



installation, start-up and service instructions

HIGH WALL FAN COIL UNITS

619E
Sizes 018 and 024
1½ and 2 Tons

Cancels: New

II 619E-18-1
4/15/96

IMPORTANT — READ BEFORE INSTALLING

1. Read and become familiar with these installation instructions before installing this unit (see Fig. 1).
2. Be sure the installation conforms to all applicable local and national codes.
3. These instructions contain important information for the proper maintenance and repair of this equipment. Retain these instructions for future use.

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol ($\triangle$). When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words — DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. Danger identifies the most serious hazards which will result in severe personal injury or death. Warning indicates a situation that could result in personal injury. Caution is used to identify unsafe practices which would result in minor personal injury or product and property damage.

⚠ WARNING: Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit. Electrical shock could cause personal injury.

GENERAL

The new 619E heat pump high wall fan coil units (Fig. 1) DO NOT have electric heaters. These new heat pump fan coil units have been specifically designed to improve system efficiency in both heating and cooling modes when matched with a 538B outdoor heat pump unit. If your application requires heating, heat pump units must be used, both outdoors and indoors. See Table 1 for recommended system combinations.

INSTALLATION

The 619E cooling only high wall fan coil unit is installed with either the 538A condensing or 538S multi-split condensing outdoor unit, and the 619E heat pump fan coil unit is installed with the 538B heat pump outdoor unit. Refer to Table 1 to make sure the correct indoor unit(s) is installed with the correct outdoor unit.

Installation instructions for the 619E fan coil units are contained in this manual. Refer to this manual for proper installation of the complete system. Note that the 538A, 538B, and 538S outdoor units are shipped with installation and service instructions for basic installation of the outdoor section. Be sure to make the modifications in Make Connections to Outdoor Unit section on page 8 of this literature so that the outdoor unit will operate properly with the 619E control system. Be sure the unit will be operated within the application guidelines shown in Table 2. When installing the 538A, 538B, or

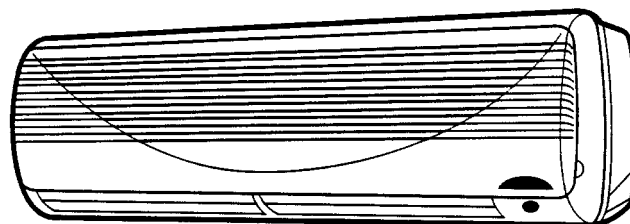


Fig. 1 — 619E High Wall Fan Coil Unit

538S unit, note that for cooling operation below 55 F (538A, 538B) or 0°F (538S), it is necessary to equip the outdoor unit with the low ambient control (538A, 538B) or winter start (538S) accessory.

To install this system, you will need:

- 619E cooling only or heat pump fan coil unit(s)* with standard wireless remote controller
- 538A, 538B, or 538S outdoor unit
- accessory low-ambient control or winter start kit (if required for your application)

* More than one fan coil unit may be used with the 538S multi-split units. Refer to 538S system Trade Prices for full details.

NOTE: Refrigerant pipe, drain pipe, wire, etc., are also required to install unit and are field supplied.

Be sure you have the required parts before beginning installation. The 619E unit utilizes a microprocessor control system to deliver optimum levels of comfort and efficiency. Be sure to follow these instructions carefully to obtain proper functioning of the unit.

I. COMPLETE PRE-INSTALLATION CHECKS

A. Unpack Unit

Store unit in the original packaging until it is moved to the final site for installation. When removing unit from carton, lift by its 4 corners. Also, note that there is a plastic bag containing mounting screws taped to the mounting bracket.

B. Inspect Shipment

Upon receipt of shipment, check unit (Fig. 1) for damage. Forward claim papers directly to the transportation company. Manufacturer is not responsible for damage incurred in transit.

Check all items. If any item is missing, notify your distributor. To prevent loss or damage, leave all parts in original packages until installation.

II. SELECT LOCATION

Consult local building codes and National Electrical Code (NEC) for special installation requirements.

Table 1 — System Combinations for Indoor and Outdoor Units

INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT
High Wall Cooling Only Systems*	
619E_018	538A_018
619E_024	538A_024
(2)619E_018	538S_024†
(4) 619E_018	538S_048†
619E_024, (2) 619E_018	538S_048†
(2) 619E_024	538S_048†
High Wall Heat Pump Systems**	
619E_018	538B_018
619E_024	538B_024

*Using cooling-only fan coil units.

†Multi-split systems can accommodate up to 4 fan coil units of various types with one condensing unit. The combinations listed in Table 1 are those which use only high-wall units (not in combination with any other type of fan coil unit). Refer to system presale literature or Trade Prices for more details.

**Using heat pump fan coil units.

NOTE: Numbers in () indicate quantities of more than 1.

Table 2 — Application Ranges

COOLING MODE			
Maximum		Minimum	
Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
95 F DB 71 F WB	115 F DB	67 F DB 57 F WB	55 F DB* 0°F DB†
HEATING MODE (538B Systems Only)			
Maximum		Minimum	
Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
80 F DB 71 F WB	75 F DB 65 F WB	55 F DB	0°F DB

LEGEND

DB — Dry Bulb

WB — Wet Bulb

*538A and 538B systems only.

†538S systems only.

NOTE: Unit may be equipped with an accessory low-ambient control (538A, 538B) or a winter start kit (538S) that will allow operation down to -20 F.

There are several ways the unit may be installed to different types of wall construction. These instructions do not cover all installation methods. As a typical installation, these instructions focus primarily on mounting the unit to wall studs in new construction. See Fig. 2 for unit dimensions and Fig. 3 for required clearances. Plan your installation carefully before you begin. Listed below are some guidelines that should be followed when determining location for the unit.

1. Center unit (horizontally) on the wall selected.
2. Place the unit so it faces normal location of room occupants.
3. Allow sufficient space for airflow clearance, wiring, refrigerant piping, and servicing unit. See Fig. 2 and 3.
4. Select walls that are:
 - a. Strong enough to support weight of the unit.
 - b. Accessible to convenient condensate drainage.
 - c. Free of obstacles that may block air circulation to the fan coils.
 - d. Outside walls (if possible) to make piping easier.
5. Place top of fan coil unit as high on the wall as possible making sure the unit is at least 10 in. down from ceiling to permit proper air intake. Also, make sure that the unit is not placed directly over anything which would prevent filter removal or block airflow.
6. Make sure units are easily accessible to electrical power.
7. Refrigerant piping can enter the unit through the prepunched holes. Refrigerant piping can run up or down along the wall, to the right or left along the wall, straight through the wall, or into the wall (Fig. 4). Once the piping is through the wall, it can run inside walls, in ceilings, between floors, or straight to the outside. See Fig. 5 for maximum line lengths.

NOTE: Run refrigerant piping as directly as possible, and avoid any unnecessary turns or bends.

8. Condensate piping can be directed through the inside wall to an approved drain or directed straight outside.

NOTE: The piping hole for condensate line must be made at a downward slope to ensure proper drainage. See Mounting Bracket on wall section on page 4 for details.

UNIT	WEIGHT
619E_018	39 Lb [17.5 Kg]
619E_024	43 Lb [19.5 Kg]

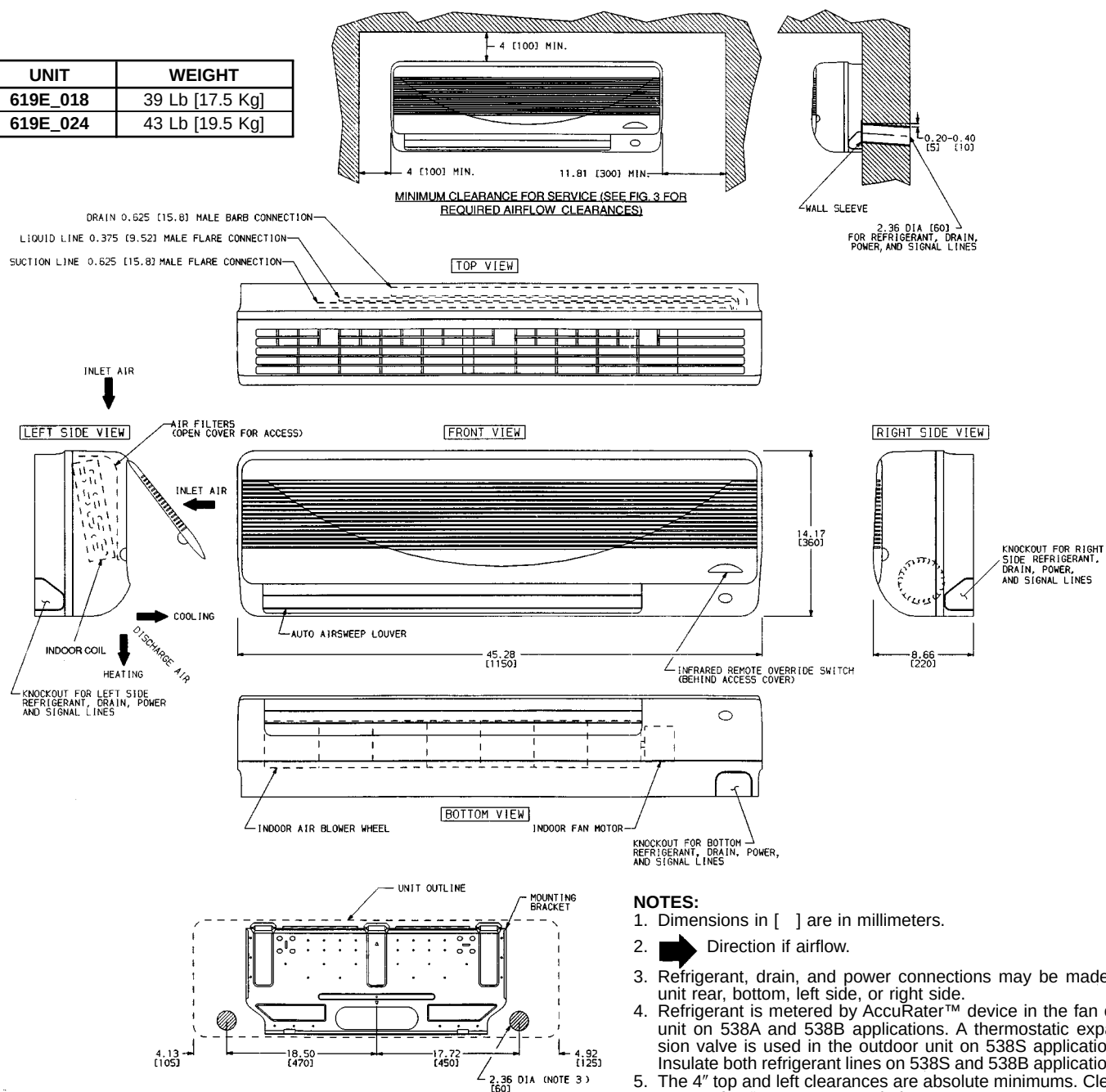
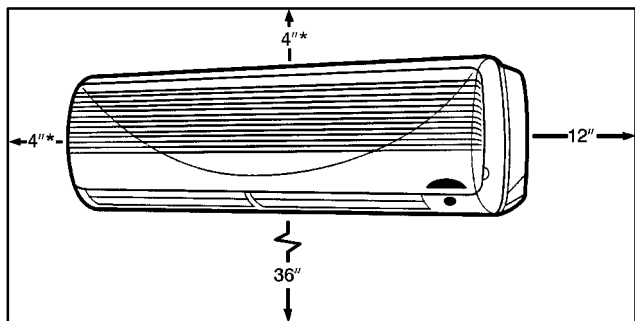


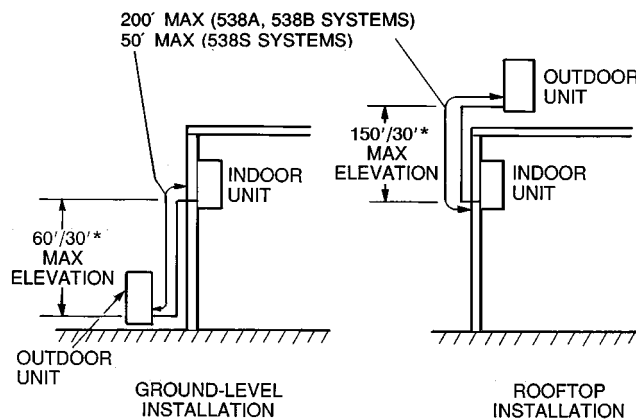
Fig. 2 — 619E Dimensional Drawing



*A clearance of 4" is the absolute minimum. A clearance of 10" is recommended.

NOTE: Remove unit front cover for control box access.

Fig. 3 — Minimum Required Clearances



*538A, 538B/538S Systems.

Fig. 5 — Maximum Line Lengths

III. MOUNT MOUNTING BRACKET ON WALL

1. Decide how refrigerant will be piped. If necessary, knock out the appropriate pre-punched holes (Fig. 4) on unit for piping and electrical connections.
2. Remove bracket from fan coil unit by pulling it down from fan coil unit bottom as shown in Fig. 6.
3. Using a carpenter's level, fasten mounting brackets *into the studs in the wall* at least 10 in. away from the ceiling with the 8 screws provided. Always be sure to insert screws into the top 2 holes indicated in Fig. 6. Make sure the attached bracket will support a 200 lb vertical load. For a masonry wall, anchor shields can be used to attach bracket to the wall.
4. Temporarily hang unit on bracket to check location and level.

⚠ CAUTION: If mounting bracket is not mounted level, the indoor section will be mounted unevenly, and condensate drainage water may drip onto the floor. Also, a gap between the bracket and the wall may result in vibration and noise from the indoor section.

5. Mark and cut condensate and piping holes.
 - a. For piping through the wall, mark the wall below the condensate connection and cut a 2½-in. hole into the wall at either point "A" or point "B" in Fig. 7.

NOTE: The 2½-in hole must be made at a downward slope to ensure proper condensate drainage. See Fig. 8. Slope condensate line at a minimum pitch of ¼ in. per foot of line. The condensate line cannot be run up for upper piping connections – only refrigerant lines may be run up.

- b. Push the wall sleeve (factory supplied with the unit) through the 2½-in. wall opening.

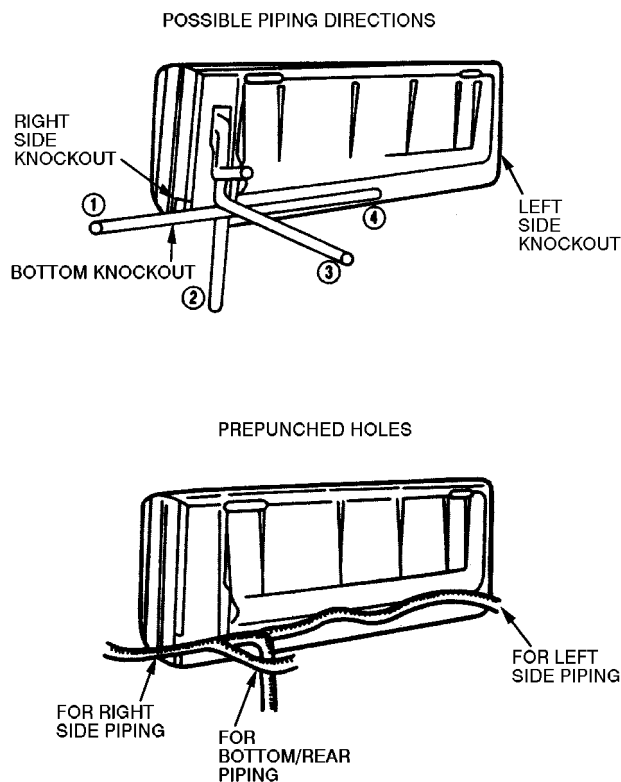


Fig. 4 — Refrigerant Piping

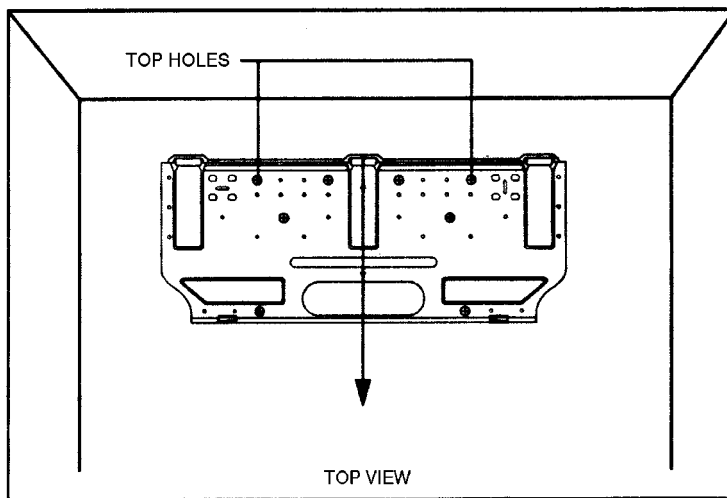
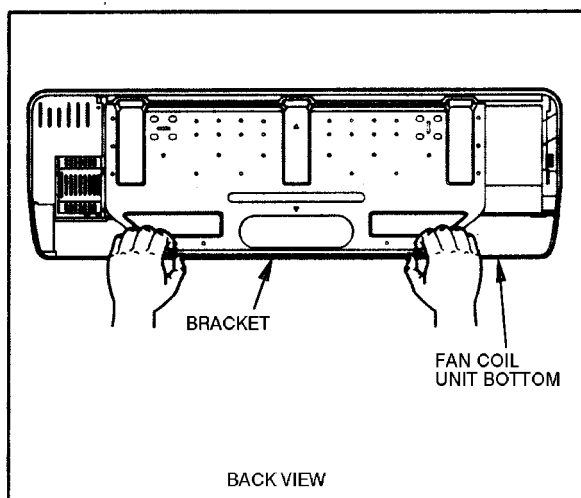
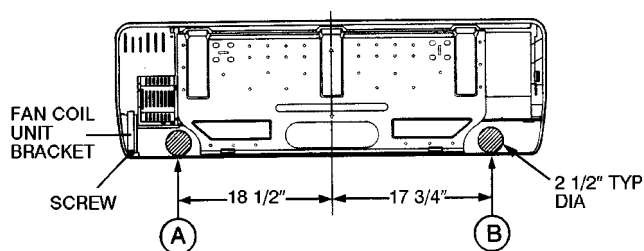


Fig. 6 — Bracket Mounting



NOTE: Use either point "A" or point "B".

Fig. 7 — Wall Hole Location for Rear Piping

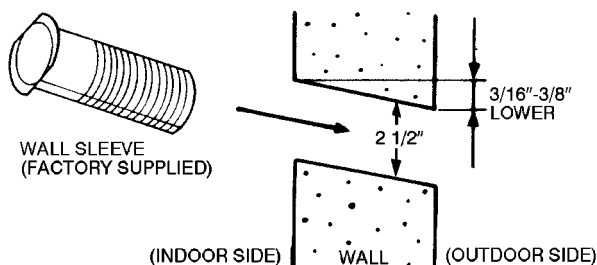


Fig. 8 — Piping Hole

IV. CONNECT REFRIGERANT PIPING

Fan coil units may be connected to the outdoor units using field-supplied refrigerant grade piping. Refer to Table 3 for the correct size piping. The length of refrigerant pipe depends on the unit placement and building structure; run pipes as directly as possible. For piping requirements over 50 ft of total run, or more than 25 ft of lift, consult the long line application guidelines available in the product presale literature, or contact your local representative.

CAUTION: DO NOT BURY MORE THAN 36 IN. OF REFRIGERANT PIPE IN THE GROUND. If any section of pipe is buried, there must be a 6-in. vertical rise to the valve connections on the outdoor unit. If more than the recommended length is buried, refrigerant may migrate to the cooler, buried section during extended periods of unit shutdown, causing refrigerant slugging and possible compressor damage at start-up.

Use the following instructions to connect piping.

1. Install insulation. Insulate **all** refrigerant lines on heat pumps 538S and systems to prevent condensation. It is extremely important that all refrigerant lines and the AccuRater® metering device be insulated on heat pumps. On 538A cooling only units, the liquid line may be left uninsulated. Use any acceptable heat resistant closed-cell foam insulation (minimum 3/8-in. wall thickness). When insulating piping, cap ends and slide insulation over the piping. Insulation can also be cut and placed over piping.
2. Run liquid and gas refrigerant piping.
 - a. Run pipes as directly as possible and avoid any unnecessary turns and bends.
 - b. Suspend refrigerant pipes so that the insulation is not damaged and vibrations are not transmitted to the structure.
 - c. Leave slack in the refrigerant pipe between the structure and the unit to absorb vibrations.
 - d. Install factory-supplied flare connection and AccuRater metering device in liquid line at the fan coil unit on 538A and 538B systems (Fig. 9). Make sure the arrow on the metering device body points **AWAY FROM** the fan coil unit. Use Table 4 to verify that the correct piston for your system has been shipped with the unit.

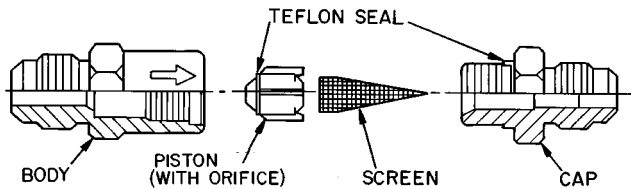
NOTE: No AccuRater is required on 538S systems. The 538S systems have a TXV (thermostatic expansion valve) in the condensing unit for refrigerant metering and control.

- e. On heat pump installations, install factory-supplied piston in the AccuRater metering device located in the service valve on the outdoor unit (Fig. 10). Make sure Teflon seal on the piston faces toward the outdoor unit. Use Table 4 to verify the correct piston for your system has been shipped with the unit. Refer to 538B installation instructions for more details.
- f. Install a liquid line filter drier near the outdoor unit (538A and 538B). On heat pump systems, a bi-flow filter drier must be used. DO NOT install a filter drier in 538S systems.

Table 3 — Specifications

UNIT 619E_	018	024
OPERATING WEIGHT (lb)	39	43
REFRIGERANT	R-22 with AccuRater® Control or TXV	
FAN		
Rpm	1120	1470
Nominal Cfm	540	550
(High Speed)		
COIL		
Rows	2	3
Face Area (sq ft)	2.56	2.56
Fins/in.	15.9	18.1
Number of Circuits	2	3
CONNECTIONS (MPT)		
Suction (in.) Flare	5/8	
Liquid (in.) Flare	3/8	
Condensate Drain	5/8	
LINE SIZES		
Suction (in.)	5/8	
Liquid (in.)	3/8	
Condensate Drain	5/8	

TXV — Thermostatic Expansion Valve (538S Only)



NOTE: Arrow on AccuRater® body points in *free flow* direction away from the coil.

Fig 9 — AccuRater Metering Device in Liquid Line (Bypass Type Components)

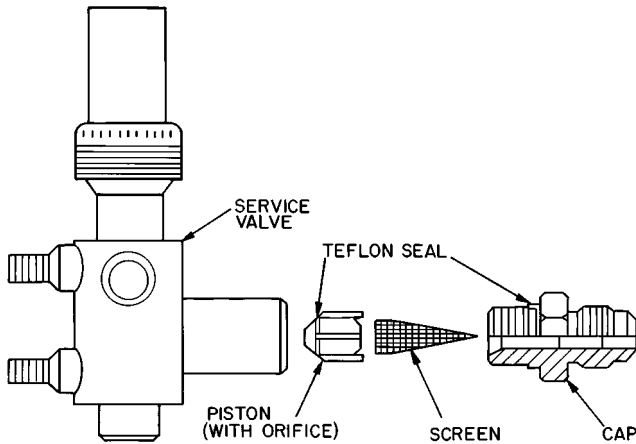


Fig. 10 — AccuRater Metering Device at Service Valve (Bypass Type Components)

Table 4 — Required Piston Sizes for AccuRater Metering Device

OUTDOOR UNIT 538	INDOOR UNIT 619E_	INDOOR PISTON	INDOOR PISTON TYPE	OUTDOOR PISTON	OUTDOOR PISTON TYPE	REQUIRED SYSTEM CHARGE (lb)*
A_018	018†	49	B	N/A	N/A	4.6
A_024	024†	57	B	N/A	N/A	5.3
B_018	018**	51	B	47	B	5.0
B_024	024**	59	B	52	B	5.1

LEGEND

N/A — Not Applicable
TXV — Thermostatic Expansion Valve

*Charge amount determined based on 25 ft of line. Check charge for longer lines using superheat method. See 538A or 538B installation, start-up, and service instructions for system charging procedures.

3. Insulate and caulk wall openings to reduce air infiltration and refrigerant pipe vibrations on structure.
4. Evacuate piping, if necessary. If either refrigerant piping or the indoor coil is exposed to atmospheric conditions, it must be evacuated to 1000 microns to eliminate contamination and moisture in the system.

V. CONNECT CONDENSATE DRAIN LINE

Observe all local sanitary codes when installing condensate drains.

1. Connect drain line by inserting a 5/8-in. rigid PVC pipe over the drain connection. Refer to Fig. 11.

⚠ CAUTION: The drain tube extension must be securely fastened to the condensate drain. Failure to do so can result in condensate water dripping onto the floor.

2. To ensure regular flow of condensate water, the drain pipe should be pitched toward an open drain or sump at a downward slope of at least 1/4-in. per foot. Refer to Fig. 12.

IMPORTANT: Be sure the drain piping has no slack which might form a trap. Do not insert a trap in the drain line; the drain is internally trapped.

3. Insulate condensate drain line(s). Insulate the condensate drain lines that are located in or above an occupied area with a condensate proof material such as polyurethane or neoprene.

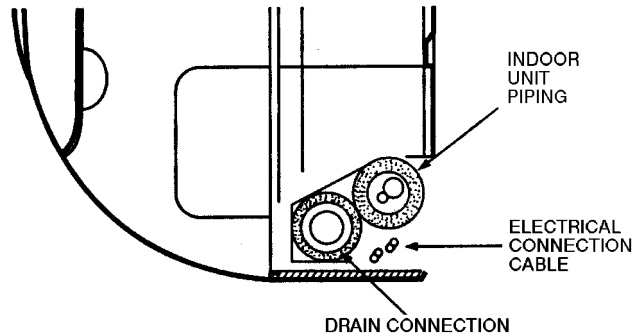


Fig. 11 — Drain Connection (Right Side Shown When Facing Fan Coil Unit)

†Cooling only units.
**Heat pump units.

NOTE: The 538S systems do not use the AccuRater device. The 538S systems have a TXV in the condensing unit for refrigerant metering and control.

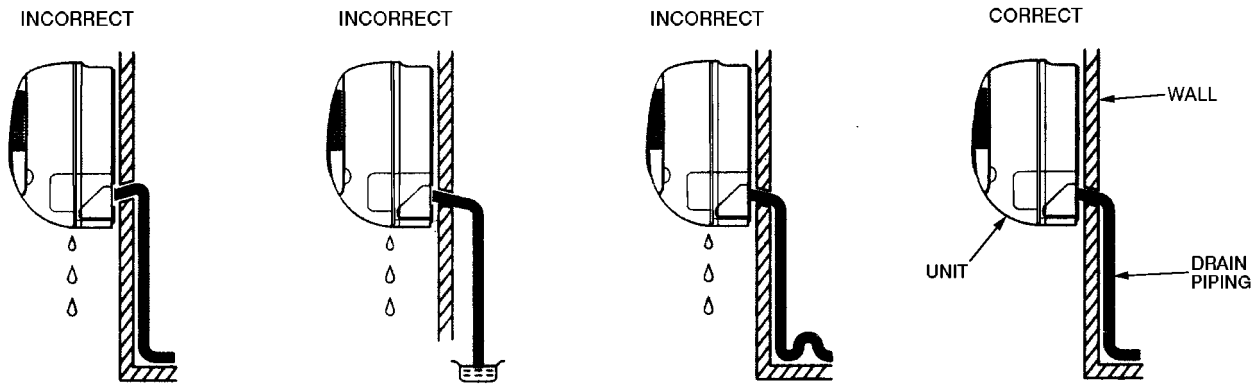


Fig. 12 — Drainage System (Rear Piping Shown)

VI. MAKE ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Be sure field wiring complies with local building codes and NEC, and unit voltage is within limits shown in Table 5.

Contact local power company for correction of improper line voltage.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid personal injury or damage to unit, do not make electrical connections until all power sources are shut down, locked out, and tagged off. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or unit damage.

⚠ CAUTION: Operation of unit on improper line voltage constitutes abuse and could affect warranty. Refer to Table 5 for permissible operating limits. Do not install unit in system where voltage may fluctuate above or below permissible limits.

NOTE: Use type NM power cable only (per NEC; provided for fan coil units only) between disconnect switch and unit.

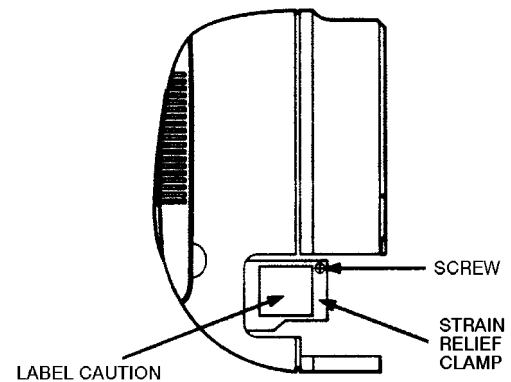
NOTE: Install branch circuit disconnect per NEC of adequate size to handle unit starting current. Locate disconnect within sight from and readily accessible from unit, per Section 440-14 of NEC. Some codes allow indoor unit to share disconnect with outdoor unit if disconnect can be locked; check local code before installing in this manner. To make electrical connections:

1. Remove the screws holding the front cover of the fan coil unit, and remove front cover. Save screws and screw covers for reinstallation.
2. Remove control box strain relief clamp (see Fig. 13).
3. Remove any factory test leads still connected to the power terminal box. These leads are for factory testing only and cannot be used for power connections.
4. Route the factory-supplied ground and power wires from terminal block 1 (TB1) to the field-supplied disconnect switch.

⚠ WARNING: According to NEC and most local codes, the unit must have an uninterrupted, unbroken ground to minimize personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. The ground may consist of electrical wire or metal conduit when installed in accordance with existing electrical codes. Failure to follow this warning could result in an electric shock, fire, or death.

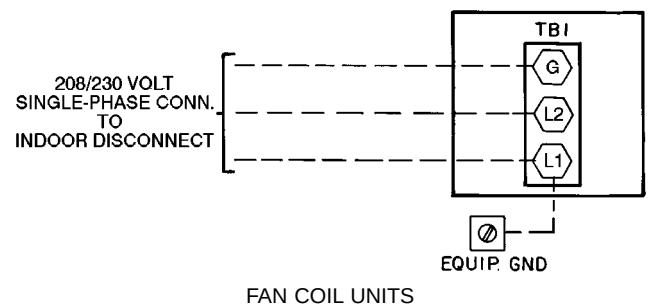
5. Route factory-supplied line power leads (see Fig. 14) from field-supplied, indoor unit disconnect to the fan coil unit TB1 (see Fig. 14 and 15). Run wire through the strain relief on the control box (see Fig. 13). When routing wire in the fan coil unit, keep the wire away from refrigerant and condensate piping and any sharp edges on the unit.

⚠ CAUTION: Do not short circuit the 619E transformer — it is fused. The transformer can be short-circuited by connecting the wrong wires or by touching a live wire to the side of a grounded control box.



NOTE: This shows item locations only. Front cover of fan coil unit must be removed to access terminal boards.

Fig. 13 — Fan Coil Unit Wiring Preparation



LEGEND
CONN — Connection
EQUIP GND — Equipment Ground
TB — Terminal Block

Fig. 14 — Line Power Connections

Table 5 — Electrical Data

INDOOR UNIT 619E_	V (Single- Ph, 60 Hz)	OPERATING VOLTAGE*		FAN		WATTS	MCA	MAX FUSE OR HACR TYPE CKT BKR AMPS
		Max	Min	LRA	FLA			
018†	208/230	253	187	3.2	0.53	94	0.66	15
024†								
018**								
024**								

LEGEND

FLA — Full Load Amps
HACR — Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration
LRA — Locked Rotor Amps
MCA — Minimum Circuit Amps per NEC Section 430-24
NEC — National Electrical Code

*Permissible limits of the voltage range at which unit will operate satisfactorily.

†Cooling only units.

**Heat pump units.

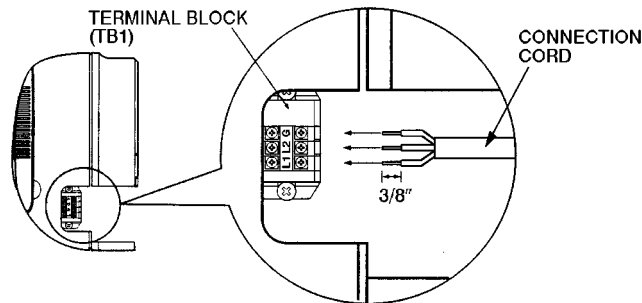


Fig. 15 — High Voltage Connections

VII. MAKE CONNECTIONS TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT**A. Cooling-Only Systems**

To connect the 538A or 538S condensing unit to the fan coil unit(s) so that the system will operate correctly:

Route 2 field-supplied wires of 18-gage AWG (American Wire Gage) thermostat cable between the low-voltage terminal block of the fan coil unit (TB2) and the 538A or 538S unit low-voltage terminal block. Connect the wires between terminals Y and Y and between terminals C and C.

B. Heat Pump Systems

To connect the 538B heat pump unit to the fan coil unit so that the system will operate correctly:

IMPORTANT: DO NOT RUN THE THERMISTOR CABLE IN THE SAME CONDUIT AS THE POWER WIRING.

1. One thermistor connection cord with a lead length of 24 ft is shipped with the 619E heat pump fan coil unit. Run the connection cord from the low-voltage terminal board in the control box in the fan coil unit (TB3) to the heat pump unit. Route the wire carefully so that it will not be damaged.

2. For cooling operation, route 2 field-supplied wires of 18-gage AWG (American Wire Gage) thermostat cable between the low-voltage terminal block of the fan coil unit (TB2) and the 538B unit low-voltage terminal block. Connect the wires between terminals Y and Y and between terminals C and C.
3. For heating operation, route 3 additional wires of 18-gage AWG thermostat cable between the low-voltage terminal block of the fan coil unit (TB2) and the 538B unit low-voltage terminal block. Connect the wires between terminals R and R, O and O, and G and G.

VIII. INSTALL FAN COIL UNIT ONTO MOUNTING BRACKET

1. Hook the fan coil unit onto the top of the mounting bracket. See Fig. 16.
2. Snap the fan coil unit onto the mounting bracket as shown in Fig. 16.

IMPORTANT: An audible snapping sound will be heard as the hook on the unit is secured into the hole on the mounting bracket. Be sure unit is correctly mounted.

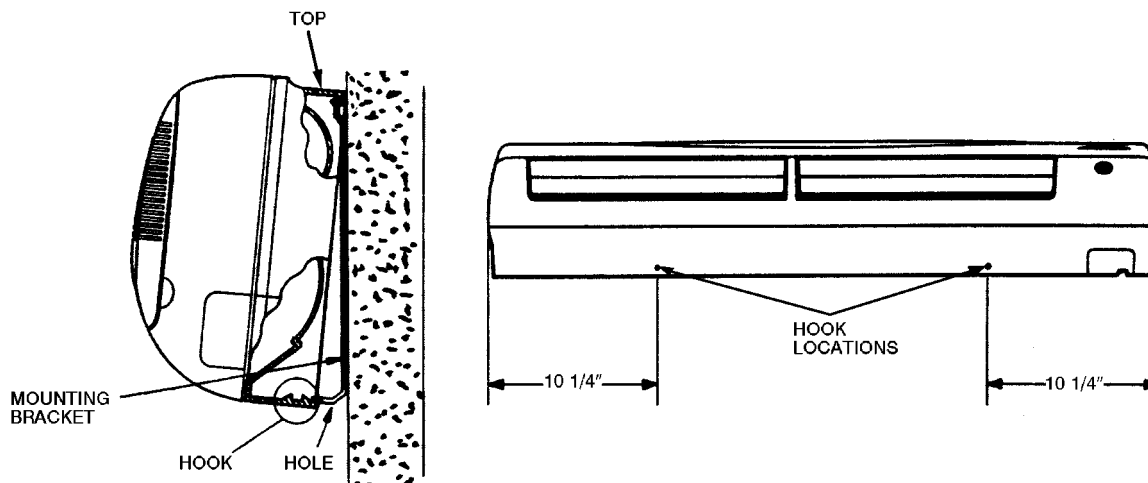


Fig. 16 — Mounting Unit to Bracket

START-UP

Complete the following checks and the Start-Up checklist on page CL-1 before system start-up. Refer to outdoor unit installation, start-up and service instructions for system start-up procedures and refrigerant charging methods.

1. Check condensate drainage system. Add water to check the drainage flow. If water does not flow regularly, check the pipe slope or see if there are any pipe restrictions.
2. Make sure that all wiring connections are correct and tight.
3. Make sure that all barriers, covers, and panels are in place.
4. Ensure that the filters have been installed and that the discharge louvers are correctly positioned.

⚠ WARNING: Never operate unit without a filter. Damage to the unit or personal injury may result.

5. If the unit is equipped with a crankcase heater, energize a minimum of 24 hours before starting the unit. To energize crankcase heater only, close indoor unit disconnect, then with the remote controller, set unit in off mode and close the outdoor unit disconnect.
6. Fully backseat (open) the liquid and vapor tube service valves.
7. Unit is shipped with valve stems frontseated and caps factory installed. Replace stem caps after system is opened to refrigerant flow (backseated). Replace caps finger tight.
8. With the remote controller, turn on the unit and operate in each mode (as applicable) for 15 minutes to test for proper operation. Do not operate in cooling mode if outdoor temperature is below 55 F (538A, 538B) or 0° F (538S) unless unit is equipped with low ambient control. Do not operate in heating mode (heat pump systems only) if the outdoor temperature is above 75 F.
9. Test for proper refrigerant charge using the superheat method (538A, 538B) or subcooling method (538S).
10. Explain basic system operation to the owner.

I. 619E CONTROL SYSTEM

The 619E unit is equipped with a microprocessor control which operates the system. This control is located in the control box of the fan coil unit, with thermistors located in the fan coil inlet and on the indoor coil. The 619E heat pump fan coil units

also have thermistors located on the outdoor coil and in the outdoor air inlet. These thermistors monitor system operation and control the operating mode. To change settings or modes of operation, use the factory-supplied infrared wireless remote controller. This controller allows the fan coil unit to be operated from within the same room without any wire connections to the unit.

The remote controller includes a wall-mounted bracket. To install the bracket, attach bracket to the wall as shown in Fig. 17 using factory-supplied, double-sided tape. Install factory-supplied batteries into the remote controller per To Install or Replace Remote Controller Batteries section on page 12, and place the controller into the bracket so that it will be ready for use.

II. AFTER EXTENDED SHUTDOWNS

If the system has been turned off for more than 12 hours, turn on the indoor and outdoor unit disconnect switches to supply power to the system for 12 hours BEFORE starting the system.

III. SEASONAL CHANGEOVERS

When changing heat pump system from cooling to heating or heating to cooling, or before starting cooling only system after it has been out of use for the winter season, perform the following steps BEFORE starting the system:

1. Inspect and clean the outdoor unit, particularly the coil.
2. Clean or replace the air filters in the indoor unit.
3. Clean the indoor unit drain pan and drain pipe, and remove any obstructions.
4. Turn on indoor and outdoor unit disconnect switches to supply power to the system 12 hours before starting the system.

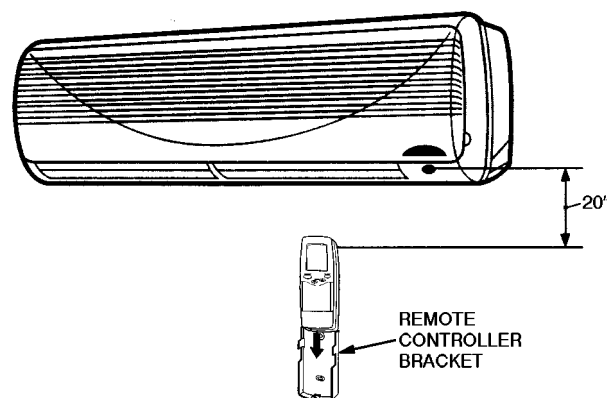


Fig. 17 — Mounting Remote Controller Bracket

IV. TO TURN THE UNIT ON AND OFF

To turn the unit on, press the orange ON/OFF button (See Fig. 18). Unit will start. To stop unit operation, press the ON/OFF button again. Unit will stop. Refer to Owner's Manual enclosed with the fan coil unit for full remote control operating details.

V. ADJUSTING AIRFLOW

The airflow direction may be adjusted up and down using the remote controller, and from side to side by manually moving the vents. For cooling only units and heat pump units when in the cooling mode, set the louvers to discharge straight out (parallel to the floor) (see Fig. 19). For the heat pump units operating in heating mode, it is recommended that the air discharge louvers be set to discharge vertically (see Fig. 19). The swing range shown in Fig. 19 is the range in which will provide maximum occupant comfort in each mode. It is recommended that the louvers be positioned within this range (using the remote controller).

NOTE: The full swing range of the mode selected will automatically be used if auto. fan mode is selected.

VI. OPERATING MODE MEMORY

After the system is turned off or after a power failure, the system remains in the last operating mode selected. When the system is turned back on, or when power is automatically restored, operation continues in the same operating mode as when power shut down.

VII. AUTOMATIC OPERATION (AUTO) MODE

If auto mode is selected, the system automatically switches the operating mode from heating (heat pump system only) to cooling, or from cooling to heating (heat pump system only) depending on the selected temperature.

NOTE: Between the cooling cycle and the heating cycle there is a neutral zone of approximately 2° F above and 2° F below the selected temperature when only the fan is operating.

VIII. OPERATING FAULT DIAGNOSIS

The system includes an automatic diagnosis feature which is activated under difficult or unacceptable operating conditions. If such conditions occur, the system stops automatically, the operating fault signal appears (green "UNIT ON"

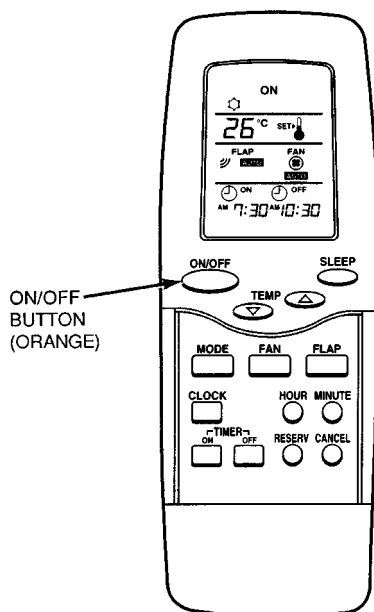
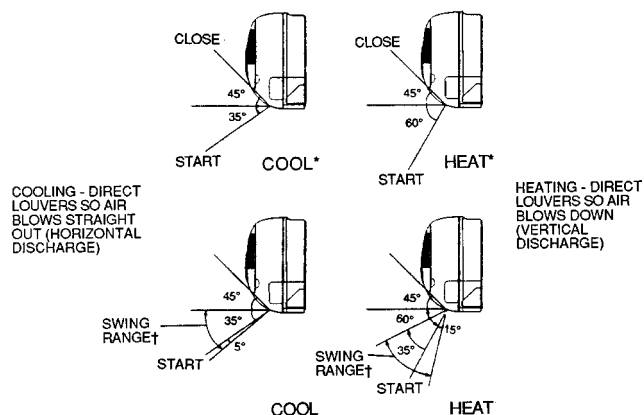


Fig. 18 — Remote Controller



*Potential range.
†Desireable range.

NOTE: Unit is equipped with manual air vents which direct the air from side to side. Up and down louver motion can be selected using the remote controller. For maximum comfort, set louvers within the swing range. See Adjusting Airflow section on this page for more information.

Fig. 19 — Louver Adjustments

light on the front of the fan coil unit flashes), and an analysis of the system operating conditions is initiated. The system will then be restarted automatically, as soon as normal conditions have been restored, or it will remain off. If the system does not start again, the green "UNIT ON" light will flash an error code.

IX. MICROPROCESSOR CONTROL OPERATION

This system is controlled by a microprocessor designed to give optimum levels of comfort and operating efficiency. The control is located in the 619E unit. To operate the unit, the factory-supplied remote controller is required.

There are 9 (619E cooling-only systems) or 11 (619E heat pump systems) operating modes (including the off mode) for the unit. Each mode operates as follows:

- Off Mode — When the unit is in the off mode, all functions (compressor, outdoor fan, indoor fan, and air sweep) are off, except the reversing valve (619E heat pump units only), which will stay energized if the unit was last operated in the cooling mode.
- Air Circulation Mode (Fan Operation Only) — When air circulation mode is selected, the indoor fan will operate continuously in the selected speed (high, medium, low, or auto.). If the auto. mode is selected, the indoor fan will operate at low speed. The compressor and outdoor fan are off. The reversing valve (619E heat pump units only) will remain in the last operating mode.
- Cooling Mode — When the cooling mode is selected, the indoor fan will operate continuously at the selected speed if the speed is high, medium, or low. If the indoor fan is in auto. mode, the fan will change operating speeds depending on the difference between the room temperature and the set point. The reversing valve (619E heat pump units only) will be on. The compressor cannot run for 3 minutes from the time the system starts up or for 3 minutes from the time the compressor last operated. When the temperature of the room is equal to or greater than the selected temperature, the compressor and outdoor fan will operate until the room temperature is 2° F below the set point, and then shut off. When the room temperature is less than the selected temperature, the compressor and outdoor fan remain off.
- Maximum Dehumidification Mode — When the dehumidification mode is selected, the indoor fan will operate continuously at the selected speed if the speed is high, medium, or low. If the indoor fan is in auto. mode, the fan will

change operating speeds depending on the room temperature. If the room temperature is below the set point, the indoor fan will run at ultra-low speed, and the compressor could run for up to 4 minutes. (Ultra-low speed is a control-driven speed [not user configurable] used to sample the space when the fan would normally be off.) The reversing valve (619E heat pump units only) will be on. The compressor cannot run for 3 minutes from the time the system starts up or for 3 minutes from the time the compressor last operated.

Initial Operation — When the mode is first selected, one of the following occurs:

1. If the room temperature is above or equal to the selected temperature, the unit will operate for 16 minutes, and the compressor and outdoor fan will operate. The indoor fan will operate as in the cooling mode. After 16 minutes of operation (or when the room reaches 2° F below set point), the unit switches to normal dehumidification operation.
2. If the room temperature is below the selected temperature, the unit will operate for 8 minutes as follows: the compressor and outdoor fan will operate for 3 minutes. The indoor fan will operate in low speed, and 30 seconds after the compressor stops, the indoor fan stops. The unit remains off for 1 minute, and then the indoor fan starts in ultra-low speed for 30 seconds. The unit then switches to normal dehumidification operation.

Normal Operation — One of the following will take place:

1. When the temperature of the room is equal to or greater than the selected temperature (by not more than 3° F), the unit will operate for 8 minutes as follows: the compressor and outdoor fan will operate for 3 minutes. The indoor fan will operate in low speed, and 30 seconds after the compressor stops, the indoor fan stops. The unit remains off for 1 minute, and then the indoor fan starts in ultra-low speed for 30 seconds. The normal dehumidification operation is repeated for the newly sensed room temperature.
 2. If the room temperature is equal to or greater than the selected temperature, but not by more than between 4° F and 6° F, the compressor and outdoor fan operate for 4 minutes. The indoor fan will run at ultra-low speed and will stop 30 seconds after the compressor stops. After 3 minutes, the indoor fan runs at ultra-low speed for 30 seconds. The normal dehumidification operation is repeated for the newly sensed room temperature.
 3. When the room temperature is equal to or greater than 4° F below the selected temperature, the system operates as follows: The compressor and outdoor fan operate for 3 minutes. The indoor fan will operate at ultra-low speed and will stop 30 seconds after the compressor stops. After 4 or 5 minutes, the indoor fan starts in ultra-low speed for 30 seconds. The normal dehumidification operation is repeated for the newly sensed room temperature. If the room temperature is still 4° F below the selected temperature, the compressor, outdoor fan, and indoor fan remain off. After 7½ minutes, the indoor fan operates at ultra-low speed for 30 seconds. The normal dehumidification operation is repeated for the newly sensed room temperature.
- **Heat Pump Heating Mode (Heat Pump Systems Only)** — When the heat pump mode is selected, the indoor fan will operate at the selected speed if the speed is high, medium, or low, unless overridden by the coil temperature (to prevent cold drafts). If the indoor fan is in auto. mode, the fan will change operating speeds depending on the difference between the room temperature, the set point, and the coil

temperature. The reversing valve will be off. The compressor cannot run for 3 minutes from the time the system starts up or for 3 minutes from the time it last operated. When the temperature of the room is 8° F below the selected temperature, the unit will operate in heat pump mode until the temperature is 6° F above the selected temperature, or the compressor runs for 40 minutes (whichever comes first). If the temperature of the room is less than 7° F below or equal to the selected temperature, the unit operates in heat pump mode until the selected set point temperature plus 2° F is reached.

- **Demand Defrost Mode (Heat Pump Systems Only)** — This unit uses a demand defrost system to remove frost from the outdoor coil during heating operation. The indoor and outdoor fans are shut off during defrost mode.
- **Sleep Mode** — The sleep mode timer will turn the unit off when the timer reaches zero minutes. During the first 1½ hours from the time the sleep mode timer starts, the room temperature is set back from the selected temperature a total of 4° F in cooling and 6° F in heating (538B only).
- **Awake Mode** — The awake timer will turn the unit on when the timer reaches zero minutes. The unit will start in the same mode and at the same selected temperature as when the system shut off.
- **Automatic Operation Mode for Cooling Only Systems (538A and 538S)** — The unit samples the air in the room. Based on the room temperature, the unit selects one of the following modes:
 1. **Cooling Mode** — If the room temperature is more than 82.4 F with a preset temperature of 78.8 F.
 2. **Dry Mode** — If the room temperature is more than 75.2 F and less than 82.4 F with a preset temperature of 77 F.
 3. **Fan Only Mode** — If the room temperature is less than 75.2 F.

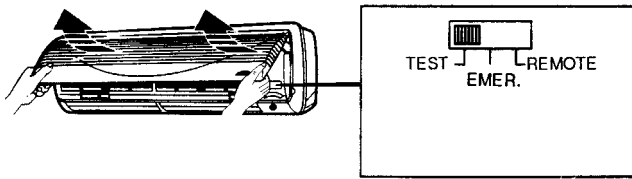
The preset temperature can be changed by ±4 F using the remote control.

- **Automatic Operation Mode for Heat Pump Systems (538B)** — The operation mode will be determined after 20 seconds of room monitoring (to determine the room temperature and the outdoor air temperature).
- **Test Mode** — The test mode can be selected by setting the slide switch on the fan coil unit to TEST position. The slide switch is located on the front of the unit as shown in Fig. 20. The fan coil unit will start immediately (there is no compressor time delay when using test mode) in cooling mode with an infinitely low set point. The indoor fan speed will be at the high setting, and the swing louvers will be on (moving up and down).

NOTE: The unit cannot be controlled by the remote controller until the slide switch is returned to the REMOTE position.

- **Emergency Mode** — This mode is only to be used if the remote controller is lost, damaged, or the batteries are discharged. To initiate emergency mode, manually move the slide switch on the fan coil unit to the EMER position (Fig. 20). The unit is automatically operated in cooling or heating (538B units only) mode according to room temperature. Emergency operation settings are as follows:
 1. Operation mode: AUTO.
 2. Fan Speed: AUTO.
 3. Cooling set point: 77 F
 4. Timer mode: Continuous

NOTE: The unit cannot be controlled by the remote controller until the slide switch is returned to the REMOTE position.



EMER — Emergency Mode

Fig. 20 — Slide Switch

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

⚠ CAUTION: To avoid the possibility of electric shock, before performing any cleaning and maintenance operations always turn off power to the system by pressing the orange ON/OFF button on the remote controller. Turn off the outdoor disconnect switch located near the outdoor unit. If the indoor unit is on a separate switch, be sure it is also disconnected.

For proper system operation, perform the cleaning and maintenance operations in Table 6.

I. LUBRICATION

The indoor-fan automatic air sweep motor, and the outdoor fan motor are factory lubricated and require no oiling.

II. TO INSTALL OR REPLACE REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERIES

⚠ CAUTION: Do not drop the remote controller — damage to the device may result. Avoid getting the controller wet.

NOTE: Before replacing the batteries, note that the remote controller signal can be affected if electronic fluorescent lights are installed nearby. The batteries may not need to be replaced. If you suspect this is the problem, consult your distributor.

Batteries should be replaced once a year. Use 2 batteries (1.5 v, dc-type, AAA alkaline batteries). Never use old or recharged batteries together with new ones.

To replace batteries:

1. Slide the battery cover off from the back of the remote controller. See Fig. 21.
2. Insert the 2 batteries in accordance with the markings on the remote controller, so that the poles are correct (+ and -).

3. Press the **RST** button using an instrument screwdriver or similar small, pointed tool.
4. Replace the cover securely.

It is time to replace the remote controller batteries when the remote controller function becomes irregular, or the system no longer responds to commands given close to the unit.

When shutting down the system for an extended period of time, it is advisable to *remove* the batteries.

Consult distributor if any other equipment is turned on or shows signs of disrupted operation if you use the wireless remote controller, or if the system is turned on or shows signs of disrupted operation when the remote controller of any other equipment is used.

III. TO SET THE CURRENT TIME

1. Press the **TA** button (located on the back of the remote controller; see Fig. 22) with an instrument screwdriver or similar small, pointed tool, and the current time indication symbol flashes.

NOTE: That the controller comes preset from the factory set for 6:00 a.m.

2. Set the current time with the hour and minute buttons on the front of the remote controller (see Fig. 22) while the current time indication is flashing. Note that a.m. and p.m. are also indicated as the times are scrolled through.
3. Press **TA** again. The flashing will stop and the current time will be reset to the new setting.

IV. TO REMOVE AND CLEAN OR REPLACE AIR FILTERS

⚠ CAUTION: Operating your system with dirty air filters may damage the indoor unit and can also cause reduced cooling performance, intermittent system operation, frost build-up on the indoor coil, and blown fuses. Inspect and clean or replace the air filters *monthly*.

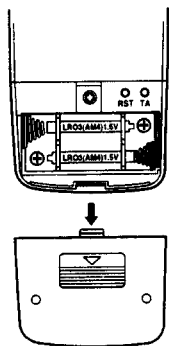
A. To Remove Air Filters

1. Open fan coil unit front panel (lift). See Fig. 23.
2. Pull the filters down to remove.

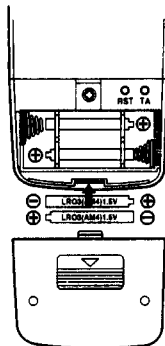
Table 6 — Cleaning and Maintenance Schedule

TASK	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	YEARLY
INDOOR UNIT			
Clean Air Filters	X		
Clean Drain Pipe		X	
Clean Condensate Drain Pan			X
Replace Batteries in the Remote Controller*			X
Clean Indoor Unit Front Panel		X	
OUTDOOR UNIT			
Clean the Fins From Outside		X	
Open the Unit and Clean Fins Inside			X
Remove Dust From Electrical Parts			X
Check Electrical Connections are Tight			X
Clean Outdoor Fan			X
Check that Outdoor Fan Assembly is Tight			X
Clean Drain Pan		X	

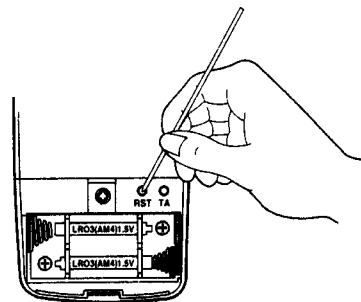
NOTE: Maintenance procedures for the outdoor unit are in the 538A, 538B, and 538S installation instructions.



REMOVE COVER



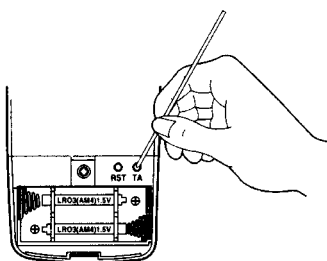
INSERT NEW BATTERIES



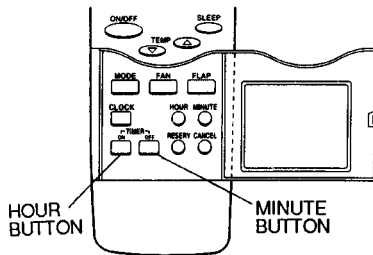
PRESS **RST**

NOTE: Be sure to insert new batteries correctly (as shown).

Fig. 21 — Installing or Replacing Batteries



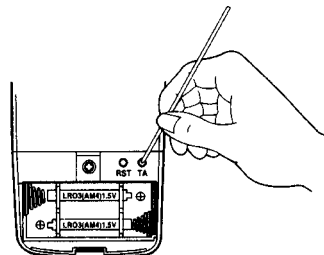
PRESS **TA**



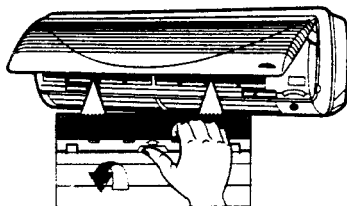
HOUR BUTTON MINUTE BUTTON

SET TIME

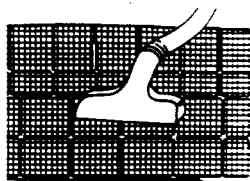
Fig. 22 — Setting the Current Time



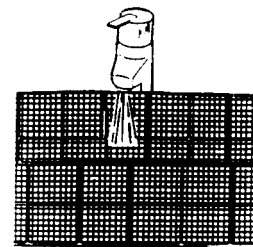
PRESS **TA**



REMOVE FILTER



VACUUM CLEAN



RINSE WITH WATER

Fig. 23 — Air Filter Maintenance

B. To Clean or Replace Filters

Filters should be vacuumed and washed with warm water (see Fig. 23). Shake filter to remove any excess water, dry thoroughly, and replace by sliding filter behind front grille until filter snaps in place.

If the filter has begun to break down or is torn, it needs to be replaced. Replacement filters are available through your distributor.

V. TO CLEAN INDOOR UNIT FRONT PANEL

If the front panel of the unit becomes dirty or smudged, wipe the outside of the front panel with a soft dry cloth. If necessary, use a mild liquid detergent and wipe off carefully with a dry cloth.

⚠ CAUTION: When cleaning the front panel, NEVER use water hotter than 105 F, and DO NOT pour water onto the fan coil unit. Do not use abrasive or petroleum-based cleaners — damage to unit appearance will result.

VI. TO CLEAN INDOOR COIL

To clean the coil, remove indoor unit front panel, and vacuum the coil fins. Use care not to bend or damage fins.

VII. TO CLEAN OUTDOOR COIL (Outdoor Unit)

⚠ WARNING: Some metal parts and sharp fins of outdoor unit coil can cause personal injury during cleaning. Clean coil carefully.

To clean the outdoor coil:

1. Remove any dirt or obstruction from discharge opening.
2. Use a garden hose to spray water on the coil. Debris that collects between coil fins inhibits heat transfer — direct the water spray between coil fins to flush out debris.

VIII. TO CLEAN CONDENSATE DRAINS

Clean all drains and drain pans at the start of each cooling season. Check the flow by pouring water into the drain.

SERVICE

⚠ WARNING: When servicing unit, turn off all electric power to unit to avoid shock hazard or injury from rotating parts.

⚠ CAUTION: Do not vent refrigerant to atmosphere when servicing unit. Recover refrigerant during system repair or unit removal.

I. DIAGNOSTIC CODES

This unit is equipped with a microprocessor control which continuously monitors the operation of the unit. If an operational fault is detected, a fault is indicated by the flashing of the green “UNIT ON” light on the front of the fan coil unit. A red LED (light-emitting diode) indicator light, located on the control board in the control box of the indoor unit, will emit a flash code which can be used to troubleshoot a system problem. The control will continue to monitor the unit and, if the conditions which cause the fault are cleared, the unit will return to normal operation. If the fault code is present for 5 cycles of the unit, the unit will be locked out and the alarm is indicated by the flashing of the green “UNIT ON” light on the front of the fan coil unit.

To access the LED indicator light, remove the front cover of the unit by removing the 3 screws holding it in place.

If the LED indicator light continuously flashes on for one second, then off for one second, the control is functioning properly and no fault is present. A fast flashing LED indicates that a fault has been detected. Table 7 lists the number of quick flashes and the associated fault. If the system does not operate and the LED indicator does not flash, either the power to the control board is off, or the control board has failed.

Table 7 — System Fault Codes

NO. OF QUICK LED FLASHES	SYSTEM FAULT
2	Room Air Thermistor
3	Indoor Coil Thermistor
4	Outdoor Coil Thermistor*
5	Compressor Malfunction
6	Reversing Valve Malfunction*
7	Outdoor Air Thermistor*
8	Indoor Fan Failure
9	Discharge Air Thermistor

LED — Light-Emitting Diode

*Heat pump systems only.

NOTE: If the LED light continuously flashes on for one second, then off for one second, the control is functioning properly and no fault is present.

II. SYSTEM TESTS

System tests listed below are performed continuously by the microprocessor. If a fault is indicated, then the system allows only limited operation until the problem is resolved. If the problem resolves itself, then the code is cleared and operation resumes.

A. Thermistor Tests

Each thermistor is tested for high limit out of range (shorted condition) and low limit out of range (open condition). If the thermistor is out of range, the fault status indicator comes on and the LED flashes the appropriate fault code.

B. Compressor Failure

If the System is in Cooling or Dehumidification Mode

After 5 minutes of operation, if the temperature of the indoor coil is not 4° F less than at the time the call for cooling started, then a compressor failure is indicated on the remote controller LCD display.

If the System is in Heat Pump Heating Mode (538B Only)

After 5 minutes of operation, if the temperature indicated by the outdoor coil thermistor is not 4° F less than at the time the call for heating started, then a compressor failure is indicated.

C. Reversing Valve Failure

If the System is in Cooling or Dehumidification Mode

After 5 minutes of operation, if the temperature at the indoor coil is 4° F more than at the time the call for cooling started, then a reversing valve failure is indicated.

If the System is in Heat Pump Heating Mode

After 5 minutes of operation, if the temperature indicated by the outdoor coil is 4° F more than at the time the call for heating started, then a reversing valve failure is indicated.

III. SYSTEM SAFETIES AND INTERLOCKS

A. Indoor Fan Failure

If the indoor fan rpm shows greater than 800 rpm for 30 seconds with the fan in the off mode, then this test indicates an indoor fan failure. Also, if the indoor fan rpm is greater than 1700 rpm for 30 seconds, then this test indicates an indoor fan failure.

B. Compressor Short-Cycling Protection

There is a time delay of 3 minutes between compressor turning off and turning back on.

C. Indoor Coil Freeze Protection (Cooling or Dehumidification Mode Only)

If the indoor coil temperature is less than or equal to 32 F for 10 minutes after the compressor has started, then the compressor and outdoor fan are turned off. The indoor fan continues to run at the user-selected speed until the indoor coil reaches 44 F. At that time, the compressor and outdoor fan will restart.

D. Indoor Coil High-Temperature Protection (Heat Pump Systems Only)

If indoor coil temperature is greater than or equal to 135 F, the outdoor fan shuts down. The outdoor fan will restart automatically when the indoor coil temperature drops to 120 F.

TROUBLESHOOTING

See Table 8 and Fig. 24 and 25 to assist in troubleshooting the 619E fan coil units.

Table 8 — Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	POTENTIAL SOURCE	ACTION
Unit does not operate	Circuit breaker has tripped or fuse is blown	Reset the circuit breaker or replace the fuse.
	Power failure	Restart fan coil unit operation when power is restored.
	Voltage is too low	Confirm the available voltage.
Insufficient Cooling	Air filter is blocked with dust	Clean the air filter.
	Temperature is not set properly	Check and reset if necessary.
	Window(s) and/or door(s) are open	Close window(s) and door(s).
	Outdoor unit is obstructed	Remove the obstruction.
	Fan speed is too low	Change the fan speed
	Operation mode is set to fan or auto. mode	Change to cooling operation or reset temperature (using remote controller).
Insufficient Heating*	Air filter is blocked with dust	Clean the air filter.
	Temperature is not set properly	Check and reset if necessary.
	Window(s) and/or door(s) are open	Close window(s) and door(s).
	Outdoor unit is obstructed	Remove the obstruction.
Unit stops during operation	Off timer is operating	Turn off the off timer function.
	Room temperature has reached the programmed set point	Normal unit operation.

*Heat pump systems only.

LEGEND AND NOTES FOR FIG. 24 AND 25

AGING — For the Burn-In Test (short terminals)
AS — Assembly
C — Contactor
CAP — Capacitor
CH — Crankcase Heater
CLO — Compressor Lockout
CN — Connector
COMP — Compressor
CT — Current Transformer
DFB — Defrost Board
DFT — Defrost Thermostat
EQUIP GND — Equipment Ground
FMC — Fan Motor Capacitor
GND — Ground
HA — Home Automation
HPS — High-Pressure Switch
IDC TH — Indoor-Coil Thermistor

IDFM — Indoor Fan Motor
JEM-A — Japan Electric Manufacturing Industry Association
LLPS — Liquid Low Pressure Switch
LPS — Low-Pressure Switch
OAC TH — Outdoor Coil Thermistor
ODA TH — Outdoor-Air Thermistor
ODC TH — Outdoor-Coil Thermistor
OFM — Outdoor Fan Motor
OFR — Outdoor Fan Relay
OL — Overload
PCB — Printed Circuit Board
RA TH — Return Air Thermistor
RC — Resistor Capacitor
RCV — Receiver
RVS — Reversing Valve Solenoid
SC — Start Capacitor
SR — Start Relay

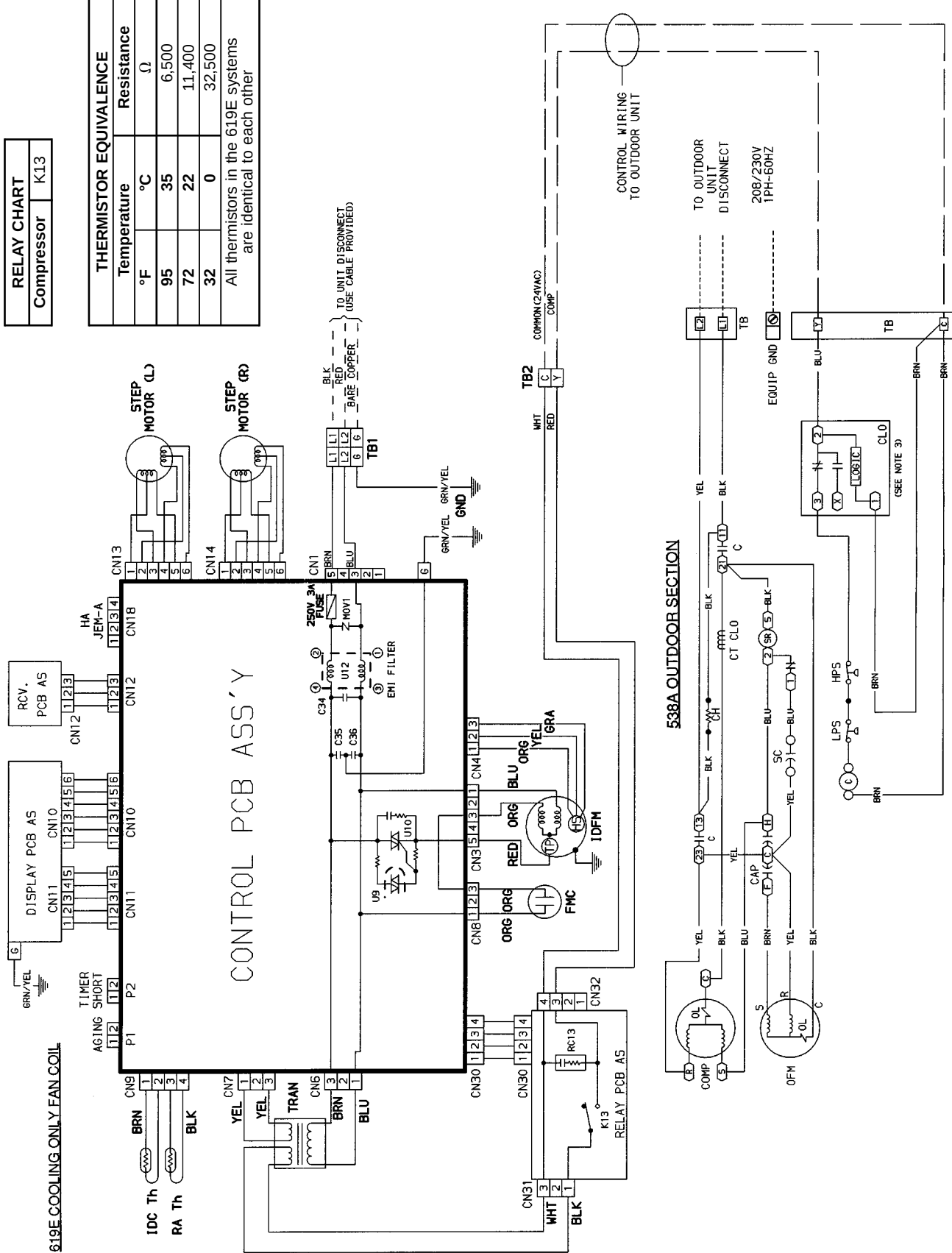
STM — Step Motor
TB — Terminal Block
TRAN — Transformer
U — Unloader
 Terminal (Marked)
 Terminal (Unmarked)
 Splice
 Terminal Block
 Factory Wiring
 Field Control Wiring
 Field Power Wiring
 Accessory or Optional Wiring

NOTES FOR FIG. 24 AND 25

1. If any of the original wire furnished must be replaced, it must be replaced with type 90 C wire or its equivalent.
2. Wire in accordance with National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes.
3. The CLO locks out the compressor to prevent short cycling on compressor overloads and safety devices. Before replacing CLO, check these other devices. A minimum 1 amp turn is required to hold contacts closed.
4. A 24-ft long thermistor wiring cable is provided with the fan coil unit.
5. Compressor and fan motors are protected by internal thermal overloads.
6. Transformer has an internal 2 amp thermal fuse on the primary side.

RELAY CHART	
Compressor	K13

THERMISTOR EQUIVALENCE	
Temperature	Resistance
°F	°C
95	35
72	22
32	0
All thermistors in the 619E systems are identical to each other	



START-UP CHECKLIST

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

INDOOR UNIT: MODEL NO. _____ SERIAL NO. _____
OUTDOOR UNIT: MODEL NO. _____ SERIAL NO. _____

ACCESSORIES: _____

PISTONS (538A AND 538B SYSTEMS ONLY): INDOOR SIZE: _____
OUTDOOR SIZE (538B SYSTEMS ONLY): _____

REFRIGERANT PIPING: EQUIVALENT LINE LENGTH: _____ (IF OVER 50 FT)*

LIFT: FAN COIL ABOVE OUTDOOR UNIT (IF OVER 25 FT)*? _____

FAN COIL BELOW OUTDOOR UNIT (IF OVER 25 FT)*? _____

*APPLIES ONLY TO 538A AND 538B UNITS USING LONG-LINES APPLICATIONS. MAXIMUM EQUIVALENT LINE LENGTH FOR 538S SYSTEMS IS 50 FT. MAXIMUM LIFT ON 538S APPLICATIONS IS 30 FT FROM LOWEST SYSTEM POINT TO HIGHEST SYSTEM POINT.

PRE-START-UP

INDOOR UNIT (REFER TO OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR OUTDOOR UNIT PRE-START-UP FUNCTIONS)

IS THERE ANY SHIPPING DAMAGE? _____

IF YES, WHERE? _____

WILL THIS DAMAGE PREVENT UNIT START-UP? _____

CHECK POWER SUPPLY. IS IT 208/230, SINGLE PHASE? _____

HAS GROUND WIRE BEEN CONNECTED? _____

HAS THE CORRECT SIZE FUSE OR HACR BREAKER BEEN PROVIDED? _____

ARE POWER WIRES TO THE UNIT SIZED AND INSTALLED PROPERLY? _____

IS THE DISCONNECT SWITCH INSTALLED IN SIGHT FROM THE UNIT? _____

IS THE LOW-VOLTAGE CABLE (INDOOR TO OUTDOOR UNIT) RUN AND CONNECTED PROPERLY? _____

HAS CONDENSATE DRAIN BEEN RUN AND SLOPED PROPERLY? _____

IS AIR FILTER(S) IN PLACE? _____

IS UNIT MOUNTED LEVEL? _____

IS COOLING PISTON INSTALLED, THE CORRECT SIZE, AND IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION (538A AND 538B SYSTEMS ONLY)? _____

IS HEATING PISTON INSTALLED, THE CORRECT SIZE, AND IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION (538B SYSTEMS ONLY)? _____

PIPING

IS A LIQUID LINE SOLENOID INSTALLED IF REQUIRED BY LONG-LINE APPLICATIONS (538A AND 538B SYSTEMS ONLY)? _____

IS FILTER DRIER INSTALLED AT THE OUTDOOR UNIT (538A AND 538B SYSTEMS ONLY)? _____

HAVE LEAK CHECKS BEEN MADE AT THE COMPRESSOR, OUTDOOR UNIT, FLARE CONNECTIONS, FILTER DRIERS, AND FUSIBLE PLUGS WITH A LEAK DETECTOR?† _____

†FIELD PIPING AND ALL TUBING CONNECTIONS MUST BE LEAK TESTED BY THE PRESSURE METHOD. USE R-22 AT APPROXIMATELY 25 PSIG BACKED UP WITH AN INERT GAS TO REACH A TOTAL SYSTEM PRESSURE NOT TO EXCEED 245 PSIG.

START-UP CHECKLIST (cont)

HAS PIPING SYSTEM BEEN EVACUATED TO 1000 MICRONS (IF REQUIRED)? _____

HAS SYSTEM CHARGE BEEN WEIGHED IN (IF REQUIRED)? _____

HAVE SERVICE VALVES BEEN FULLY BACKSEATED? _____

CHECK VOLTAGE: IS VOLTAGE WITHIN RANGE SHOWN FOR UNIT (WITH UNIT OPERATING)?
OUTDOOR _____ INDOOR _____

START-UP

IF UNIT HAS A CRANKCASE HEATER, HAS IT BEEN ON FOR 24 HOURS? _____

MEASURE AND RECORD THE:

AIR ENTERING OUTDOOR UNIT: _____ F

AIR ENTERING INDOOR UNIT: _____ F

DISCHARGE LINE TEMPERATURE: _____ F

VAPOR LINE TEMPERATURE: _____ F

MEASURE AND RECORD THE:

VAPOR LINE PRESSURE: _____ PSIG

DISCHARGE PRESSURE: _____ PSIG

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE