



# service and maintenance procedures

## 2-SPEED, 2-STAGE, INDUCED-COMBUSTION, GAS-FIRED FURNACE

**330AAV  
331AAV  
Series B or C**

Cancels: SP04-48

SP04-55  
7-99

**NOTE:** Read the entire instruction manual before performing any service or maintenance.

This symbol → indicates a change since the last issue.

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### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installing and servicing heating equipment can be hazardous due to gas and electrical components. Only trained and qualified personnel should install, repair, or service heating equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning and replacing air filters. All other operations must be performed by trained service personnel. When working on heating equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags, and labels attached to or shipped with the unit and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. In the United States, follow all safety codes including the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA No. 54-1996/ANSI Z223.1-1996. In Canada, refer to the current edition of the National Standard of Canada CAN/CGA-B149.1- and .2-M95 Natural Gas and Propane Gas Installation Codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Have fire extinguisher available during start-up and adjustment procedures and service calls.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol ⚠. When you see this symbol on the furnace and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies a hazard which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices which **would** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

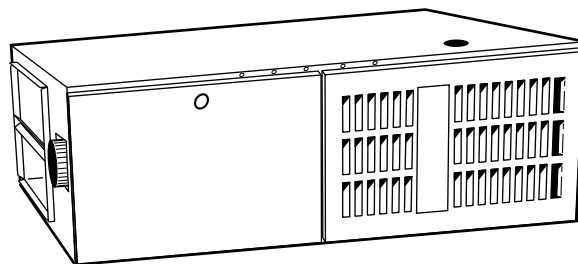


**Fig. 1—Model 331AAV Horizontal**

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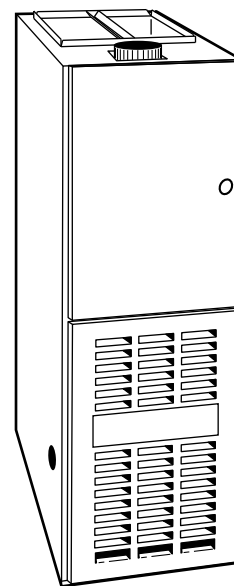


**Fig. 2—Model 331AAV  
Downflow**

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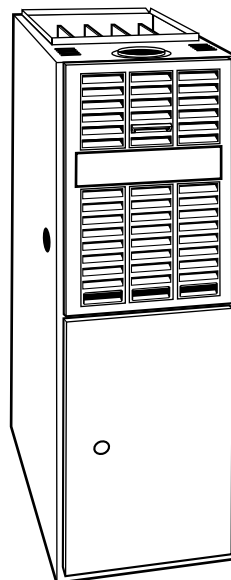


**Fig. 3—Model 330AAV Upflow**



REGISTERED  
QUALITY SYSTEM

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**WARNING:** The ability to properly perform maintenance on this equipment requires certain expertise, mechanical skills, tools, and equipment. If you do not possess these, do not attempt to perform any maintenance on this equipment other than those procedures recommended in the User's Manual. A FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO THIS EQUIPMENT, SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH.

## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:** Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during furnace installation and servicing to protect the furnace electronic control. Precautions will prevent electrostatic discharges from personnel and hand tools which are held during the procedure. These precautions will help to avoid exposing the control to electrostatic discharge by putting the furnace, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential.

1. Disconnect all power to the furnace. DO NOT TOUCH THE CONTROL OR **ANY** WIRE CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL PRIOR TO DISCHARGING YOUR BODY'S ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE TO GROUND.
2. Firmly touch a clean, unpainted, metal surface of the furnace chassis which is close to the control. Tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be satisfactorily discharged.
3. After touching the chassis you may proceed to service the control or connecting wires as long as you do nothing that recharges your body with static electricity (for example; DO NOT move or shuffle your feet, DO NOT touch ungrounded objects, etc.).
4. If you touch ungrounded objects (recharge your body with static electricity), firmly touch furnace again before touching control or wires.
5. Use this procedure for installed and uninstalled (ungrounded) furnaces.
6. Before removing a new control from its container, discharge your body's electrostatic charge to ground to protect the control from damage. If the control is to be installed in a furnace, follow items 1. through 5. before bringing the control or yourself into contact with the furnace. Put all used AND new controls into containers before touching ungrounded objects.
7. An ESD service kit (available from commercial sources) may also be used to prevent ESD damage.

## CARE AND MAINTENANCE

For continuing high performance and to minimize possible equipment failure, it is essential that periodic maintenance be performed on this equipment. Consult your local dealer as to proper frequency of maintenance and availability of a maintenance contract.

**WARNING:** Never store anything on, near, or in contact with furnace, such as:

1. Spray or aerosol cans, rags, brooms, dust mops, vacuum cleaners, or other cleaning tools.
2. Soap powders, bleaches, waxes or other cleaning compounds, plastic or plastic containers, gasoline, kerosene, cigarette lighter fluid, dry cleaning fluids, or other volatile fluids.
3. Paint thinners and other painting compounds, paper bags or other paper products.

A failure to follow this warning could result in corrosion of the heat exchanger, fire, personal injury, or death.

**WARNING:** Turn off gas and electrical supplies to unit before performing any maintenance or service on it. Follow operating instructions on label attached to furnace. A failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury.

The minimum maintenance that should be performed on this equipment is as follows:

1. Check and clean air filter each month or more frequently if required. Replace if torn.
2. Check blower motor and wheel for cleanliness each heating and cooling season. Clean as necessary.
3. Check electrical connections for tightness and controls for proper operation each heating season. Service as necessary.

**CAUTION:** As with any mechanical equipment, personal injury can result from sharp metal edges, etc.; therefore, be careful when removing parts.

### A. Air Filter Arrangement

The air filter arrangement may vary depending on application. Refer to Table 1 or 2 for filter size information.

**TABLE 1—DOWNFLOW/HORIZONTAL FILTER SIZE INFORMATION (IN.)**

| FURNACE CASING WIDTH | FILTER SIZE     | FILTER TYPE |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| <b>14-3/16</b>       | (2) 14 X 20 X 1 | Cleanable   |
| <b>17-1/2</b>        | (2) 14 X 20 X 1 | Cleanable   |
| <b>21</b>            | (2) 16 X 20 X 1 | Cleanable   |
| <b>24-1/2</b>        | (2) 16 X 20 X 1 | Cleanable   |

**TABLE 2—UPFLOW FILTER SIZE INFORMATION (IN.)**

| FURNACE CASING WIDTH | FILTER SIZE      |                  | FILTER TYPE |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
|                      | Side Return      | Bottom Return    |             |
| <b>14-3/16</b>       | (1) 16 X 25 X 1* | (1) 14 X 25 X 1  | Cleanable   |
| <b>17-1/2</b>        | (1) 16 X 25 X 1* | (1) 16 X 25 X 1  | Cleanable   |
| <b>21</b>            | (1) 16 X 25 X 1  | (1) 20 X 25 X 1* | Cleanable   |
| <b>24-1/2</b>        | (2) 16 X 25 X 1* | (1) 24 X 25 X 1  | Cleanable   |

\* Factory provided with furnace. Filters may be field modified as required by cutting and folding frame as indicated on filter.

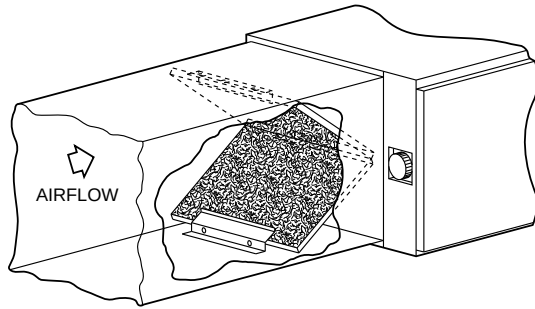


**Fig. 4—Horizontal Filter Arrangement**

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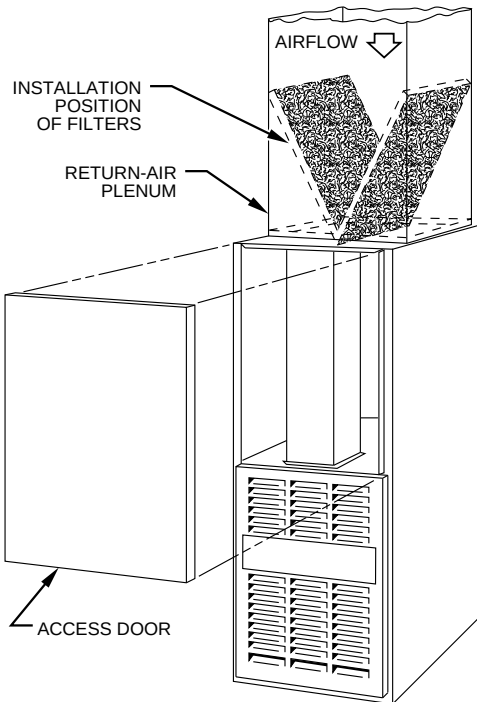


**Fig. 5—Downflow Filter Arrangement**

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|  |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>WARNING:</b> Never operate unit without a filter or with filter access door removed. A failure to follow this warning could result in fire, personal injury, or death.</p> |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

#### 1. Horizontal and Downflow.

Each furnace requires 2 filters which are installed in the return-air duct. (See Fig. 4 and 5.) To remove filters for cleaning or replacement, proceed as follows:

- Turn off electrical supply before removing blower access door.
- Remove blower access door.
- Reach up behind top plate, tilt filters toward center of return-air plenum, remove filters, and clean as needed. Replace if torn.
- Furnaces are equipped with permanent, washable filters.
- Clean filters by spraying tap water through filter from opposite direction of airflow.
- Rinse and let dry. Oiling or coating of filters is not recommended or required.
- Reinstall filters.
- Replace blower access door and turn on electrical supply to furnace.

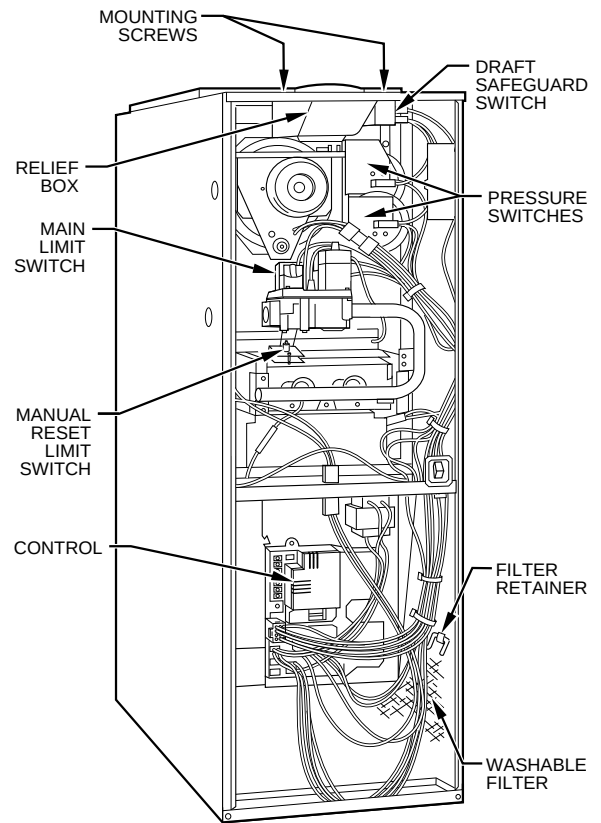


**Fig. 6—Model 330AAV Upflow**

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#### 2. Upflow.

Each furnace requires 1 or 2 filters which are installed in the blower compartment. (See Fig. 6.) To remove filters for cleaning or replacement, proceed as follows:

- Turn off electrical supply before removing blower and control access doors.
- Release filter retainer from clip at front of furnace casing. (See Fig. 6.) For side return, clips may be used on either or both sides of the furnace.
- Slide filter out.
- Clean filters by spraying tap water through filter from opposite direction of airflow.
- Rinse and let dry. Oiling or coating of filter is not recommended or required.
- Place filter in furnace.
- Replace blower and control access doors and turn on electrical supply to furnace.

#### → B. Blower Motor and Wheel

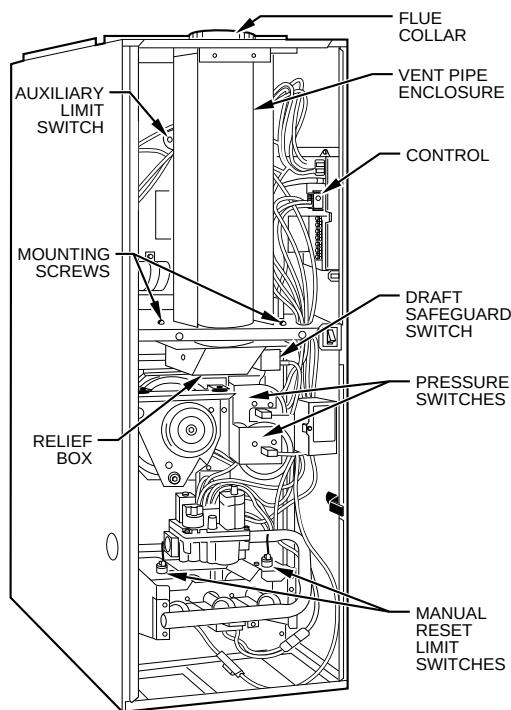
**The following items should be performed by a qualified service technician:**

To ensure long life, economy, and high efficiency, clean accumulated dirt and grease from blower wheel and motor annually.

The inducer and blower motors are pre-lubricated and require no additional lubrication. These motors can be identified by the absence of oil ports on each end of the motor.

Clean blower motor and wheel as follows:

- Turn off electrical supply to furnace.
- Remove blower access door.
- Downflow/horizontal only.
  - Disconnect vent connector from furnace flue collar. (See Fig. 7.)



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→ Fig. 7—Model 331AAV Downflow

- b. Remove internal vent pipe enclosure cover.
- c. Disconnect and remove short piece of internal vent pipe from within furnace.
- d. Disconnect and remove vent pipe enclosure. Push bottom side backward to release tabs.

**NOTE:** Vent pipe is SCREWED and RTV sealed to relief box.

4. Disconnect blower leads from furnace control. Note wire color and location for reassembly. Also, disconnect auxiliary limit switch leads (downflow/horizontal only, if present).

All other factory wires can be left connected, but field thermostat connections may need to be disconnected depending on their length and routing.

5. Remove 2 screws securing control and transformer support to furnace.
6. Hang control box and transformer support to front of furnace casing.
7. Remove screws holding blower assembly to blower deck and slide blower assembly out of furnace.
8. Clean blower wheel and motor using a vacuum with soft brush attachment. Do not remove or disturb balance weights (clips) on blower wheel blades. The blower wheel should not be dropped or bent as balance will be affected.
9. If greasy residue is present on blower wheel, remove wheel from the blower housing and wash it with an appropriate degreaser. To remove wheel:

- a. Mark blower wheel location on shaft before disassembly to ensure proper reassembly.
- b. Loosen setscrew holding blower wheel on motor shaft.

**NOTE:** Mark blower mounting arms, motor, and blower housing so motor and each arm is positioned at the same location during reassembly.

- c. Mark blower wheel orientation and cutoff plate location to ensure proper reassembly.
- d. Remove screws securing cutoff plate and remove cutoff plate from housing.

- e. Remove bolts holding motor mounts to blower housing and slide motor and mounts out of housing. Disconnect capacitor and ground wire attached to blower housing before removing motor.
- f. Remove blower wheel from housing.

10. Reassemble motor and blower by reversing items 9a through 9f. Be sure to reattach ground wire.
11. Reinstall blower assembly in furnace.
12. Reinstall control and transformer support assembly in furnace.
13. Reconnect blower leads to furnace control and auxiliary limit switch leads (downflow/horizontal only).  
Refer to furnace wiring diagram, and connect thermostat leads if previously disconnected. (See Fig. 12.)

**NOTE:** Refer to Table 3 for motor speed lead relocation if leads were not identified before disconnection.

→ TABLE 3—SPEED SELECTOR

| COLOR                 | SPEED       | FACORY ATTACHED TO |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Black                 | High        | Cool               |
| Yellow (When Present) | Medium High | Spare              |
| Blue                  | Medium Low  | Heat               |
| Red                   | Low         | Spare              |
| White                 | Common      | Com                |
| Orange (When Present) | Medium      | Spare              |

**CAUTION:** Heating speed selection MUST be adjusted to provide proper temperature rise as specified on the rating plate. Failure to adjust the heating speed may shorten heat exchanger life.

14. Downflow/horizontal furnaces only: Reinstall internal vent pipe and enclosure by reversing items 3a through 3d.  
**NOTE:** A releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn or canola oil, aromatic or halogenated hydrocarbons or inadequate seal may occur) and RTV sealant (G.E. 162, 6702, or Dow-Corning 738) are needed before starting installation. DO NOT substitute any other type of RTV sealant. G.E. 162 (P771-9003) is available through RCD in 3-oz tubes.
15. Reinstall vent connector to furnace flue collar. After fully assembling vent connector to furnace flue collar, securely fasten vent connector to flue collar with 2 field-supplied, corrosion-resistant, sheet metal screws located 180 degrees apart and midway up the collar.
16. Turn on electrical supply. Manually close blower access door switch. Use a piece of tape to hold switch closed. Check for proper rotation and speed changes between heating and cooling by jumpering R to W and then R to Y on furnace control thermostat terminals.

**WARNING:** Blower access door switch opens 115-v power to control center. No component operation can occur. Caution must be taken when manually closing this switch for service purposes. Failure to follow this warning could result in electrical shock, personal injury, or death.

**NOTE:** If thermostat terminals are jumpered before blower access door switch is closed, blower will run for 90 sec before beginning a heating or cooling cycle.

17. If furnace is operating properly, release blower access door switch, replace blower access door.

## → C. Cleaning Heat Exchanger

The following steps should be performed by a qualified service technician:

**NOTE:** If the heat exchangers get a heavy accumulation of soot and carbon, they should be replaced rather than trying to clean them thoroughly due to their intricate design. A build-up of soot and carbon indicates that a problem exists which needs to be corrected, such as improper adjustment of manifold pressure, insufficient or poor quality combustion air, incorrect size, or damaged manifold orifice(s), improper gas, or a restricted heat exchanger. Action must be taken to correct the problem.

If it becomes necessary to clean heat exchanger because of light dust or corrosion proceed as follows:

1. Turn gas and power to furnace to OFF.
2. Remove control and blower access doors.
3. Disconnect vent connector from furnace flue collar.
4. Disconnect internal vent pipe and enclosure.
  - a. Remove internal vent pipe enclosure cover on downflow/horizontal furnaces only.
  - b. Disconnect and remove short piece of vent pipe from within furnace.

**NOTE:** Vent pipe is SCREWED and RTV sealed to relief box.

- c. Remove vent pipe enclosure by removing screw in upper back. Push bottom side backward to release tabs.
5. Remove 2 screws that secure relief box. (See Fig. 6 or 7.)
  6. Disconnect wires to the following components. Mark wires to aid in reconnection of:
    - a. Draft safeguard switch.
    - b. Inducer motor.
    - c. Pressure switch(es).
    - d. Limit overtemperature switch(es).
    - e. Gas valve.
    - f. Hot surface ignitor.
    - g. Flame-sensing electrode.
    - h. Flame rollout switch(es), if applicable.

7. Remove complete inducer assembly and relief box from furnace.
8. Remove screws that secure flue collector box to center panel. Be careful not to damage collector box.
9. Remove cell outlet plates. **IMPORTANT:** Replace screws in center panel before cleaning.
10. Remove burner assembly and cell inlet plates. **IMPORTANT:** Replace screws in center panel before cleaning.

**NOTE:** Be very careful when removing burner assembly to avoid breaking ignitor. See Fig. 9 for correct ignitor location.

11. Using field-provided small wire brush, steel spring cable, reversible electric drill, and vacuum cleaner, clean cells as follows:

- a. Assemble wire brush and steel spring cable.

- (1.) Use 48 in. of 1/4-in. diameter high-grade steel spring cable (commonly known as drain clean-out or Roto-Rooter® cable).
- (2.) Use 1/4-in. diameter wire brush (commonly known as 25-caliber rifle cleaning brush).

**NOTE:** The materials needed in items (1.) and (2.) can usually be purchased at local hardware stores.

- (3.) Insert twisted wire end of brush into end of spring cable, and crimp tight with crimping tool or strike with ball-peen hammer. **TIGHTNESS IS VERY IMPORTANT.**

- (4.) Remove metal screw fitting from wire brush to allow insertion into cable.
- b. Clean each heat exchanger cell.
    - (1.) Attach variable-speed, reversible drill to end of spring cable (end opposite brush).
    - (2.) Remove cell outlet plates. **IMPORTANT:** Replace screws in center panel before cleaning.
    - (3.) Insert brush end of cable into upper opening of cell and slowly rotate with drill. **DO NOT** force cable. Gradually insert at least 36 in. of cable into 2 upper passes of cell. (See Fig. 8.)
    - (4.) Work cable in and out of cell 3 or 4 times to obtain sufficient cleaning. **DO NOT** pull cable with great force. Reverse drill and gradually work cable out.
    - (5.) Insert brush end of cable in lower opening of cell, and proceed to clean 2 lower passes of cell in same manner as 2 upper passes.
    - (6.) Repeat foregoing procedures until each cell in furnace has been cleaned.
    - (7.) Using vacuum cleaner, remove residue from each cell.

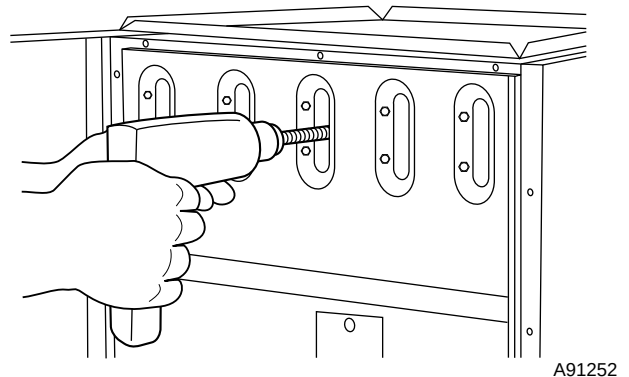


Fig. 8—Cleaning Heat Exchanger Cell

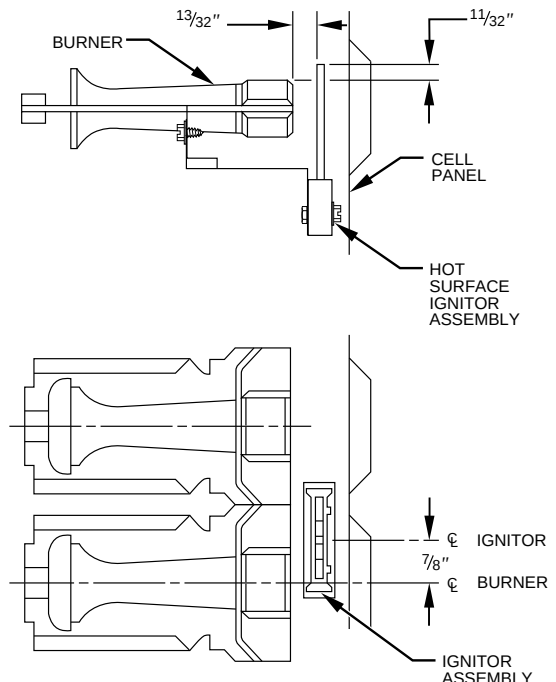


Fig. 9—Position of Ignitor to Burner

(8.) Using vacuum cleaner with soft brush attachment, clean burner assembly.

(9.) Reinstall cell outlet plates and screws FIRST; then, reinstall cell inlet plates and burner assembly. Care must be exercised to center burners in cell openings.

12. Remove old sealant from center panel and collector box flange and apply new sealant to collector box flange and reinstall on center panel, making sure all screws are secure.

**NOTE:** A releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn or canola oil, aromatic or halogenated hydrocarbons or inadequate seal may occur) and RTV sealant (G.E. 162, 6702, or Dow-Corning 738) are needed before starting installation. DO NOT substitute any other type of RTV sealant. G.E. 162 (P771-9003) is available through RCD in 3-oz tubes.

13. Reinstall relief box and inducer assembly.

**NOTE:** If inducer assembly gasket is damaged, use RTV sealant to seal inducer assembly to collector box.

**NOTE:** A releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn or canola oil, aromatic or halogenated hydrocarbons or inadequate seal may occur) and RTV sealant (G.E. 162, 6702, or Dow-Corning 738) are needed before starting installation. DO NOT substitute any other type of RTV sealant. G.E. 162 (P771-9003) is available through RCD in 3-oz tubes.

14. Reconnect wires to the following components:

- a. Draft safeguard switch.
- b. Inducer motor.
- c. Pressure switches.
- d. Limit overtemperature switch(es).
- e. Gas valve.
- f. Hot surface ignitor.
- g. Flame-sensing electrode.
- h. Flame rollout switch(es), if applicable.

15. Reinstall internal vent pipe and enclosure on downflow/horizontal furnaces only by reversing items 4a through 4c. **NOTE:** A releasing agent such as PAM cooking spray or equivalent (must not contain corn or canola oil, aromatic or halogenated hydrocarbons or inadequate seal may occur) and RTV sealant (G.E. 162, 6702, or Dow-Corning 738) are needed before starting installation. DO NOT substitute any other type of RTV sealant. G.E. 162 (P771-9003) is available through RCD in 3-oz tubes.

16. Reinstall vent connector to furnace flue collar. After fully assembling vent connector to furnace flue collar, securely fasten vent connector to flue collar with 2 field-supplied, corrosion-resistant, sheet metal screws located 180 degrees apart and midway up the collar.

17. Replace blower access door only.

18. Turn power and gas to ON.

19. Set thermostat and check furnace for proper operation.

20. Verify blower airflow and speed changes between heating and cooling.

21. Check for gas leaks.

22. Replace control door.



**WARNING:** Never use a match or other open flame to check for gas leaks. Use a soap-and-water solution. A failure to follow this warning could result in fire, personal injury, or death.

## D. Electrical Controls and Wiring

**NOTE:** There may be more than 1 electrical supply to unit.

The electrical ground and polarity for 115-v wiring must be maintained properly. Refer to Fig. 10 and 11 for field wiring information and to Fig. 12 for unit wiring information. If the polarity is NOT correct, the furnace control will display code 02 on the status LED and prevent heat operation. The control system also requires an earth ground for proper operation of the microprocessor.

With power disconnected to unit, check all electrical connections for tightness. Tighten all screws on electrical connections. If any smoky or burned connections are noticed, disassemble the connection, clean all parts and stripped wire, and reassemble properly and securely. Electrical controls are difficult to check without proper instrumentation; therefore, reconnect electrical power to unit and observe unit through 1 complete operating cycle.

The 24-v circuit contains an automotive-type, 3-amp fuse located on the main control. Any 24-v electrical shorts during installation, service, or maintenance could cause this fuse to blow. If fuse replacement is required, use ONLY a 3-amp fuse. The control will display code 24 when fuse needs replacement.

The control in this furnace is equipped with an LED status light to aid in installation, servicing, and troubleshooting. It can be viewed through the sight glass or window on blower access door. The control indicates status with the LED on continuously, rapid flashing, or a code composed of 2 digits. (The first digit is the number of short flashes, the second is the number of long flashes.) Refer to service label on blower compartment door for code explanations and useful troubleshooting suggestions. (See Fig. 13.)

It is important to note that power to furnace must not be interrupted and furnace blower door must not be removed until the LED status code(es) is recorded. When power to control is interrupted, status memory is erased.

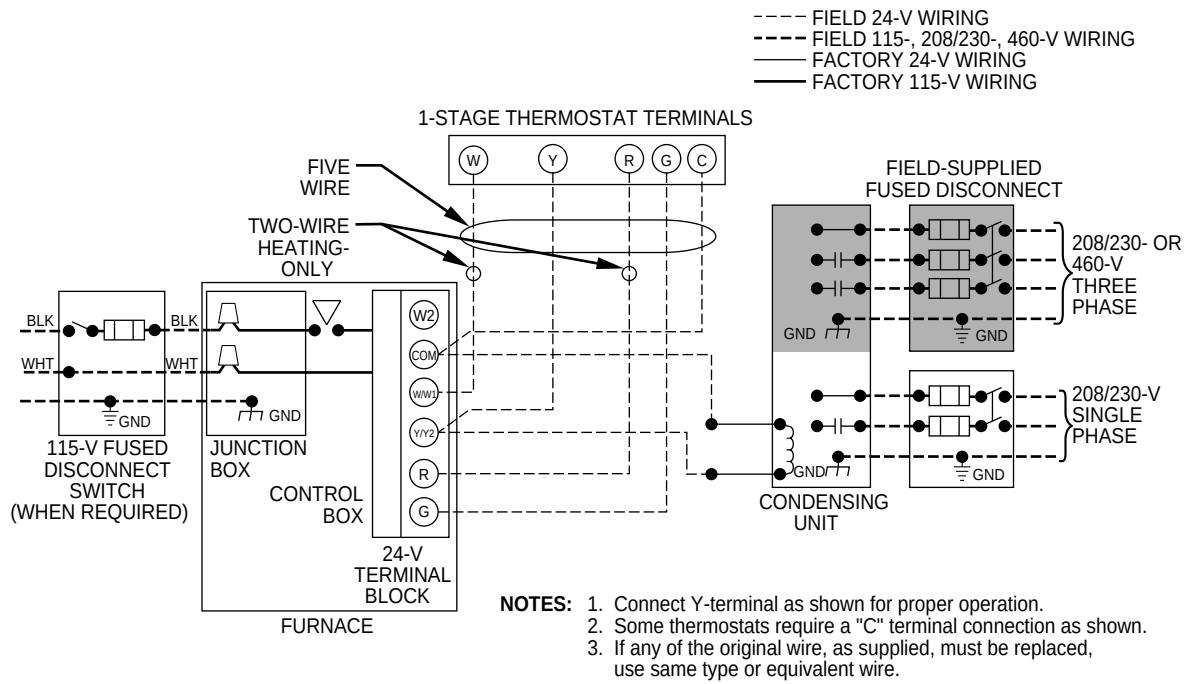
The control will store up to 5 previous codes but will not store non-current code longer than 48 hr. To retrieve previous codes, if present, no thermostat inputs to control must be present and all time delays must expire. Remove 1 of the red main limit wires 1 to 4 sec until the LED light goes out, then reconnect it. (See Fig. 6 and 7.) (Do not leave red wire disconnected for longer periods of time as control will assume an overtemperature condition exists and will respond with indoor blower operation.) This places control in status recall mode and displays first code stored in memory. Record code and repeat the disconnect and reconnect of red wire, recording each code until code 11 is displayed indicating no additional faults. After last code is displayed or after 2 minutes in the code recall mode, the control will return to normal standby mode.

Use any recorded fault codes, service label, and troubleshooting diagram on following pages to diagnose and correct any problem condition.

## E. Troubleshooting

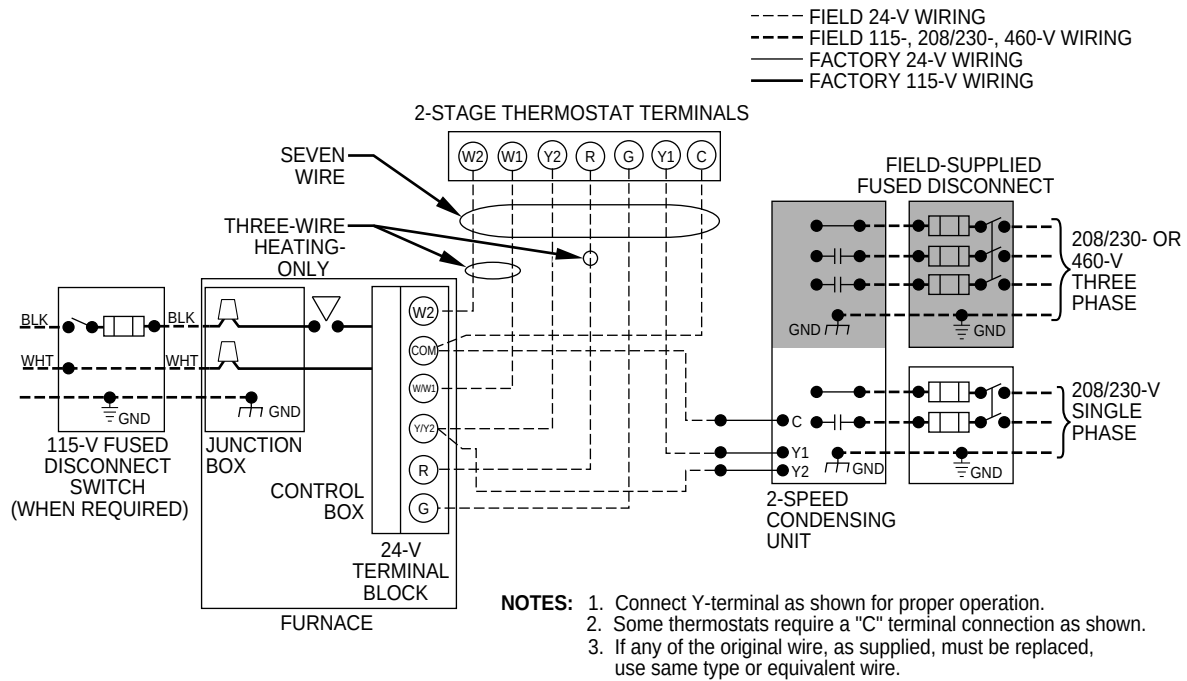
Refer to service label. (See Fig. 13.) Page 10 contains a troubleshooting guide. This guide can be a useful tool in isolating furnace operation problems. Beginning with the word "Start," answer each question and follow the appropriate arrow to the next item.

The guide will help to identify the problem or failed component. After replacing any component, verify correct operation sequence.



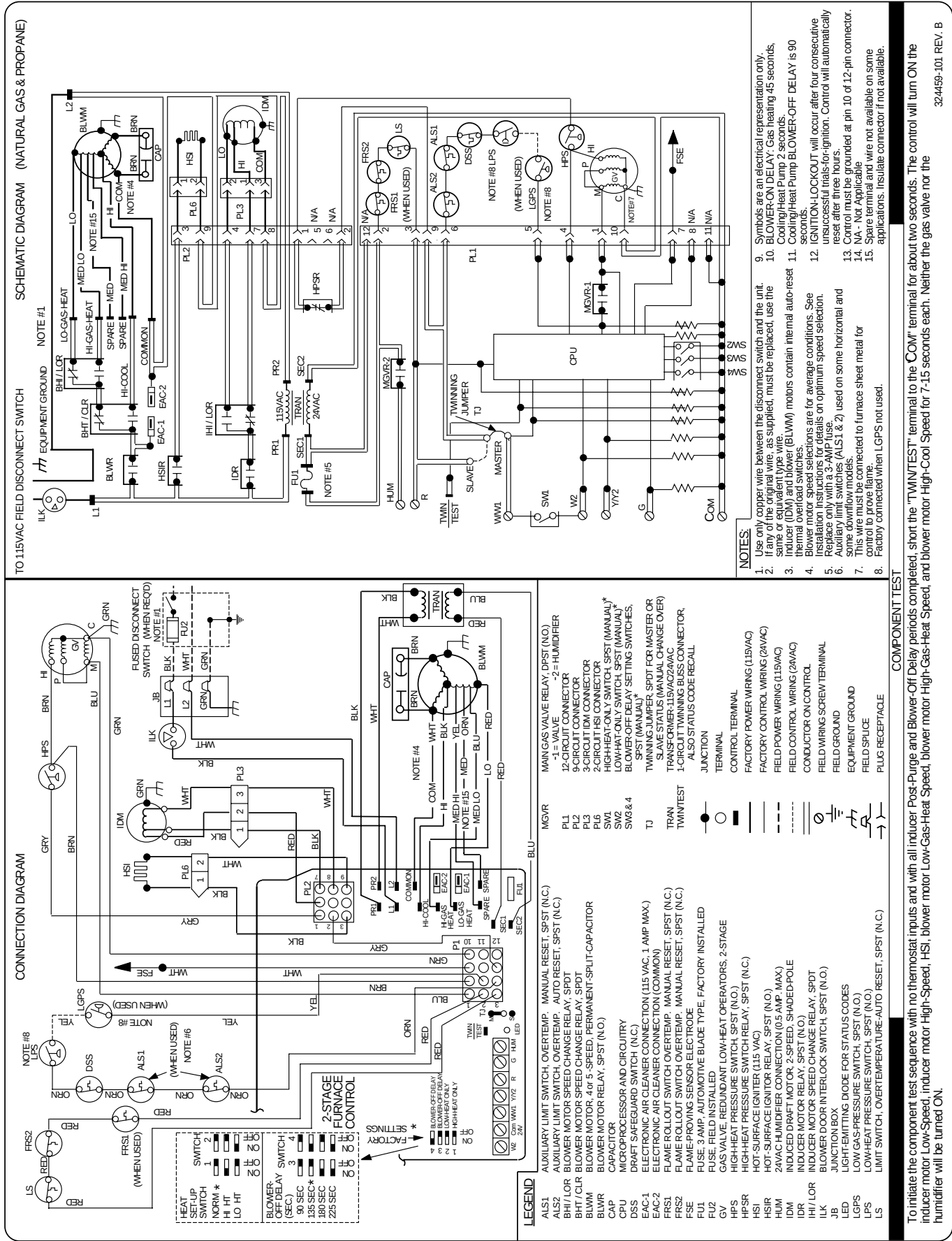
→ Fig. 10—Heating and Cooling Application Wiring Diagram

A99071



→ Fig. 11—Heating and Cooling Application Wiring Diagram for 2-Stage Thermostats and/or 2-Speed Condensing Units

A99072



## SERVICE

If status code recall is needed, do not remove power or blower door. Briefly remove and then reconnect one main limit wire to display stored status code.

### LED CODE

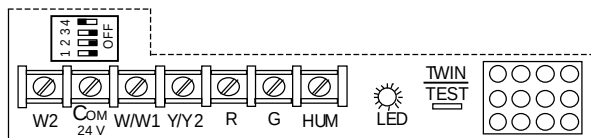
- CONTINUOUS OFF** - Check for 115VAC at L1 and L2, and 24VAC at SEC1 and SEC2.  
**CONTINUOUS ON** - Control has 24VAC power.  
**RAPID FLASHING** - Line voltage (115VAC) polarity reversed. If twinned, refer to twinning kit instructions.

### STATUS

EACH OF THE FOLLOWING STATUS CODES IS A TWO-DIGIT NUMBER WITH THE FIRST DIGIT DETERMINED BY THE NUMBER OF SHORT FLASHES AND THE SECOND DIGIT BY THE NUMBER OF LONG FLASHES.

- 11 NO PREVIOUS CODE** - Stored status codes are erased when power (115VAC or 24VAC) to control is interrupted or 48 hours after each fault is cleared.
- 12 BLOWER ON AFTER POWER UP (115VAC or 24 VAC)** - Blower runs for 90 seconds, if unit is powered up during a call for heat (R-W closed).
- 13 LIMIT OR FLAME ROLL-OUT SWITCH LOCKOUT** - Control will auto reset after three hours. Reset switch or replace fuse link. Refer to #33
- 14 IGNITION LOCKOUT** - Control will auto-reset after three hours. Refer to #34
- 21 GAS HEATING LOCKOUT** - Control will NOT auto-reset.  
 Check for: - Mis-wired gas valve - Defective control (valve relay)
- 22 ABNORMAL FLAME-PROVING SIGNAL** - Flame is proved while gas valve is de-energized. Inducer will run until fault is cleared.  
 Check for: - Leaky gas valve - Stuck-open gas valve
- 23 PRESSURE SWITCH DID NOT OPEN** Check for:  
 - Obstructed pressure tubing - Pressure switch stuck closed.
- 24 SECONDARY VOLTAGE FUSE IS OPEN**  
 Check for: - Short-circuit in secondary voltage (24VAC) wiring
- 31 HIGH-HEAT PRESSURE SWITCH OR RELAY DID NOT CLOSE OR REOPENED**  
 Check for: - Control relay may be defective - Refer to #32
- 32 LOW HEAT PRESSURE, DRAFT SAFEGUARD, AUX-LIMIT (when used\*) SWITCH DID NOT CLOSE OR REOPENED (DOWNFLOW ONLY\*)** If open longer than five minutes, inducer shuts off for 15 minutes before retry. Check for:  
 - Proper vent sizing - Low inducer voltage (115VAC)  
 \* - Defective Blower motor or capacitor - Defective inducer motor  
 - Defective pressure switch - Restricted vent  
 - Inadequate combustion air supply - Excessive wind  
 - Disconnected or obstructed pressure tubing If it opens after trial for ignition period, blower will come on for 90 second recycle delay.
- 33 LIMIT OR FLAME ROLL-OUT SWITCH IS OPEN** - If open longer than three minutes, code changes to #13. Flame roll-out switch requires manual reset.  
 Check for: - Dirty filter or restricted duct system. - Loose blower wheel.  
 - Defective blower motor or capacitor. - Defective switch or connections.  
 - Inadequate combustion air supply (Flame Roll-out Switch or fuse link open).  
 - Open Flame Roll-out switch, or fuse link. Manual reset or replace.
- 34 IGNITION PROVING FAILURE** - Control will try three more times before lockout #14 occurs. If flame signal is lost after trial for ignition period, blower will come on for 90 second recycle delay. Check for: - Gas valve defective or gas valve turned off.  
 - Oxide buildup on flame sensor (clean with fine steel wool).  
 - Proper flame sense microamps (.5 microamps D.C. min., 4.0 - 6.0 nominal in HIGH HEAT). - Green wire **MUST** be connected to furnace sheet metal.  
 - Flame sensor must be ungrounded. - Manual valve shut-off.  
 - Defective Hot Surface Ignitor - Control ground continuity.  
 - Inadequate flame carryover or rough ignition. - Low inlet gas pressure.
- 43 LOW-HEAT PRESSURE, DRAFT SAFEGUARD, OR AUXILIARY LIMIT (when used\*) SWITCH OPEN WHILE HIGH HEAT PRESSURE SWITCH IS CLOSED** Check for:  
 - Disconnected or obstructed pressure tubing  
 - Pressure switch stuck open - Refer to #32 and #33
- 45 REPLACE CONTROL**

## COMPONENT TEST



To initiate the component test sequence, shut "OFF" the room thermostat or disconnect the "R" thermostat lead. Briefly short TWIN/TEST terminal to "Com 24 V" Terminal. Status LED will turn off, control will turn "ON" the inducer motor-low speed, inducer motor-high speed, hot surface ignitor, blower motor-low gas heat speed, blower motor-high gas heat speed and blower motor-high cool speed for 7-15 seconds each. Gas valve and humidifier will not be turned on.

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→ Fig. 13—Service Label

# NOTES:

1. Refer to information label on blower compartment door for procedure for use of LED status codes and problem solving suggestions.
2. LED indicator is viewed through window on blower compartment door.
3. If 115-vac power is energized or interrupted during a call for heat, the indoor blower will run for 90 sec before a gas heating cycle begins – **Code 12**.
4. After replacing any component, verify correct operating sequence.

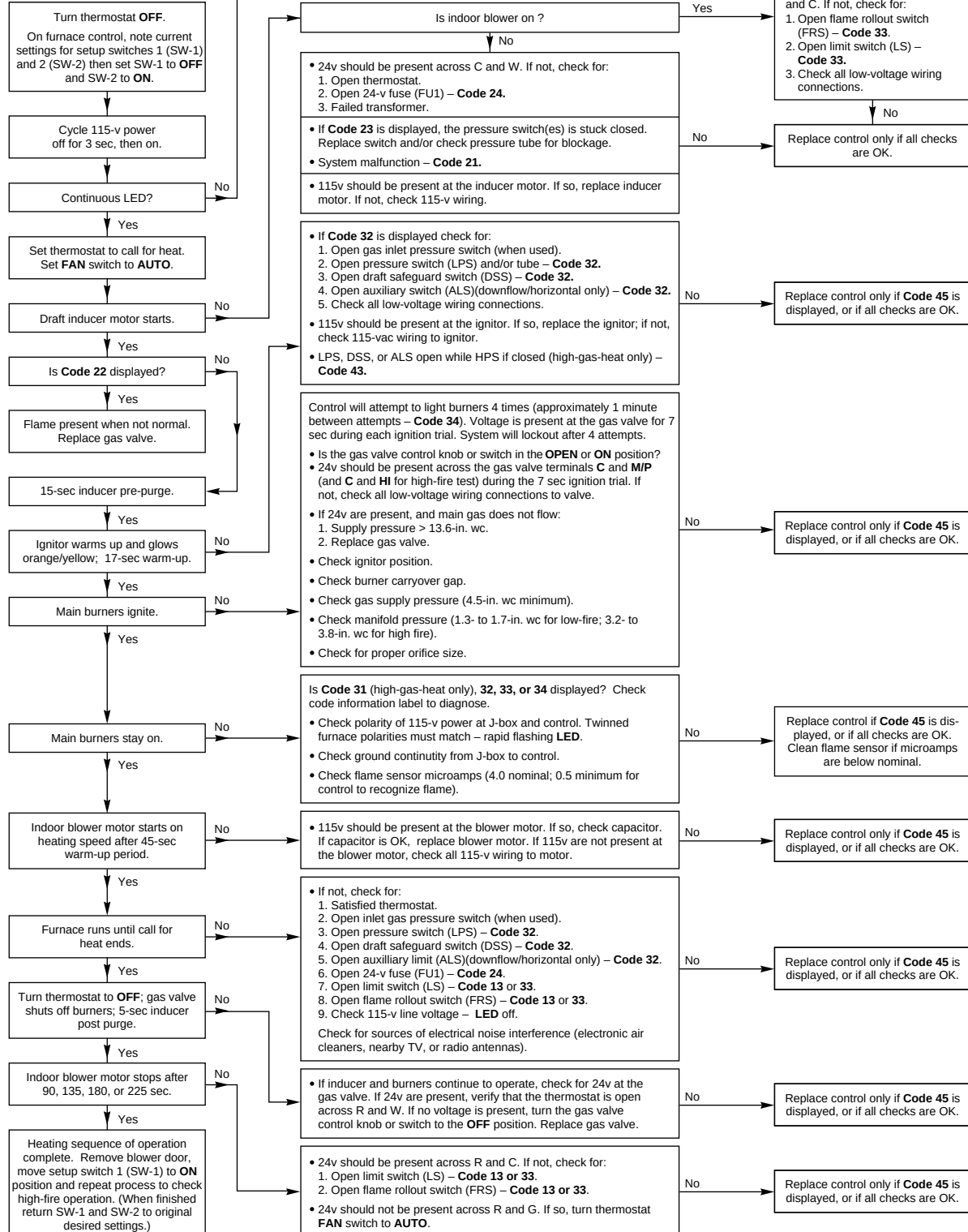
# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE



## ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

ONLY QUALIFIED AND TRAINED SERVICE PERSONNEL SHOULD PERFORM THIS PROCEDURE

## START





# SERVICE TRAINING

**Packaged Service Training** programs are an excellent way to increase your knowledge of the equipment discussed in this manual, including:

- Unit Familiarization
- Maintenance
- Installation Overview
- Operating Sequence

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