

Service and Maintenance Instructions For Sizes 060-120, Series C

NOTE: Read the entire instruction manual before starting the installation.

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WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage.

Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage.

- Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to furnace.
- When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting. Reconnect wires correctly.
- Verify proper operation after servicing.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in possible damage to this equipment, serious personal injury, or death.

The ability to properly perform maintenance on this equipment requires certain expertise, mechanical skills, tools, and equipment. If you do not possess these, do not attempt to perform any maintenance on this equipment other than those procedures recommended in the User's Manual.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause corrosion of heat exchanger, fire, personal injury, or death.

Never store anything on, near, or in contact with the furnace, such as:

1. Spray or aerosol cans, rags, brooms, dust mops, vacuum cleaners, or other cleaning tools.
2. Soap powders, bleaches, waxes or other cleaning compounds, plastic or plastic containers, gasoline, kerosene, cigarette lighter fluid, dry cleaning fluids, or other volatile fluids.
3. Paint thinners and other painting compounds, paper bags, or other paper products.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol . When you see this symbol on the furnace and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies a hazard which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

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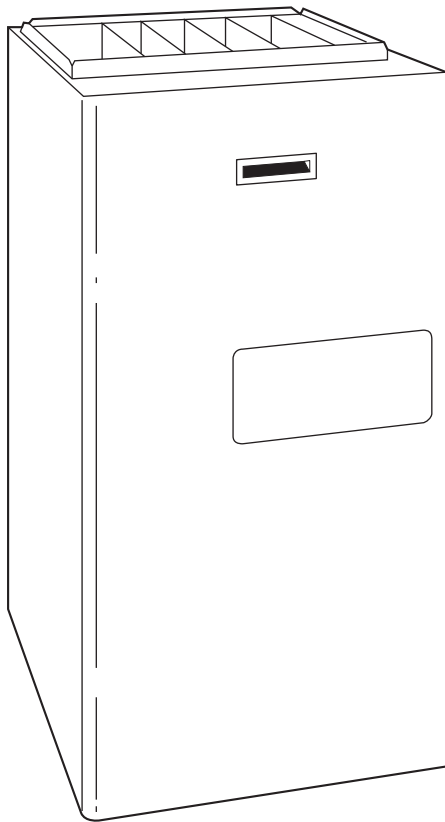


Fig. 1 - Furnace in Upflow Orientation

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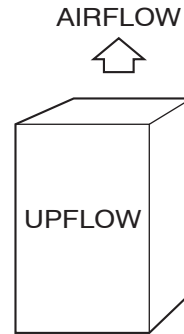
Installing and servicing heating equipment can be hazardous due to gas and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service agency personnel should install, repair, or service heating equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions described in User's Information Manual such as cleaning and replacing air filters. All other operations must be performed by trained service personnel. When working on heating equipment, observe precautions in the literature, on tags, and on labels attached to or shipped with the unit and other safety precautions that may apply.

⚠ CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury. Be careful of sharp metal edges, etc. Use care and wear protective clothing, gloves, and safety glasses when removing parts.



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Fig. 2 - Approved Orientation

Follow all safety codes including the National Fuel Gas Code (NFGC) NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 in the USA, CSA B149.1 National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Codes (NSCNGPIC) in Canada, and the Installation Standards, Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems (NFPA 90B) ANSI/NFPA 90B. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Have a fire extinguisher available during start-up and adjustment procedures and service calls.

GENERAL

This furnace must be installed as a direct vent (2-pipe) or ventilated combustion air condensing gas furnace (see installation instructions for details). This furnace must be installed in an upflow application. An upflow furnace application is where the blower is located below the combustion and controls section of the furnace, and conditioned air is discharged upward. (See Fig. 1 and 2.)

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may damage furnace components.

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during furnace installation and servicing to protect the furnace electronic control. Precautions will prevent electrostatic discharges from personnel and hand tools which are held during the procedure. These precautions will help to avoid exposing the control to electrostatic discharge by putting the furnace, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential.

1. Disconnect all power to the furnace. DO NOT TOUCH THE CONTROL OR ANY WIRE CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL PRIOR TO DISCHARGING YOUR BODY'S ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE TO GROUND.
2. Firmly touch a clean, unpainted, metal surface of the furnace chassis which is close to the control. Tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be satisfactorily discharged.
3. After touching the chassis, you may proceed to service the control or connecting wires as long as you do nothing that recharges your body with static electricity (for example; DO NOT move or shuffle your feet, DO NOT touch ungrounded objects, etc.).

4. If you touch ungrounded objects (recharge your body with static electricity), firmly touch furnace again before touching control or wires.
5. Use this procedure for installed and uninstalled (ungrounded) furnaces.
6. Before removing a new control from its container, discharge your body's electrostatic charge to ground to protect the control from damage. If the control is to be installed in a furnace, follow items 1 through 5 before bringing the control or yourself into contact with the furnace. Put all used AND new controls into containers before touching ungrounded objects.
7. An ESD service kit (available from commercial sources) may also be used to prevent ESD damage.

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

For continuing high performance and to minimize possible furnace failure, it is essential that maintenance be performed annually. Consult your local dealer for maintenance and maintenance contract availability.

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the unit before performing any maintenance or service. Follow the operating instructions on the label attached to the furnace.

The minimum maintenance that should be performed on this equipment is as follows:

1. Check and clean or replace air filter each month as needed.
2. Check blower motor and wheel for cleanliness annually.
3. Check electrical connections for tightness and controls for proper operation each heating season. Service as necessary.
4. Check for proper condensate drainage. Clean as necessary.
5. Check for blockages in combustion-air and vent pipes annually.
6. Check burners for cleanliness annually.

Cleaning and/or Replacing Air Filter

The air filter arrangement may vary depending on the application or orientation.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE, CARBON MONOXIDE AND POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in a fire, personal injury, or death.

Never operate unit without a filter or with the blower access panel removed. Operating a unit without a filter or with the blower access door removed could cause damage to the furnace blower motor. Dust and lint on internal parts of furnace can cause a loss of efficiency.

NOTE: If the filter has an airflow direction arrow, the arrow must point toward the blower.

To clean or replace filters, proceed as follows:

If filter is installed in filter cabinet adjacent to furnace:

1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
2. Remove filter cabinet door.

3. Slide filter out of cabinet.
4. If equipped with permanent, washable filter, clean filter by spraying cold tap water through filter in opposite direction of airflow. Rinse filter and let dry. Oiling or coating of the filter is not recommended.
5. If equipped with factory specified disposable media filter, replace only with a factory specified media filter of the same size.
6. Slide filter into cabinet.
7. Replace filter cabinet door.
8. Turn on electrical supply to furnace.

If filter is installed in furnace blower compartment:

1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door and blower access panel.
3. Release filter retainer wire. (See Fig. 3 or 4.)

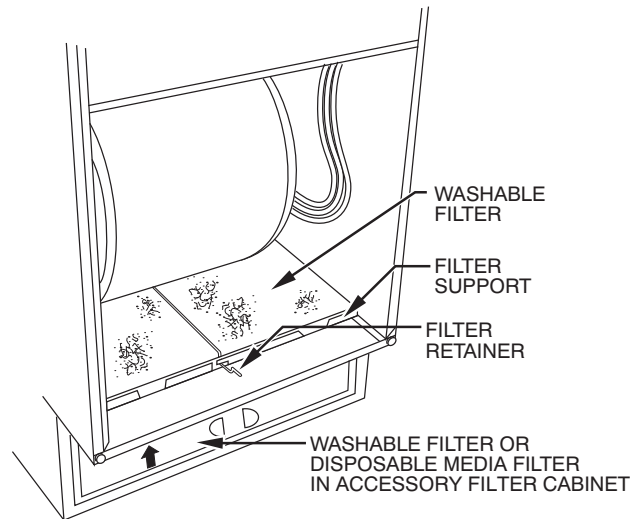


Fig. 3 - Bottom Filter Arrangement

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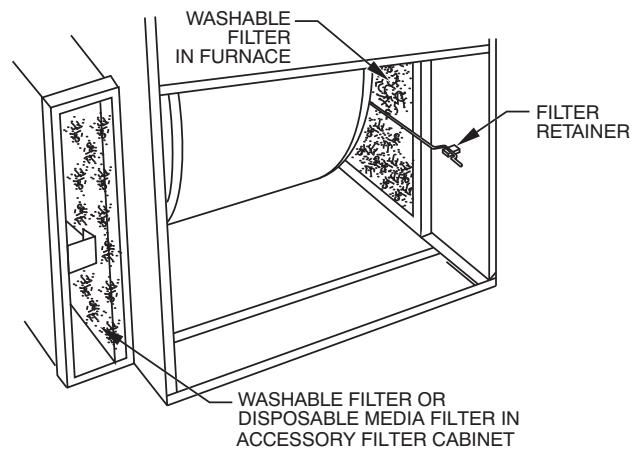


Fig. 4 - Filter Installed for Side Inlet

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NOTE: Filters shown in Fig. 3 and 4 can be in furnace blower compartment or in filter cabinet, but not in both.

4. Slide filter out of furnace.
5. Furnaces are equipped with permanent, washable filter(s). Clean filter by spraying cold tap water through filter in opposite direction of airflow.
6. Rinse filter and let dry. Oiling or coating filter is not recommended.
7. Slide filter into furnace.

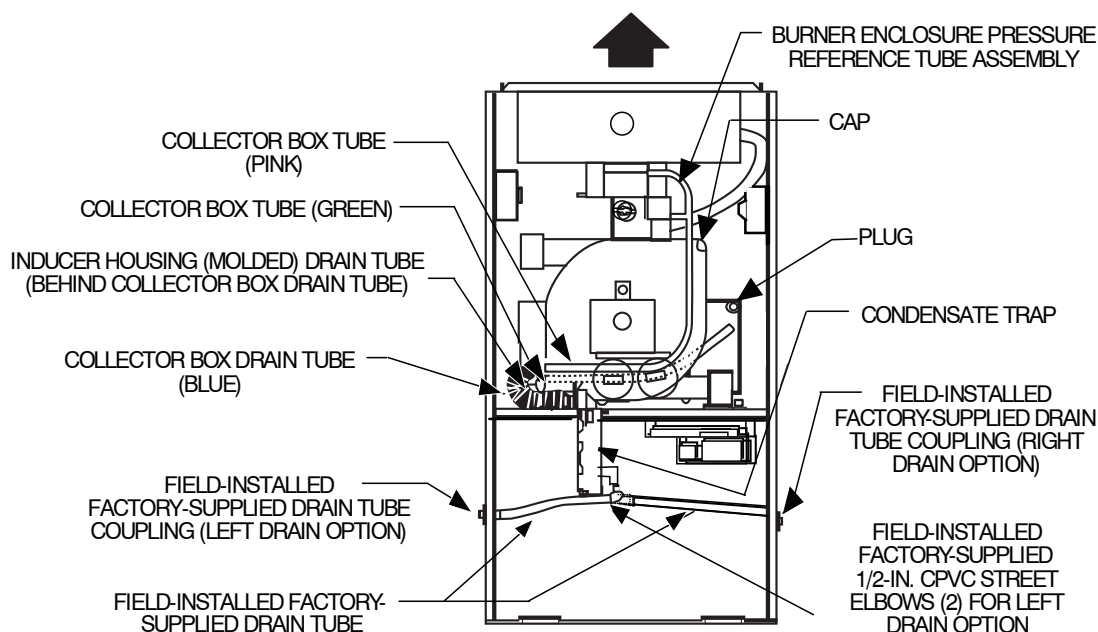


**Fig. 5 - Factory-Shipped Upflow Tube Configuration
(Shown with Blower Access Panel Removed)**

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8. Recapture filter retaining wire.
9. Replace blower access panel and main furnace door.
10. Turn on electrical supply to furnace.

Blower Motor and Wheel Maintenance

To ensure long life, economy, and high efficiency, clean accumulated dirt and grease from blower wheel and motor annually.

The inducer and blower motors are pre-lubricated and require no additional lubrication. These motors can be identified by the absence of oil ports on each end of the motor.

The following items should be performed by a qualified service technician.

Clean blower motor and wheel as follows:

1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door and blower access panel.
3. Disconnect wires
All factory wires can be left connected, but field thermostat connections may need to be disconnected depending on their length and routing.
4. Position control box, transformer, and door switch assembly to right side of furnace casing.
5. If condensate trap is located in left- or right-hand side of furnace casing, proceed to item 6. Otherwise remove trap and tubing as described below: (See Fig. 5.)
 - a. Disconnect field drain connection from condensate trap.
 - b. Disconnect drain and relief port tubes from condensate trap.
 - c. Remove condensate trap from blower shelf.
6. Remove screws securing blower assembly to blower shelf and slide blower assembly out of furnace. Detach ground wire and disconnect blower motor harness plugs from blower motor.

NOTE: Blower wheel is fragile. Use care.

7. Clean blower wheel and motor by using a vacuum with soft brush attachment. Be careful not to disturb balance weights (clips) on blower wheel vanes. Do not bend wheel or blades as balance will be affected.

8. If greasy residue is present on blower wheel, remove wheel from the blower housing and wash it with an appropriate degreaser. To remove wheel:

- a. Mark blower wheel location on shaft before disassembly to ensure proper reassembly.
- b. Loosen setscrew holding blower wheel on motor shaft.

NOTE: Mark blower mounting arms and blower housing so each arm is positioned at the same hole location during reassembly.

- c. Mark blower wheel orientation and cutoff plate location to ensure proper reassembly.
- d. Remove screws securing cutoff plate and remove cutoff plate from housing.
- e. Remove bolts holding motor mounts to blower housing and slide motor and mounts out of housing.
- f. Remove blower wheel from housing.
- g. Clean wheel per instructions on degreaser cleaner. Do not get degreaser in motor.

9. Reassemble motor and blower wheel by reversing items 8b through 8f. Ensure wheel is positioned for proper rotation.

NOTE: Be sure to attach ground wire and reconnect blower harness plugs to blower motor.

10. Reinstall blower assembly in furnace.
11. Reinstall condensate trap and tubing if previously removed.
 - a. Reinstall condensate trap in hole in blower shelf.
 - b. Connect condensate trap drain tubes. See Fig. 5 or tubing diagram on main furnace door for proper tube location.
 - (1.) Connect 1 tube (blue or blue and white striped) from collector box.
 - (2.) Connect 1 tube (violet or unmarked) from inducer housing.
 - (3.) Connect 1 tube (relief port, green or pink) from collector box.
 - c. Connect field drain to condensate trap.

NOTE: Ensure tubes are not kinked or pinched, as this will affect operation.

12. Reinstall control box, transformer, and door switch assembly on blower shelf.

13. Reconnect wires.

Refer to furnace wiring diagram and connect thermostat leads if previously disconnected. (See Fig. 21.)

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in electrical shock, personal injury, or death.

Blower access panel door switch opens 115-v power to furnace control. No component operation can occur. Caution must be taken when manually closing this switch for service purposes.

14. Turn on electrical supply. Manually close blower access panel door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed. Check for proper rotation and speed changes between heating and cooling by jumpering R to G and R to Y/Y2 on furnace control thermostat terminals. (See Fig. 15.)

15. If furnace is operating properly, release blower access panel door switch, replace blower access panel, and replace main furnace door.

Cleaning Burners

The following items should be performed by a qualified service technician. If the burners develop an accumulation of light dirt or dust, they may be cleaned by using the following procedure:

1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door.
3. Remove burner box cover.
4. Using backup wrench, disconnect gas supply pipe from furnace gas control valve.

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace component damage.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

5. Remove wires from gas valve. Note location for reassembly.
6. Remove burner box pressure tube from gas valve regulator fitting.
7. Unplug igniter from harness.
8. Remove igniter leads from slot in manifold grommet.
9. Remove screws that secure manifold to burner box. (See Fig. 6.)

NOTE: Do not remove burner box from cell panel.

10. Remove manifold, orifices, and gas valve as 1 assembly.

11. Remove screws attaching burner assembly in burner box.

NOTE: Use care when removing and reinstalling burners not to strike the hot surface igniter.

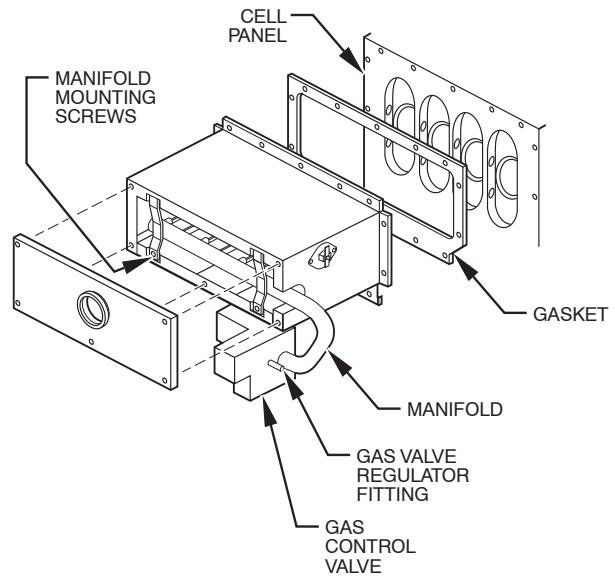


Fig. 6 - Burner Box Assembly

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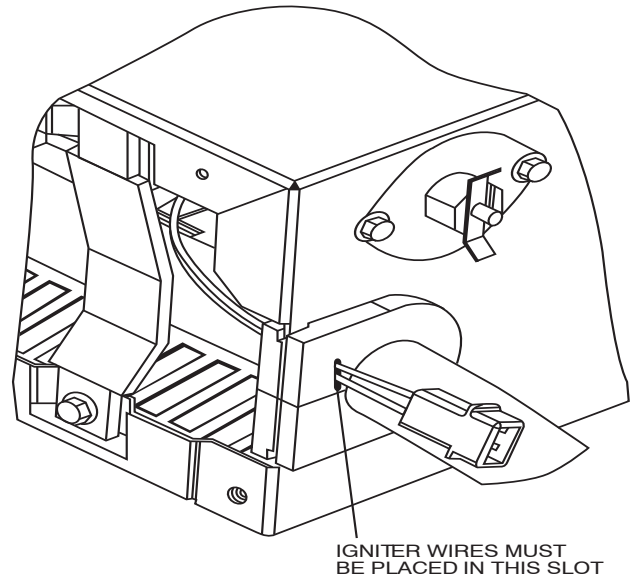


Fig. 7 - Igniter Wire Placement

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12. Remove burner assembly from burner box.

NOTE: All burners are attached to burner bracket and can be removed as 1 assembly.

13. Clean burners with soft brush and vacuum.

14. Reinstall manifold, orifice, and gas valve assembly in burner box. Ensure manifold seal grommet is installed properly and burners fit over orifices.

15. Reinsert the igniter wires in the slot in the manifold grommet, dressing the wires to ensure there is no tension on the igniter itself. (See Fig. 7.)

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in electrical shock, personal injury, or death.

Igniter wires must be securely placed in slot in manifold grommet or else they could become pinched or severed and electrically shorted.

16. Reconnect wires to gas valve and igniter. Refer to furnace wiring diagram for proper wire location.
17. Reinstall burner box pressure tube to gas valve regulator fitting.
18. Reinstall gas supply pipe to furnace gas control valve using backup wrench on gas valve to prevent rotation and improper orientation.

NOTE: Use propane gas resistant pipe dope to prevent gas leaks. DO NOT use Teflon tape.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

Gas valve switch **MUST** be facing forward or tilted slightly.

19. Replace burner box cover.
20. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
21. Check for gas leaks.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.

22. Replace main furnace door.

Cleaning Heat Exchangers

The following items should be performed by a qualified service technician.

primary heat exchangers

If the heat exchangers get an accumulation of light dirt or dust on the inside, they may be cleaned by the following procedure:

NOTE: If the heat exchangers get a heavy accumulation of soot and carbon, both the primary and secondary heat exchangers should be replaced rather than trying to clean them thoroughly due to their intricate design. A build-up of soot and carbon indicates that a problem exists which needs to be corrected, such as improper adjustment of manifold pressure, insufficient or poor quality combustion air, improper vent termination, incorrect size or damaged manifold orifice(s), improper gas, or a restricted heat exchanger (primary or secondary). Action must be taken to correct the problem.

1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door.

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace component damage.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and hazardous operation.

3. Disconnect wires or connectors to flame rollout switch, gas valve, igniter, and flame sensor.
4. Disconnect combustion-air intake pipe from intake housing.
5. Remove the pressure switch tube from intake housing.
6. Remove screws attaching intake housing to burner box, and rotate intake housing away from burner box for removal.
7. Using backup wrench, disconnect gas supply pipe from furnace gas control valve.
8. Disconnect pressure tubing from gas valve.
9. Remove 2 screws attaching top filler panel and rotate upwards to gain access to screws attaching burner box to cell panel.
10. Remove screws attaching burner box to cell panel. (See Fig. 6.)

NOTE: Burner box, cover, manifold, gas valve, and burner assembly should be removed as 1 assembly.

11. Clean heat exchanger openings with a vacuum and a soft brush. (See Fig. 8.)

NOTE: After cleaning, inspect the heat exchangers to ensure they are free of all foreign objects that may restrict flow of combustion products.

12. Reverse items 4 through 10 for reassembly.

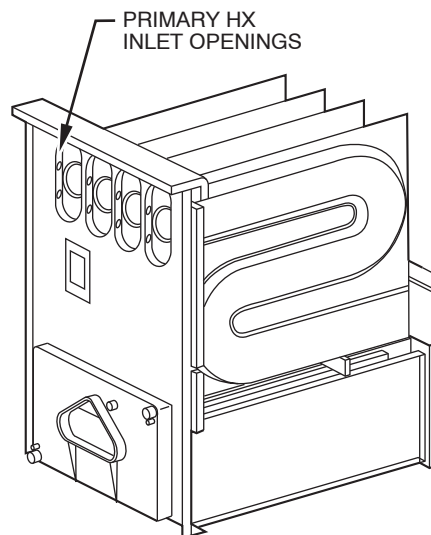


Fig. 8 - Cleaning Inlet Openings of Primary Heat Exchangers

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⚠ CAUTION

UNIT MAY NOT OPERATE

Failure to attach ground wire to an adequate casing ground may cause the furnace control to lock out.

The ground wire from the gas valve **MUST** be attached to the burner box attachment screw.

NOTE: Be sure burner box gasket is installed between burner box and cell panel. (See Fig. 6.) If gasket is damaged, replace it.

NOTE: Inspect combustion-air intake housing. If foamed gasket was removed, check for any damage. If gasket is damaged in any way, it must be repaired. To repair, remove damaged gasket section, apply sealant releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn nor canola oil, halogenated hydrocarbons nor aromatic content, to prevent inadequate seal from occurring) to burner box and apply a small bead of G.E. RTV 162, G.E. RTV 6702, or Dow-Corning RTV 738 sealant to edge of combustion-air intake housing. (See Fig. 9.)

13. Refer to furnace wiring diagram and reconnect wires to flame rollout switch, gas valve, igniter, and flame sensor.
14. Reconnect pressure switch tubes to gas valve and intake housing. Refer to tube routing label on main furnace door for proper tube location. (See Fig. 10.) Be sure tubes are not kinked.
15. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
16. Check furnace operation through 2 complete heat operating cycles. Look through sight glass in burner enclosure to check burners. Burner flames should be clear blue, almost transparent. (See Fig. 11.)
17. Check for gas leaks.

⚠ WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.

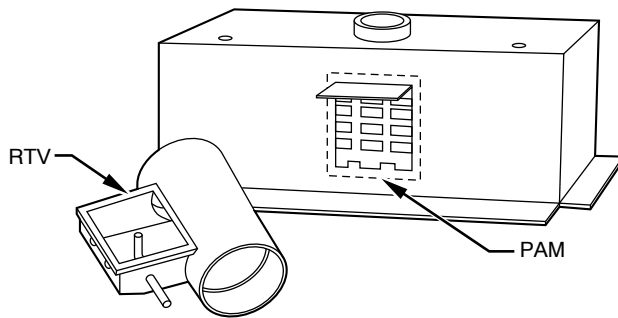
18. Replace main furnace door.

secondary heat exchangers

NOTE: The condensing side (inside) of the secondary heat exchangers **CANNOT** be serviced or inspected. A small number of bottom outlet openings can be inspected by removing the inducer assembly. See Flushing Collector Box and Drainage System section for details on removing inducer assembly.

Flushing Collector Box and Drainage System

1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door.
3. Disconnect inducer motor and pressure switch wires or connectors.
4. Disconnect pressure switch tubes.
5. Disconnect vent pipe from inducer housing outlet by loosening coupling clamp on inducer outlet.



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Fig. 9 - Combustion-Air Intake Housing Gasket Repair

6. Disconnect drain tube from inducer housing. (See Fig. 10.)

NOTE: Ensure the drain tube disconnected from the inducer housing is higher than the collector box opening or water will flow out of tube.

7. Remove inducer housing assembly by removing 4 bolts attaching assembly to cell panel.
8. Flush inside of collector box with water until discharge from condensate trap is clean and runs freely.
9. Inspect inside area of collector box for any pieces of foreign materials and remove them if present.

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace component damage.

DO NOT use wire brush or other sharp object to inspect or dislodge materials in secondary heat exchangers as cutting of the secondary heat exchanger protective coating may occur. Flush with water only.

10. Reassemble inducer assembly by reversing items 5-7. Tighten the vent coupling clamp screw(s) to 15 in.-lb of torque.

NOTE: If seal between the inducer housing and the collector box is damaged in any way, it must be repaired. To repair, apply sealant releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn nor canola oil, halogenated hydrocarbons nor aromatic content, to prevent inadequate seal from occurring) to inducer housing. (See Fig. 12.) Apply a small bead of G.E. RTV 162, G.E. RTV 6702, or Dow-Corning RTV 738 sealant to groove in collector box.

11. Refer to furnace wiring diagram and reconnect wires to inducer motor and pressure switches or connectors.
12. Reconnect pressure tubes to pressure switches. See diagram on main furnace door for proper location of tubes. Be sure tubes are not kinked. (See Fig. 10.)
13. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
14. Check furnace operation through 2 complete heat operating cycles. Check area below inducer housing, vent pipe, and condensate trap to ensure no condensate leaks occur. If leaks are found, correct the problem.
15. Check for gas leaks.

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TUBE ROUTING / CHEMINEMENT DU TUBE

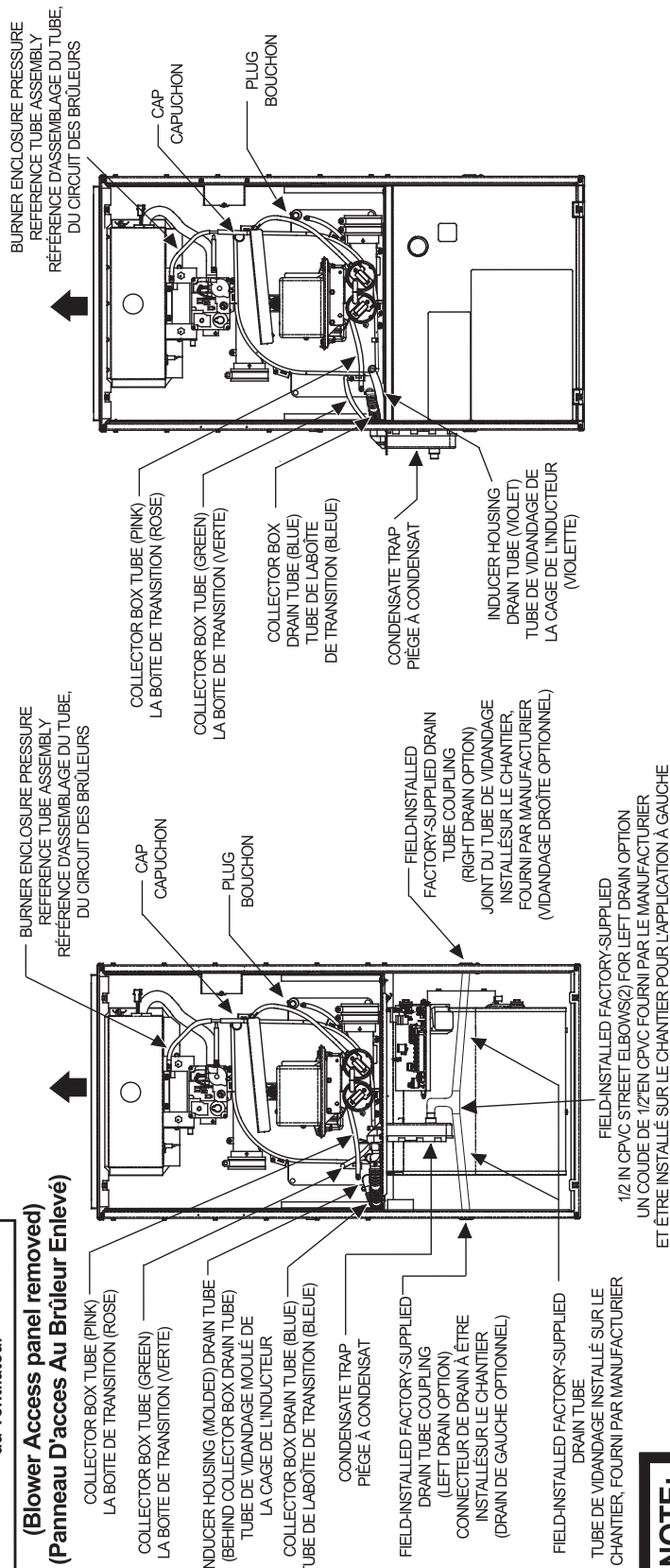
Pressure tube and drain tube routing **MUST** match the diagrams below.
L'installation des tubes à pression et à condensat doivent correspondre au schéma ci-dessous.

Condensate Trap: Factory Installed in Blower Shelf
Le piège à condensat est installé par le manufacturier dans le compartiment du ventilateur

(Blower Access panel removed)
(Panneau D'accès Au Brûleur Enlevé)

Tube location when used in UPFLOW application
Emplacement du tube quand application est ASCENDANT

Condensate Trap on LEFT Side Optional
Piège à condensat sur côté gauche optionnel



NOTE:

1. All tubing must be connected securely and routed to avoid kinks and traps.
2. Pressure tubing must always slope away from pressure switch to collector box connection as shown.

NOTEZ BIEN:

1. Tous les tubes de drainage doivent être installés professionnellement pour empêcher tout obstruction à l'évacuation de l'eau de condensat.
2. De pression et la boîte de transition doivent installés à écoulement descendant.

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Fig. 10 - Furnace Pressure and Drain Tubing Diagram

⚠ WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.

16. Replace main furnace door.

Servicing Hot Surface Igniter

⚠ CAUTION

BURN HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in minor personal injury.

Allow igniter to cool before removal. Normal operating temperatures exceed 2000°F.

The igniter does NOT require annual inspection. Check igniter resistance before removal.

1. Turn off gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door.
3. Disconnect igniter wire connection.
4. Check igniter resistance. Igniter resistance is affected by temperature. Only check resistance when the igniter is at room temperature.
 - a. Using an ohm meter, check resistance across both igniter leads in connector.
 - b. Cold reading should be between 40 ohms and 70 ohms.
5. Remove igniter assembly.
 - a. Remove burner box cover.
 - b. Remove igniter wires from slot in manifold grommet. (See Fig. 7.)
 - c. Using a 1/4-in. driver, remove the single screw securing the igniter bracket to the burner box bracket (See Fig. 13.) and carefully withdraw the igniter and bracket assembly through the front of the burner box without striking the igniter on surrounding parts. Note that the igniter bracket has a handle that extends to the front of the burner box to aid in handling. (See Fig. 13.)
 - d. Inspect igniter for signs of damage or failure.

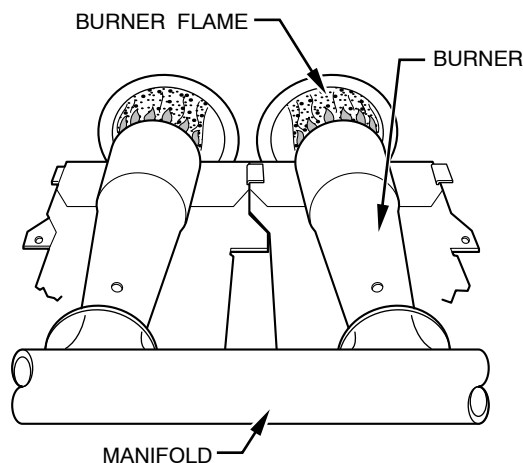


Fig. 11 - Burner Flame

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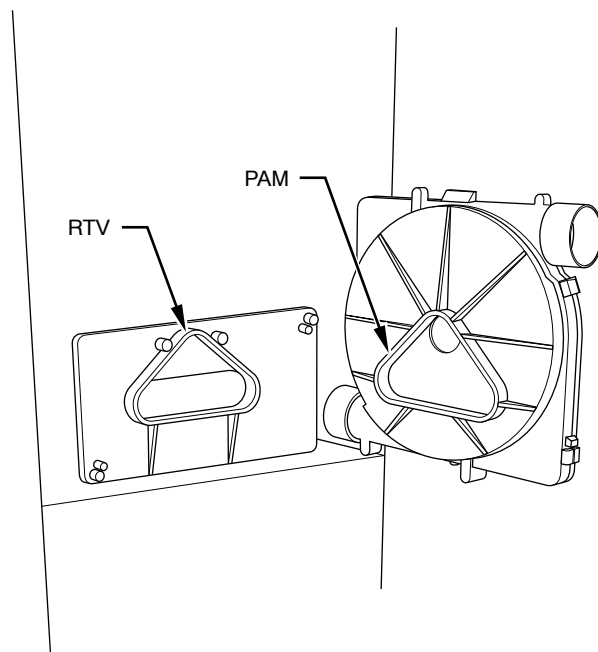


Fig. 12 - Gasket on Collector Box

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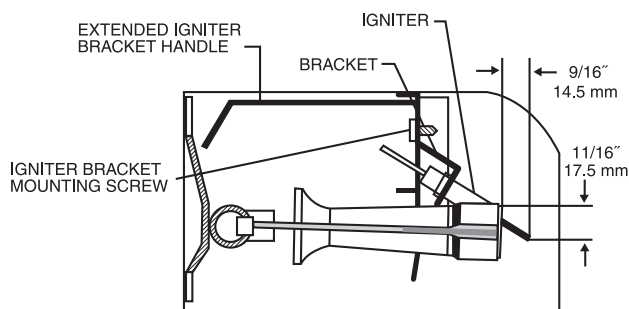


Fig. 13 - Igniter Bracket

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⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in premature failure of the igniter.

The igniter is fragile. DO NOT allow it to hit burner box parts while removing or replacing it.

- e. If replacement is required, replace igniter on igniter bracket and then install assembly into burner box to avoid damage to the igniter.
6. To replace igniter and bracket assembly, reverse items 5a through 5d.
7. Reconnect igniter wire connection and insert the igniter wires in the slot in the manifold grommet, dressing the igniter wires to ensure there is no tension on the igniter itself. (See Fig. 7.)

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in electrical shock, personal injury, or death.

Igniter wires must be securely placed in slot in manifold grommet or else they could become pinched or severed and electrically shorted.

8. Reinstall burner box cover.
9. Turn on gas and electrical supplies to furnace.
10. Verify igniter operation by initiating control board self-test feature or by cycling thermostat.
11. If furnace fails to ignite properly, verify position of igniter (See Fig. 14) by removing the burner box assembly according to instructions in Step 4. After verifying and/or adjusting the location, re-install the burner box assembly according to the instructions in Step 4. Repeat igniter operation test in item 10.
12. Replace main furnace door.

Electrical Controls and Wiring

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

There may be more than one electrical supply to the unit. Check accessories and cooling unit for additional electrical supplies.

The electrical ground and polarity for 115-v wiring must be maintained properly. Refer to Fig. 15 for field wiring information and to Fig. 21 for unit wiring information.

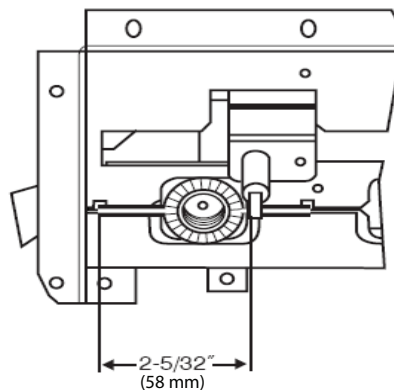


Fig. 14 - Igniter

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NOTE: If the polarity is not correct or furnace is not properly grounded, the STATUS LED on the furnace control will flash rapidly and prevent the furnace from operating. The control system also requires an earth ground for proper operation of the furnace control and flame sensor.

The 24-v circuit contains an automotive-type, 3-amp fuse located on the furnace control. (See Fig. 16.) Any direct shorts of the 24-v wiring during installation, service, or maintenance will cause this fuse to blow. If fuse replacement is required, use **ONLY** a fuse of identical size. The furnace control LED will flash status code 24 when fuse needs to be replaced.

With power to the unit disconnected, check all electrical connections for tightness. Tighten all screws on electrical connections. If any smoky or burned connections are found, disassemble the connection, clean all parts, strip wire, and reassemble properly and securely.

Reconnect electrical supply to unit and observe unit through 1 complete operating cycle and check for proper operation.

Checking Heat Tape Operation (If Applicable)

In applications where the ambient temperature around the furnace is 32°F or lower, freeze protection measures are required. If this application is where heat tape has been applied, check to ensure it will operate when low temperatures are present.

NOTE: Heat tape, when used, should be wrapped around the condensate drain trap and drain line. There is no need to use heat tape within the furnace casing. Most heat tapes are temperature activated, and it is not practical to verify the actual heating of the tape.

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT AND PROPERTY DAMAGE

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace component failures or water property damage.

If this furnace is to be operated in an unconditioned space where the ambient temperatures may be 32°F or lower, freeze protection measures must be taken. See **CONDENSATE DRAIN PROTECTION** section of Installation, Start-up, and Operating Instructions. (See Fig. 17.)

Winterizing



CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in furnace component damage.

Freezing condensate left in the furnace may damage the furnace.

Check the following:

1. Check for signs of physical damage to heat tape such as nicks, cuts, abrasions, gnawing by animals, etc.
2. Check for discolored heat tape insulation. If any damage or discolored insulation is evident, replace heat tape.
3. Check that heat tape power supply circuit is on.

If the furnace will be off for an extended period of time in a structure where the temperature will drop to 32°F or below, winterize as follows:

1. Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
2. Remove main furnace door.
3. Disconnect upper inducer housing drain connection cap from inducer housing. (See Fig. 18.)
4. Connect field-supplied 1/2-in. (13 mm) I.D. inducer housing tube to upper inducer housing drain connection.
5. Insert funnel in tube and pour one quart of antifreeze, propylene glycol (RV, swimming pool antifreeze, or equivalent) into funnel/tube until it is visible at point where condensate enters open drain. (See Fig. 19.)

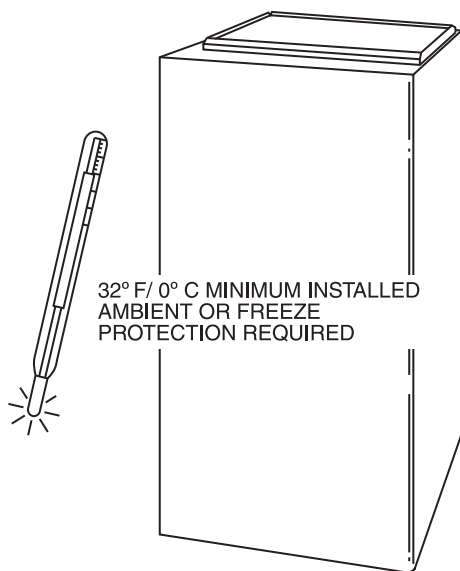


Fig. 17 - Freeze Protection

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⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure of plastic components may occur.

Do not use ethylene glycol (Prestone II antifreeze/coolant or equivalent automotive type).

6. Replace drain connection cap and clamp to inducer housing.
7. Replace main furnace door.
8. Propylene glycol need not be removed before restarting furnace.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

See Fig. 15, 16 and 21 for the Deluxe 4-Way Multipoise Furnace wiring diagrams.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Use the troubleshooting guide, the status code LED on the furnace control and the component test to isolate furnace operation problems.

A more detailed troubleshooting guide is available from your distributor.

For an explanation of status codes, refer to service label located on back of main furnace door. (See Fig. 20.)

The furnace control stores all status codes for a period of 72 hours, regardless of 115-v or 24-v power interruption.

NOTE: Removing blower access panel opens blower access panel door switch and terminates 115-v power to furnace control. Before removing blower access panel or turning off 115-v power, look into blower access panel sight glass for current LED status.

1. To retrieve status code, proceed with the following:

NOTE: NO thermostat signal may be present at furnace control and all blower time delay periods must be completed.

- a. Leave 115-v power to furnace turned on.
- b. Remove main furnace door.
- c. Look into blower access panel sight glass for current LED status code.
- d. Remove blower access panel.
- e. Turn setup switch SW1-1 to ON position. (See Fig. 16 or 21 for location.)

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, UNIT MAY NOT OPERATE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in electrical shock, personal injury, or death.

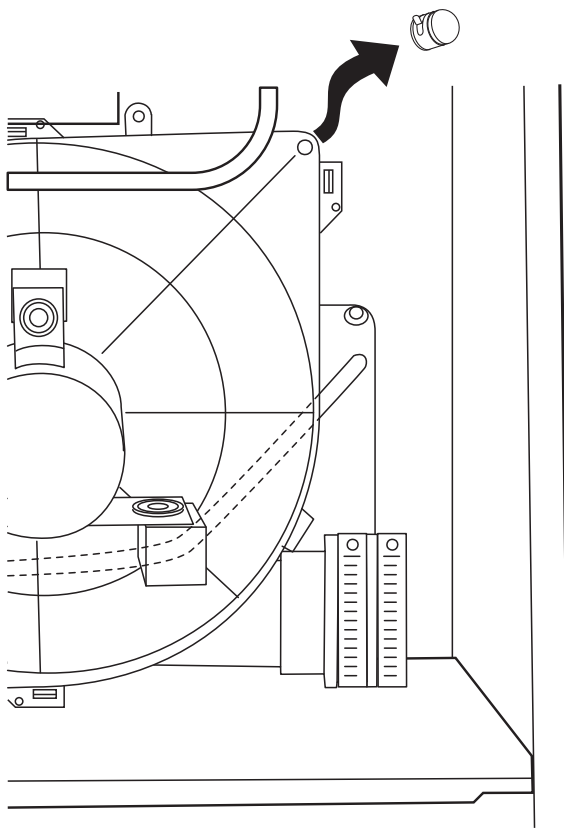
Blower access panel door switch opens 115-v power to furnace control. No component operation can occur unless switch is closed. Caution must be taken when manually closing this switch for service purposes.

- f. Manually close blower access panel door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed.
 - g. The AMBER LED will flash the status codes in the order of occurrence. Record status codes until status code 11 flashes (1 short and 1 long).
 - h. After status code #11 flashes, the status codes will repeat until setup switch SW1-1 is turned off.
 - i. Remove tape to release blower access panel door switch and replace blower access panel.
 - j. Operate furnace through 1 heat cycle to test for proper operation and check LED status.
 - k. If furnace is operating properly and LEDs indicate proper operation, replace main furnace door.
2. Status codes are erased after 72 hours or they can be manually erased by performing the following procedure:
 - a. Leave 115-v power to furnace turned on.
 - b. Remove main furnace door.
 - c. Look into blower access panel sight glass for current LED status code.
 - d. Remove blower access panel.
 - e. Turn setup switch SW1-1 to ON position. (See Fig. 16 or 21 for location.)
 - f. Jumper thermostat terminals R, W/W1, and Y/Y2 on furnace control.
 - g. Manually close blower access panel door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed.
 - h. After status code 11 flashes for at least 2 times, remove R, W/W1, and Y/Y2 jumpers.
 - i. Turn setup switch SW1-1 to OFF position.
 - j. Remove tape to release blower access panel door switch and replace blower access panel.
 - k. Operate furnace through 1 heat cycle to check for proper operation and check LED status.
 - l. If furnace is operating properly and LEDs indicate proper operation, replace main furnace door.
 3. The control can also assist in troubleshooting by performing a Component Test. The Component Test will functionally operate all furnace components, except the gas valve.

NOTE: The component test feature will not operate if the furnace control is receiving any thermostat signals or until all time delays have expired.

- a. To initiate Component Test proceed with the following:
 - (1.) Leave 115-v power to furnace turned on.
 - (2.) Remove main furnace door.
 - (3.) Remove blower access panel.
 - (4.) Turn setup switch SW1-6 to ON position.
 - (5.) Manually close blower access panel door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed.
- b. When items (1) through (5) above have been completed, the following will occur:

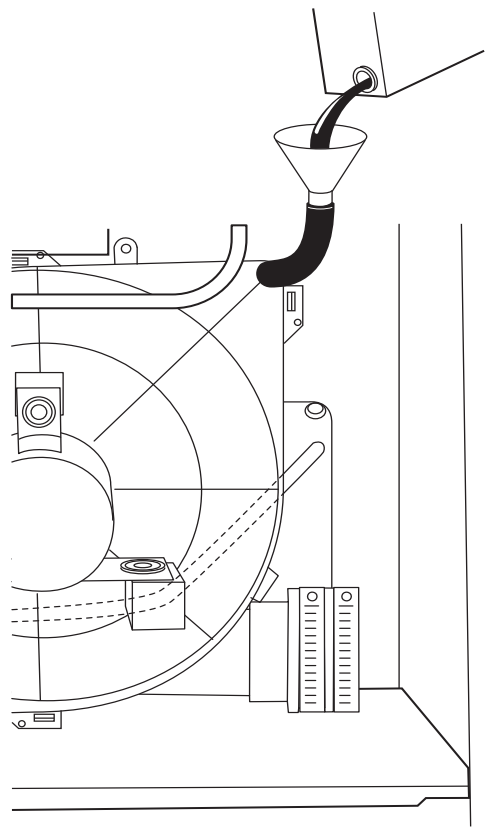
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Fig. 18 - Inducer Housing Drain Tube

- (1.) Inducer motor operates at medium speed through step (3), then turns off.
- (2.) After waiting for 15 sec, hot surface igniter is energized for 15 sec, then de-energized.
- (3.) Main blower motor operates at mid-range airflow for 15 sec, then turns off.
- (4.) After component operation test is completed, 1 or more fault codes (11, 25, 41, or 42) will flash. See service label on back of main furnace door or Fig. 20 for explanation of codes.



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Fig. 19 - Funnel in Drain Tube and Antifreeze Running Through Trap

NOTE: To repeat component test, turn setup switch SW1-6 to OFF and then back to ON.

- c. After component test, perform the following:
 - (1.) Remove tape to release blower access panel door switch and turn setup switch SW1-6 to OFF position.
 - (2.) Replace blower access panel.
 - (3.) Operate furnace through 1 heat cycle to check for proper operation and check LED status.
 - (4.) If furnace is operating properly and LEDs indicate proper operation, replace main furnace door.

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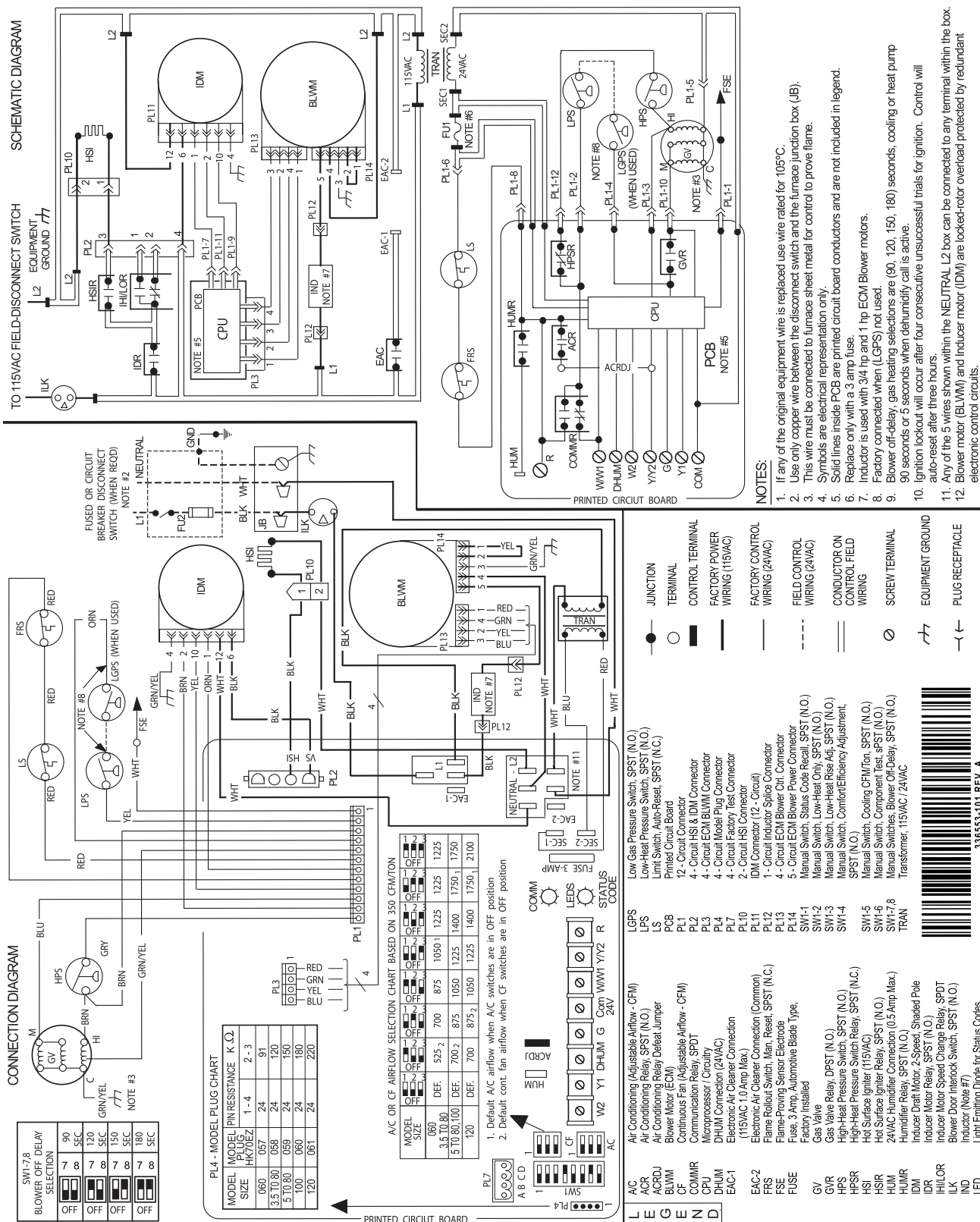
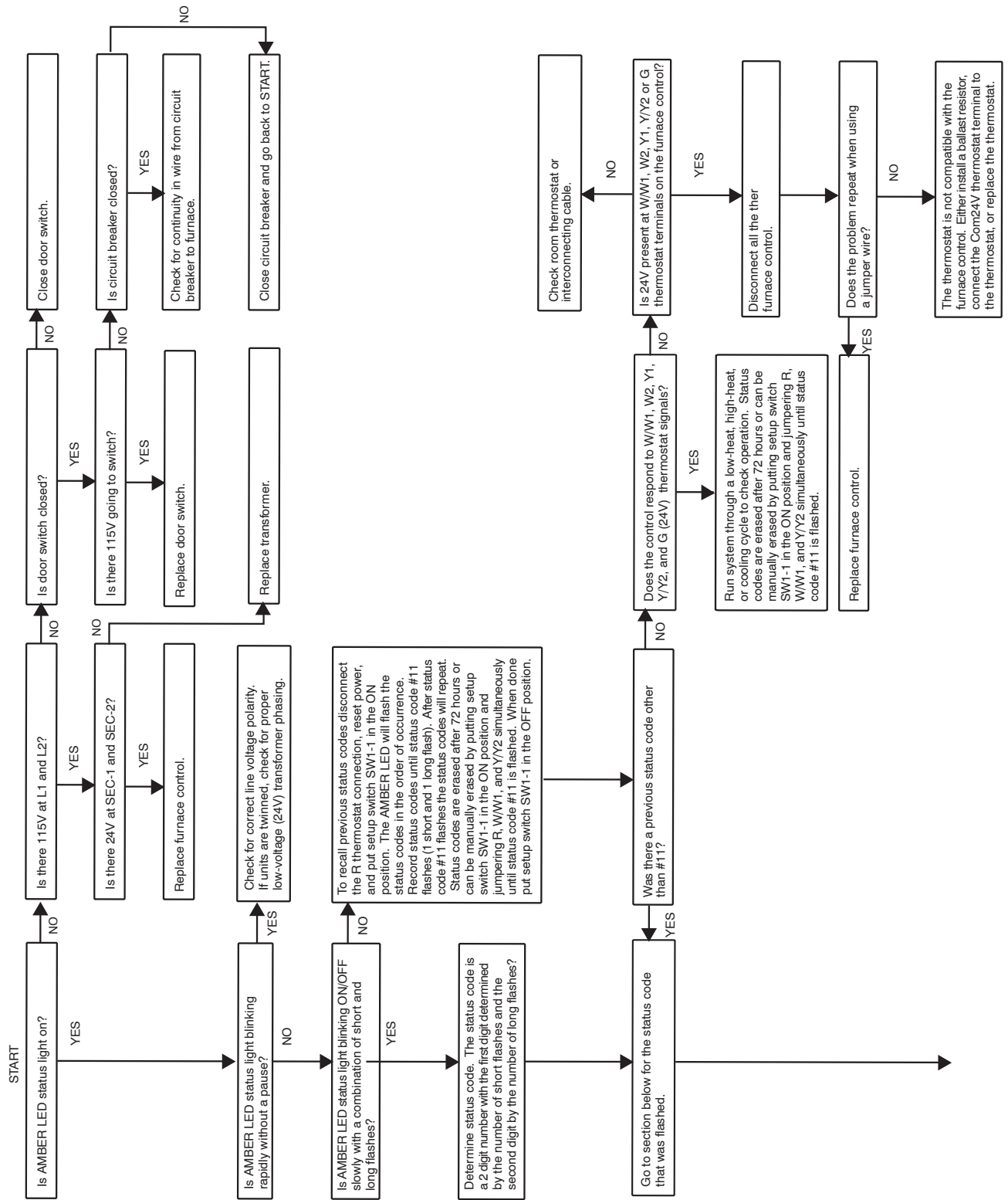
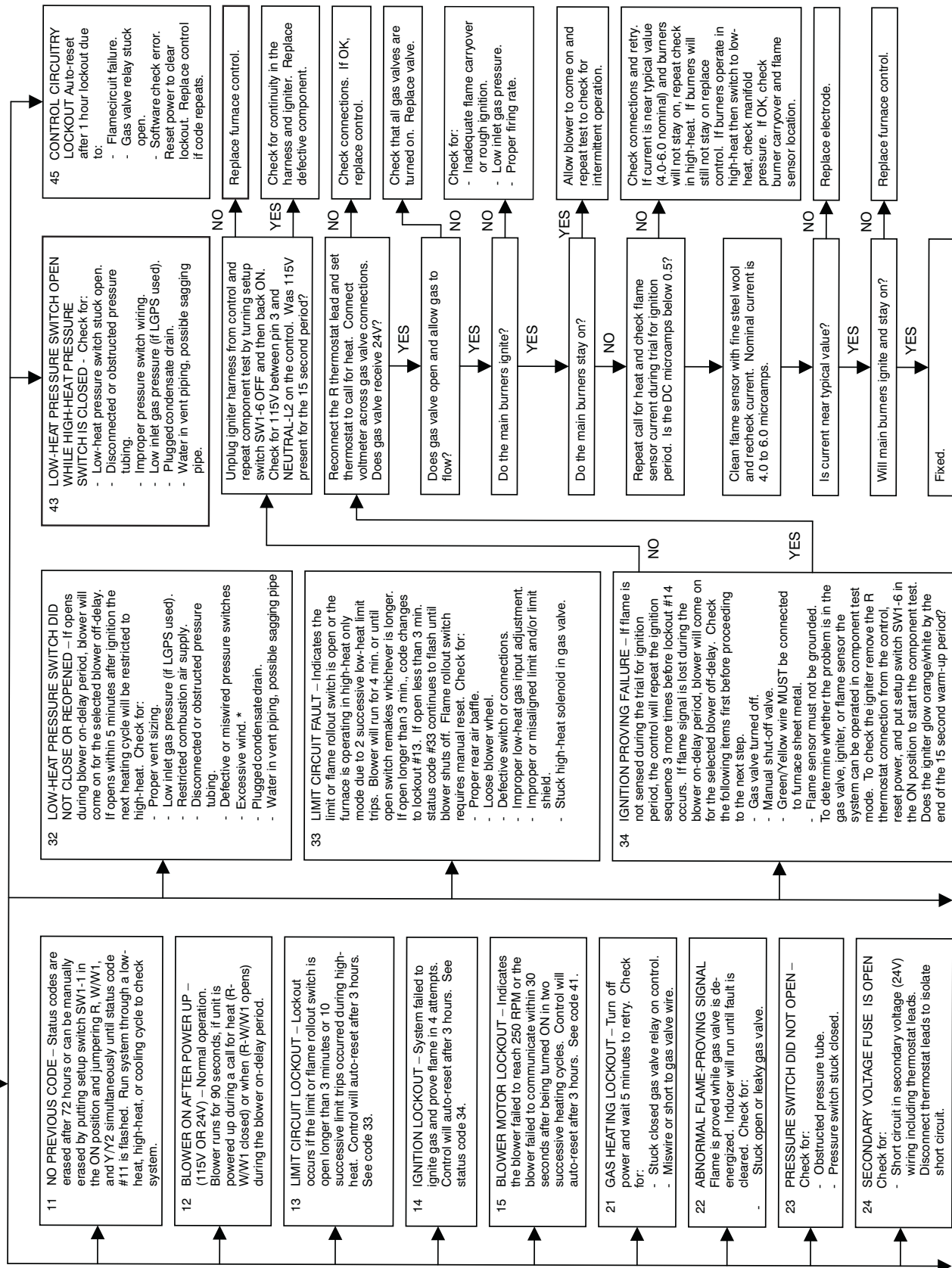


Fig. 21 - Wiring Diagram

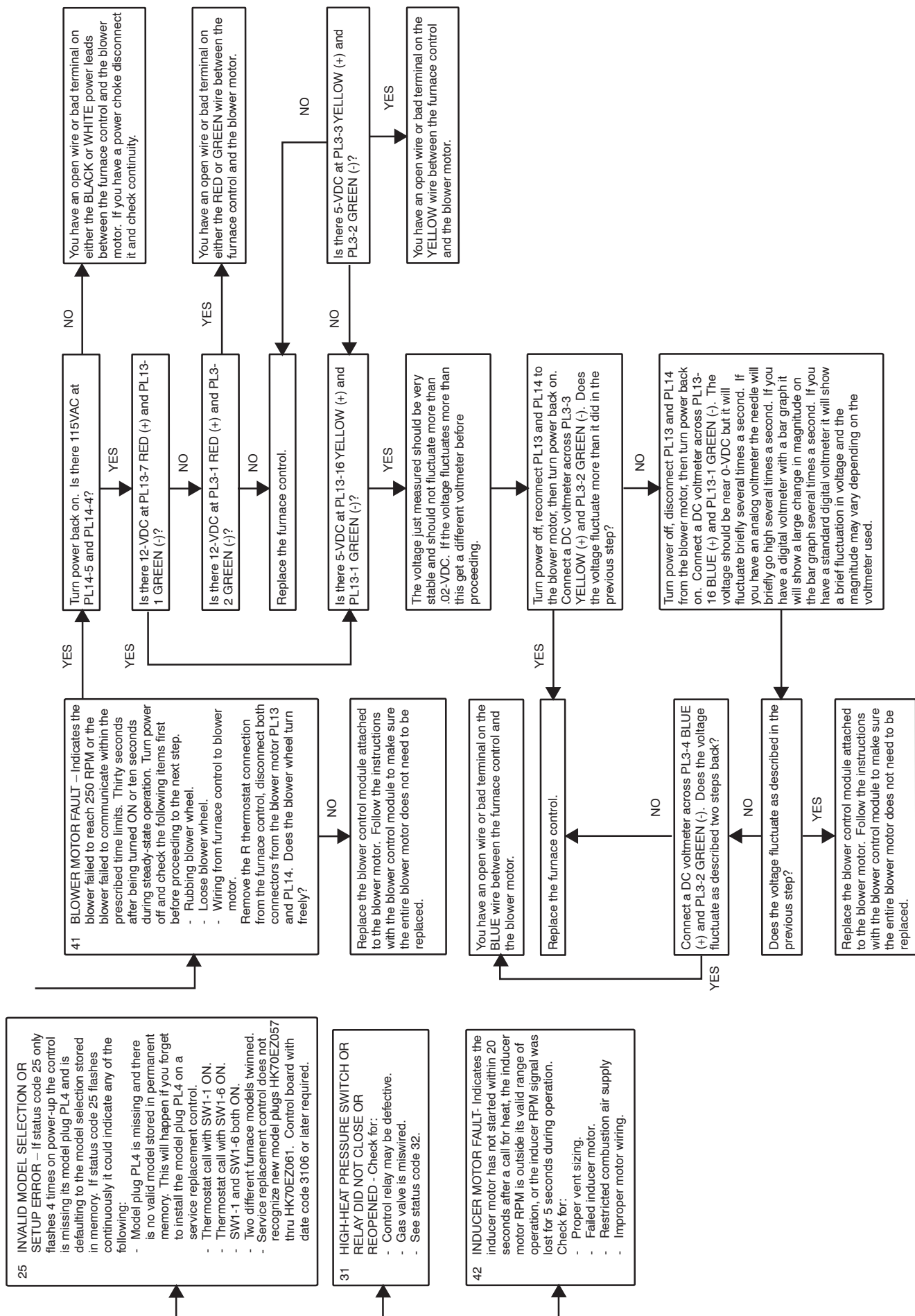
TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE - VARIABLE SPEED



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*Set up switch SW1-3 to be ON if problem persists.



SERVICE TRAINING

Packaged Service Training programs are an excellent way to increase your knowledge of the equipment discussed in this manual, including:

- Unit Familiarization • Maintenance
- Installation Overview • Operating Sequence

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