

Installation and Maintenance Instructions

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause explosion, fire, electrical shock, or other conditions that may cause death, personal injury or property damage. The qualified installer or agency must use factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses, protective clothing, and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for brazing operations. Have fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions included in literature and attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and the current editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) ANSI/NFPA (American National Standards Institute/National Fire Protection Association) 70. In Canada, refer to the current editions of the Canadian Electrical Code CSA (Canadian Standards Association) C22.1.

Understand the signal words — **DANGER**, **WARNING**, and **CAUTION**. **DANGER** identifies the most serious hazards, which will result in severe personal injury or death. **WARNING** signifies hazards that could result in personal injury or death. **CAUTION** is used to identify unsafe practices, which would result in minor personal injury or product and property damage.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol (⚠). When this symbol is displayed on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury. Installing, starting up, and servicing equipment can be

hazardous due to system pressure, electrical components, and equipment location.

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock can cause personal injury and death. Shut off all power to this equipment during installation. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Tag all disconnect locations to alert others not to restore power until work is completed.

⚠ WARNING

When installing the equipment in a small space, provide adequate measures to avoid refrigerant concentration exceeding safety limits due to refrigerant leak. In case of refrigerant leak during installation, ventilate the space immediately. Failure to follow this procedure may lead to personal injury.

⚠ WARNING

DO NOT USE TORCH to remove any component. System contains oil and refrigerant under pressure.

To remove a component, wear protective gloves and goggles and proceed as follows:

- a. Shut off electrical power to unit.
- b. Recover refrigerant to relieve all pressure from system using high-pressure and low pressure ports.
- c. Traces of vapor should be displaced with nitrogen and work area should be well ventilated. Refrigerant in contact with an open flame produces toxic gases.
- d. Cut component connection tubing with tubing cutter and remove component from unit. Use a pan to catch any oil that may come out of the lines and as a gage for how much oil to add to the system.
- e. Carefully unsweat remaining tubing stubs when necessary. Oil can ignite when exposed to torch flame.

Failure to follow these procedures may result in personal injury or death.

⚠ WARNING

The equipment and its ducting (supply and return air ducts) are intended for use in one room only. Do not install ductwork from a single unit to multiple rooms.

⚠ WARNING

The ducting for the 7K (40VMM007--3) and 9K (40VMM009--3) (supply and return air ducts) is intended for use in one room only. Do not install ductwork from a single unit to multiple rooms for these two models.

⚠ CAUTION

DO NOT re-use compressor oil or any oil that has been exposed to the atmosphere. Dispose of oil per local codes and regulations. DO NOT leave refrigerant system open to air any longer than the actual time required to service the equipment. Seal circuits being serviced and charge with dry nitrogen to prevent oil contamination when timely repairs cannot be completed. Failure to follow these procedures may result in damage to equipment. For information about replacement oil type and viscosity, see the Installation, Start-Up, and Service Instructions for the 38VMAH and 38VMAR outdoor units.

GENERAL

The 40VML low static ducted indoor fan coil unit offers simple operation and long service with proper installation, operation, and regular maintenance.

The equipment is initially protected under the manufacturer's standard warranty; however, the warranty is provided under the condition that the steps outlined in this manual for initial inspection, proper installation, regular periodic maintenance, and everyday operation of the unit be followed in detail. This manual should be fully reviewed in advance before initial installation, start-up, and any maintenance. Contact your local sales representative or the factory with any questions before proceeding.

See Fig. 1 for model number nomenclature. Table 1 shows components that may or may not be used for a particular installation. Table 2 lists physical data for each unit size. Fig. 2 shows unit dimensions. Figs. 3-7 show fan performance curves.

Equipment Type
40 — Indoor Unit

Product Type
VM — VRF

Model Type
L — Low Static Duct

40	VM	L	007	---	3	Volta ge (V-Ph-Hz) 3 — 208/230-1-60
						Blank
						Capacity (Btuh)
						007 — 7,000 015 — 15,000 009 — 9,000 018 — 18,000 012 — 12,000 024 — 24,000

LEGEND

VRF — Variable Refrigerant Flow

Fig. 1 — Model Number Nomenclature

Table 1 —Components Shipped With Unit

NAME OF ACCESSORY	OUTLINE	QUANTITY	USAGE
PQE connection wire		2	Connect outdoor unit, indoor unit, and sub MDC
Pipe insulation material		2	Heat insulation
Condensate connection		1	For drainage
Clamp		1	Connect the drain hose to condensate connection
Copper nut		1	Use for pipe connection
LED display panel		1	Operation and error display
Copper pipes		2	Use for inlet and outlet connection
Connecting wire		1	For occupancy sensor
No Beep Harness		1	Prevent beeping noise

LEGEND

MDC — Multiport Distribution Controller

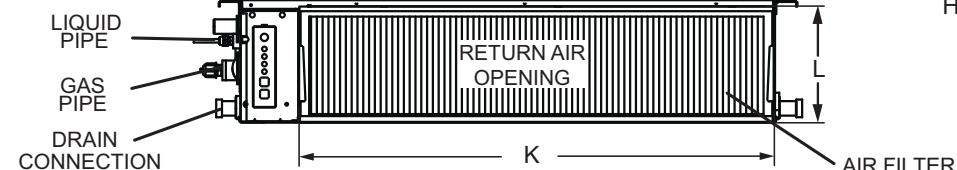
Table 2 — 40VML Physical Data

UNIT 40VML	007	009	012	015	018	024		
POWER SUPPLY (V-Ph-Hz)	208/230-1-60							
COOLING CAPACITY (Btuh)								
Total	7,100	9,130	12,170	15,210	18,250	24,340		
Sensible	5,130	6,020	7,680	9,800	11,610	15,240		
HEATING CAPACITY (Btuh)	8,000	10,000	13,500	17,000	21,000	27,000		
INDOOR FAN MOTOR	DC							
Type								
Input (W)	25	32	43	56	68			
INDOOR COIL								
Number of Rows	2							
Fin Spacing (fins/in.)	17		20					
Fin Type	Hydrophilic Aluminum							
Tube Diameter, OD (in.)	0.276							
Tube Type	Inner Groove							
Number of Circuits	4							
INDOOR AIRFLOW (cfm)								
Low	224	236	306	353	471			
Medium	253	294	367	424	565			
High	283	353	459	530	701			
INDOOR EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (High), in. wg	0-0.20							
INDOOR NOISE LEVEL (dBA)								
Low	31.4	31.0	33.0	33.2	36.0	37.0		
Medium	32.0		34.6	35.2	38.0	38.8		
High	34.0	34.5	37.0	36.7	40.2	41.3		
UNIT								
Unit Dimensions, W x H x D (in.)	30- ³ / ₄ x 8- ¹ / ₄ x 19- ³ / ₄			39- ¹ / ₄ x 8- ¹ / ₄ x 19- ³ / ₄		48 x 8- ¹ / ₄ x 19- ³ / ₄		
Packing Dimensions, W x H x D (in.)	36- ¹ / ₄ x 11- ¹ / ₂ x 22			44- ⁷ / ₈ x 11- ¹ / ₂ x 22		53- ¹ / ₂ x 11- ¹ / ₂ x 22		
Shipping Weight (lb)	57.5	88		115				
Net Weight (lb)	41.0/48.5			48.5/57.5		59.5/71.5		
FILTER								
Dimensions L x H x D (in.)	23- ³ / ₈ x 7- ⁵ / ₈ x ³ / ₈			32 x 7- ³ / ₄ x ³ / ₈		40- ³ / ₄ x 7- ³ / ₄ x ³ / ₈		
Qty	1							
REFRIGERANT TYPE	R-410A							
EXPANSION DEVICE	EEV							
DESIGN PRESSURE, High/Low (psig)	580/320							
REFRIGERANT PIPING (in.)								
Liquid Side O.D.	1/4			3/8				
Suction Side O.D.	1/2			5/8				
CONNECTING WIRING								
Power Wiring	Sized per NEC and Local Codes Based on Nameplate Electrical Data							
Signal Wiring	2-core stranded shielded cable 18 AWG							
CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPE DIAMETER, OD (in.)	1							

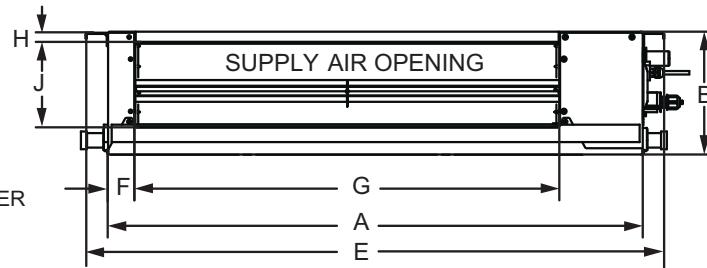
LEGEND

AWG — American Wire Gage
 EEV — Electronic Expansion Valve
 NEC — National Electrical Code

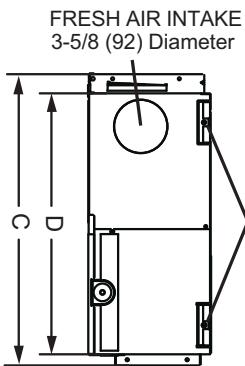
DIMENSIONS



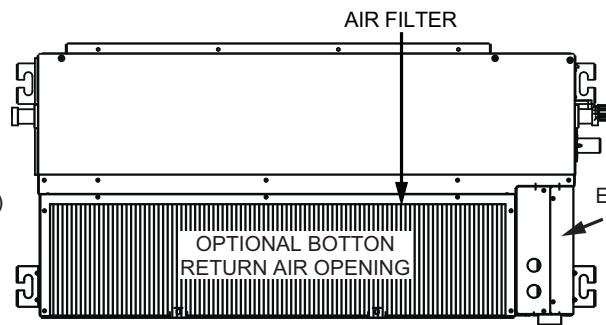
REAR VIEW



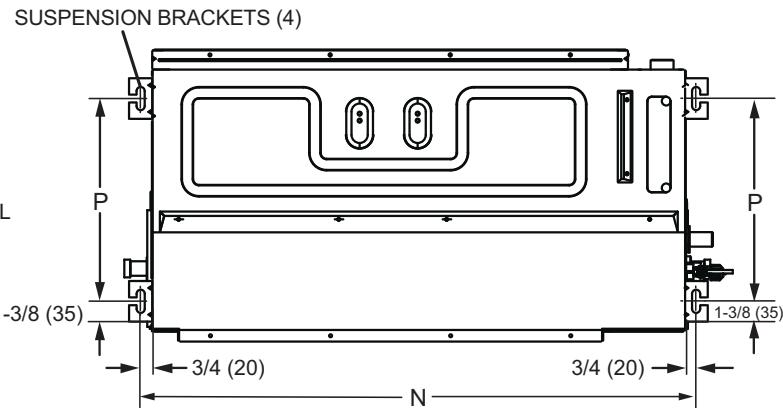
FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



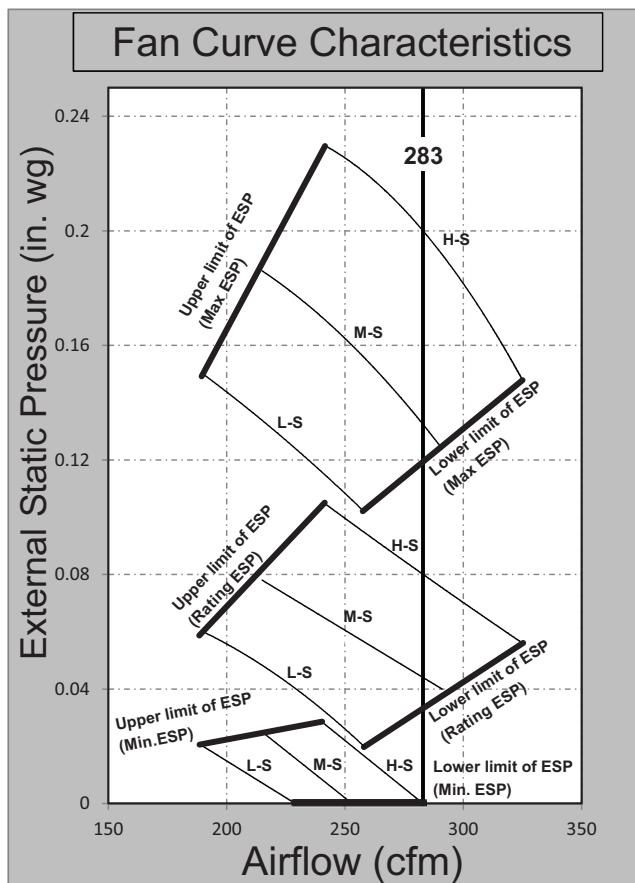
TOP VIEW

40VML UNIT SIZE	DIMENSION (in.)												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	N	P
007-012	27-1/2	8-1/4	19 3/4	17 3/4	30-3/4	1-3/4	20 1/8	5/8	5-3/4	23-5/8	7-3/4	29-1/8	13-3/4
015-018	36-1/4				39-3/8		28-7/8			32-1/4	7-7/8	37-3/4	
024	44-7/8				48		37-5/8			41	46-1/2		

NOTE: All dimensions shown in inches.

Fig. 2 —40VML007-024 Dimensions

FAN CURVES

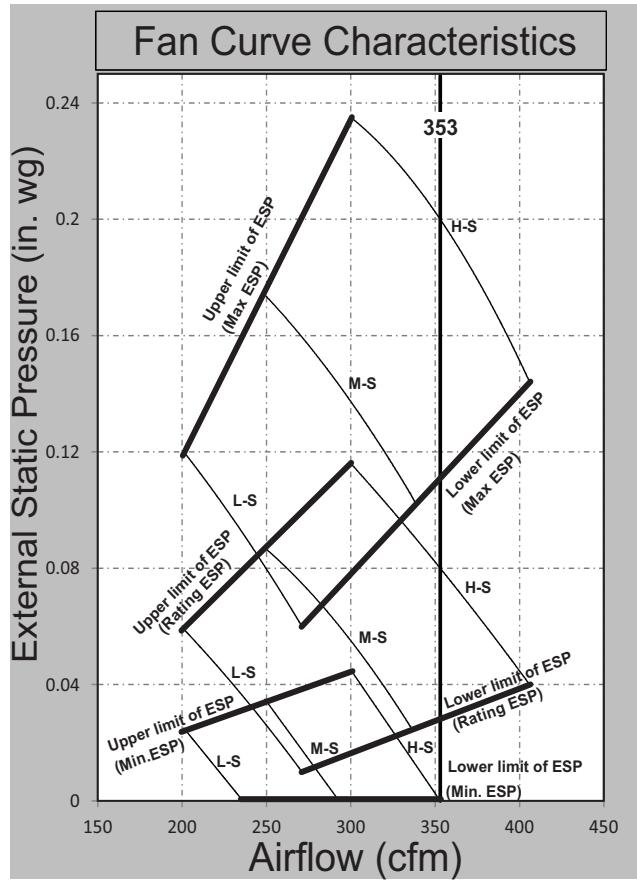


ESP	FAN SPEED	RANGE OF AVAILABLE AIRFLOW RATE IN H-SPEED					
		Max Point		Mid Point		Min Point	
		Max CFM	SP (in.)	Mid CFM	SP (in.)	Min CFM	SP (in.)
0.04	H	325	0.02	283	0.04	241	0.06
0.08	H	325	0.06	283	0.08	241	0.10
0.12	H	325	0.08	283	0.12	241	0.15
0.16	H	325	0.12	283	0.16	241	0.19
0.20	H	325	0.15	283	0.20	241	0.23

LEGEND

- ESP — External Static Pressure
- H-S — High Speed
- L-S — Low Speed
- M-S — Medium Speed
- SP — Static Pressure

Fig. 3 —Size 007-009 Fan Curves

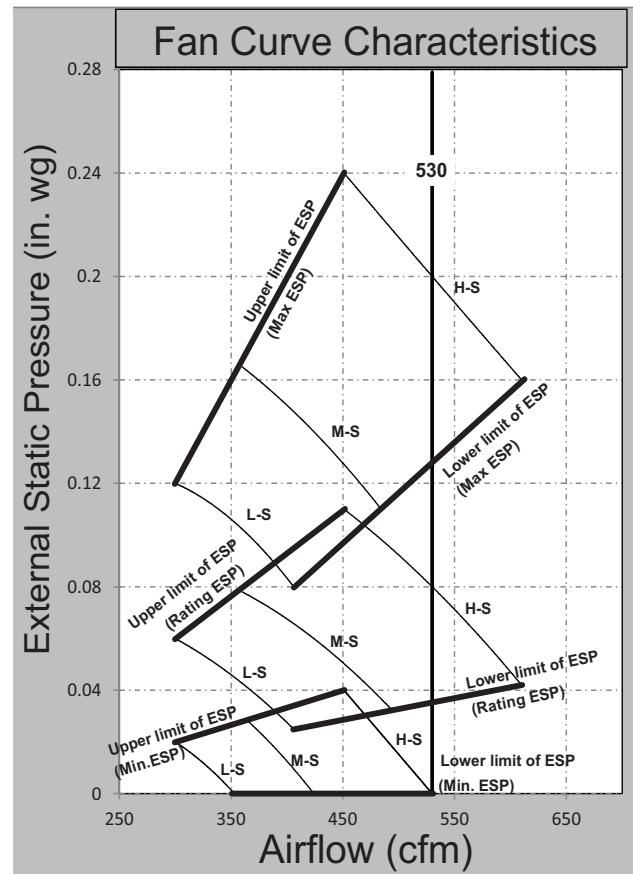
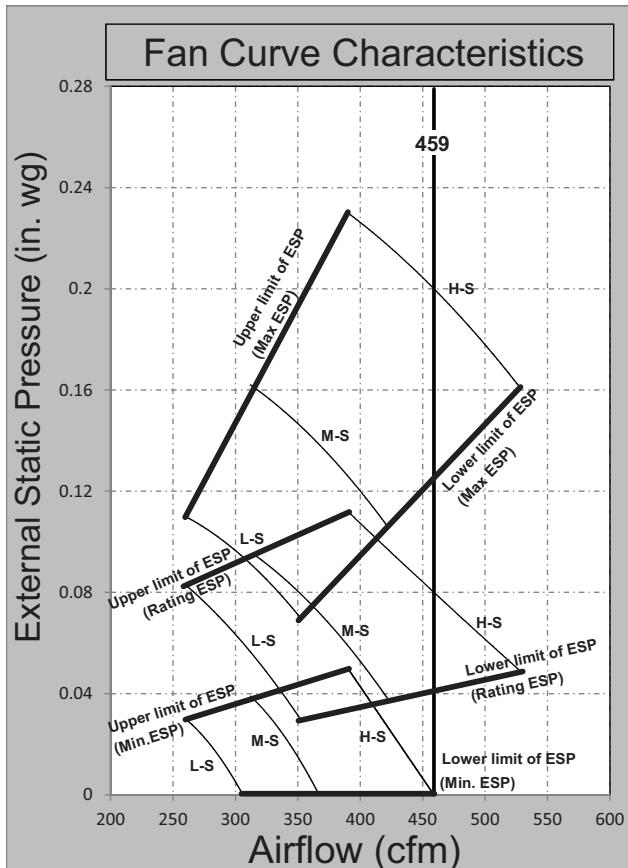


ESP	FAN SPEED	RANGE OF AVAILABLE AIRFLOW RATE IN H-SPEED					
		Max Point		Mid Point		Min Point	
		Max CFM	SP (in.)	Mid CFM	SP (in.)	Min CFM	SP (in.)
0.04	H	406	0.00	353	0.04	300	0.07
0.08	H	406	0.04	353	0.08	300	0.11
0.12	H	406	0.08	353	0.12	300	0.15
0.16	H	406	0.10	353	0.16	300	0.20
0.20	H	406	0.14	353	0.20	300	0.23

LEGEND

- ESP — External Static Pressure
- H-S — High Speed
- L-S — Low Speed
- M-S — Medium Speed
- SP — Static Pressure

Fig. 4 —Size 012 Fan Curves



ESP	FAN SPEED	RANGE OF AVAILABLE AIRFLOW RATE IN H-SPEED					
		Max Point		Mid Point		Min Point	
		Max CFM	SP (in.)	Mid CFM	SP (in.)	Min CFM	SP (in.)
0.04	H	528	0.01	459	0.04	390	0.07
0.08	H	528	0.05	459	0.08	390	0.11
0.12	H	528	0.08	459	0.12	390	0.15
0.16	H	528	0.12	459	0.16	390	0.19
0.20	H	528	0.16	459	0.20	390	0.23

LEGEND

ESP — External Static Pressure
 H-S — High Speed
 L-S — Low Speed
 M-S — Medium Speed
 SP — Static Pressure

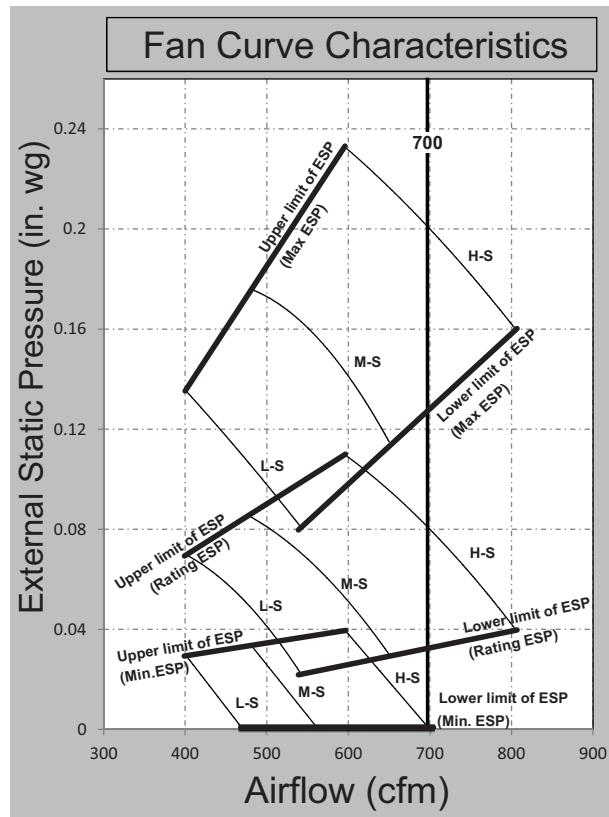
Fig. 5 —Size 0015 Fan Curves

ESP	FAN SPEED	RANGE OF AVAILABLE AIRFLOW RATE IN H-SPEED					
		Max Point		Mid Point		Min Point	
		Max CFM	SP (in.)	Mid CFM	SP (in.)	Min CFM	SP (in.)
0.04	H	610	0.00	530	0.04	451	0.07
0.08	H	610	0.04	530	0.08	451	0.11
0.12	H	610	0.08	530	0.12	451	0.16
0.16	H	610	0.12	530	0.16	451	0.20
0.20	H	610	0.16	530	0.20	451	0.24

LEGEND

ESP — External Static Pressure
 H-S — High Speed
 L-S — Low Speed
 M-S — Medium Speed
 SP — Static Pressure

Fig. 6 —Size 018 Fan Curves



ESP	FAN SPEED	RANGE OF AVAILABLE AIRFLOW RATE IN H-SPEED					
		Max Point		Mid Point		Min Point	
		Max CFM	SP (in.)	Mid CFM	SP (in.)	Min CFM	SP (in.)
0.04	H	610	0.00	530	0.04	451	0.07
0.08	H	610	0.04	530	0.08	451	0.11
0.12	H	610	0.08	530	0.12	451	0.16
0.16	H	610	0.12	530	0.16	451	0.20
0.20	H	610	0.16	530	0.20	451	0.24

LEGEND

ESP	— External Static Pressure
H-S	— High Speed
L-S	— Low Speed
M-S	— Medium Speed
SP	— Static Pressure

Fig. 7 —Size 024 Fan Curves

NOTES for Figs. 3 through 7:

1. There are multiple ESP settings available for each ducted unit.
2. All fan curves show examples of fan characteristics of the "MAX. ESP," "RATING ESP," and "MIN. ESP" settings; these curves are shown for High (H), Medium (M), and Low (S) speeds, as selected by the user at the controller.
3. All tables show air flows at "H-Speed" for each ESP setting. ESP settings are listed in the first column of each table.
4. Please select ESP setting according to connected ductwork system.
5. Please refer to Wired Controller manual for details on static pressure settings.

INSTALLATION

Step 1 — Unpack and Inspect Units

Units are packaged for shipment to avoid damage during normal transit and handling. It is the receiving party's responsibility to inspect the equipment upon arrival. Any obvious damage to the carton and/or its contents should be reported on the bill of lading and a claim should be filed with the transportation company and the factory. Unit should always be stored in a dry place, and in the proper orientation as marked on the carton.

CAUTION

To avoid equipment damage, do not lift unit by the drain pipe or refrigerant piping. Unit should be lifted using the mounting brackets.

After determining the condition of the carton exterior, carefully remove each unit from the carton and inspect for hidden damage. Check to make sure that items such as accessory kit, thermostats, controller, etc. are accounted for whether packaged separately or shipped at a later date. Any hidden damage should be recorded, a claim should be filed with the transportation company, and the factory should be notified. In the event a claim for shipping damage is filed, the unit, shipping carton, and all packing must be retained for physical inspection by the transportation company. All units should be stored in the factory shipping carton with internal packaging in place until installation.

PROTECTING UNITS FROM DAMAGE — Do not apply force or pressure to the coil, piping, or drain stub-outs during handling. All units should be handled by the chassis or as close as possible to the unit mounting point locations.

The unit must always be properly supported. Temporary supports used during installation or service must be adequate to hold the unit securely. To maintain warranty, protect units against hostile environments (such as rain, snow or extreme temperature), theft, vandalism, and debris on jobsite. Equipment covered in this manual is not suitable for outdoor installations. Do not allow foreign material to fall into drain pan. Prevent dust and debris from being deposited on motor, fan wheels and coils. Failure to do so may have serious adverse effects on unit operation and in the case of motor and blower assembly, may result in immediate or premature failure. Failure of any unit caused by deposits of foreign material on the motor or blower wheels will not be covered by the manufacturer's warranty. Some units and/or job conditions may require some form of temporary covering during construction.

PREPARING JOBSITE FOR UNIT INSTALLATION

To save time and to reduce the possibility of costly errors, set up a complete sample installation in a typical room at job-site. Check all critical dimensions such as pipe, wire, and duct connections requirements. Refer to job drawings and product dimension drawings as required. Instruct all trades in their parts of the installation. Units must be installed in compliance with all applicable local code requirements.

IDENTIFYING AND PREPARING UNITS — Be sure power requirements match available power source. Refer to unit nameplate and wiring diagram. In addition:

- Check all tags on unit to determine if shipping screws are to be removed. Remove screws as directed.
- Rotate the fan wheel by hand to ensure that the fan is unrestricted and can rotate freely. Check for shipping damage and fan obstructions. Adjust blower motor as required.

Step 2 — Position the Unit

DANGER

Units must not be installed where they may be exposed to potentially explosive or flammable atmosphere. If this instruction is not followed, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, injury, or loss of life.

WARNING

The equipment and its ducting (supply and return air ducts) are intended for use in one room only. Do not install ductwork from a single unit to multiple rooms.

WARNING

The ducting for the 7K (40VML007--3) and 9K (40VML009--3) (supply and return air ducts) is intended for use in one room only. Do not install ductwork from a single unit to multiple rooms for these two models.

Install the unit in a location that meets the following requirements:

- Allow adequate space for installation, service clearance, piping, electrical connections, and necessary ductwork. For specific unit dimensions, refer to Table 2 and Fig. 2. Allow clearance according to local and national codes.
- Confirm that the ceiling is able to support the weight of the unit. See Table 2 for nominal weight.
- There should be enough room within the false ceiling for installation and maintenance. See Fig. 8.
- The false ceiling should be horizontal and level.
- Install the unit in a location within the room that allows uniform air flow in all directions.

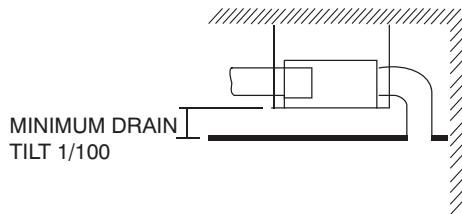


Fig. 8 —False Ceiling Installation

Select the unit position with the following points in mind:

- The unit should be installed in a position that is suitable to support the total weight of the unit, refrigerant piping, and condensate.
- Proper access should be provided for maintenance of refrigerant piping, EEV (electronic expansion valve), electrical box, and condensate pump. A two-foot clearance is recommended all around the unit.
- The unit should not be positioned directly above any obstruction.
- The unit must be installed square and level.

IMPORTANT: Be sure that the ceiling grid is supported separately from the unit. The ceiling grid must not be supported by any part of the unit or any associated wiring or piping work.

Step 3 — Mount the Unit

INSTALLING HANGER BOLTS — Install the hanger bolts at the locations shown in Fig. 2. Use $3/8$ -inch all-threaded rod. For unit weight, see Table 2.

MOUNTING THE UNIT — Lift the unit on to the hanging rods for mounting:

- Use rods and fasteners to suspend the unit at the factory-provided mounting holes.
- Adjust the height of the unit until the bottom is level with the false ceiling. There must be adequate space to provide enough pitch for the drain.
- Secure the unit in position with locknuts and washers on both sides of the mounting bracket. Ensure that the threaded rod does not protrude more than two inches below the mounting brackets as shown in Fig. 9.

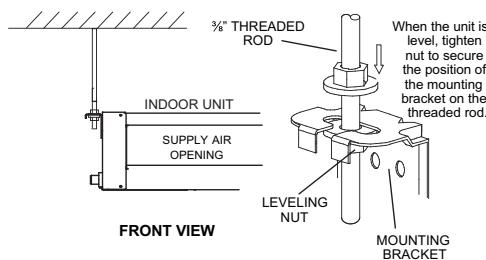


Fig. 9 — Threaded Rod

INSTALLING THE DUCT — Connect the return and supply ducts to the duct collars provided on the unit. Adequate distance between the return and supply diffusers should be maintained to avoid short circulation of air within the space. The filter is located on the return side of the unit, on the rear or bottom, depending on the return air inlet arrangement.

RETURN AIR ARRANGEMENT — Based on the return air arrangement requirement in the field, the unit can be modified from rear return to bottom return. Follow the instructions below to change the return air arrangement.

Remove Air Filter Frame and Cover Plate

- Remove the screws that secure the filter frame to the rear of the unit.
- Remove the screws that secure the return air cover plate to the bottom of the unit and set the cover plate aside. See Fig. 10.

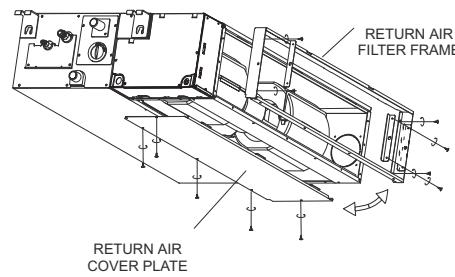


Fig. 10 —Removing Air Filter Frame and Cover Plate

Apply Foam Insulating Tape

1. Apply foam insulating tape to the return air opening on the bottom of the unit. See Fig. 11 below.

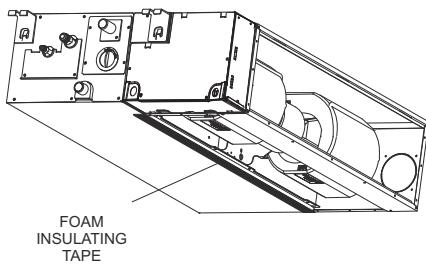


Fig. 11 —Applying Foam Insulation Tape

2. Use the existing screws to re-install the return air cover plate on the rear of the unit.

Re-install Air Filter and Frame — Re-install the return air filter and the filter frame on the bottom of the unit. Refer to the arrows in Fig. 12.

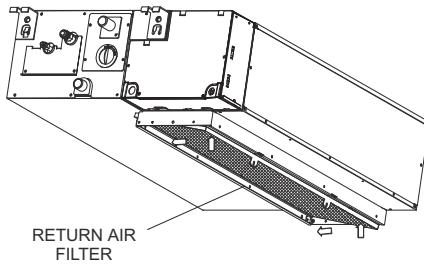


Fig. 12 —Re-installing Return Air Filter and Frame

Secure the Frame and Filter — Use the provided clips to secure the filter inside the filter frame. See Fig. 13.

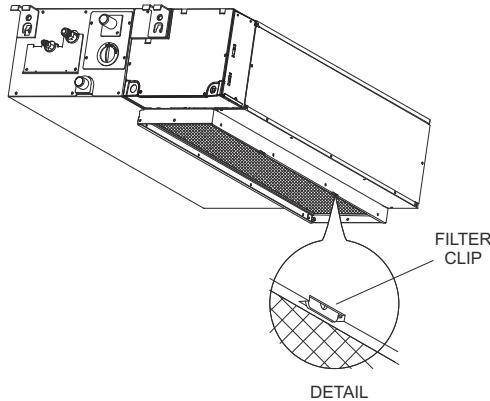


Fig. 13 —Securing the Filter and Frame

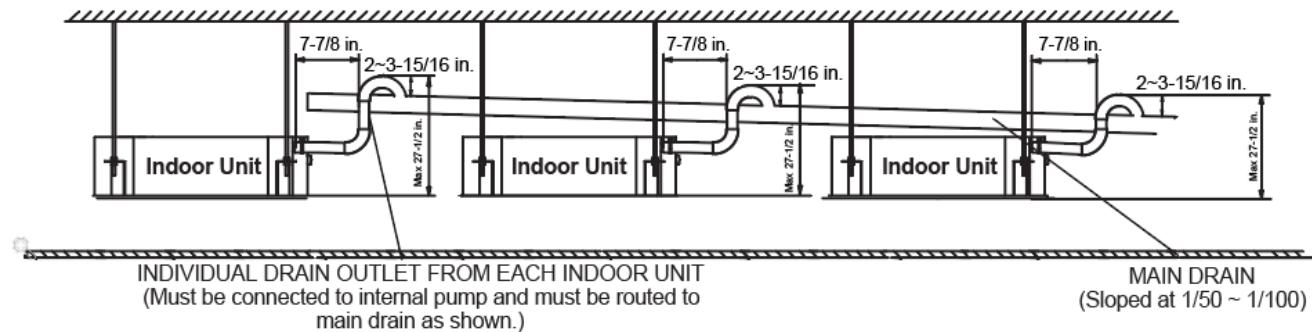


Fig. 16 —Using a Main Drain to Serve Multiple Indoor Units with Internal Condensate Pumps

Step 4 — Connect Piping

CONDENSATE PIPING — The unit is supplied with a 1 inch OD drain connection to connect copper or PVC drain piping. See Fig. 14. Maximum pump lift is 27-1/2 inches.

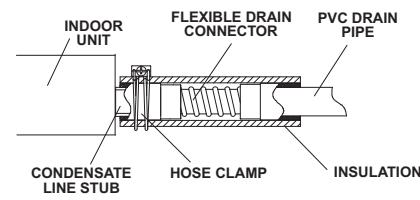


Fig. 14 —Condensate Drain Connection

Follow these recommendations when installing condensate piping:

- The highest point in the condensate piping should be as close to the unit as possible. See Fig. 15.
- Condensate piping should slope downward in the direction of condensate flow with a minimum gradient of 1 inch per 100 inches. See Fig. 15.

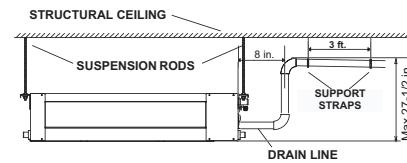


Fig. 15 —Condensate Piping

- When multiple units are connected to a common condensate drain, ensure that the drain is large enough to accommodate the volume of condensate from all units. It is also recommended to have an air vent in the condensate piping to prevent air lock.
- Condensate piping must not be installed where it may be exposed to freezing temperatures.

NOTE: CN18 can be disconnected to stop the pump. The condensate switch is CN5, which can be used for gravity drain protection. See Fig. 16.

CAUTION

When connecting from an indoor unit to an outdoor unit, the isolation valve at the outdoor unit should be in the closed position throughout the refrigerant piping process. Failure to follow this procedure may result in equipment damage.

When connecting refrigerant piping from an indoor unit to an outdoor unit, follow these guidelines:

- Check maximum height drop and length of refrigerant piping between the indoor and outdoor units. To ensure the drop and length are acceptable, refer to the refrigerant piping allowable limits in the outdoor unit installation manual.
- The number of bends in the refrigeration piping must be less than 15.
- Refrigerant piping connection between indoor and outdoor units should be performed once the units are secured at their respective installation locations.
- The refrigeration piping starts at the indoor unit and ends at the outdoor unit or MDC (Multiport Distribution Controller) for Heat Recovery systems.
- The refrigerant piping should be dry and free of dust and other impurities.
- The bending angle of the refrigerant pipe should not exceed 90° and the bending radius should be as large as possible to prevent any breakage in piping.
- Use proper cutting and flaring tools to avoid leakage.
- Use a torque wrench for flare nuts. Refer to Table 3 for flare nut torque recommendations.

Table 3 — Flare Nut Torque Recommendations

OUTSIDE DIAMETER (IN.)	RECOMMENDED TORQUE (FT-LB)
1/4	15
3/8	26
1/2	41
5/8	48

- Before insulating the suction and liquid refrigeration pipes, perform pressure and leak tests. For details, see the outdoor unit installation manual. Insulating both suction and liquid refrigerant pipes is mandatory.
- Vacuuming and charging of the system should be carried out as described in the outdoor unit installation manual.

Step 5 — Complete Electrical Connections —

Installation of wiring must conform with local building codes and with National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70 (current editions). Units must be electrically grounded in conformance with the code. In Canada, wiring must comply with CSA C22.1, Electrical Code.

WARNING

Electrical shock can cause personal injury and death. Disconnect the power supply before making wiring connections. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Tag all disconnect locations to alert others not to restore power until work is completed.

WARNING

All units must be wired strictly in accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the unit. Any wiring different from the wiring diagram could result in personal injury and property damage.

CAUTION

Any original factory wiring that requires replacement must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105°C.

Ensure supply voltage to the unit, as indicated on the serial plate, is not more than 10% over or under the rated voltage.

Failure to follow these recommendations may result in equipment damage.

This equipment in its standard form is designed for an electrical supply of 208/230-1-60. Any damage to or failure of units caused by incorrect wiring or voltage is not covered by the warranty.

Electric wiring must be sized to carry the full load amp draw of the motor, starter, and any other controls that are used with the unit. See Table 4 for electrical data.

Table 4 — 40VML Electrical Data

40VML UNIT SIZE	POWER SUPPLY	
	MCA	MOPD
007	0.50	15
009	0.50	15
012	0.60	15
015	0.80	15
018	0.95	15
024	1.18	15

LEGEND

MCA — Minimum Circuit Amps

MOPD — Maximum Overcurrent Protective Device

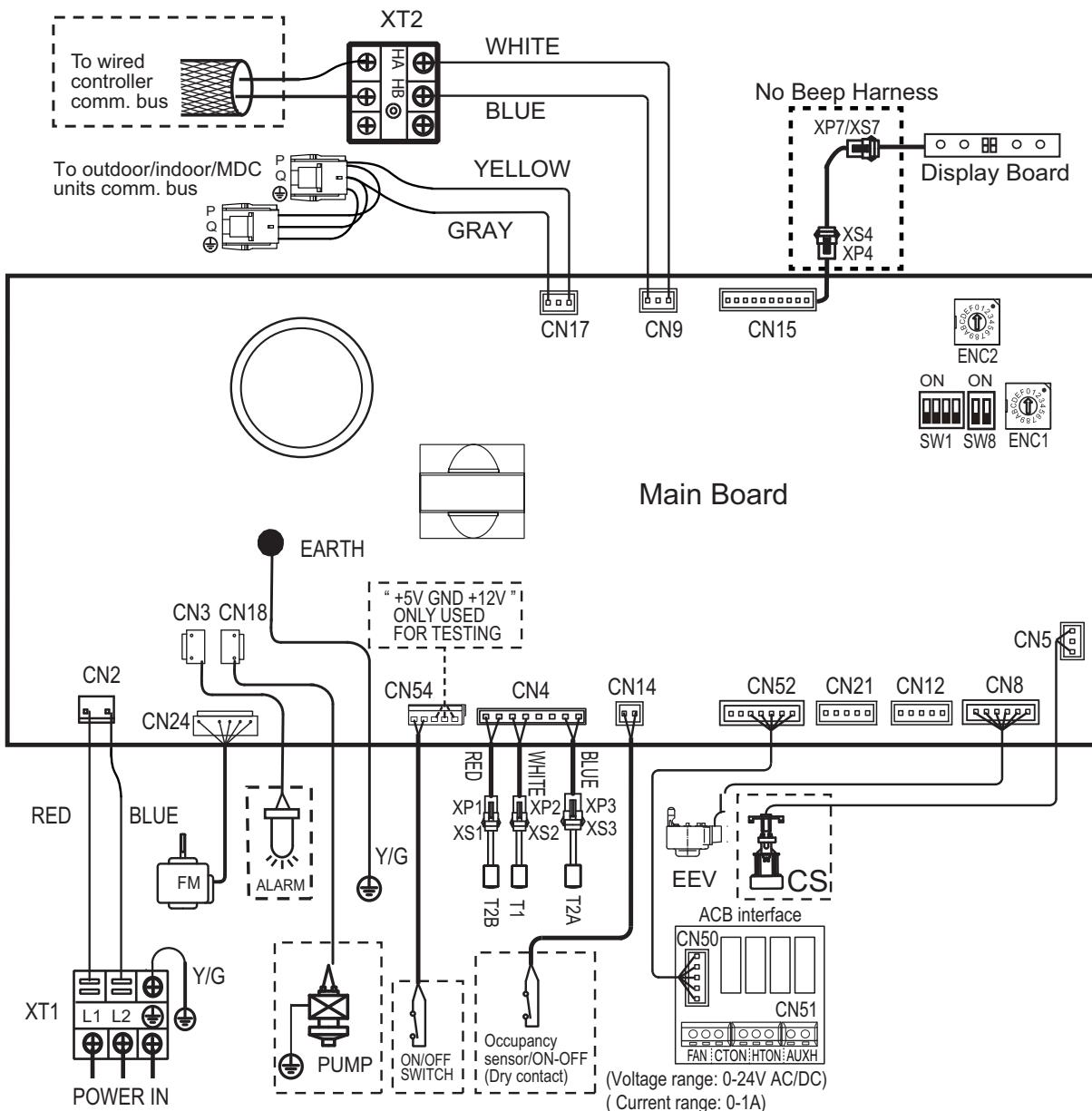


After the pipe work is complete, the electrical supply can be connected by routing the cable through the appropriate casing holes or knockouts and connecting the supply and ground cables to the unit's power terminal.

Be sure the power wiring and control wiring do not cross. This might cause disturbance on the controls side. See Fig. 17 for wiring diagrams.

NOTE: The indoor unit requires its own power supply. Indoor units are not powered through outdoor units.

WIRING DIAGRAM



NOTE: Field wiring must use copper conductors only.

LEGEND

ACB	— Auxiliary Control Board
ALARM	— Warning Lamp
AUXH	— Output for Auxiliary Heat
CS	— Condensate Switch
CTON	— Output for Cooling Operation
EEV	— Electronic Expansion Valve
FAN	— Output for Fan Operation
FM	— Indoor Fan Motor
HTON	— Output for Heating Operation
PUMP	— Pump Motor
T1	— Room Temperature Sensor
T2A	— Inlet Pipe Temperature Sensor
T2B	— Outlet Pipe Temperature Sensor
XP1-4	— Connectors
XS1-4	— Terminal Block
XT1-2	— Field Wiring

Fig. 17 —40VML007-024 Typical Wiring Diagram

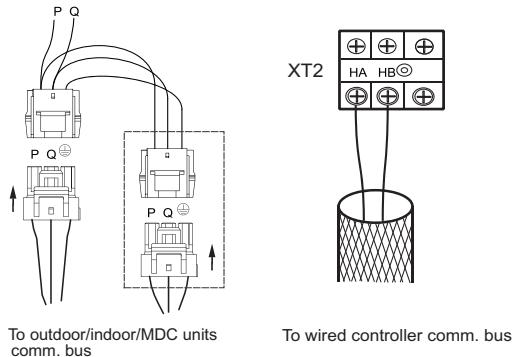
Step 6 — Position and Connect Controller —

Wired controllers should be installed in a position that maintains good temperature control:

- Position the thermostat approximately 48 inches above floor level.
- Do not position the thermostat where it can be directly affected by the unit's discharge airstream.
- Avoid external walls and drafts from windows and doors.
- Avoid positioning near shelves and curtains as these restrict air movement.
- Avoid heat sources such as direct sunlight, heaters, dimmer switches, and other electrical devices.
- See Fig. 18 for an example of communication wire connection.

CONTROL WIRING

1. The communication wire should be 2-core stranded shielded cable.
2. For indoor unit and outdoor unit communication, use P, Q terminals. Shielded core should be used for ground.
3. Wiring should be run according to the wiring diagram.
4. Communication wire must not form a closed loop.



LEGEND

ACB — Auxiliary Control Board

Fig. 18 —Communication Wire Connection

OPTION/EXTENSIONS OF COMMUNICATION WIRING — To extend control wiring or to make terminal connections, use the PQE connection wire supplied in the accessory kit and follow the steps below.

1. Cut the connector on the outdoor unit side as shown in Fig. 19 below.

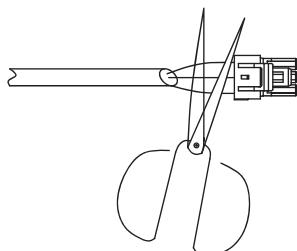


Fig. 19 —Shearing Outdoor Connector

2. Strip a suitable length of the insulation layer as shown in Fig. 20 below.

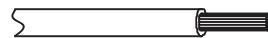


Fig. 20 —Stripping The Wire

3. Use a suitable screwdriver to fix the communication wire on the outdoor unit communication terminal as shown in Fig. 21 below.

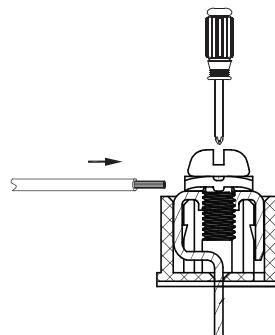


Fig. 21 — Connecting Communication Wire to Outdoor Unit Communication Terminal

If communication wires are used to connect indoor units, find the corresponding port and plug it in as shown in Fig. 22.

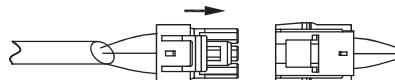


Fig. 22 —Connecting the Communication Wires

If it is not possible to buy communication wires from Carrier, connect the indoor unit side of communication wires using the connector provided with the accessories as shown in Fig. 23. See Fig. 24 and 25 for typical communication wiring of the heat pump and the heat recovery systems.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these procedures may result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

NEVER CONNECT the main power source to the control or communication terminal block.

USE AN APPROPRIATE SCREWDRIVER for tightening the terminal screws. Do not over tighten the terminal screws.

IMPORTANT: Wiring for communication shall be two inches or more apart from power source wiring to avoid electric noise. Do not insert control/communication and power source wire in the same conduit.

Pay attention to polarity of the communication wire.

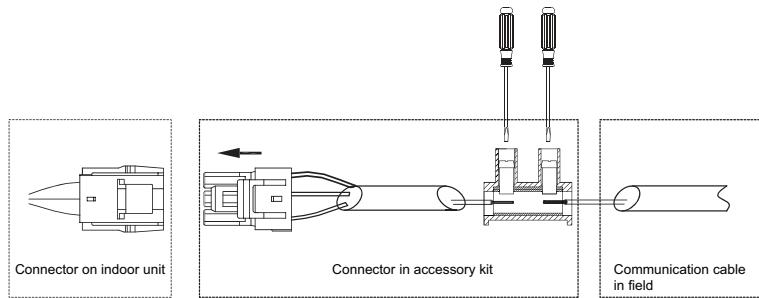


Fig. 23 —Connecting the Communication Cable to Indoor Unit Using the Supplied Connector

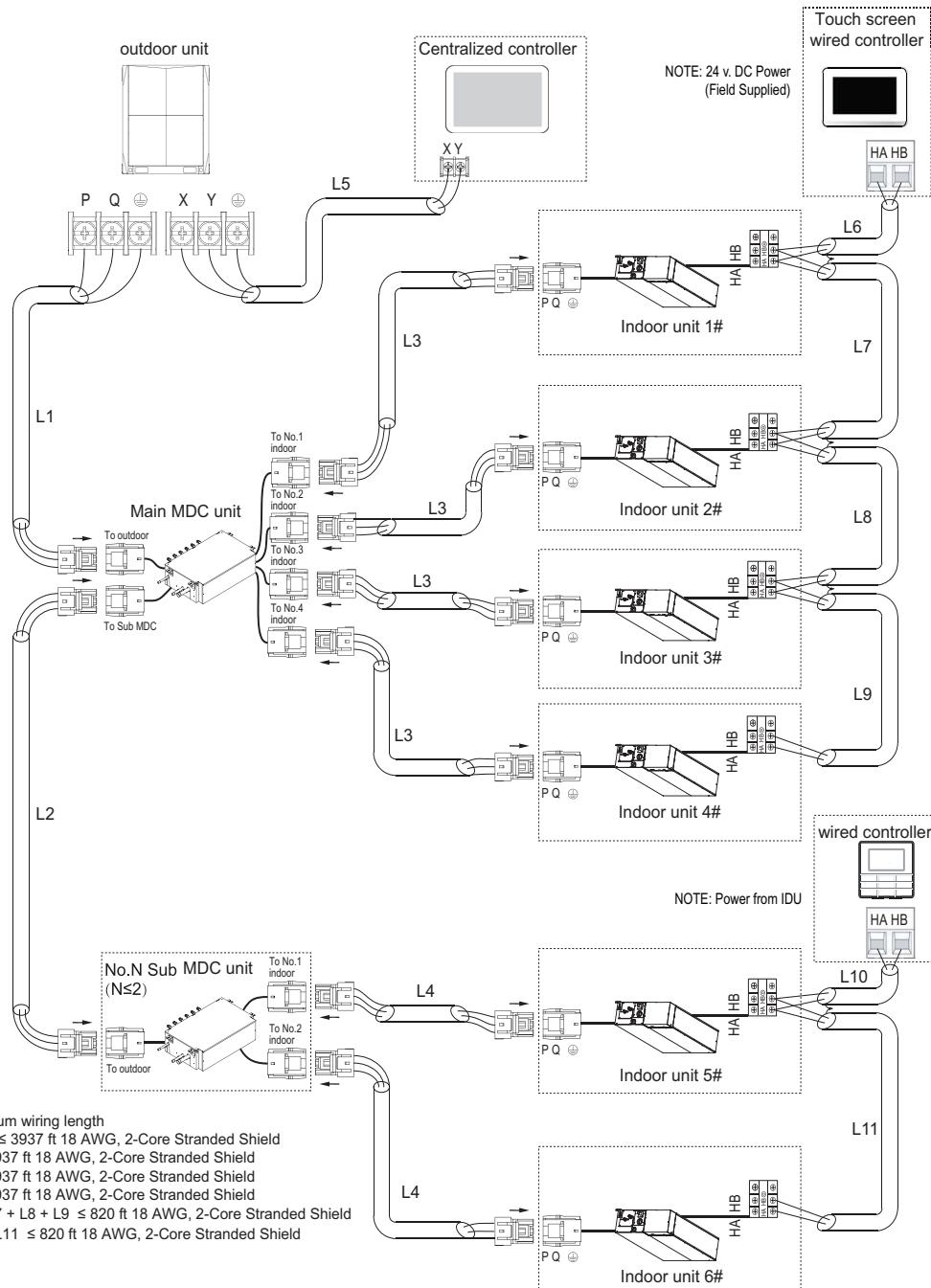
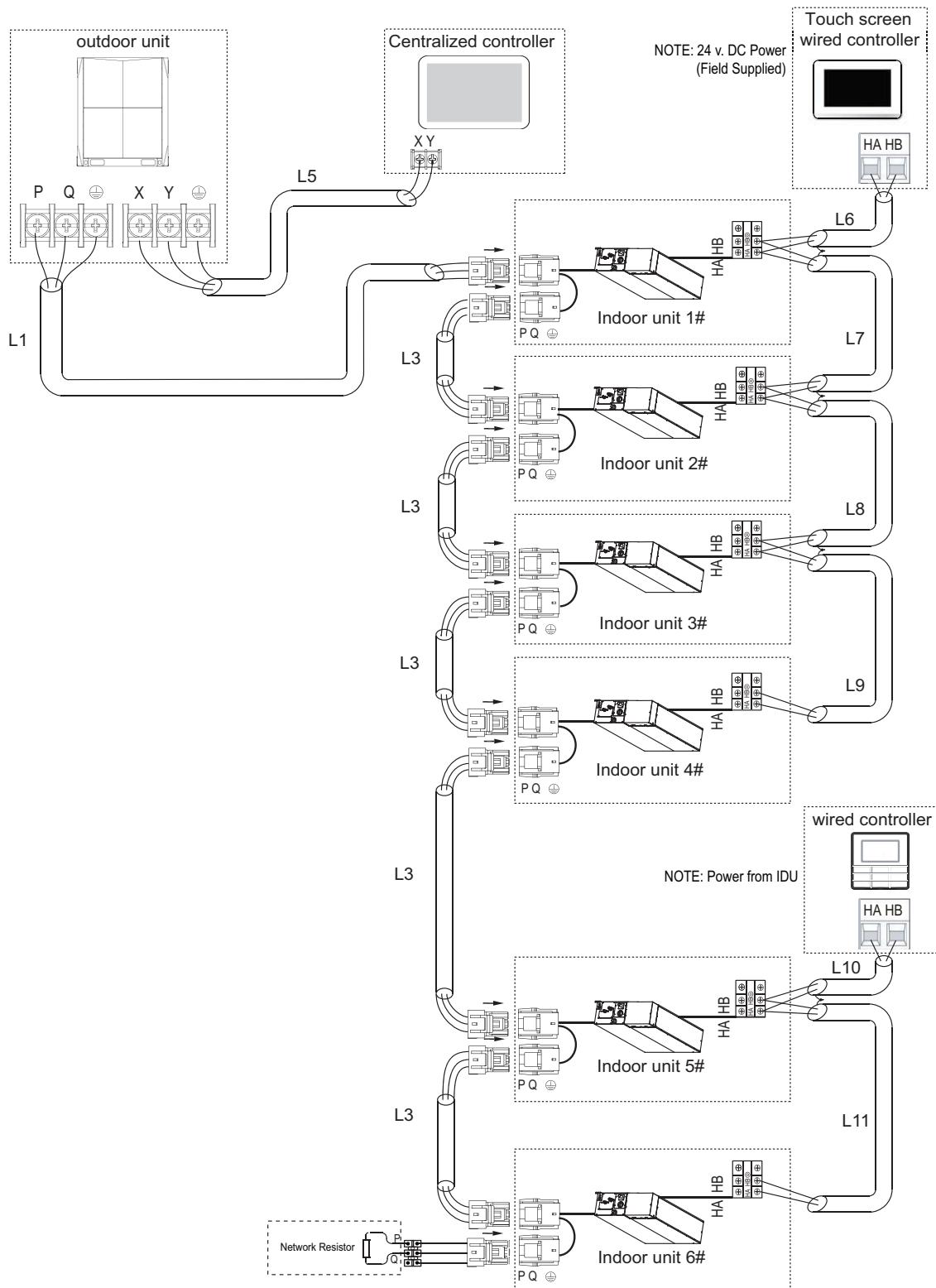


Fig. 24 —Typical Heat Recovery System Communication Wiring



Maximum wiring length
 L1+L3 ≤ 3937 ft 18 AWG, 2-Core Stranded Shield
 L5 ≤ 3937 ft 18 AWG, 2-Core Stranded Shield
 L6+L7+L8+L9 ≤ 820 ft 18 AWG, 2-Core Stranded Shield
 L10+L11 ≤ 820 ft 18 AWG, 2-Core Stranded Shield

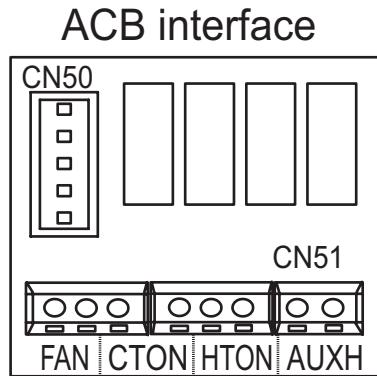
NOTE: Network resistor is shipped with the outdoor unit for field installation on heat pump systems.

Fig. 25 — Typical Heat Pump System Communication Wiring

IMPORTANT: The system can connect 64 indoor units with different system addresses. If two indoor units in the same system have identical addresses, abnormal operation will occur.

ACB Interface

The ACB interface is a dry contact board that can output up to four signal controlling devices. Refer to Fig. 17 and 26 for connecting the ACB interface board and devices.



MAX AMPS 1A
MAX VOLTAGE 24V

LEGEND

ACB — Auxiliary Control Board
FAN — Output for Fan Operation
CTON — Output for Cooling Operation
HTON — Output for Heating Operation

Fig. 26 —ACB Interface

START-UP

Pre-Start Check — Once installation is complete, make the following pre-start checks:

1. All indoor and outdoor units are properly installed.
2. All piping and insulation is complete.
3. All electrical connections (both power and control) are properly terminated.
4. All condensate drains are installed correctly.
5. The power supply is the right voltage and frequency.
6. The units are properly grounded in accordance with current electrical codes.
7. Suction and liquid line service valves are in the open position.

Drain Pump and Drainage Test — Follow these steps to perform the test:

1. Remove the test cover by rotating it counter-clockwise as shown in Fig. 27.

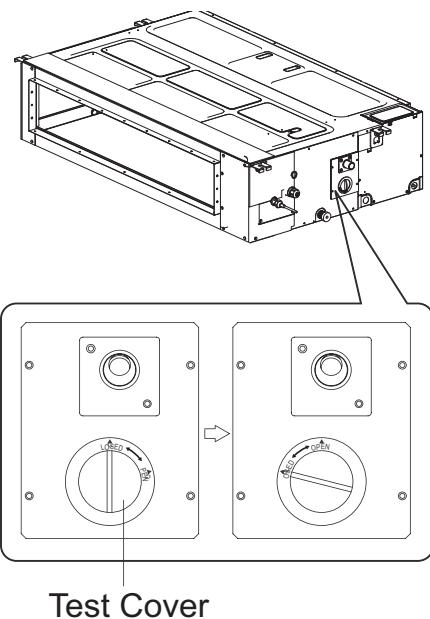


Fig. 27 —Test Cover

2. Use a piece of tubing or pipe to fill the drain pump reservoir with 70 oz. of water as shown in Fig. 28 below.

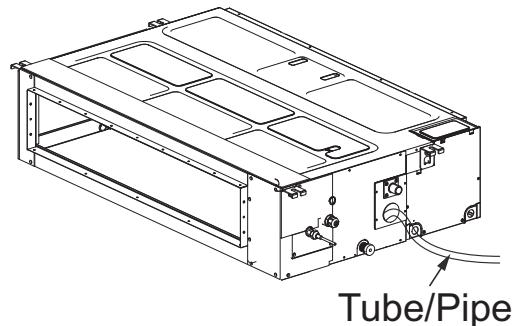


Fig. 28 —Tube/Pipe Insert

3. Turn the unit ON in cooling mode. The pump comes on. Watch the end of the drain pipe for any water. It may take time for the water to travel depending on the length of the drain pipe.
4. During this test, check any bends or joints for leakage.

System Operation Check — Once the installation and pre-start checks are complete, perform the following steps:

1. Using the remote controller, select cooling or heating mode to check the operation of the system.
2. While the system is in operation, check the following on the indoor unit:
 - a. Switches or buttons on the remote controller are easy to push.
 - b. Indicator light is showing normal operation and no error is indicated.
 - c. Swing mode of air louvers is working (if applicable to unit).
 - d. Drain pump operation is normal (if applicable).
 - e. No abnormal vibration or noise.

3. While the system is in operation, check the following on the outdoor unit:
 - a. No abnormal vibration or noise is noticed.
 - b. Condenser fan is in operation.
 - c. Indicator light is showing normal operation and no error is indicated.

NOTE: If the unit is turned off or restarted, there is a time delay of three minutes for the compressor to start from the time the power is restored.

MAINTENANCE

⚠ CAUTION

When servicing or repairing this unit, use only factory-approved service replacement parts. Refer to the rating plate on the unit for complete unit model number, serial number, and company address. Any substitution of parts or controls not approved by the factory will be at the owner's risk and may result in equipment damage.

⚠ CAUTION

To avoid equipment damage, do not attempt to reuse any mechanical or electrical controllers that have been wet. Replace defective controller.

EVERY 3 MONTHS:

- Check the air filter condition. Clean or replace if necessary.

EVERY 6 MONTHS:

Follow the 3-month maintenance schedule. In addition:

- Clean condensate tray with suitable cleaning agent.
- Clean the grille and panel if applicable.

EVERY 12 MONTHS:

Follow the 6-month maintenance schedule. In addition:

- Be sure all electrical connections are secure.
- Check condensate pump operation if applicable.
- Check the heating and cooling action to confirm proper operation.

INDOOR UNIT ADDRESSING

For proper system operation, each indoor unit must have a unique address set from 0 to 63. When setting an address by remote controller, the outdoor units, indoor units, and MDC must be powered on. If **FE** is displayed on the LED screen or display board, this unit has no address. After setting all indoor unit addresses, turn off the power supply to all indoor units to clear the errors.

Indoor unit addressing can be distributed automatically in the heat pump system. When dip switch "S6" on the outdoor unit's main PCB board is set to 00 (default set in factory), indoor units are set for auto-addressing. When powering on for the first time, it takes six minutes or more to finish auto-addressing each indoor unit. The heat recovery system cannot accomplish this function at this time.

Wireless Remote Controller (40VM900001) —

Indoor unit addressing can be performed using the wireless remote controller. When using the wireless controller, the user must maintain a line of sight with the receiver on the indoor unit. See Fig. 29 for a description of the buttons on the wireless remote.

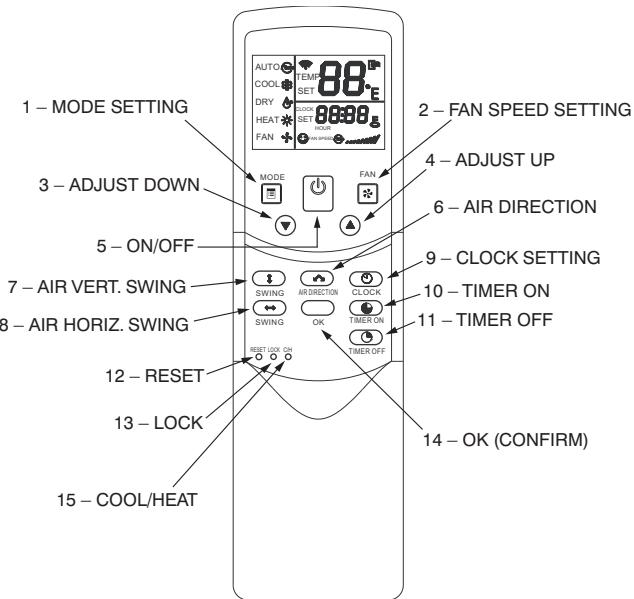


Fig. 29 —Wireless Remote Controller (40VM900001)

1. Use a tool to press and hold the **LOCK** button for at least ten seconds.
2. Press  to activate.
3. Click  or  to select an address and press  to send the setting.

To display an indoor unit address, use a tool to press and hold the **LOCK** button for at least ten seconds, and press  to query the addresses.

Non-Programmable Controller

When setting an address, connect only one wired controller to an indoor unit.

Press **ROOM TEMP** and **SWING** simultaneously for three seconds. If there is no address for this indoor unit, the display shows **FE# 00**. See Fig. 30. Otherwise, the display shows the current address of the indoor unit.

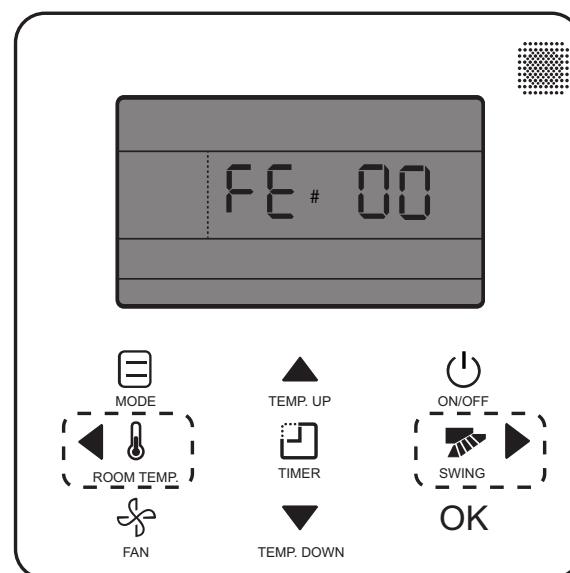


Fig. 30 —Non-Programmable Controller IDU Addressing Menu

Click **TEMP. UP** or **TEMP. DOWN** to change 00 to the desired address as shown in Fig. 31. Press **OK** to confirm and exit the setting interface.

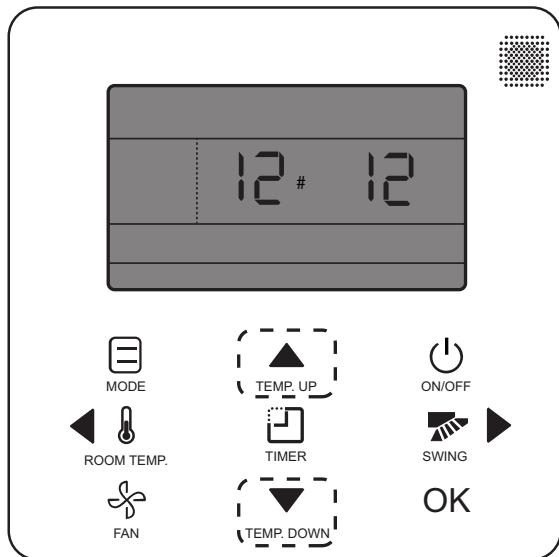


Fig. 31 —Non-Programmable Controller Setting IDU Address

Programmable Controller — When setting an address, connect only one wired controller to an indoor unit.

1. Press **FAN** and **BACK** simultaneously for five seconds to access parameter settings as shown in Fig. 32.

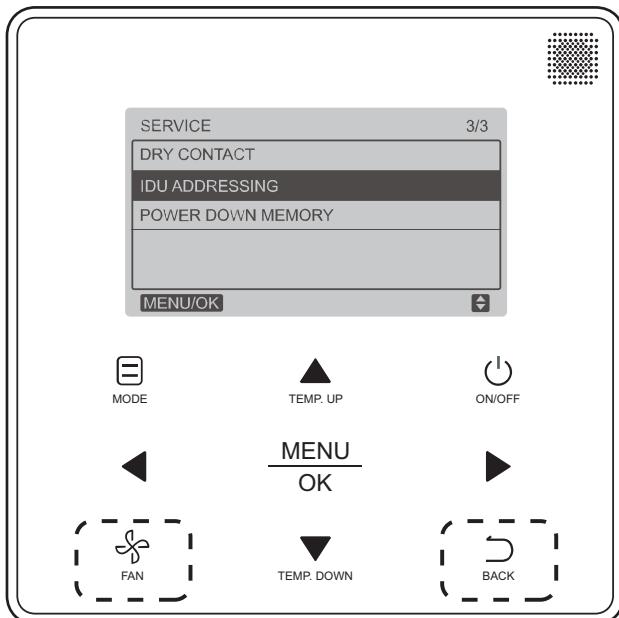


Fig. 32 — Programmable Controller IDU Addressing Menu

2. Press **TEMP. UP** or **TEMP. DOWN** to move the cursor and choose IDU ADDRESSING. Press **MENU/OK** to access this setting.
3. Press **TEMP. UP** or **TEMP. DOWN** to choose the address you want to set as shown in Fig. 33. Press **MENU/OK** to send this address to the IDU.

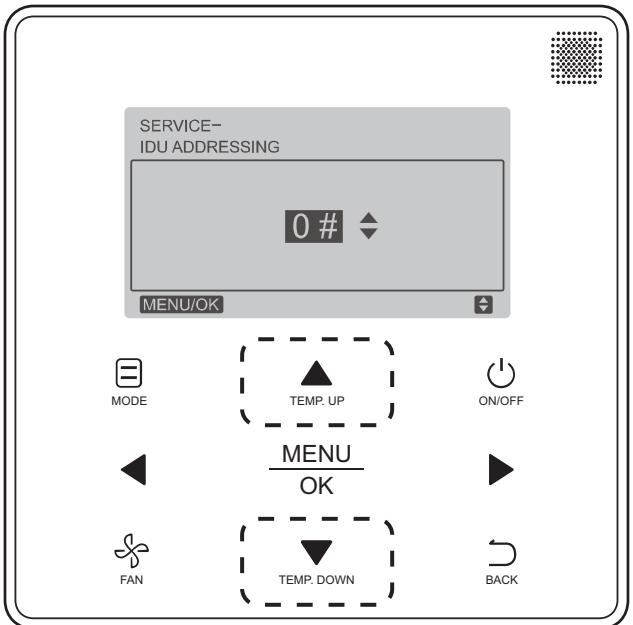


Fig. 33 —Programmable Controller Setting IDU Address

4. Press **BACK** twice or wait 30 seconds to automatically exit the parameter settings menu.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Figure 34 shows the LED display panel on the indoor unit. See Table 5 for a summary of display indicators. Table 6 lists problems, possible causes, and possible solutions.

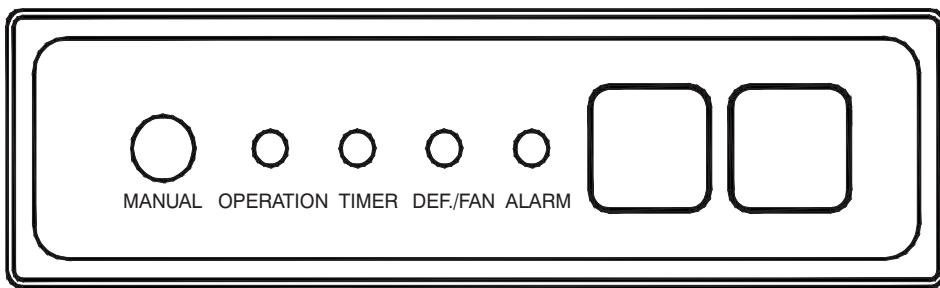


Fig. 34 — LED Display Panel

Table 5 — LED Display Indicators

ERROR CODE	LED DISPLAY	MODE/STATUS
[NO ERROR]	Operation Light ON	Starting
	None	Shutdown
	Operation Light Flashing	Standby
	Timer Light ON	Timing ON
	Timer Light OFF	Timing OFF
	Operation and Defrost / Fan Light ON	System Defrost ON
	Operation and Defrost / Fan Light OFF	System Defrost OFF
	Operation Light ON	Only fan
dd	None	Heating / Cooling Mode Conflict
E1	None	Communication Error Between Indoor and Outdoor Unit
E2	None	Check Indoor Ambient Temperature Sensor (T1)
E4	None	Check Evaporator Temperature Sensor (T2B)
E5	None	Check Evaporator Outlet Temperature Sensor (T2A)
E6	None	Check DC Fan Motor
E7	None	EEPROM Error (Data Storage)
E9	None	Communication Error Between Indoor Unit and Controller
Eb	None	EEV Error
Ed	None	Outdoor Unit Error
EE	None	Condensate Error
FE	None	No Address When Power ON For First Time
UU	None	MDC Error In Auto System-Check Mode

LEGEND

EEPROM — Electronically Erasable Programmable Read-only Memory

EEV — Electronic Expansion Valve

MDC — Multiport Distribution Controller

Table 6 — Troubleshooting

ERROR	DESCRIPTION	POSSIBLE CAUSES	POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS
DD	Heating / Cooling Mode Conflict	System is in cooling or fan only mode and heating signal is received from a unit on the system.	All units should be in cooling mode for system to stay in cooling mode.
		System is in heating mode and cooling signal is received from a unit in the system.	All units should be in heating mode.
E1	Communication Error Between Indoor & Outdoor Unit	Signal wires are short-circuited or disconnected.	Check or reconnect signal wire.
		Signal wire close to electromagnetic source.	Distance signal wires from electromagnetic source.
		PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
E2, E4, E5	Check Temperature Sensor	Loose connection at port on PC board.	Tighten the connection at port on PC board.
		Sensor is short-circuited.	Using multi-meter, measure resistance of the sensor. If the resistance is \leq 100 ohms, change the sensor.
		PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
E6	DC Fan Motor	Operating beyond limits.	Check and correct external static pressure on the unit.
		DC motor fault.	Replace DC motor.
		PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
E7	EEPROM Error (Data Storage)	Chip or PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
E9	Communication Error Between Indoor Unit and Controller	Signal wires are short-circuited or disconnected.	Check or reconnect signal wires.
		Signal wires close to electromagnetic source.	Distance signal wires from electromagnetic source.
		PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
EB	EEV Error	EEV wires are short-circuited or disconnected.	Replace EEV wires.
		EEV stop.	Replace EEV.
		PC board fault.	Replace PC board.
ED	Outdoor Unit Error	Outdoor unit fault.	Refer to outdoor unit troubleshooting guide.
EE	Condensate Error	Loose connection or disconnected.	Tighten the connection or reconnect at port on PC board.
		Water level float is stuck.	Inspect the slope.
		Trap slope is too steep.	Adjust the trap slope.
		Drain pipe is too long.	Adjust the length of drain pipe.
		Drain pump faulty.	Replace the drain pump.
FE	No Address When Power ON for first time	Indoor unit without address.	Run automatic addressing option at the outdoor unit.
			Use remote wireless or wired controller to readdress indoor unit.
UU	MDC Auto System-Check Mode	MDC fault	Refer to MDC troubleshooting guide.

LEGEND

- EEV — Electronic Expansion Valve
- EEPROM — Electronically Erasable Programmable Read-only Memory
- MDC — Multiport Distribution Controller
- PC — Process Controller

Replacement Parts

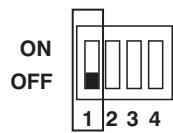
Quote the unit model number and unit serial number when ordering replacement parts or contacting the factory about the unit. This information can be found on the serial plate attached to the unit. See Fig. 35.



Fig. 35 —Unit Serial Plate (Example)

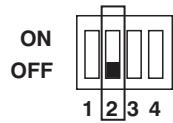
APPENDIX A — DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

There are two DIP switches on the main board. Figures A and B show the settings for each parameter controlled by a switch. Switches are shown in the default settings.



POSITION 1 — START-UP

OFF — Auto Addressing Mode (Default)
ON — Factory Test Mode



POSITION 2 — MODE

OFF — Normal Mode (default)
ON — Factory Self-Checking Mode



POSITION 3 — NOT USED



POSITION 4 — INDOOR UNIT IDENTIFICATION

OFF — Standard Indoor Unit (Default)
ON — Mode Priority Indoor Unit (HP only)
(IDU address must be 63)

Fig. A — SW1 Settings



OFF — Thermal Off Fan Off (Default)
ON — Thermal Off Fan On
(The wired controller must be connected to the indoor unit, and use the room temperature sensor on the wired controller to turn on this function)

Fig. B — SW8 Settings