and select a Non-Linear, Custom Table ²	N/A
Pulse to Analog (BPTA) ³			
Pulse Counter	Dry Contact or Binary Input	N/A	N/A
Binary (BBI)			
Dry Contact	Dry Contact	N/A	N/A



CAUTION Do not assign two input microblocks to the same physical input using Dry Contact in one and Binary Input in the other. This results in faulty behavior. ⁵

¹ The sensor reads a value and sends a corresponding signal (Volt or mA) to the TV-MPCXP1628's physical input. The Analog Input microblock uses the Min and Max values to linearly translate the signal into the engineering value used in subsequent control logic. For example, set Min to 0 and Max to 10 for a 4–20 mA sensor that measures velocity from 0.0 to 10.0 inches/second so that when the input reads 4 mA, the microblock outputs a value of 0. Similarly, when the input reads 8 mA, the microblock outputs a value of 2.5.

² You can set up a custom translation table on the driver's Custom Translation Tables pages in the i-Vu® interface.

³ The control program must have one Pulse to Analog Input microblock for each pulse counting input.

⁴ To improve the accuracy for RTD sensors used with long cables, see *Offset/Polarity values* (page 45).

⁵ Binary Input and Dry Contact input types are not interchangeable. Setting an input to Dry Contact applies a wetting voltage to sense a dry contact. Setting an input to Binary Input will not apply a wetting voltage.

Output values

Output	I/O Type	Sensor/Actuator Type	Min/Max
Analog (BAO)			
0-10 Vdc	Electrical 0–10 Volt	Linear Full Range	Engineering values associated with 0 Vdc (Min) and 10 Vdc (Max) ¹
		No Translation	N/A. The Analog Output microblock will output the same value that comes in to the microblock.
2-10 Vdc	Electrical 0–10 Volt	Linear w/Offset, 2–10 Volts	Engineering values associated with 2 Vdc (Min) and 10 Vdc (Max) ¹
0-20 mA	Electrical 0–20 mA	Linear Full Range	Engineering values associated with 0 mA (Min) and 20 mA (Max) ¹
		No Translation	N/A. The Analog Output microblock will output the same value that comes in to the microblock.
4-20 mA	Electrical 0–20 mA	Linear w/Offset, 4–20 mA	Engineering values associated with 4 mA (Min) and 20 mA (Max) ¹
Digital (Binary) (BBO)			
Relay	Relay/Triac Output	N/A	N/A

¹ The Analog Output microblock uses the Min and Max values to linearly translate its incoming value into a physical output signal (Volt or mA) sent from the TV-MPCXP1628 to an actuator. For example, set Min to 0 and Max to 100 for an Analog Output microblock that receives a 0 to 100% open signal from a PID microblock and that controls a 0–10 Vdc actuator so that when the PID signal is 100%, the TV-MPCXP1628 output is 10 Vdc. Similarly, when the PID signal is 50%, the TV-MPCXP1628 output is 5 Vdc.

Resolution values

Resolution is not particular to a type of input or output, but the driver handles analog and binary inputs and outputs differently. To set these values appropriately, you should understand how the driver uses them.

Resolution	Notes
Analog Input (BAI)	The driver rounds the microblock's present value according to the resolution. EXAMPLE If the calculated present value is 13.789 and you set the Resolution to 0.1, the control program uses 13.8 for any calculations downstream from the microblock.
Analog Output (BAO)	The driver rounds the wire input value to the microblock before performing any scaling calculations. EXAMPLE If the wire input value is 13.789 and you set the Resolution to 0.1, the microblock uses 13.8 for any scaling calculations.

Offset/Polarity values

Offset/Polarity is not particular to a type of input or output, but the driver handles analog and binary inputs and outputs differently. To set these values appropriately, you should understand how the driver uses them.

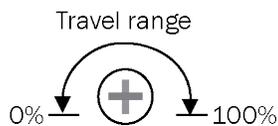
Offset/Polarity	Notes																				
Analog Input (BAI)	<p>Offset value (positive or negative) adds a fine adjustment to a sensor reading after all scaling for calibration.</p> <p>EXAMPLE If a sensor reads 74.9°F when the actual measured value is 73.6°F, enter an Offset of -1.3 to calibrate the sensor to the measured value.</p> <p>RTD inputs require either sensor calibration or an estimated offset correction for wiring resistance. Cable length and size affects RTD sensor accuracy. Use the following information for a 100 ft. (30.48 m) cable as a guideline for entering an offset. For shorter cable, scale the offset linearly. For example, for a 50 ft. cable, use half the offset shown below.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">RTD sensor</th> <th colspan="2">Offset for 100 ft. (30.48 m) cable</th> </tr> <tr> <th>22 AWG</th> <th>18 AWG</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Platinum 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00375 TCR)</td> <td>-1.5</td> <td>-0.59</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nickel-iron 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C)</td> <td>-1.1</td> <td>-0.43</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Platinum TS-8000 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00385 TCR)</td> <td>-1.5</td> <td>-0.59</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Balco (nickel-iron) TS8000 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C)</td> <td>-1.4</td> <td>-0.56</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cable resistance for signal and ground wires (ohms)</td> <td>3.1</td> <td>1.24</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	RTD sensor	Offset for 100 ft. (30.48 m) cable		22 AWG	18 AWG	Platinum 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00375 TCR)	-1.5	-0.59	Nickel-iron 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C)	-1.1	-0.43	Platinum TS-8000 1kOhm at 32°F (0°C) (0.00385 TCR)	-1.5	-0.59	Balco (nickel-iron) TS8000 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C)	-1.4	-0.56	Cable resistance for signal and ground wires (ohms)	3.1	1.24
RTD sensor	Offset for 100 ft. (30.48 m) cable																				
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Balco (nickel-iron) TS8000 1kOhm at 70°F (21°C)	-1.4	-0.56																			
Cable resistance for signal and ground wires (ohms)	3.1	1.24																			
Analog Output (BAO)	You can use the Offset value (positive or negative) to calibrate an output, but you generally do not need to. If used, the driver adds the offset value to the wire input value before performing any scaling calculations to determine the TV-MPCXP1628's output.																				
Binary Input (BBI)	<p>Polarity determines the microblock's present value when no signal is received from the equipment.</p> <p>When no signal is received from the equipment, if Polarity is set to: normal—present value is off reversed—present value is on</p>																				
Binary Output (BBO)	<p>Polarity determines the TV-MPCXP1628's output based on the control program's signal to the microblock.</p> <p>When the control program's signal to the microblock is on, if Polarity is set to: normal—output is on reversed—output is off</p> <p>NOTE Regardless of Polarity, the output will be off if the TV-MPCXP1628 loses power.</p>																				

To use an output's Hand-Auto-Off switch

You can control an output using the **Hand-Auto-Off** switch.

Set the switch to...	To...
Hand	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turn on a binary output.• Allow an analog output to be controlled by the AO Hand Override potentiometer.
Auto	Let the control program control the output
Off	Turn off the output

The **AO Hand Override**, located below the **Hand-Auto-Off** switch, allows you to manually control the output level of an analog output. Place the **Hand-Auto-Off** switch in the **Hand** position, then turn the potentiometer counterclockwise to reduce the output, or clockwise to increase the output.



The control program can monitor the status of a **Hand-Auto-Off** switch and display the status on the control program's **Properties** page > **I/O Points** tab in the i-Vu® interface. The **Value** of the point monitoring the **Hand-Auto-Off** switch shows **Off** if the switch is set to **Auto**, and **On** if the switch is set to **Hand** or **Off**.

To monitor the position of the manual Hand-Auto-Off switch

- 1 Insert a BACnet Binary Input microblock in the control program.
- 2 On the microblock's **Properties** page in the i-Vu® interface, set the **I/O Type** field to **H-A-O Status Feedback**.
- 3 In the **Input Number** field, type the number of the output you want to monitor.

Find and upload in the i-Vu® interface

In the i-Vu® interface, select the System level in the navigation tree.

- 1 On the **Devices** page > **Manage** tab, click **Find Devices** to discover your routers and their drivers, graphics, and touch files.
- 2 Once routers are found, select one or more routers in the list on the **Manage** tab and click **Upload All Content** to upload to the i-Vu® application. Use **Ctrl+click**, **Shift+click**, or both to select multiple items.
- 3 Click **OK** when you see the message **This will upload all content for the controller. Are you sure you want to do this?** When complete, a check mark under **Status** indicates a successful upload.

NOTES

- If an error message appears, click on the message to view an explanation.
- For details, see the i-Vu® Help.

Adjusting the TV-MPCXP1628 driver properties

After you find and upload the TV-MPCXP1628 in the i-Vu® interface, you may want to customize the TV-MPCXP1628's settings for your applications. You can change settings on the **Driver Properties** page.

- 1 In the i-Vu® interface, right-click the TV-MPCXP1628 in the navigation tree and select **Driver Properties**.
- 2 Adjust the driver as desired.

Driver

The **Driver** page provides the following information plus the items described in the table below:

- The date/time of last parameter change or the last time the database was archived
- If control programs, properties, and schedules were successfully stored in memory
- Undelivered Alarm Status

TouchScreen Control	
TouchScreen Schedule Edit Enable	<p>Check this field to allow a user to edit this controller's schedules from an Equipment Touch or System Touch Schedules screen.</p> <p>NOTE Schedules edited on an Equipment Touch or System Touch are not uploaded to the i-Vu® application. This could result in the controller operating on a schedule that differs from the one you see in the i-Vu® interface.</p>
Controller Clock	
Clock Fail Date and Time	Date and time the controller uses when its real-time clock is invalid.
Time Synch Sensitivity (seconds)	When the controller receives a time sync request, if the difference between the controller's time and the time sync's time is greater than this field's value, the controller's time is immediately changed. If the difference is less than this field's value, the controller's time is slowly adjusted until the time is correct.
Network Microblocks	
BACnet third party integration points capacity, integration points requested, and integration points active	<p>Shows how many third-party BACnet points the TV-MPCXP1628 allows (capacity), how many points are in the control program (requested), and how many are currently active (not disabled in i-Vu®).</p> <p>For example, if the TV-MPCXP1628 allows 1500 points, the control program has 1450 points, and you disabled 30 points in i-Vu®, you would see: Integration points capacity: 1500 Integration points requested: 1450 Integration points active: 1420</p>
Modbus integration points capacity and integration points active	Shows how many Modbus points the TV-MPCXP1628 allows (capacity) and how many are currently active.
Number of poll retries before Network Input Microblocks indicate failure	The maximum number of retries after the initial attempt that a Network microblock will attempt to communicate with its target device. If unsuccessful, the point will transition to an idle state for 30 seconds before attempting to communicate again. Change this field only if directed by Technical Support.

Periodic rebinding Interval	If a microblock uses a wildcard in its address, this timer determines how often the microblock will attempt to find the nearest instance of its target. For example, if an outside air temperature address uses a wildcard, a VAV application will look for the outside air temperature on the same network segment or on the nearest device containing that object.
BACnet COV Throttling	
Enable COV Throttling	<p>Under normal circumstances, COV Throttling should be enabled to prevent excessive network traffic if an object's COV Increment is set too low. See EXCEPTION below.</p> <p>When enabled, if an object generates excessive COV broadcasts (5 updates in 3 seconds), the driver automatically throttles the broadcasts to 1 per second. Also, if the object's value updates excessively for 30 seconds, an alarm is sent to the i-Vu® application listing <u>all</u> objects that are updating excessively. A Return-to-normal alarm is sent only after <u>all</u> objects have stopped updating excessively.</p> <p>EXCEPTION: In rare circumstances, such as process control, a subscribing object may require COV updates more frequently than once per second. For these situations, clear this checkbox, but make sure that your network can support the increased traffic. You will also need to disable the Excessive COV alarms under the driver's Common Alarms.</p>
Trend Sampling	
Collect a daily midnight sample for all points in this controller that are sampling on COV	For values that change infrequently, select to verify at midnight daily that the point is still able to communicate trend values.
Disable Eth1 Port	
Disable Eth1 Port	Check this box to disable the second ethernet port, also called the "Service Port".
Debug	
Enable Debug Messages	Enable only if directed by Carrier Control Systems Support.

Device

The **Device** page provides the following information plus the items described in the table below:

- BACnet device object properties for the TV-MPCXP1628
- The character sets supported by this device for BACnet communication

Configuration	
BACnet System Status	The current state of the controller: Operational Download in Progress Download Required Backup in Progress Non-Operational
The following fields refer to all networks over which the TV-MPCXP1628 communicates.	

APDU Timeout	How many milliseconds the device waits before resending a message if no response is received.
APDU Segment Timeout	How many milliseconds the device waits before resending a message segment if no response is received.
Number of APDU Retries	The number of times the device resends a message.
Controller Clock	
Time Broadcaster will synchronize time every _____	If you have third-party BACnet devices on one of the router's networks, you can have the router send a BACnet time sync to those devices at the interval you define in this field.
Time Synchronization Recipients	To define third-party BACnet devices as Time Synchronization Recipients: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Click Add. 2 Select Device ID, Address, Local Broadcaster, or Global Broadcaster in the Recipient Type field. 3 If you selected Device ID or Address, enter the information. 4 Click Accept.

Notification Classes

A BACnet alarm's Notification Class defines:

- Alarm priority for Alarm, Fault, and Return to Normal states
- Options for BACnet alarm acknowledgment
- Where alarms should be sent (recipients)

Alarms in the i-Vu® application use Notification Class #1. The i-Vu® application is automatically a recipient of these alarms.

Priorities	NOTE BACnet defines the following Network message priorities for Alarms and Events.	
	Priority range	Network message priority
	00–63	Life Safety
	64–127	Critical Equipment
	128–191	Urgent
	192–255	Normal
Priority of Off-Normal	BACnet priority for Alarms.	
Priority of Fault	BACnet priority for Fault messages.	
Priority of Normal	BACnet priority for Return-to-normal messages.	

Ack Required for Off-Normal, Fault, and Normal Specifies whether alarms associated with this Notification Class require a BACnet Acknowledgment for Off-Normal, Fault, or Normal alarms.



TIP You can require operator acknowledgment for an Alarm or Return-to-normal message (stored in the i-Vu® database). In the i-Vu® interface on the **Alarm > Enable/Disable** tab, change the acknowledgment settings for an alarm source or an alarm category.

Recipient List

Recipients	The first row in this list is the i-Vu® application. Do not delete this row. Click Add if you want other BACnet devices to receive alarms associated with this Notification Class.
Recipient Description	Name that appears in the Recipients table.
Recipient Type	Use Address (static binding) for either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Third-party BACnet device recipients that do not support dynamic binding • When you want alarms to be broadcast (you must uncheck Issue Confirmed Notifications). This use is rare.
Days and times	The days and times during which the recipient will receive alarms.
Recipient Device Object Identifier	Type the Device Instance in the # field.
Process Identifier	Change for third-party devices that use a BACnet Process Identifier other than 1. The i-Vu® application processes alarms for any 32-bit Process Identifier.
Issue Confirmed Notifications	Select to have a device continue sending an alarm message until it receives delivery confirmation from the recipient.
Transitions to Send	Uncheck the types of alarms you do not want the recipient to get.

Calendars

Calendars are provided in the driver for BACnet compatibility only. Instead, use the **Schedules** feature in the i-Vu® interface.

Common and Specific Alarms

On these pages, you can enable/disable, change BACnet alarm properties, or set delays for the following BACnet alarms:

Common alarms:

- All Programs Stopped
- Excessive COV
- Program Stopped
- Locked I/O
- Controller Halted
- Control Program
- Duplicate Address

Specific alarm:

- Dead Controller Timeout

NOTE To set up alarm actions for controller generated alarms, see *Setting up alarm actions* in the i-Vu® Help.

Controller Generated Alarm	
Description	Short message shown on the Alarms page or in an alarm action when this type of alarm is generated.
Events	
Alarm Category and Alarm Template	See <i>Setting up an alarm source in the i-Vu® interface</i> in i-Vu® Help.
Enable	Clear these checkboxes to disable Alarm or Return to normal messages of this type from the TV-MPCXP1628.
Notification Class	In a typical i-Vu® system, the Notification Class is 1; however, if needed, you can associate a different notification class with the alarm. See <i>Notification Classes</i> (page 50) to set up alarm delivery options for a specific Notification Class.

Custom Translation Tables

Applies to the analog input of an attached expander.

You can set up a translation table that an analog input will use to translate the raw data from a non-linear sensor to the engineering units you want it to provide on the output wire of the Analog Input microblock. In the navigation tree, select **Custom Translation Table #1, #2, or #3**. The **Properties** page has instructions.

For the input to use the translation table, go to the control program's **Properties** page > **I/O Points** tab. Click the analog input in the **Name** column. On the **Details** tab, set **Sensor Type (Scaling Method)** to **Non-Linear, Custom Table #__**.

BACnet Router Properties



CAUTION Do not change the settings on this page as it will result in communication failure. Use *the controller setup pages* (page 61) to change settings and then resolve mismatches in the i-Vu® application.

BACnet Firewall

If this IP controller is accessible from the Internet, you can increase security by enabling its BACnet firewall. When enabled, this feature prevents the controller from responding to BACnet messages from unidentified sources and allows communication only with IP addresses that you define. These can be all private IP addresses and/or a list of IP addresses. Follow the instructions in the i-Vu® interface to set up the BACnet firewall.

Network Diagnostics - Statistics

This page shows the network statistics for each of the TV-MPCXP1628's ports that are in use. This same information is provided in a *Module Status report* (page 73).

Click the **Error Rate Trend** or **Packet Rate Trend** link at the bottom of each section to see the statistics displayed as trend graphs. You can also access these trends by clicking on the driver in the network tree, and then selecting **Trends > Enabled Points >** and the desired trend graph.

Click a port's **Reset** button to set all of the numbers to zero so the counting can start over.

Router Statistics	
Error Counters	Dropped Packets —Data packets that could not be delivered.
	Route Not Found —Packets that could not be delivered because the requested network does not exist.
	Route Unreachable —Routed packets whose destination network is either busy or offline.
Network Activity	Shows the number of incoming and outgoing unicast and broadcast packets for each of the TV-MPCXP1628's networks.
Router Sourced Packets	Shows the number of packets initiated by the TV-MPCXP1628 that are not in response to a request from another device. The numbers in this table will also appear in the appropriate columns in the Network Activity tab.
Trends	Error Rate Trend —Shows the total number of errors within the trend sampling interval.
	Packet Rate Trend —Shows the total number of packets transmitted and received within the trend sampling interval.
Gig-E Port Statistics	
BACnet/IP Statistics	BACnet/IP Rx Unicast Packets —BACnet/IP packets received from a single BACnet device.
	BACnet/IP Tx Unicast Packets —BACnet/IP packets transmitted to a single BACnet device.
	BACnet/IP Rx Broadcast Packets —BACnet/IP broadcast packets received by the TV-MPCXP1628.
	BACnet/IP Tx Broadcast Packets —BACnet/IP broadcast packets transmitted by the TV-MPCXP1628.
	Whitelist Rejections (if <i>BACnet Firewall</i> (page 53) is enabled)—Messages blocked by the BACnet Firewall because the IP address that sent the message was not in the whitelist.

<p>Ethernet Statistics</p>	<p>Ethernet Rx packets—All packets (including non-BACnet packets such as a ping) received by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p> <p>Ethernet Tx packets—All packets (including non-BACnet packets such as a ping) transmitted by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p> <p>Receive Errors (total)—All errors related to received packets such as CRC errors, FIFO errors, frame errors, length errors, missed errors, and overrun errors.</p> <p>Transmit Errors (total)—All errors related to transmitted packets such as aborted errors, carrier errors, dropped errors, FIFO errors, heartbeat errors, and window errors.</p> <p>Dropped Packets—Packets dropped by the TV-MPCXP1628's Ethernet interface.</p>
<p>Trends</p>	<p>Error Rate Trend—Shows the total number of errors within the interval time.</p> <p>Packet Rate Trend—Shows the total number of packets transmitted and received within the trend sampling interval.</p>
<p>Port S1 Statistics when used for ARCNET</p>	
<p>Error Counters</p>	<p>Node Reconfiguration—The ARCNET reconfigurations initiated by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p> <p>Bus Reconfiguration—An ARCNET reconfiguration not generated by the TV-MPCXP1628 (such as when a controller connects to the network).</p> <p>Excessive NACK—Excessive NACKs received by the TV-MPCXP1628's ARCNET chip. Excessive NACKs are usually the result of a station which is unable to process a steady stream of packets due to buffer overflows or slow responses.</p> <p>Dropped Packets—Dropped receive and transmit frames. These may be dropped due to buffer allocation failures, length errors, or NACKed transmit packets.</p>
<p>Activity Counters</p>	<p>BACnet/ARCNET Rx Packets—BACnet/ARCNET data packets received by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p> <p>BACnet/ARCNET Tx Packets—BACnet/ARCNET data packets transmitted by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p>
<p>Latency</p>	<p>Average Value (milliseconds)—The average time from when a packet is queued to be transmitted until it is actually transmitted on the bus.</p> <p>Maximum Value (milliseconds)—The maximum time from when a packet is queued to be transmitted until it is actually transmitted on the bus.</p>
<p>Trends</p>	<p>Error Rate Trend—Total number of errors within the interval time on this network, including break errors, framing errors, etc..</p> <p>Packet Rate Trend—BACnet/ARCNET data packets transmitted through router, not the total utilization.</p>
<p>Port S1 Statistics when used for MSTP or Port S2 Statistics</p>	

Error Counters	<p>UART Errors—UART receive and transmit errors such as break errors, framing errors, parity errors, and overrun errors.</p> <p>Invalid Frames—Received MS/TP frames that contain an error such as CRC.</p> <p>Dropped Packets—Dropped receive and transmit frames. These may be dropped due to buffer allocation failures, length errors, or APDU timeouts (in the case of transmit frames)</p> <p>Dropped Tokens—Dropped tokens that have been retransmitted.</p> <p>No responses—Messages that did not receive a response from the destination device.</p>
Activity Counters	<p>BACnet/MSTP Rx Packets—BACnet/MSTP data packets received by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p> <p>BACnet/MSTP Tx Packets—BACnet/MSTP data packets transmitted by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p>
Latency	<p>Average Value (milliseconds)—The average time from when a packet is queued to be transmitted until it is actually transmitted on the bus.</p> <p>Maximum Value (milliseconds)—The maximum time from when a packet is queued to be transmitted until it is actually transmitted on the bus</p>
Trends	<p>Error Rate Trend—Total number of errors within the interval time on this network, including break errors, framing errors, etc.</p> <p>Packet Rate Trend—Percentage of total bus bandwidth used to transmit data packets.</p> <p>NOTE This is for all bus traffic, not just traffic generated by the TV-MPCXP1628.</p>

Network Diagnostics - Packet Capture

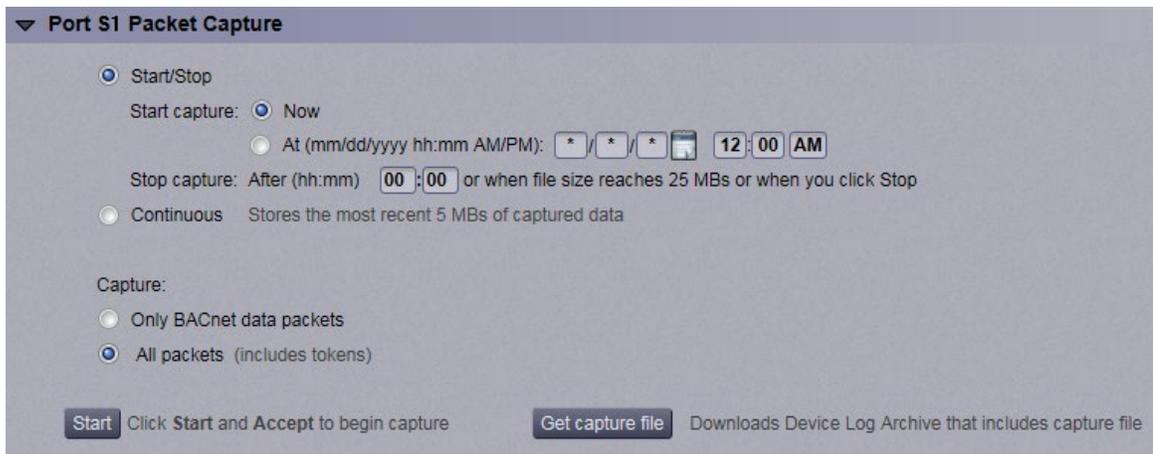
This page allows you to capture network communication on a port and then download the capture file for troubleshooting. Choose one of the following capture options:

- **Start/Stop** - Define the start and stop criteria, and then click **Start** and **Accept** to begin the capture. When the capture stops, the capture file is generated.

NOTE If a Start/Stop capture is running on any other port, the **Get capture file** button is disabled until all Start/Stop captures have completed.

 - **Start capture:** - When you check **At (mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm AM/PM)**, enter the time and date, and click **Start**, the packet capture begins at the date and time you specified.

NOTE The hours field is validated from 0 to 12, and minute field is validated from 0 to 59.
 - **Continuous** - Click **Start** and **Accept** to begin the capture. Click **Save** to momentarily stop the capture and create the capture file. The capture will automatically resume. Click on the **Start/Stop** option to end the **Continuous** capture.
 - If the port is set up for MS/TP, select an option in the **Capture** section.



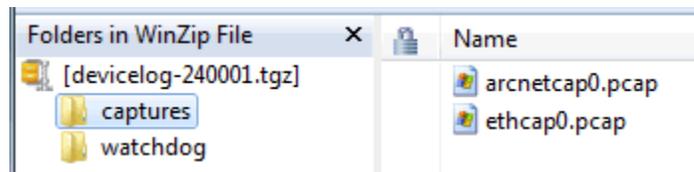
To download the capture file

Capture files are Wireshark files that are added to the Device Log Archive .tgz file. Do the following to view the files.

- 1 If you do not have Wireshark installed on your computer, download the latest version from the *Wireshark website* (<http://www.wireshark.org>).
- 2 Run the install program, accepting all defaults. Include WinPcap in the installation.
- 3 On the i-Vu® **Packet Capture** page, click **Get capture file** to download the .tgz file. The message appears "Retrieving the file, this may take a little while". Click **OK**.

NOTE If the size of the .tgz is large, there could be a considerable delay (for example, over 2 minutes) after you click **Get capture file** until your browser begins the download.

- 4 Open the .tgz file. The files are in the **captures** folder.



Capture file names are based on the ports.

NOTES

- If you have an MSTP capture file for both Port S1 and Port S2, the file names will be:
mstpcap0 for Port S1
mstpcap1 for Port S2
 - Clicking **Get capture file** generates the port's .pcap file. If the port has a .pcap file from a previous capture, that file will be overwritten.
- 5 Extract the .pcap file from the .tgz file.
 - 6 Open the .pcap file in Wireshark.

I/O Expanders

The **I/O Expanders** page provides the configuration and status information described in the table below.

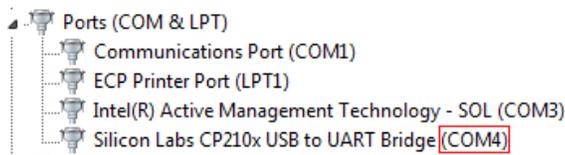
I/O Bus Configuration		
Maximum I/O Bus Expanders	The controller can have no more than 9 TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders.	
Communication Timeout	If the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander does not receive communication from the controller for this amount of time, the expander will reset itself. The range is 15–300 seconds.	
I/O Bus Status		
The table shows information for all TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders that are communicating with the TV-MPCXP1628.		
Status	Possible statuses	Description
	Operational	TruVu™ MPC I/O expander is operating correctly.
	Error: Comm Fail	The controller and TruVu™ MPC I/O expander are not communicating.
	Error: Unsupported Type	The TruVu™ MPC I/O expander type is not compatible with the controller firmware version.
	Disabled	Status briefly shown before Error: Comm Fail appears.
	Download Required	The version of firmware in the TruVu™ MPC I/O expander is different than expander firmware in the TV-MPCXP1628.
	Downloading	The TruVu™ MPC I/O expander's firmware is being upgraded.
	Boot Running	Status briefly shown before Download Required appears.
	Error: Calibration	TruVu™ MPC I/O expander was not calibrated in the factory. Please return.
	Error: 15V Power Supply	TruVu™ MPC I/O expander has detected an issue with its 15V power supply.
	Error: 5V Power Supply	TruVu™ MPC I/O expander has detected an issue with its 5V power supply.
Input and Output Numbers	The number of inputs, HAOs, and outputs on the expander.	
FW Version	The version of firmware that is in the expander.	
Hardware Type	The number in this column should appear in the list of Expander Types Supported in the I/O Bus Firmware Inventory section.	
Network Termination	Shows if the expander's I/O Bus End of Net? switch is set to Yes (On) or No (Off).	
Model Type	The expander model.	
I/O Bus Firmware Inventory		
Version	The version of TruVu™ MPC I/O expander firmware that is in the TV-MPCXP1628.	
Expander Types Supported	The TruVu™ MPC I/O expander types supported by the TV-MPCXP1628.	

To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® Pro interface

For the i-Vu® Pro application to communicate with the **Rnet** port, you must do the following:

- 1 Click , select **System Options**, and then select **Connections**.
- 2 On the **Configure** tab, click **Add**.
- 3 From the **Type** drop-down list, select **BACnet/Rnet Connection**.
- 4 Optional: Edit the **Description**.
- 5 Type the computer's **Port** number that the USB cable is connected to.

NOTE To find the port number, plug the USB cable into the computer's USB port, then select **Start > Control Panel > System > Device Manager > Ports (Com & LPT)**. The COM port number is beside **Silicon Labs CP210x USB to UART Bridge**.



- 6 Set the **Baud** rate to 115200.
- 7 Click **Apply**.
- 8 On the right of the page, in the **Networks using selected connection** table, click the checkbox next to the network you want to connect to.
- 9 Click **Apply**.
- 10 Select **BACnet/Rnet Connection**, then click **Start**.

NOTE If an error message appears, make sure the COM port you selected is not in use. For example, PuTTY may be open and is holding the port open.

- 11 Click **Accept**.
- 12 On the navigation tree, select the controller that you are connected to.
- 13 Click  and select **Manual Command**.
- 14 Type `rnet here` in the dialog box, then click **OK**.
- 15 On the **Properties** page, click **Module Status**. If a Modstat report appears, the i-Vu® application is communicating with the controller.

Act Net Bus

See the *Act Net User Guide* on the Carrier Partner Community website for a complete description of Act Net configuration.

Communication Status

The **Communication Status** page shows the status of the protocols currently running on the TV-MPCXP1628's ports.

Standalone Controller Detection

You can use the fields on this page with a binary input in your control program to detect when an expander goes offline. If the controller has not received a write request from the selected network within the specified amount of time, the input switches ON. The input remains OFF as long as write requests are received. The binary input must have the Expander number and Input number set to **99** and the I/O Type set to **Special**.

Modbus Serial, Modbus TCP/IP, and Modbus Error Definitions pages

If the controller will be used with Modbus devices, see the *Modbus Integration Guide* for information on using these pages.

To set up Network Statistic trends

PREREQUISITE To view Network Statistic trends, you must have a i-Vu® v6.5 or later system with the latest cumulative patch.

To view the *Network Statistics* (page 53) as trend graphs, select the controller in i-Vu®'s navigation tree and go to one of the following:

- On the **Driver Properties > Network Diagnostics > Statistics** page, click a **Trend** link at the bottom of each section.
- Click the **Trends** drop-down button, select **Enabled Points** and then the graph you want.

You can define:

- How the graph looks on the trend's **Configure** tab.
- How you want trend samples to be collected on the **Enable/Disable** tab. See the table below.

Field	Notes
Sample every _:._:_(hh:mm:ss)	(Recommended method) To record the value at a regular time interval, enter hh:mm:ss in this field.
Sample on COV (change of value)	To record the value only when the value changes by at least the amount of the COV Increment , set the Sample every field to 0:00:00 and enter a value in the COV Increment field.
Max samples	Network Statistic trends have a non-configurable maximum trend log buffer size of 1440. NOTE Trending consumes memory in the controller. Click Reset to delete all samples currently stored in the controller.

Field	Notes
Stop When Full	Check this field to stop trend sampling when the maximum number of samples is reached.
Enable trend log at specific times only	Collects trend data for the specific period of time you define in the time and date fields.
Enable Trend Historian	Archives trend data to the system database.
Store Trends Now	Writes all trend data in the controller to the system database without having to enable trend historian.
Write to historian every __ trend samples	Writes all trend data in the controller to the system database each time the controller collects the number of samples that you enter in this field. This number must be greater than zero and less than the number entered in the Max samples field. The number of trends specified must be accumulated at least once before the historical trends can be viewed. NOTE Any trends not stored in the historian will be lost if the controller loses power.
Trend samples accumulated since last notification	Shows the number of samples stored in the controller since data was last written to the database.
Last Record Written to Historian	Shows the number of trend samples that were last written to the database.
Keep historical trends for __ days	This is based on the date that the sample was read. Select the first option to use the system default that is defined on the System Options > System Settings > General tab. Select the second option to set a value for this trend only.

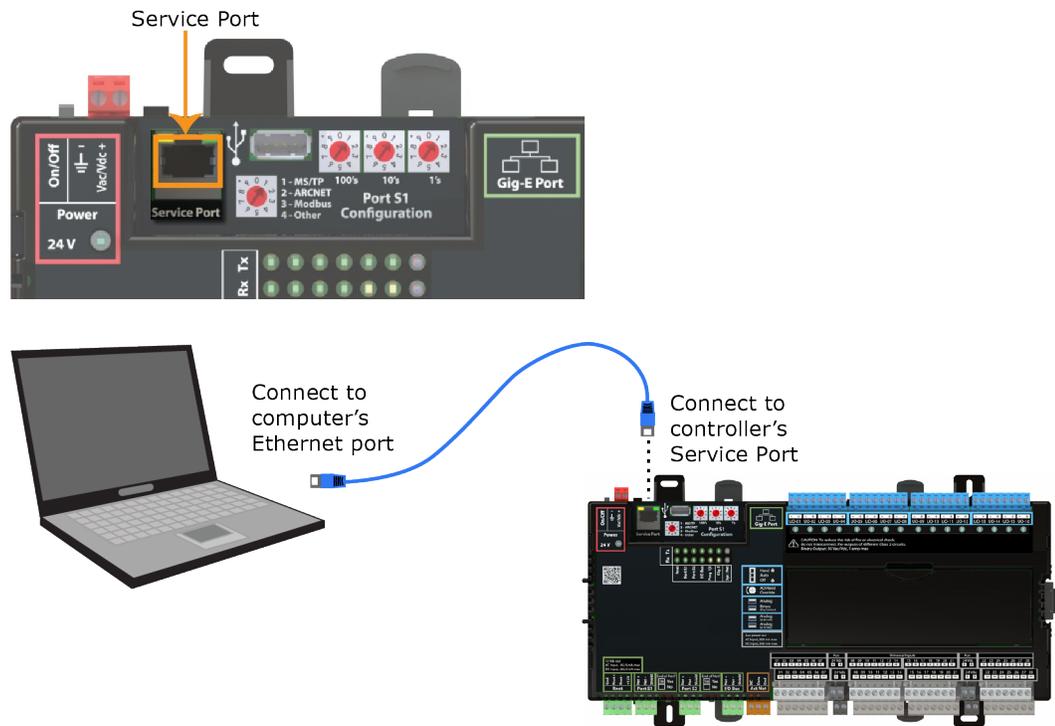
To set up the controller through the Service Port

Using a computer and an Ethernet cable, you can communicate with the TV-MPCXP1628 through a web browser to:

- View the controller's Module Status report
- View/change controller and network settings. Changes take effect immediately.
- Troubleshoot
- Use BACnet/IP Service Port to access the i-Vu® application or a touchscreen device. See *To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port network* (page 32).

- 1 Connect an Ethernet cable from a computer to the controller's Service Port, as shown below.

NOTE Be sure NOT to plug the cable into the Gig-E Port.



- 2 Turn off the computer's Wi-Fi if it is on.
- 3 If your computer uses a static IP address, use the following settings:
 - Address: 169.254.1.x, where x is 2 to 7
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.248
 - Default Gateway: 169.254.1.1If it uses a DHCP address, leave the address as it is.
- 4 Open a web browser on the computer.
- 5 Navigate to <http://local.access> or <http://169.254.1.1> to see the Service Port controller setup pages.

To set up the controller through the Service Port

NOTE The first time you access the controller in the i-Vu® interface after you have changed settings through the Service Port, be sure to upload the changes to the system database. This will preserve those settings when you download memory or parameters to the controller.

ModStat tab

This tab provides the controller's Module Status report that gives information about the controller and network communication status. See *Appendix - Module Status field descriptions* (page 80).

Device tab

BACnet Object	
Device Instance	Autogenerated —(Default) The Device ID is automatically set to a number equal to the (IP network number) x 100 + rotary switch address. Assigned —Lets you enter a specific number that is unique on the BACnet network.
Device Name	Autogenerated —(Default) The Device Name is automatically set as the word device + the Device Instance. For example, device2423911. Assigned —Lets you enter a specific name that is unique on the BACnet network.
Device Location	You can enter an intuitive location for the device in the i-Vu® interface.
Device Description	You can enter an intuitive description for the device in the i-Vu® interface.
Configuration	
APDU Timeout	How many milliseconds the device waits before resending a message if no response is received.
APDU Segment Timeout	How many milliseconds the device waits before resending a message segment if no response is received.
APDU Retries	The number of times the device resends a message.
Network Time Protocol	
	To define an NTP server to use for time synchronization:
	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1 Click Enable.2 Define NTP Server by one of the following:<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ IP Address○ Host name○ Fully qualified domain name3 Click Save.

Controller Information	
Clear Counts/Logs	Clears Reset counters and the three message history fields from the Module Status.
Data Backup and Restore	
Backup	Displays time of the last backup. Click button to backup the controller's control programs, properties, and schedules.
Restore	Displays time of the last restore. Click button to restore the most recent backup of the controller's control programs, properties, and schedules.
Network Factory Defaults	
Reset	Resets the controller to network factory default settings.
Core Dump Download	
Move Core Dump to USB drive	Downloads a core dump file to a USB drive. The status LED rapidly flashes blue while the download is in progress. This may take several minutes.

Ports tab

IP Port	
IP Addressing	Select the type of addressing the controller is to use. See <i>Addressing the TV-MPCXP1628</i> (page 17).
Port S1	
End of Network	Indicates status of the controller's End of Net? switch.
Active Protocol	Indicates status of the controller's Port S1 Configuration rotary switch. 0=Disabled 1=MS/TP 2=ARCNET 3=Modbus
Address	The address that is set on the three rotary switches. See <i>To set the Port S1 address and baud rate</i> (page 21).
Port S2	
End of Network	Indicates status of the controller's End of Net? switch.
Active Protocol	The protocol that has been enabled for Port S2 on the BACnet or Modbus tab.

To set up the controller through the Service Port

BACnet tab

IP Port	
BACnet Network Number	Disable Routing —Select if the IP port is not used. Autogenerated —The BACnet/IP network number is automatically set to 2400. Assigned —Lets you enter a specific number.
BACnet UDP Port	The port that the i-Vu® application will use for BACnet communication.
Enable NAT Routing	For future use. Check if the TV-MPCXP1628 is behind a NAT router (firewall).
Global NAT IP Address	For future use. Public IP address of the NAT router.
Global NAT BACnet UDP Port	For future use. Port number assigned to the NAT router's public interface.
BACnet Secondary IP Net Number	If the TV-MPCXP1628 has two BACnet/IP networks communicating on the Gig-E port, enter the second IP network number in this field. If the TV-MPCXP1628 is behind a NAT router and there is a second network with BACnet/IP devices behind the NAT router, enter the second network number in this field to logically connect the TV-MPCXP1628 to the devices on the second network.
<p>The diagram illustrates a network configuration. On the left, a box labeled 'C' represents the Controller. A line connects it to a diamond-shaped box labeled 'R', representing the BACnet router. From the 'R' box, a line goes to a vertical rectangular box labeled 'NAT', representing the NAT router. The NAT router is divided into two sections: 'Private side' on the left and 'Public side' on the right. A line labeled 'Secondary IP network' connects the 'R' box to the 'Private side' of the NAT router. Another line connects the 'Public side' of the NAT router to the right edge of the diagram.</p>	
BACnet Secondary UDP Port	If the TV-MPCXP1628 has two BACnet/IP networks communicating on the Gig-E port, enter the port number that the i-Vu® application will use for BACnet communication. This port must be different than the BACnet UDP Port .
Ethernet Port	
MAC Address	A factory assigned Ethernet MAC Address for the Gig-E port.
BACnet Network Number	Specify a number for the BACnet/Ethernet network or set to 0 if the port is not used.
Port S1	
End of Network	Indicates status of the controller's End of Net? switch.
Active Protocol	Indicates status of the controller's Port S1 rotary switch. 0=Disabled 1=MS/TP 2=ARCNET 3=Modbus
Address	The address that is set on the three rotary switches. See <i>To set the Port S1 address and baud rate</i> (page 21).
MSTP Autobaud	Select Yes to enable this slave device to automatically receive its baud rate from a master on the network that has the fixed baud rate.
MSTP Baud Rate	Set this to a baud rate that all other devices on the MS/TP network are set to.

MSTP Max Master	To increase MS/TP performance, enter the highest address used on the MS/TP network for a master controller. This number must be less than or equal to 127.
MSTP Max Info Frames	<p>This is the maximum number of information messages a controller may transmit before it must pass the token to the next controller. Valid values are 1 to 255.</p> <p> TIP Set Max Info Frames to a number in the range 20 to 100 so that the controller does not become a bottleneck for traffic being routed from a high-speed network to the slower MS/TP network.</p>
BACnet Network Number	<p>Select:</p> <p>Disable Routing if Port S1 is not used.</p> <p>Autogenerated to have the network number for Port S1 automatically set to a number equal to ((IP network number + rotary switch address) x 10).</p> <p>Assigned to enter a specific number.</p>
Port S2	
End of Network	Indicates status of the controller's End of Net? switch.
Active Protocol	<p>Shows one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modbus if enabled on the Modbus tab • BACnet/MSTP if you enter a BACnet Network Number below for an MS/TP network • Disabled if neither of the above have been done
Address	The controller's unique address on the MS/TP network.
MSTP Autobaud	Select Yes to enable this slave device to automatically receive its baud rate from a master on the network that has the fixed baud rate.
MSTP Baud Rate	Set this to a baud rate that all other devices on the MS/TP network are set to.
MSTP Max Master	To increase MS/TP performance, enter the highest address used on the MS/TP network for a master controller. This number must be less than or equal to 127.
MSTP Max Info Frames	<p>This is the maximum number of information messages a controller may transmit before it must pass the token to the next controller. Valid values are 1 to 255.</p> <p> TIP Set Max Info Frames to a number in the range 20 to 100 so that the controller does not become a bottleneck for traffic being routed from a high-speed network to the slower MS/TP network.</p>
BACnet Network Number	<p>Select:</p> <p>Disable Routing if Port S2 is not used.</p> <p>Autogenerated to have the network number for Port S2 automatically set to a number equal to ((IP network number + rotary switch address) x 10) + 3.</p> <p>Assigned to enter a specific number.</p>
Home Network	This is typically the network that is communicating with the building automation system's application. This sets the BACnet Address of the Device object.

To set up the controller through the Service Port

Modbus tab

If the controller will be used with Modbus devices, see the *Modbus Integration Guide* for information on using this tab.

Security tab

BACnet Firewall

If your BACnet Firewall configuration in the i-Vu® interface did not include the i-Vu® server IP address, thus blocking communication with the i-Vu® server, you can disable the controller's BACnet Firewall on the controller setup **Security** tab.

NOTE You can enable the BACnet Firewall only in the i-Vu® interface.

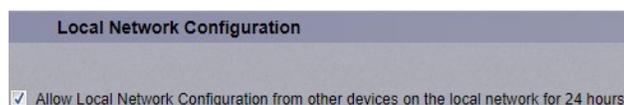
Local Network tab

Use the **Local Network** tab to:

- Discover 256 devices on a single network at a time.
- Discover both configured or unconfigured devices on this controller's network.
- See the number of devices discovered and the total number on the network.
- Identify the controller that has had its DSC button pressed.
- Export the **Local Devices** that are present in the table (limited to 256) to a .csv file.
- Set a device's **Mode**, **Address**, and **Location**.
- Assign IP addresses to multiple devices at one time.
- Prompt an LED to blink on a device.

A device that is new from the factory or has not been previously configured with an IP address, can always be configured using the **Local Devices** table. However, once you have assigned a valid IP address, you have up to 24 hours to make any other changes. After 24 hours, the fields are not editable and the device is **Locked**.

You can unlock a device for 24 hours by either pressing the DSC button on the TV-MPCXP1628 controller or by using the i-Vu® application. In the i-Vu® navigation tree, right-click the TV-MPCXP1628, select **Driver Properties** and go to **Driver > Settings** tab > **Local Network Configuration**. Check **Allow Local Network Configuration from other devices on the local network for 24 hours** and click **Accept**.



To discover devices on a network

- 1 To address a network of devices, you must first select one controller and set the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Default Gateway** on the **Ports** tab.

NOTE This controller is referred to as the connected controller.

- 2 On the **Local Network** tab, at the top of the page, verify that the connected controller's **Mode**, **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Default Gateway** are accurate.
- 3 Use the following settings to define the devices that you want to discover in the **Local Devices** table.

Local Devices	
Only Unconfigured	When checked, only discovers devices that do not have an IP address and are linked to the connected controller's network. When unchecked, discovers both configured and unconfigured devices.
Clear All	Erases all information in the table.
Export	Creates .csv file of the data in the table, limited to 256 devices.

- 4 Click **Discover** to populate the table with your devices that are on a single network communicating with the connected controller.

To auto-assign IP addresses to multiple devices at one time

- 1 Follow the above steps to **Discover** devices.
- 2 In the **Select** column, click the checkbox for the devices you want to assign addresses to.
NOTE To change the IP Address, the device's **Mode** must be **Custom Static**.
- 3 Enter the starting IP address under **Address** and click **Assign** to automatically assign sequential IP addresses.

There are different workflows for using the **Local Devices** table to address your devices, depending on the information you have from the installation. See [To address when you know the serial numbers](#) or [To address when you do not know the serial numbers](#).

Local Devices table	
Select	Check to select devices for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing the Mode • Resolving a Mismatch • Auto-assigning an IP Address NOTE You cannot select devices with a lock symbol.
MAC	Ethernet MAC address of device
Serial#	The discovered devices are in order by serial number. NOTE To change how the rows are sorted, click a different column heading.

To set up the controller through the Service Port

Local Devices table	
Mode	<p>To change the Mode:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Select the devices you want to change. 2 Select one of the following IP addressing modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Default IP - Devices with rotary switches that are used when autogenerating the address (if applicable) • Custom Static - A permanent IP addresses which does not change and is usually obtained from the network administrator NOTE Selecting this option sets the device's subnet and default gateway to match the connected controller. • DHCP - Allows the DHCP server to automatically assign an IP address NOTE Selecting this option disables Device Instance autogeneration on the target device. The target device maintains its current device instance unless manually changed. 3 Click the Set button.
Address	<p>Displays the IP address of the device, if assigned. You can edit the address only if the device is set to Custom Static.</p> <p>To auto-assign multiple sequential addresses, select the devices, enter the beginning address, and click Assign.</p>
Location	You can describe the location of the device or any other helpful information.
Mismatch	<p>A Mismatch occurs when the connected controller's mode is set to Custom Static and a discovered device's subnet and default gateway do not match the connected controller. The incorrect addresses are shown with SN for subnet and GW for default gateway.</p> <p>To resolve a mismatch, select the device(s) by clicking the Select checkbox and then clicking the Resolve button. The subnet mask and default gateway addresses of the selected devices change to match the connected controller.</p>
Status	<p>The following are the results of changing Mode, Address, Location, or pressing Blink:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Success - Successful operation • No Response - Device is not communicating • Device Locked - Device must be unlocked before you can make any changes using the Local Devices table. You can unlock the TV-MPCXP1628 by pressing the DSC button on the device or by using the i-Vu® application. (See instructions above.) NOTE The status of a device changes to locked 24 hours after unlocking it. • Failure - A conflict between the device and the information entered
Blue dot	<p>A blue dot appears for the most recent device to have the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blink button clicked in the table • Address or Location entered • DSC button pressed on the device <p>NOTE If the device is not already listed in the table, pressing the DSC button immediately adds it to the table and displays a blue dot.</p> <p> TIP You can build a table of devices in the order that you've pressed the DSC buttons. Clear the table and then press each DSC button in turn. The devices will be listed in the table in the order in which the button was pressed, but only the most recent one will show the blue dot.</p>

Local Devices table

Blink

Click the **Blink** button to prompt the Locator LED to flash for 15 seconds, allowing you to verify the controller's physical location. After flashing, whenever the actuator moves, the LED rotates in the same direction. LED rotation is automatically disabled after 1 hour and can be re-enabled by pressing the **Blink** button again.

At the same time, the **Sys** and **Net** LEDs blink white, once per second for 10 seconds, and then stop.

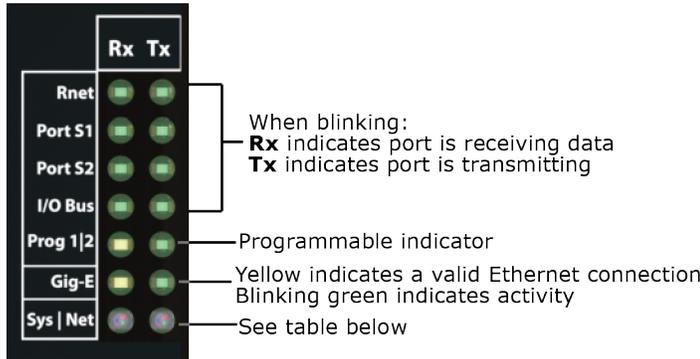
NOTES

- The blue dot appears when you **Blink** a device.
- You can **Blink** a locked device.

NOTE If a device's IP address is the loopback address (127.0.0.1), it is considered unconfigured and unlocked. The IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway fields are blank in the **Ports** and **Local Network** tabs. You can configure it in the **Local Devices** table.

Troubleshooting

LEDs



Net (Network Status) Tricolor LED

Color	Pattern	Condition	Message In Module Status	Possible Solutions
Red	On	Ethernet connection problem	No Ethernet Link	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect Ethernet Cable Check other network components
Red	1 blink	One of the following BACnet/IP (Ethernet) DLL reporting issue: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unable to create tasks Unable to open socket for BACnet port 	BACnet/IP error	Cycle power
Red	2 blink	Current default IP address does not match the current rotary switch setting	Default IP address mismatch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the controller setup Ports tab to set the IP address Cycle power to accept new IP address Change rotary switches to match current default IP address
Blue	On	One of the following issues: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Port communication firmware did not load properly Port communication firmware is not running Invalid protocol selected 	ARCNET/MSTP firmware error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change rotary switch to select valid protocol Cycle power
Blue	1 blink	Invalid address selected for protocol	Invalid address selection for ARCNET/MSTP	Change rotary switch to valid address
Blue	2 blink	Controller has same MAC address as another connected device	Duplicate address on MSTP	Change rotary switch to unique address

Color	Pattern	Condition	Message in Module Status	Possible Solutions
Blue	3 blink	Controller is the only device on the network	No other devices detected on ARCNET/MSTP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check that network cable is connected properly Check that baud rate is correct
Blue	4 blink	Excessive errors detected over 3 second period	Excessive communication errors on ARCNET/MSTP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check that network cable is connected properly Check that baud rate is correct
Blue	5 blink	ARCNET traffic overload possibly due to circular route or excessive COVs (change of values)	Event System Error - FPGA RX FIFO full	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the network configuration for a circular route Increase the time between COVs to reduce excessive COV traffic
Green	On	All enabled networks are functioning properly	No errors	No action required
Magenta		Operating system changes are downloading WARNING This process could take several minutes. Do NOT power off the controller during the download.	N/A	No action required

Sys (System Status) Tricolor LED

Color	Pattern	Condition	Message in Module Status	Possible Solution
Red	2 blink	Restarting after an abnormal exit	Auto restart delay due to system error on startup	After 5 minute delay has expired, if condition occurs again then cycle power
Red	4 blink	Firmware image is corrupt	Firmware error	Download driver again
Red	Fast blink	Firmware error has caused the firmware to exit and restart	Fatal error detected	No action required
Green	1 blink	No errors	Operational	No action required
Green	2 blink	Download of driver is in progress	Download in progress	No action required
Green	3 blink	BACnet Device ID is not set	Download required	Download the controller
Green	Fast blink	Installation of recently downloaded driver is occurring	N/A	No action required
Blue	On	Controller is starting up	N/A	No action required
Blue	Slow blink	Linux (operating system) is starting up	N/A	No action required
Blue	Fast blink	Linux is running but it could not start the firmware application	N/A	Download driver

Color	Pattern	Condition	Message in Module Status	Possible Solution
Magenta		Operating system changes are downloading WARNING This process could take several minutes. Do NOT power off the controller during the download.	N/A	No action required

To configure custom Prog 1/2 LEDs

You can customize the **Prog 1** and/or **Prog 2** LED for site-specific purposes by configuring the BACnet Analog Output (BAO) microblock.

In the i-Vu® interface, select the TV-MPCXP1628 on the navigation tree, and on the **Properties** page > **I/O Points** tab, under **Hardware Configuration**, set the following:

Status/Attribute	Microblock type	Expander number : Channel number	I/O type	Description
LED 1	BAO	0:61	Special	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <=0 Normal • >15 On The number of blinks equals the Present Value. The pulse pattern repeats after a 2-second delay LED will blink the number of times given in the BAO with ON pulse 0.5 seconds and OFF pulse 0.5 seconds.
LED 2	BAO	0:62	Special	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <=0 Normal • >15 On The number of blinks equals the Present Value. The pulse pattern repeats after a 2-second delay LED will blink the number of times given in the BAO with ON pulse 0.5 seconds and OFF pulse 0.5 seconds.

To get a Module Status report

A Module Status report provides information about the controller and verifies proper network communication with the controller. You can get this report:

- In the i-Vu® application—Right-click the controller on the navigation tree, then select **Module Status**.
- In the Field Assistant application—Right-click the controller in the navigation tree and select **Module Status**.
- On the controller setup **ModStat** tab—See *To set up the controller through the Service Port* (page 61).

See *Module Status field descriptions* (page 80) in the Appendix.

Troubleshooting inputs and outputs

The i-Vu® interface shows if you have I/O errors resulting from:

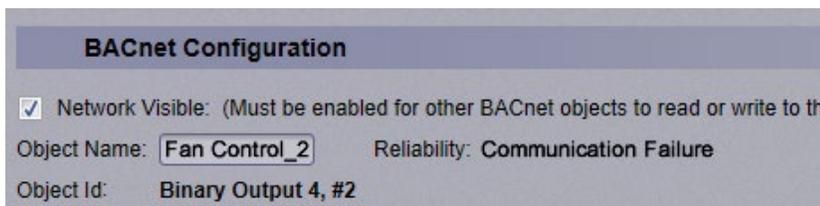
- A misconfigured microblock
- A misconfiguration on the expander
- A missing or disconnected expander

To check for errors:

- 1 In the i-Vu® navigation tree, select the equipment controlled by the TruVu MPC Controllers TV-MPCXP1628.
- 2 On the **Properties** page, select the **I/O Points** tab.
- 3 Click the **Name** of any input or output whose name is red (indicates an error) to open its dialog box.

Name	Type	Value
Zone Temp	(BAI)	72.0 °F
Fan Control	(BBO)	On

- 4 On the **Details** tab, scroll down to see the **Reliability** field under **BACnet Configuration**.



- 5 Anything other than **No Fault Detected** indicates an error. See the table below to determine the error and possible actions to take.

Reliability description	Possible error	Verify that...
Configuration Error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The microblock's I/O Type and Sensor/Actuator Type are not compatible. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The I/O Type and Sensor/Actuator Type combination is valid for the I/O number and microblock type.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The output's DIP switch setting does not match the connected device. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The DIP switch setting is appropriate for the output and microblock type.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invalid expander address or I/O number. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The expander is present and functional at the address shown in the i-Vu® interface and that I/O number is valid.
Over Range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input exceeds the Min/Max limits. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The input is within the Min/Max limits.
No Output	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Output's Hand-Auto-Off switch is in Hand or Off position. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Hand-Auto-Off switch is in the Auto position.
No Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No device is attached to the output. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The device is present and functioning.
Shorted Loop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internal voltage feedback does not correspond with commanded value. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The load on the output is within the valid range.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A voltage/current source has not been connected to an output.
Open Loop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internal current feedback does not correspond with commanded value. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The load on the output is within the valid range.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A voltage/current source has not been connected to an output.
Unreliable Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feedback does not correspond with commanded value (for example, the output relay is not in commanded state). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device may be faulty. Contact Carrier Control Systems Support.

To monitor power input type

To monitor power inputs, add BACnet Analog Input (AI) and/or Binary Input (BI) microblocks to the control program. This enables you to view:

- Input power type (AC or DC)
- Input power frequency when AC power is applied (50 or 60 Hz)
- Fault on auxiliary power outputs (+12V and +24V)
- Input power state (low voltage/normal)



WARNING You **must not** use this value as an input in a control program, as it could damage the controller or controlled equipment. The value must only be trended.

Changes to the power demands of the controller, such as output state, input power requirements, peripheral current draw, etc., can impact the reading, which results in a potential feedback loop and output cycling.

The Input power state does not take all factors into account, which could result in an incomplete evaluation of conditions. You must only use these values for troubleshooting and not for equipment logic.

In the Snap application, select the following for each AI / BI:

Status/Attribute	Microblock type	Expander number : Channel number	I/O type	Description
Input Power State	AI	0:51	Special	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0-Normal 1-low input voltage
Input Power Type	BI	0:52	Special	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> False - AC True - DC
Input Power Frequency	BI	0:53	Special	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> False - 50 Hz True - 60 Hz
Fault status of +12V Aux power (Rnet)	BI	0:55	Special	<p>Returns fault status on +12V auxiliary power signal. Fault events such as under voltage, over voltage, overload, reverse current and thermal shutdown conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> False - No fault True - Fault
Fault status of +24V Aux power	BI	0:56	Special	<p>Returns fault status on +24V auxiliary power signal. Fault events such as under voltage, over voltage, overload, reverse current and thermal shutdown conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> False - No fault True - Fault

To get a Device Log

If Carrier Control Systems Support instructs you to get the controller's Device Log containing diagnostic information for troubleshooting:

- 1 Select the TV-MPCXP1628 in the i-Vu® navigation tree.
- 2 On the **Properties** page, click **Device Log**.

NOTE You can click **Device Log Archive** to download a file containing multiple Device Logs to your computer. This also contains any network packet captures that have been run from the *Network Diagnostics - Packet Captures* (page 55) driver page.

To get the TV-MPCXP1628's serial number

If you need the controller's serial number when troubleshooting, the number is on:

- A Module Status report (Modstat) under **Core** (or **Main**) **board hardware**

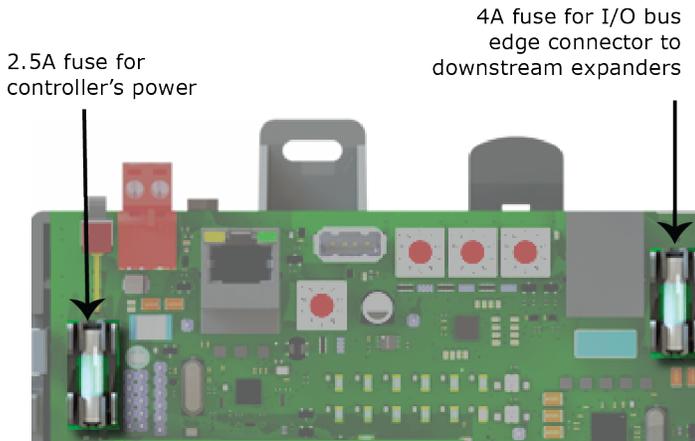
```
Core board hardware:
Type=000, Model=000, manufactured on 06/27/2013 S/N 021362247P
RAM: 512 kBytes; FLASH: 1024 kBytes, type = 3
```

- A QR code, serial number, and MAC address printed on a sticker on the cover
- A laser-etched number and QR code on the inside circuit board.

See *To get a Module Status report* (page 73).

To replace the TV-MPCXP1628's fuses

The TV-MPCXP1628 has 2 fuses:



Symptoms of a blown fuse:

- TV-MPCXP1628's power fuse—The controller's  LED is not lit.
- I/O bus edge connector fuse—The  LED is not lit on downstream expanders connected to the edge connector.

NOTE If the TV-MPCXP1628's power fuse blows but not the I/O bus edge connector fuse, the TV-MPCXP1628 will be off but not the downstream expanders.

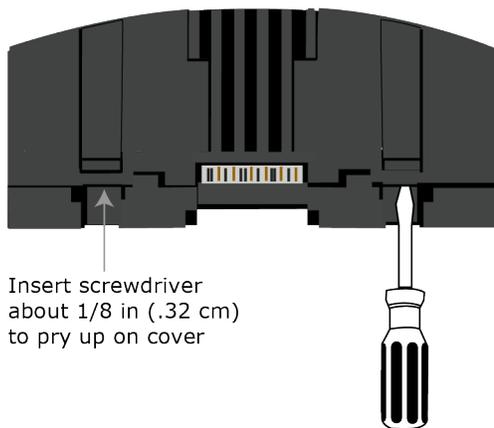
If you suspect a fuse is blown, remove the fuse as described below, and use a multimeter to check it. If the fuse is blown, try to determine why it blew before you replace it. Check the power wiring polarity of the TV-MPCXP1628 and any other devices that share the power supply. Use the same polarity for all of them.

The fuses are fast-acting, 5mm x 20mm glass fuses that you can purchase from one of the following vendors:

Manufacturer	Mfr. Part # for 2.5A fuse	Mfr. Part # for 4A fuse
Littelfuse	021702.5HXP	0217004.HXP
Bussmann	not specified	S500-4-R
Belfuse	5SF-2.5-R	5SF 4-R
Optifuse	FSD-2.5A	FSD-4A

To replace the fuse:

- 1 Turn off the TV-MPCXP1628's power switch.
- 2 Remove the red power connector.
- 3 Remove the blue output connectors, if present.
- 4 On both ends of the TV-MPCXP1628, insert a small flathead screwdriver as shown below, and then gently pry up the cover until it is released from the base.



- 5 Remove the cover from the base.
- 6 Remove the blown fuse.
- 7 Snap the new fuse into the fuse holder.
- 8 Replace the TV-MPCXP1628's cover.
- 9 Replace the power connector and the output connectors.
- 10 Turn on the TV-MPCXP1628's power switch.
- 11 Verify the  LEDs on the TV-MPCXP1628 and any downstream expanders are lit.

To take the TV-MPCXP1628 out of service

If needed for troubleshooting or start-up, you can prevent the i-Vu® application from communicating with the TV-MPCXP1628 by shutting down communication from the TV-MPCXP1628 to the i-Vu® application. When **Out of Service**, i-Vu® no longer communicates properties, colors, trends, etc.

- 1 On the i-Vu® navigation tree, select the TV-MPCXP1628.
- 2 On the **Properties** page, check **Out of Service**.
- 3 Click **Accept**.

Compliance

FCC Compliance

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1 This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2 This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if it is not installed and used in accordance with this document, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



CAUTION Any modifications made to this device that are not approved by Carrier voids the authority granted to the user by the FCC to operate this equipment.

CE and UKCA Compliance



WARNING This is a Class B product. In a light industrial environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Industry Canada Compliance

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.
Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

BACnet Compliance

Compliance of listed products to requirements of ASHRAE Standard 135 is the responsibility of BACnet International. BTL® is a registered trademark of BACnet International.

Appendix A: Module Status field descriptions

Field	Description
Date/Time	Date and time the Modstat was run
CM	The controller's rotary switch address (MAC address)
Model Name	Identifies the Product Type
Device Instance	A unique ID assigned to the controller
Driver built	When the driver was built
Downloaded by	When and where the last download was performed
Application Software Version	The name of the first control program that is downloaded
Data Partition Version	Data Partition identifies the clipping used when the product was manufactured. NOTE This field will say None except for a Carrier product from the factory. If a Carrier product is subsequently downloaded in the field, then this field will say None .
# PRGs initialized # PRGs running	If applicable, the number of control programs that were downloaded vs. the number that are running. If these numbers are not the same, the controller has a problem such as lack of memory.
Driver version	The name, version, and date of the driver, as well as all the bundles and versions.
Reset Counters:	The number of times each of the following events have occurred since the last time the controller was commanded to clear the reset counters. See NOTE below this table.
Power failures	Interruption of incoming power
Commanded boots	Includes commands issued from the i-Vu® interface such as the zap manual command, plus commands issued during a memory download.
System errors	Error in the controller's firmware or hardware
S/W Watchdog timeouts	Watchdog is firmware that monitors the application firmware for normal operation. If the watchdog firmware detects a problem, it restarts the application firmware.
H/W Watchdog timeouts	H/W Watchdog will restart the controller if it detects a severe problem with the controller's operating system
System status	Gives the current status of the controller's operation. See <i>LEDs</i> (page 70) for all possible conditions.
Network status	Gives the current status of the controller's networks. See <i>LEDs</i> (page 70) for all possible conditions.
System error message history	High-severity errors since the last memory download. Shows the most recent 10 messages. See NOTE below this table.

Field	Description
Warning message history	Low-severity errors and warning messages since the last memory download. Shows the most recent 10 messages. See NOTE below this table.
Information message history	Information-only messages since the last memory download. Shows the most recent 10 messages. See NOTE below this table.
ARC156 reconfigurations during the last hour	An ARCNET network normally reconfigures itself when a controller is added to or taken off the network. The Total field indicates the number of reconfigurations in the last hour. Initiated by this node indicates the number of reconfigurations initiated by this controller. Typical sources of the problem could be this controller, the controller with the next lower rotary switch address, any controller located on the network between these two controllers, or the wiring between these controllers. An excessive number in these fields indicates a problem with the network.
Core and Base board hardware	Gives the following information about the controller's boards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type and board numbers that are used internally by Carrier. The manufacture date and serial number.
Number of BACnet Objects	The number of BACnet objects that were created in the device and the number of those objects that are network visible.
Database Partition	Non-Volatile partition (16 MB maximum) contains data that needs to be preserved through a power cycle and archived to flash such as parameters and trend data. Volatile partition (6 MB maximum) contains data that does not need to be preserved through a power cycle such as status values that are calculated during runtime.
IP Networks - BBMDs	Shows the following information for each active IP network: BBMD Active shows whether the BACnet Broadcast Management Device is currently active (1) or inactive (0). BBMD Entries —the number of entries in the BBMD table (500 maximum). FDT Entries —the number of entries in the Foreign Device Table (500 maximum).
Third party integration points	Shows number of points used.
Network Information	The various network addresses for the controller. The Current and Assigned addresses will be the same unless the Enable IP configuration changeover on the BACnet Router Properties page is being implemented.
Statistics and Network Activity	Shows network communication statistics to assist with troubleshooting. See <i>Network Diagnostics - Statistics</i> (page 53) for more information.
Route Information Port Number	BACnet networks that a controller is currently routing traffic to. The list changes as BACnet routers are added or removed from the system.

NOTE If you want to clear the Reset counters and the three message history fields, click the **Clear Counts/Logs** button on the controller's **Properties** page in the i-Vu® application or in the controller setup **Device** tab.

Appendix B: TV-MPCXP1628 wire lists

TV-MPCXP1628 input wire list

Aux 1 Power 24 Vdc	Powered point name			Aux 2 Power 24 Vdc	Powered point name		
	1				1		
	2				2		
Point/ Cable#	Universal In		Input Type		Sensor code	Equipment Name	Point Name
	(+)	(-)					
	01	01	All		UI-01		
	02	02	All		UI-02		
	03	03	All		UI-03		
	04	04	All		UI-04		
	05	05	All		UI-05		
	06	06	All		UI-06		
	07	07	All		UI-07		
	08	08	All		UI-08		
	09	09	All		UI-09		
	10	10	All		UI-10		
	11	11	All		UI-11		
	12	12	All		UI-12		
	13	13	All		UI-13		
	14	14	All		UI-14		
	15	15	All		UI-15		
	16	16	All		UI-16		
	17	17	All		UI-17		
	18	18	All		UI-18		
	19	19	All		UI-19		
	20	20	All		UI-20		

	21	21	All		UI-21		
	22	22	All		UI-22		
	23	23	All		UI-23		
	24	24	All		UI-24		
	25	25	All		UI-25		
	26	26	All		UI-26		
	27	27	All		UI-27		
	28	28	All		UI-28		

TV-MPCXP1628 output wire list

Point/ Cable#	Universal Out		Output Type	Switch Positions		Sensor code	Equipment Name	Point Name
	(G)	(+)						
	8	7	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-1			
	8	7	0-10V	Up / Down				
	8	7	Relay	Down / NA				
	6	5	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-2			
	6	5	0-10V	Up / Down				
	6	5	Relay	Down / NA				
	4	3	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-3			
	4	3	0-10V	Up / Down				
	4	3	Relay	Down / NA				
	2	1	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-4			
	2	1	0-10V	Up / Down				
	2	1	Relay	Down / NA				
	8	7	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-5			
	8	7	0-10V	Up / Down				
	8	7	Relay	Down / NA				
	6	5	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-6			
	6	5	0-10V	Up / Down				
	6	5	Relay	Down / NA				
	4	3	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-7			
	4	3	0-10V	Up / Down				
	4	3	Relay	Down / NA				
	2	1	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-8			
	2	1	0-10V	Up / Down				
	2	1	Relay	Down / NA				
	8	7	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-9			
	8	7	0-10V	Up / Down				
	8	7	Relay	Down / NA				
	6	5	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-10			
	6	5	0-10V	Up / Down				

Appendix B: TV-MPCXP1628 wire lists

	6	5	Relay	Down / NA			
	4	3	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-11		
	4	3	0-10V	Up / Down			
	4	3	Relay	Down / NA			
	2	1	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-12		
	2	1	0-10V	Up / Down			
	2	1	Relay	Down / NA			
	8	7	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-13		
	8	7	0-10V	Up / Down			
	8	7	Relay	Down / NA			
	6	5	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-14		
	6	5	0-10V	Up / Down			
	6	5	Relay	Down / NA			
	4	3	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-15		
	4	3	0-10V	Up / Down			
	4	3	Relay	Down / NA			
	2	1	0-20mA	Up / Up	UO-16		
	2	1	0-10V	Up / Down			
	2	1	Relay	Down / NA			

Job Name :
Device ID #:
MS/TP MAC # :
Device Instance:
Job # :
Date :

Document revision history

Important changes to this document are listed below. Minor changes such as typographical or formatting errors are not listed.

Date	Topic	Change description	Code*
6/24/25	Local Network tab	Added	X-PM-DD-J
10/10/24	Inputs	Removed Precon Type 3 Thermistor	X-PM-DD-E
9/4/24	Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Act Net port	Reference Act Net User Guide	X-PM-DS-J-DS
	Act Net Bus		
8/7/24	Specifications	Updated Memory spec	X-PM-DD-J
	Device tab	Added Core Dump Download	X-AE-TG-E
7/14/23	Specifications	Updated BACnet Support	C-PM-DD-R
	Driver	Added Disable Eth1 Port	X-TS-RB-R-RB
	Device tab	Added Network Time Protocol and Network Factory Defaults rows	X-D
6/14/22	Critical Product Announcement	New topic	X-PM-DD-E-BM
	Wiring for communications	Changed RS485 port to EIA-485	X-D
	FCC Compliance	Updated for next gen	X-O-BH-E
	CE and UKCA Compliance	Added UKCA compliance and updated for next gen	X-PM-AB-R-BH
	Specifications	Added UKCA compliance	
	Adjusting the TV-MPCXP1628 driver properties > Device	Added Local Broadcaster and Global Broadcaster options in Controller Clock > Time Synchronization recipients	X-D
	Inputs	Updated pulse counting note	X-TS-RB-R-RB
	Input values	Updated Pulse to Analog information	
	To set up BACnet Broadcast Management Devices (BBMDs)	Added .bbmd and .text as allowable file extensions, removed .bdt-specific instructions	X-TS-OC-O
	Specifications	Added Aux 24v+ DC	X-PM-BM-R
1/25/22	Specifications	Updated EU Compliance	X-PM-BM-E
	Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet Port	Changed Rnet rate of communication from 115 kbps to 115.2 kbps	X-TS-BB-O
9/20/21	Specifications	Changed Real time clock specification to "up to 3 days" from "at least 3 days". Changed EU RoHS compliance code.	X-PM-BM-O
	To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders	Added details about the expander returning to an unconfigured state	X-TS-RB-E-BM
6/11/21	Touchscreen Devices	Added Ethernet port as a method of connecting the TV-MPCXP1628 to touchscreen devices	X-PM-JD-E
	Specifications	Added statement that Service Port connects through a local connection to a computer or connects to the TruVu™ ET Display	
	What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?	Added statement that Ethernet Service Port connects locally to controller setup pages and the TruVu™ ET Display	
	What is the TruVu™ MPC Controller (part# TV-MPCXP1628)?	Added Carrier actuators to supported Act Net devices	AC-PM-BM-E
	Specifications		
	Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Act Net port		
5/14/21	To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port network	Removed touchscreen device as a method to connect to the Service Port to access the network	X-PM-BM-O
	To set up the controller through the Service Port > BACnet tab	Corrected BACnet Network Number to 1600 from 2400.	C-PM-RR-E
	To communicate through the BACnet/IP Service Port network	Updated procedure to v8.0	X-D

Document revision history

Important changes to this document are listed below. Minor changes such as typographical or formatting errors are not listed.

Date	Topic	Change description	Code*
	To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® interface		
2/18/21	Configuring BACnet Device Instance and network number	Changed BACnet Device Instance Number formula to (IP network number x 100) + rotary switch address	C-TS-OC-E
	Specifications	Changed Real Time Clock spec to "at least 3 days" from "up to 3 days"	X-PM-BM-E
6/14/22	Critical Product Announcement	New topic	X-PM-DD-E-BM
	Wiring for communications	Changed RS485 port to EIA-485	X-D
	FCC Compliance	Updated for next gen	X-O-BH-E
	CE and UKCA Compliance	Added UKCA compliance and updated for next gen	X-PM-AB-R-BH
	Specifications	Added UKCA compliance	
	Adjusting the TV-MPCXP1628 driver properties > Device	Added Local Broadcaster and Global Broadcaster options in Controller Clock > Time Synchronization recipients	X-D
	Inputs	Updated pulse counting note	X-TS-RB-R-RB
	Input values	Updated Pulse to Analog information	
	To set up BACnet Broadcast Management Devices (BBMDs)	Added .bbmd and .text as allowable file extensions, removed .bdt-specific instructions	X-TS-OC-O
	Specifications	Added Aux 24v+ DC	X-PM-BM-R
1/25/22	Specifications	Updated EU Compliance	X-PM-BM-E
	Wiring devices to the TV-MPCXP1628's Rnet Port	Changed Rnet rate of communication from 115 kbps to 115.2 kbps	X-TS-BB-O
9/20/21	Specifications	Changed Real time clock specification to "up to 3 days" from "at least 3 days". Changed EU RoHS compliance code.	X-PM-BM-O
	To attach TruVu™ MPC I/O expanders	Added details about the expander returning to an unconfigured state	X-TS-RB-E-BM
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	To set up a Local Access connection in the i-Vu® interface		
2/18/21	Configuring BACnet Device Instance and network number	Changed BACnet Device Instance Number formula to (IP network number x 100) + rotary switch address	C-TS-OC-E
	Specifications	Changed Real Time Clock spec to "at least 3 days" from "up to 3 days"	X-PM-BM-E
4/21/20	To adjust input and output properties, Input Values	Caution added regarding assigning two microblocks to the same physical input.	X-TS-RB-E-BK
3/31/20	Specifications, Downloading the TV-MPCXP1628	Changed number of programs from 99 to 999	X-PM-KC-E-KC

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