

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

R-410A Single-Package Rooftop Gas Heat/Electric Cooling RGH 181-303

RGH horizontal 17.5 and 20 ton units for installation in the United States contain use of a 2-speed indoor fan control system. This complies with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) efficiency standard of 2018. RGH units for installation outside the United States may or may not contain use of a 2-speed indoor fan control system as they are not required to comply with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) efficiency standard of 2018.

For specific details on operation of the 2-speed indoor fan system refer to the Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Factory-Installed Option 2-Speed Motor Control Installation, Setup, and Troubleshooting manual.


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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause explosion, fire, electrical shock or other conditions which may cause personal injury or property damage. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or your distributor or branch for information or assistance. The qualified installer or agency must use factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product. Refer to the individual instructions packaged with the kits or accessories when installing.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloths for brazing operations and have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and appropriate national electrical codes (in USA, ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code (NEC); in Canada, CSA C22.1) for special requirements.

It is important to recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices, which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when leak testing at pressure greater than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressures greater than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa) will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa), it must be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 0.5 psig (3450 Pa) or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by closing the manual gas valve.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch.

WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

Puron® (R-410A) refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on Puron refrigerant equipment.

⚠ WARNING

PERSONAL INJURY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal.

Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerants and oils.

⚠ CAUTION

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing air-conditioning equipment.

Rated Indoor Airflow (cfm) — Table 1 lists the rated indoor airflow used for the AHRI efficiency rating for the units covered in this document.



Table 1 — Rated Indoor Airflow

MODEL NUMBER	FULL LOAD AIRFLOW (CFM)
RGH 181/183	4900
RGH 210/213	5700
RGH 240/243	6500
RGH 300/303	8125

MODEL SERIES	R	G	H	1	8	1	L	D	B	B	0	A	A	T
Position Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R = Rooftop														
G = Gas Heat/Elect Cool Type														
H = High Efficiency Efficiency														
181 = 180,000 BTUH - 15 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA 183 = 180,000 BTUH - 15 tons (2-stage cooling) Horizontal SA/RA 210 = 180,000 BTUH - 17.5 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA 213 = 180,000 BTUH - 17.5 tons (2-stage cooling) Horizontal SA/RA 240 = 240,000 BTUH - 20 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA 243 = 240,000 BTUH - 20 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA 300 = 240,000 BTUH - 25 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA 303 = 240,000 BTUH - 25 tons (2-stage cooling) Vertical SA/RA Nominal Cooling Capacity														
H = 208/230-3-60														
L = 460-3-60														
S = 575-3-60 Voltage														
D = Low Heat, Aluminum Hx														
E = Med Heat, Aluminum Hx														
F = High Heat, Aluminum Hx														
S = Low Heat, Stainless Steel Hx														
R = Med Heat, Stainless Steel Hx														
T = High Heat, Stainless Steel Hx Heating Capacity														
A = Standard Motor														
B = High Static Motor														
C = Medium Static Motor (Standard or High Efficiency)														
E = High Static - High Efficiency Motor														
F = Medium Static - High Efficiency Motor														
G = High Static Motor with Hot Gas Re-Heat														
H = High Static Motor with Hot Gas Re-Heat Motor Option (Indoor Fan)														
A = None														
B = Temp Economizer w/Baro-relief														
E = Temp Economizer w/Baro-relief + CO ₂ Sensor														
H = Enthalpy Economizer w/Baro-relief														
L = Enthalpy Economizer w/Baro-relief + CO ₂ Sensor														
U = Temp Ultra Low Leak Economizer w/Baro-relief														
W = Enthalpy Ultra Low Leak Economizer w/Baro-relief														
P = 2-Position damper Outdoor Air Options / Control														
OA = No Options														
4B = Non-Fused Disconnect Switch														
AA = Hinged Access Panels														
AT = Un-Powered Convenience Outlet														
BB = Powered Convenience Outlet														
BP = Return Air Smoke Detector														
BR = Supply Air Smoke Detector Factory Installed Options														
A = Standard Al Fin/Cu Tubes														
B = Pre-coated Condenser Coil														
C = E-Coated Condenser Coil Condenser / Evaporator Coil Configuration														
A = Standard Single Speed Indoor Fan Motor. For W7212 Controls														
B = Standard Single Speed Indoor Fan Motor. For W7220 Controls														
T = Two Speed Indoor Fan Motor with Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Motor Type Option														

Fig. 1 — Model Number Nomenclature (Example)

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2.  CENTER OF GRAVITY
3.  DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

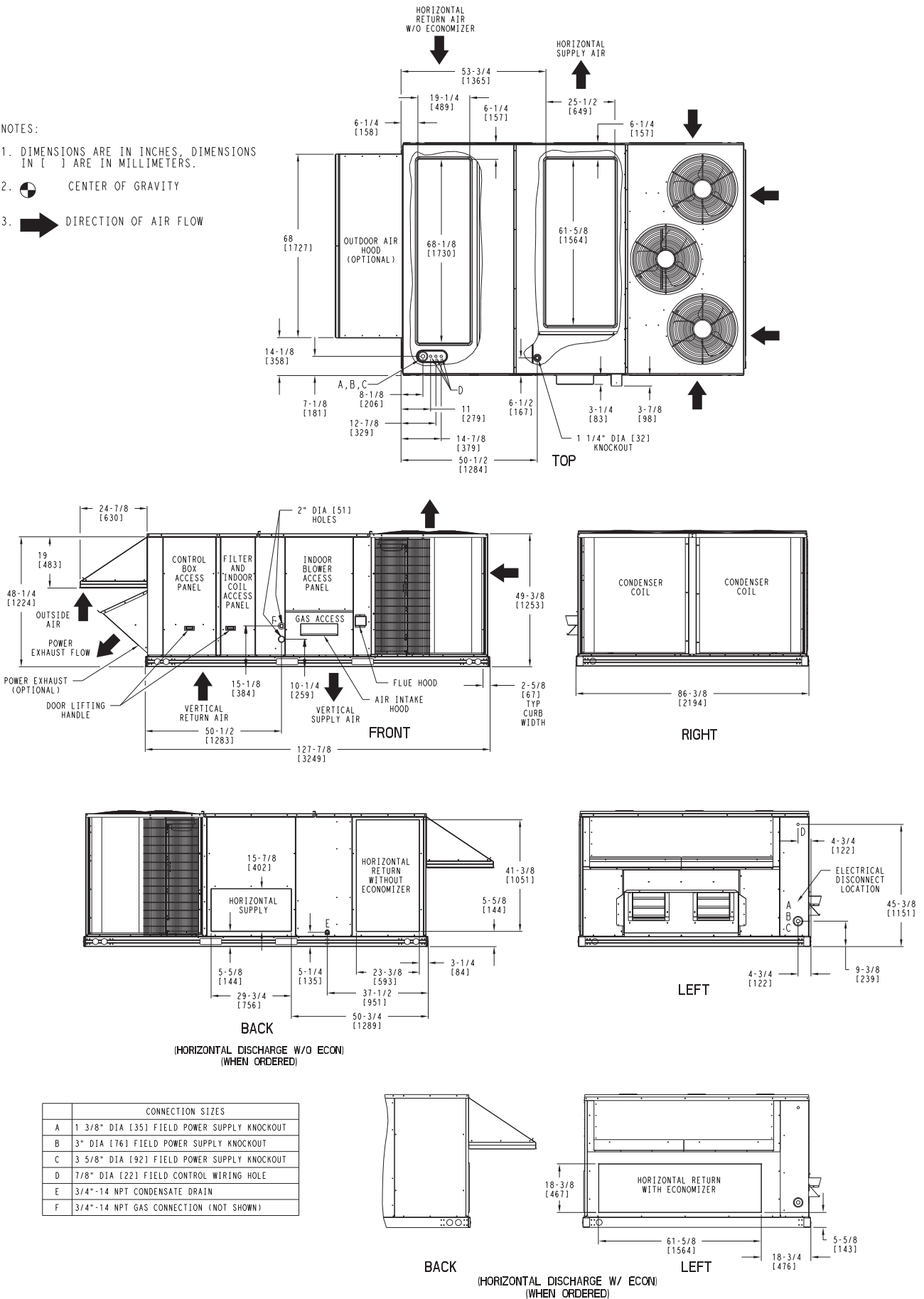


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 181 and 183

UNIT	STD UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z
181/183	1892	860	401	182	449	204	565	257	505	230	48 [1219]	67 3/8 [1711]	16 1/2 [419]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.
 FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

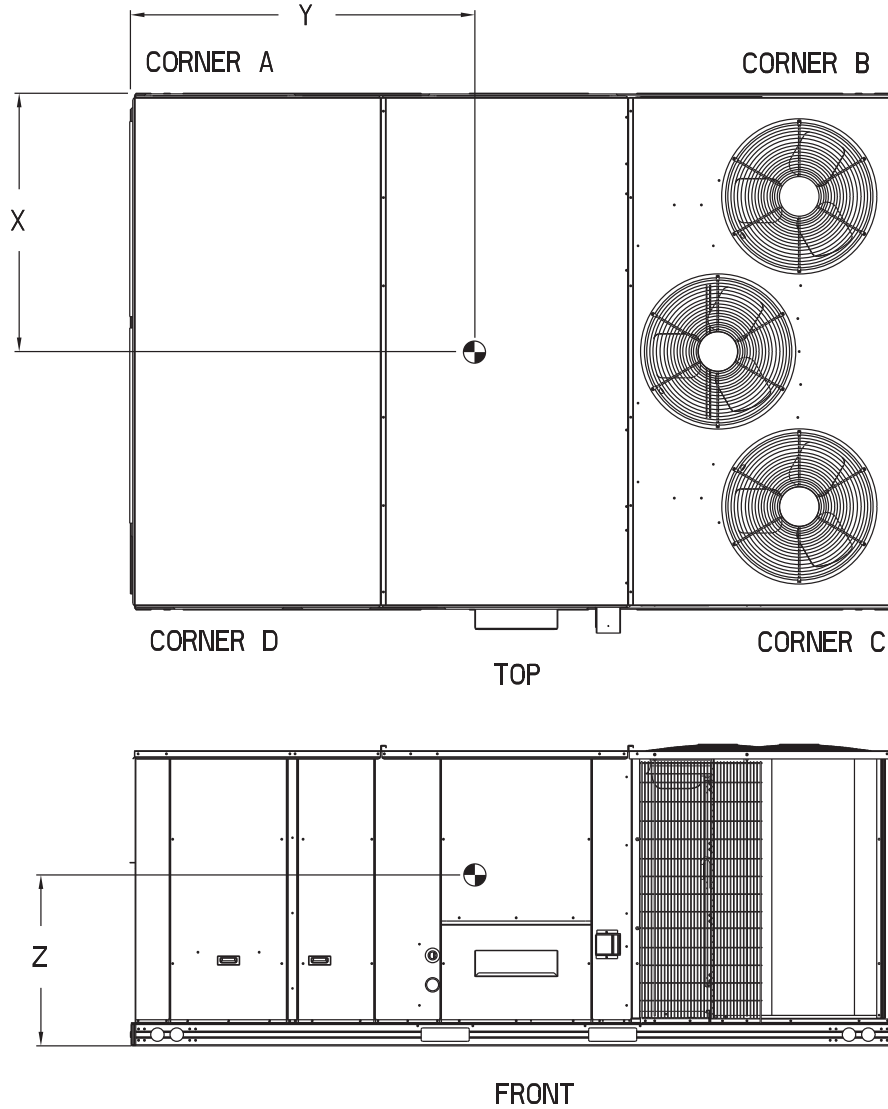


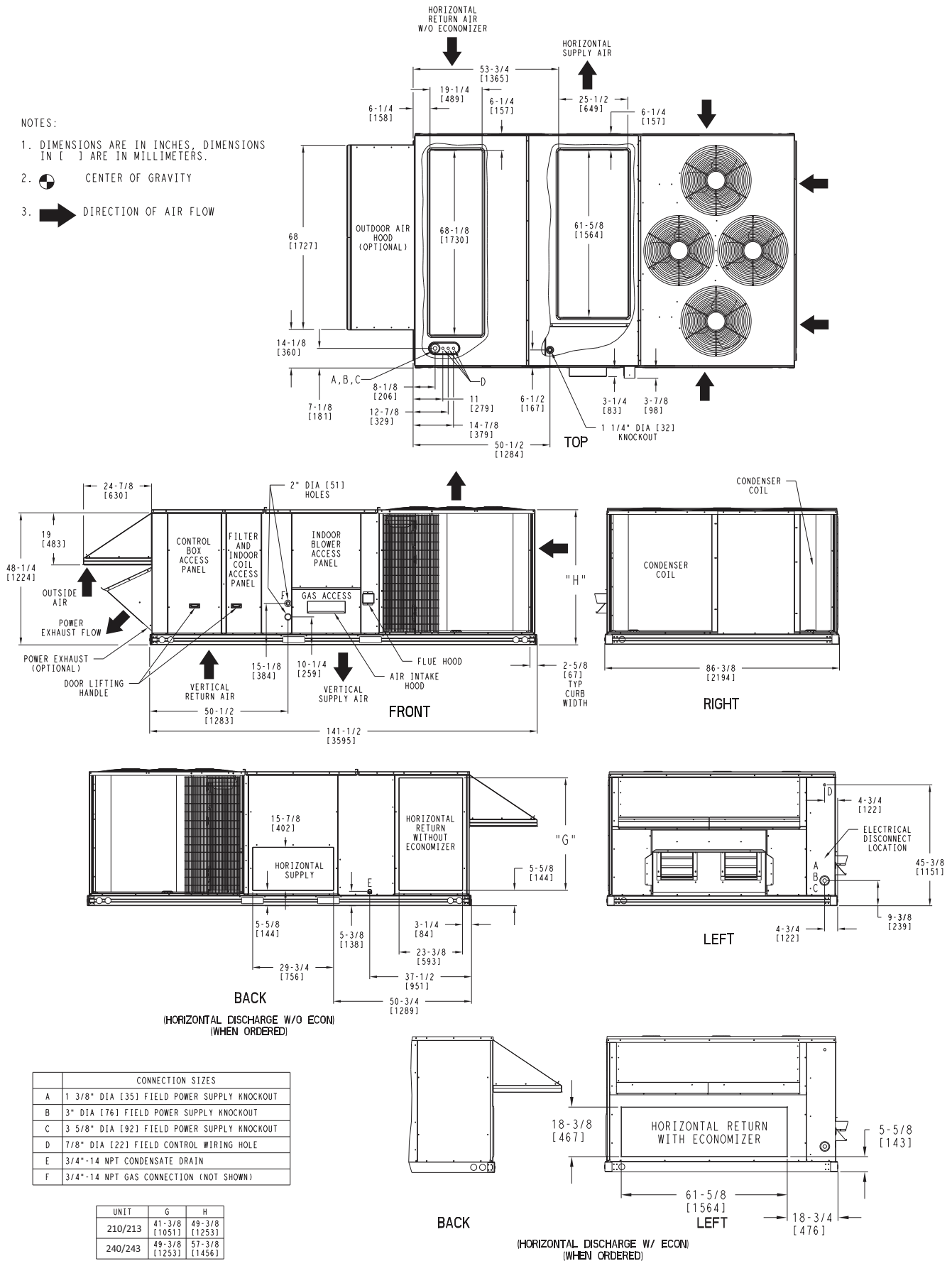


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 181 and 183 (cont)

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2.  CENTER OF GRAVITY
3.  DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW



CONNECTION SIZES	
A	1 3/8" DIA [35] FIELD POWER SUPPLY KNOCKOUT
B	3" DIA [76] FIELD POWER SUPPLY KNOCKOUT
C	3 5/8" DIA [92] FIELD POWER SUPPLY KNOCKOUT
D	7/8" DIA [22] FIELD CONTROL WIRING HOLE
E	3/4"-14 NPT CONDENSATE DRAIN
F	3/4"-14 NPT GAS CONNECTION (NOT SHOWN)

UNIT	G	H
210/213	41-3/8 [1051]	49-3/8 [1253]
240/243	49-3/8 [1253]	57-3/8 [1456]

Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 210, 213, 240 and 243

UNIT	STD. UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z
210/213	2102	956	474	215	390	177	593	269	582	265	47 1/2 [1207]	71 1/4 [1810]	16 1/2 [419]
240/243	2247	1021	540	246	556	253	598	272	581	264	44 5/8 [1133]	71 5/8 [1819]	19 [483]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.
 FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

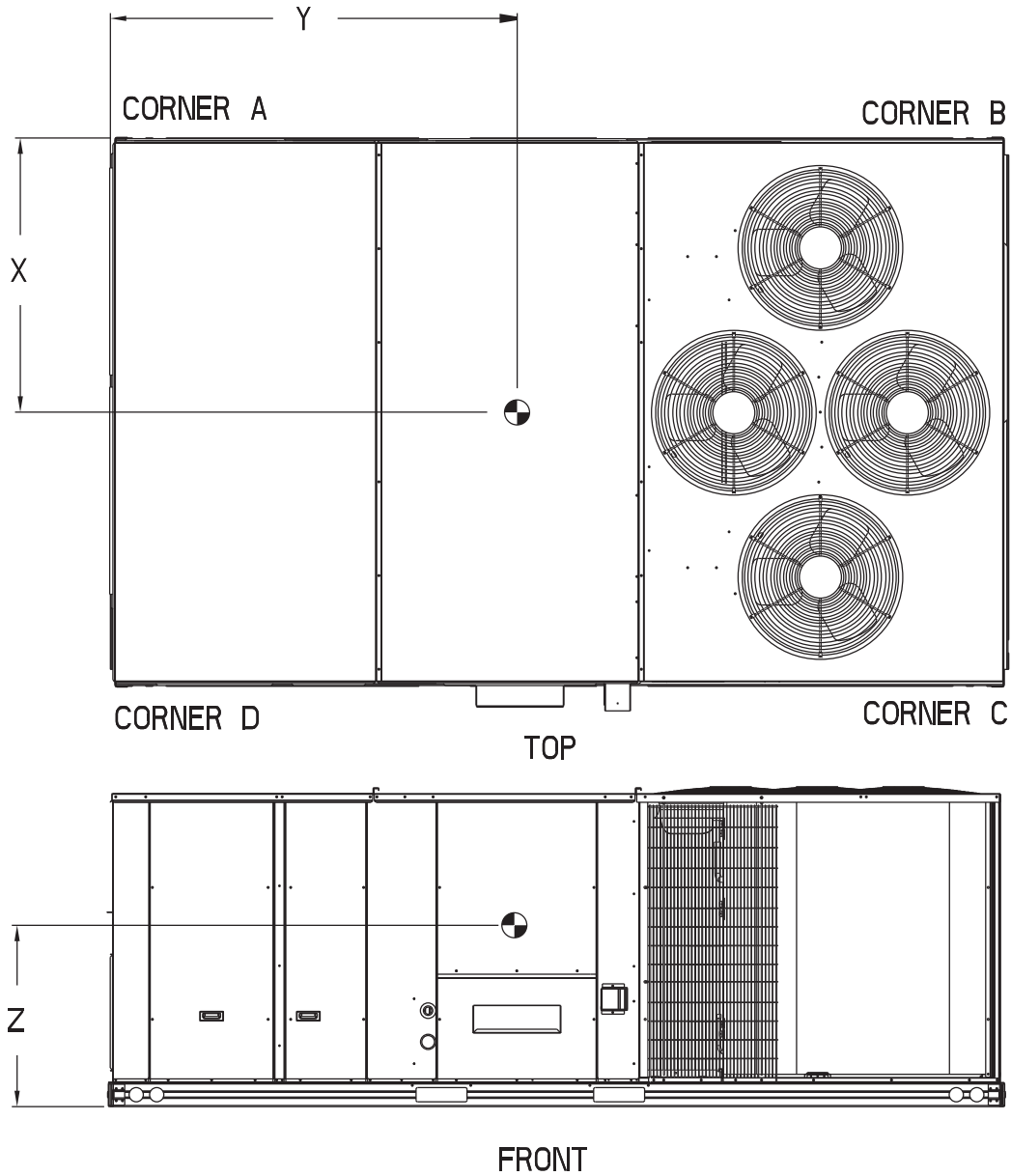




Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 210, 213, 240 and 243 (cont)

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2.  CENTER OF GRAVITY
3.  DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

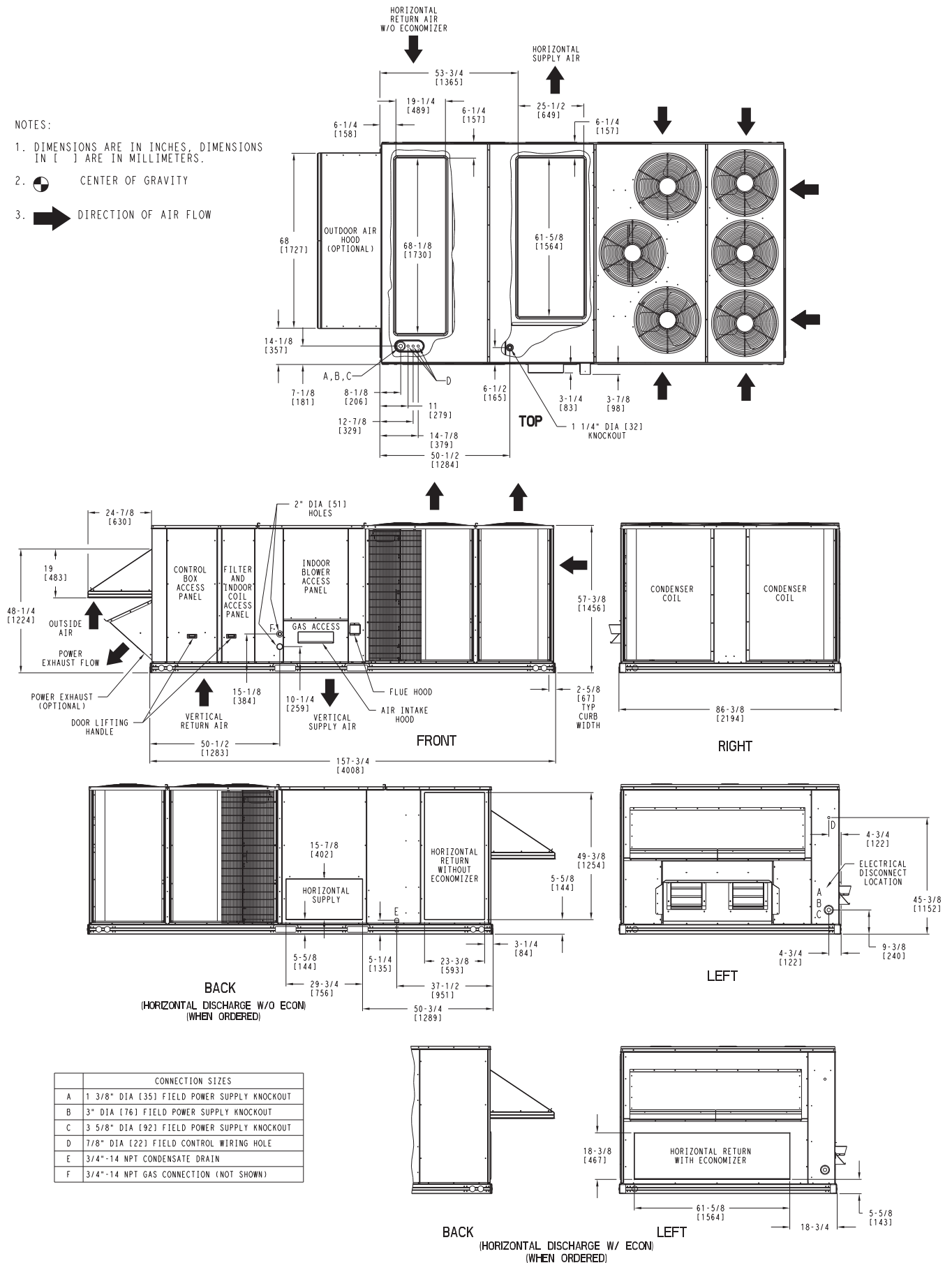


Fig. 4 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 300 and 303

UNIT	STD UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z
300/303	2292	1042	577	262	559	254	583	265	602	274	44 [1118]	77 1/2 [1969]	19 [483]

* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.
FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

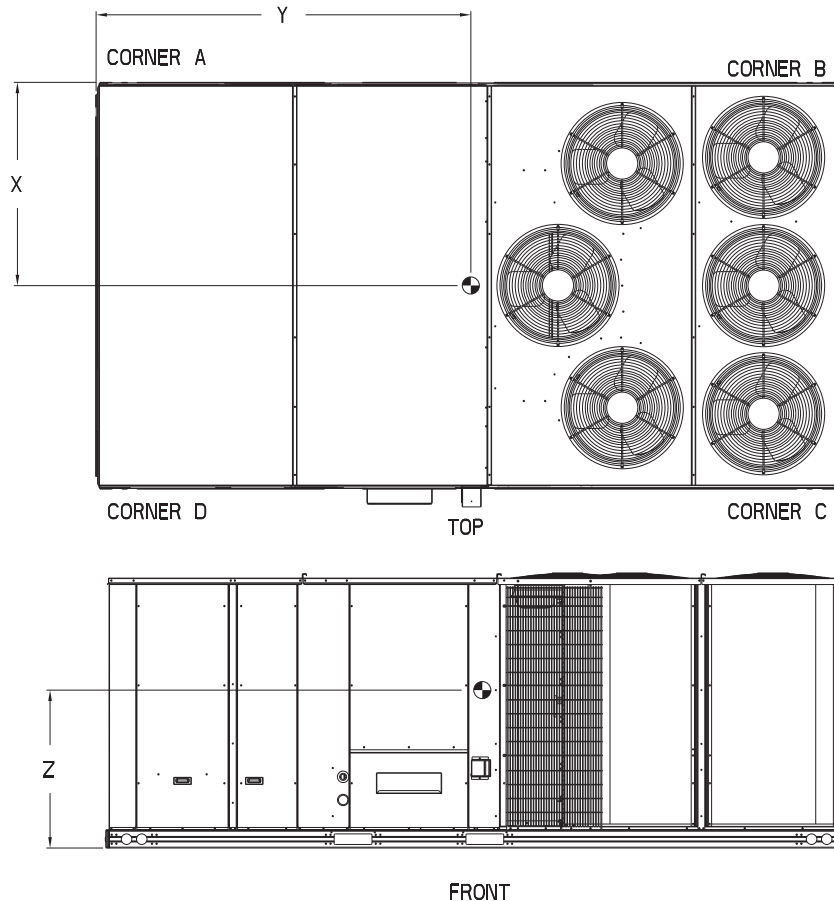


Fig. 4 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — RGH 300 and 303 (cont)

INSTALLATION

Jobsite Survey — Complete the following checks before installation.

1. Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.
3. Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

Step 1 — Plan for Unit Location — Select a location for the unit and its support system (curb or other) that provides for at least the minimum clearances required for safety. This includes the clearance to combustible surfaces, unit performance and service access below, around and above unit as specified in unit drawings. See Fig. 5.

NOTE: Consider also the effect of adjacent units.

Be sure that the unit is installed such that snow will not block the combustion air intake or flue outlet.

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on Class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

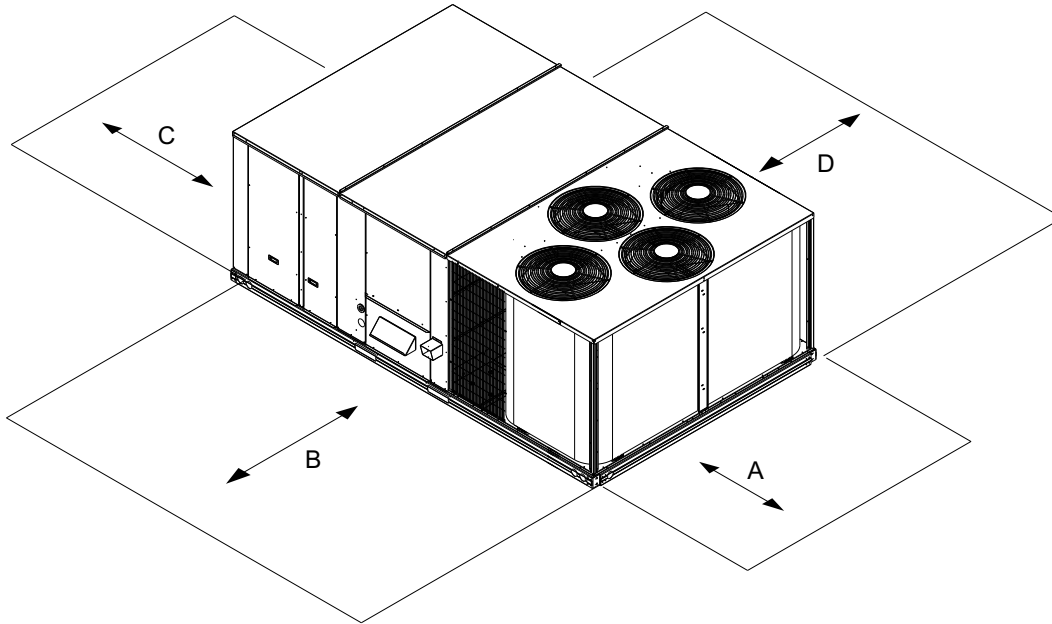
Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents, relief valves, or other sources of

contaminated air. For proper unit operation, adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided in accordance with Section 5.3 (Air for Combustion and Ventilation) of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (American National Standards Institute) and NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 54 TIA-54-84-1. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1-B149 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

Although unit is weatherproof, avoid locations that permit water from higher level runoff and overhangs to fall onto the unit.

Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from any opening through which combustion products could enter the building, and at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from any adjacent building (or per local code). Locate the flue assembly at least 10 ft (3.05 m) from an adjacent unit's fresh air intake hood if within 3 ft (0.91 m) of same elevation (or per local code). When unit is located adjacent to public walkways, flue assembly must be at least 7 ft (2.1 m) above grade.

Select a unit mounting system that provides adequate height to allow installation of condensate trap per requirements. Refer to Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line for required trap dimensions.



LOCATION	DIMENSION	CONDITION
A	48-in. (1219 mm) 18-in. (457 mm) 18-in. (457 mm) 12-in. (305 mm)	Unit disconnect is mounted on panel No disconnect, convenience outlet option Recommended service clearance Minimum clearance
B	42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check sources of flue products within 10-ft of unit fresh air intake hood
C	36-in. (914 mm) 18-in. (457 mm)	Side condensate drain is used Minimum clearance
D	48-in. (1219 mm) 42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	No flue discharge accessory installed, surface is combustible material Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall, another unit) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check for adjacent units or building fresh air intakes within 10-ft (3 m) of this unit's flue outlet

NOTE: Unit not designed to have overhead obstruction. Contact Application Engineering for guidance on any application planning overhead obstruction or for vertical clearances.

Fig. 5 — Service Clearance Dimensional Drawing

ROOF MOUNT — Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 1.

Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installation —

The support method used for this unit will dictate different sequences for the steps of unit installation. For example, on curb-mounted units, some accessories must be installed on the unit before the unit is placed on the curb. Review the following for recommended sequences for installation steps.

CURB-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

- Install curb
- Install field-fabricated ductwork inside curb
- Install accessory thru-base service connection package (affects curb and unit)
- Rig and place unit
- Remove top skid
- Install outside air hood
- Install smoke detector tube
- Install combustion air hood
- Install flue hood
- Install gas piping

- Install condensate line trap and piping
- Make electrical connections
- Install other accessories

PAD-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

- Prepare pad and unit supports
- Rig and place unit
- Remove duct covers and top skid
- Install smoke detector return air sensor tube
- Install field-fabricated ductwork at unit duct openings
- Install outside air hood
- Install combustion air hood
- Install flue hood
- Install gas piping
- Install condensate line trap and piping
- Make electrical connections
- Install other accessories

Table 1 — Operating Weights

RGH	UNITS LB (KG)			
	181/183	210/213	240/243	300/303
Base Unit	1892 (858)	2102 (954)	2247 (1019)	2292 (1040)
Economizer	246 (112)	246 (112)	246 (112)	246 (112)
Powered Outlet	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)
Hot Gas Re-Heat System	110 (50)	120 (54)	120 (54)	120 (54)
Curb				
14-in./356 mm	240 (109)	255 (116)	255 (116)	273 (124)
24-in./610 mm	340 (154)	355 (161)	355 (161)	355 (161)

FRAME-MOUNTED INSTALLATION — Frame-mounted applications generally follow the sequence for a curb installation. Adapt as required to suit specific installation plan.

Step 3 — Inspect Unit — Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency.

Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

On units with hinged panel option, check to be sure all latches are tight and in closed position.

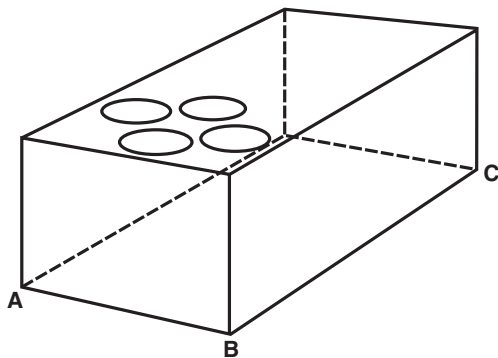
Locate the carton containing the outside air hood parts; see Fig. 7 and 13. Do not remove carton until unit has been rigged and located in final position.

Step 4 — Provide Unit Support

ROOF CURB MOUNT — Accessory roof curb details and dimensions are shown in Fig. 8-10. Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with the curb.

NOTE: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 8-10. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Curb should be level. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerances are shown in Fig. 6. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.



MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DIFFERENCE IN. (MM)		
A-B	B-C	A-C
0.25" (6)	0.5" (12)	0.5" (12)

Fig. 6 — Unit Leveling Tolerances

Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. *Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit. Thru-the-base power connection must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb.* If field-installed thru-the-roof curb gas connections are desired remove knockout in basepan located in the gas section, see Fig. 7 for location. Gas connections and power connections to the unit must be field installed after the unit is installed on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, remove knockouts in basepan located in control box area of access panel; see Fig. 2, 3, or 4 for basepan knockout locations for location. Attach the service connections to the basepan.

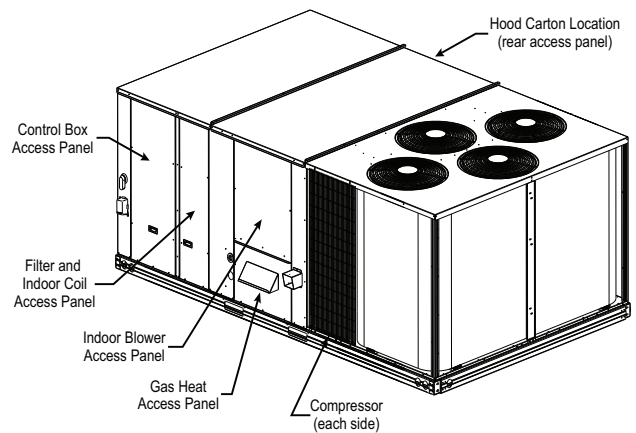


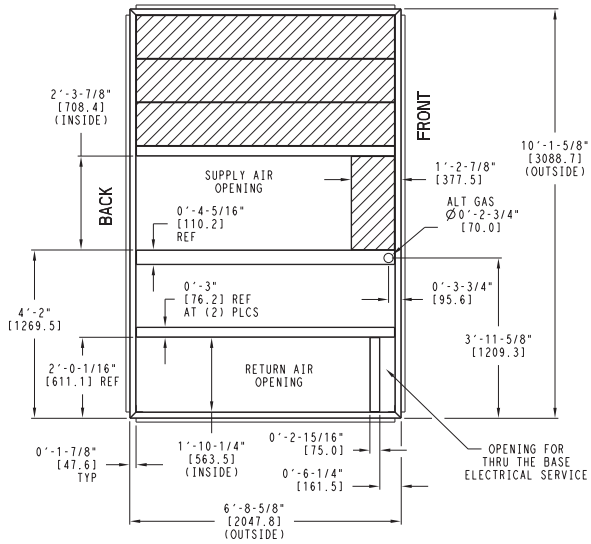
Fig. 7 — Typical Access Panel and Compressor Locations

SLAB MOUNT (HORIZONTAL UNITS ONLY) — Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

ALTERNATE UNIT SUPPORT (IN LIEU OF CURB OR SLAB MOUNT) — A non-combustible sleeper rail can be used in the unit curb support area. If sleeper rails cannot be used, support the long sides of the unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. (102 mm x 102 mm) pads on each side. Locate pads so that they support the rails. Make sure to avoid the fork openings.

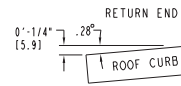
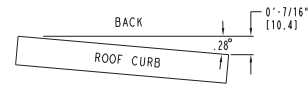
UNIT SIZE	"A"	ROOF CURB ACCESSORY
181/183	1'-2" [356.0] 2'-0" [610.0]	CRRFCURB045A00 CRRFCURB046A00



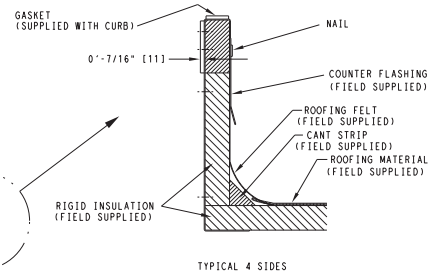
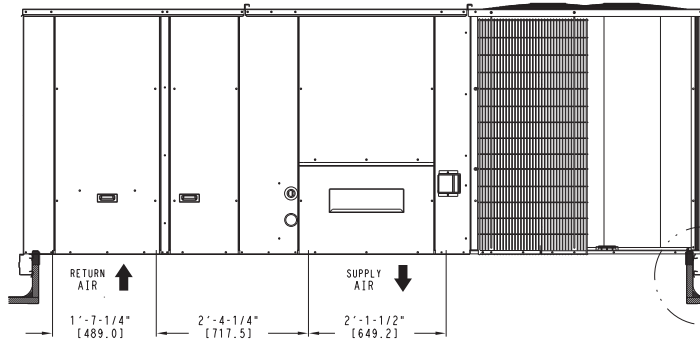
NOTES:

- 1 ROOF CURB ACCESSORY IS SHIPPED UNASSEMBLED.
- 2 DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 3 ROOF CURB GALVANIZED STEEL.
- 4 ATTACH DUCTWORK TO CURB (FLANGES ON DUCT REST ON CURB)
- 5 SERVICE CLEARANCE 4 FT ON EACH SIDE

➔ DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW



MAX CURB LEVELING TOLERANCES



TYPICAL 4 SIDES

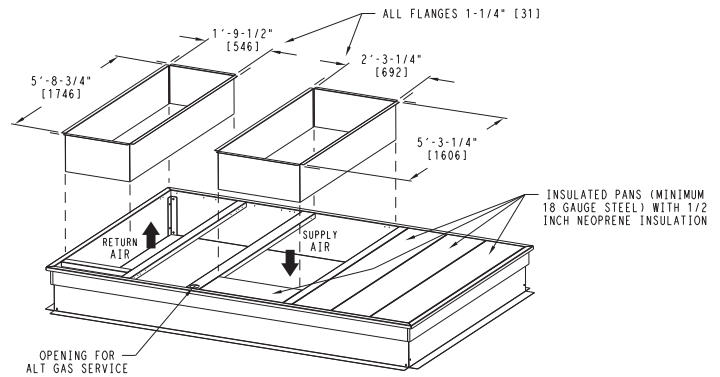
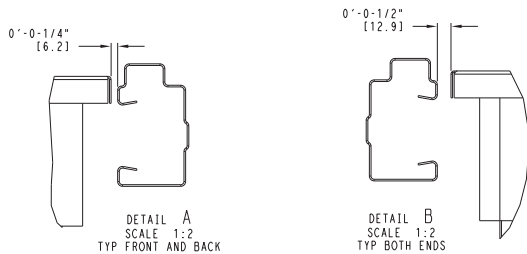
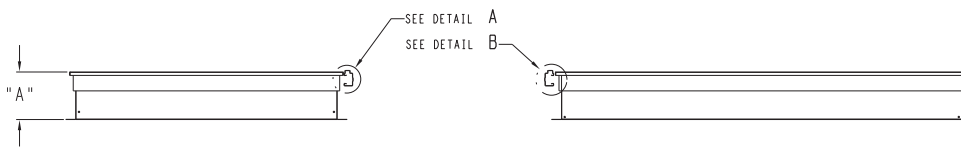
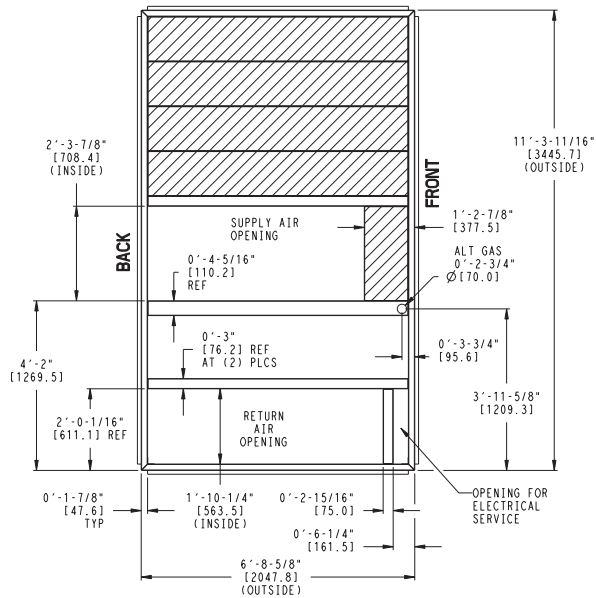


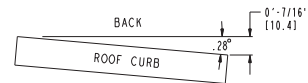
Fig. 8 — Roof Curb Details — RGH 181 and 183

UNIT SIZE	"A"	ROOF CURB ACCESSORY
210-243	1'-2" [356.0] 2'-0" [610.0]	CRRFCURB047A00 CRRFCURB048A00



- NOTES:
- 1 ROOF CURB ACCESSORY IS SHIPPED UNASSEMBLED.
 - 2 DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 - 3 ROOF CURB GALVANIZED STEEL.
 - 4 ATTACH DUCTWORK TO CURB (FLANGES ON DUCT REST ON CURB)
 - 5 SERVICE CLEARANCE 4 FT ON EACH SIDE

➔ DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW



MAX CURB LEVELING TOLERANCES

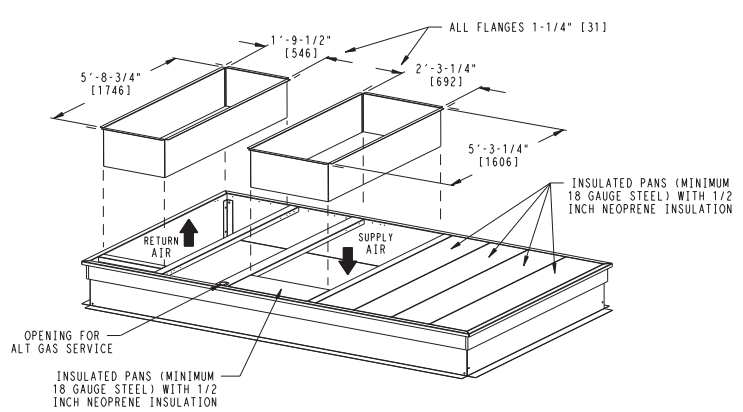
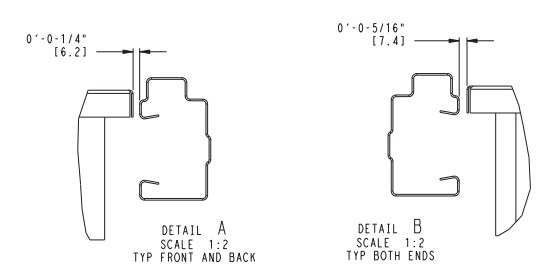
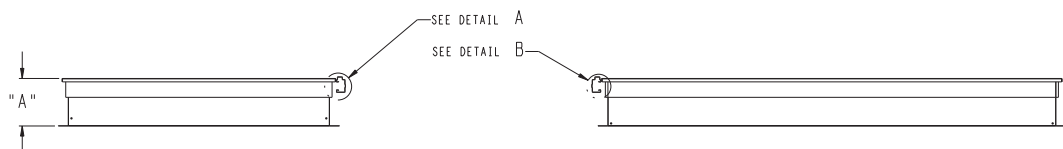
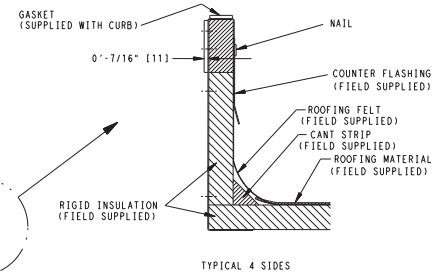
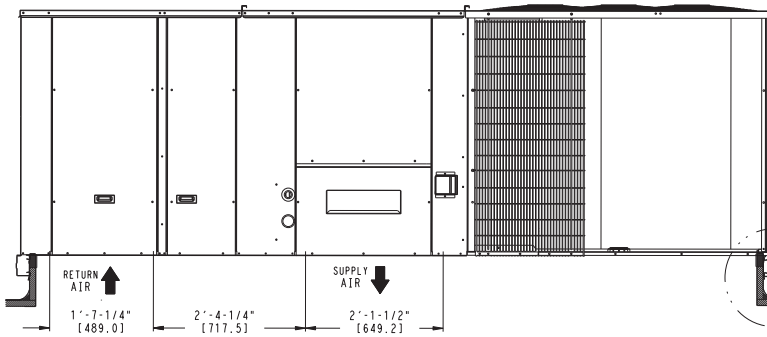
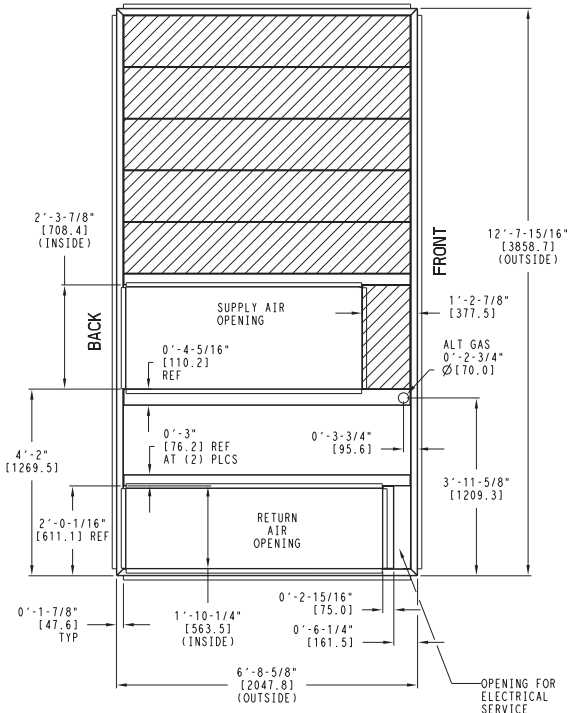


Fig. 9 — Roof Curb Details — RGH 210-243

UNIT SIZE	"A"	ROOF CURB ACCESSORY
300, 303	1'-2" [356.0] 2'-0" [610.0]	CRRFCURB049A00 CRRFCURB050A00



- NOTES:
- 1 ROOF CURB ACCESSORY IS SHIPPED UNASSEMBLED.
 - 2 BOLT HEADS TO BE ON INSIDE OF FLANGE. CLEARANCE IS (11) 0-0-7/16" TYP ALL CORNERS.
 - 3 DIMENSIONS IN () ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 - 4 ROOF CURB GALVANIZED STEEL.
 - 5 ATTACH DUCTWORK TO CURB (FLANGES ON DUCT REST ON CURB)
 - 6 SERVICE CLEARANCE 4 FT ON EACH SIDE
 - 7 GAS SERVICE PLATE IS PART OF A SEPARATELY SHIPPED ACCESSORY PACKAGE.
 - 8 GAS SERVICE PLATE CAN BE USED WITH EITHER ACCESSORY ROOF CURB.
- ➔ DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

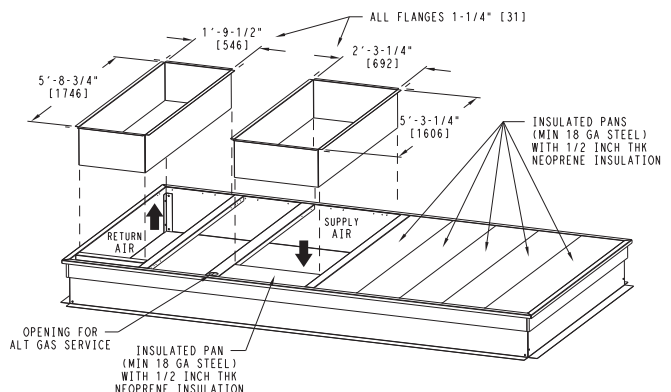
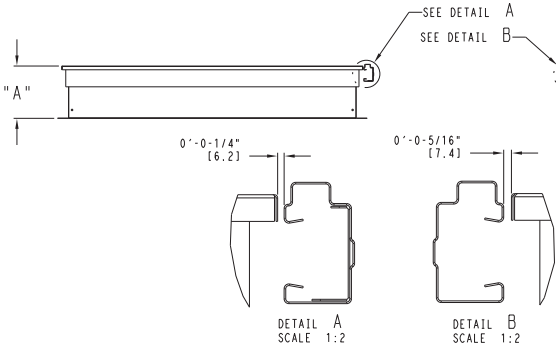
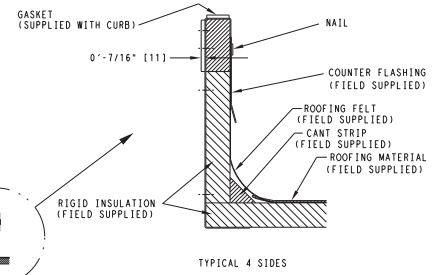
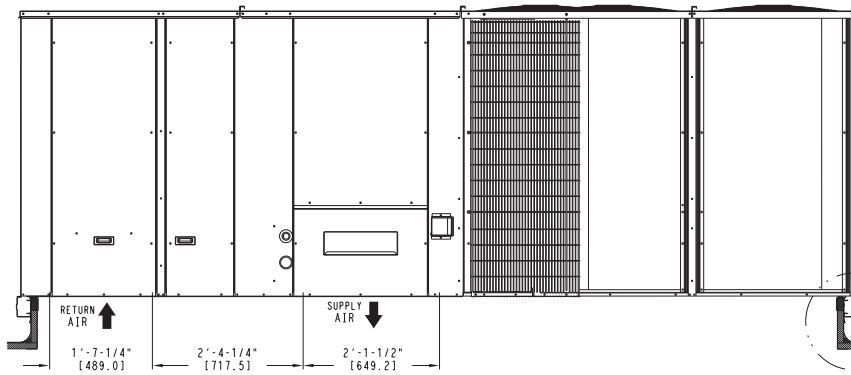
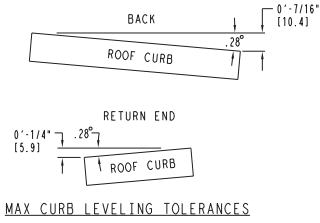


Fig. 10 — Roof Curb Details — RGH 300 and 303

Step 5 — Field Fabricate Ductwork — Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.5 in. wg (87 Pa) with economizer or without economizer.

For vertical ducted applications, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.*

Fabricate supply ductwork so that the cross sectional dimensions are equal to or greater than the unit supply duct opening dimensions for the first 18 in. (458 mm) of duct length from the unit basepan.

Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

A minimum clearance is not required around ductwork.

Step 6 — Rig and Place Unit — Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are not required if top crating is left on unit. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 1 (on page 11) and Fig. 11 for additional information.

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 11. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck when panels or packaging are removed.

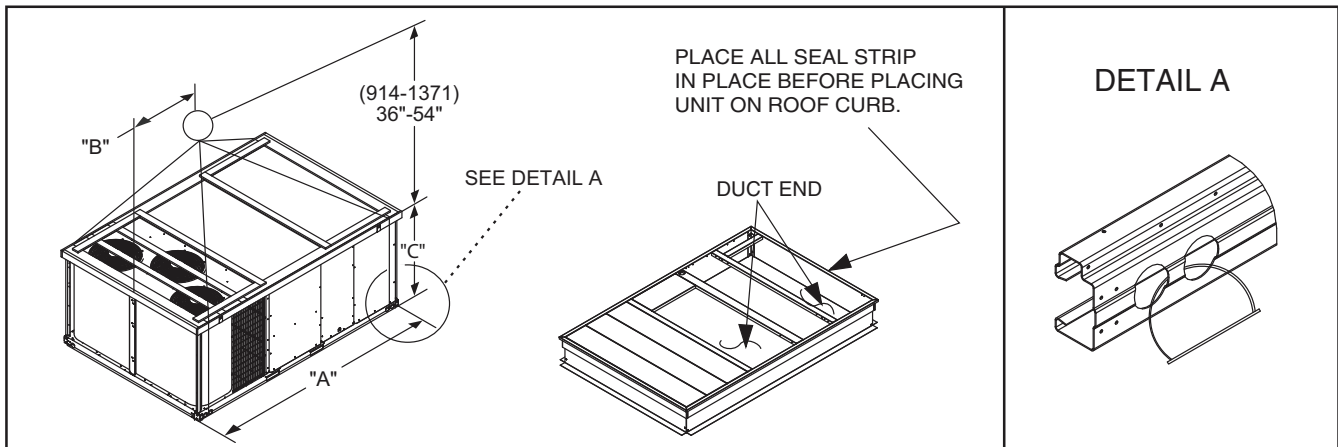
Before setting the unit onto the curb, recheck gasketing on curb.

⚠ CAUTION

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to roofing materials.

Membrane roofs can be cut by sharp sheet metal edges. Be careful when placing any sheet metal parts on such roof.



UNIT	MAX WEIGHT		DIMENSIONS					
			A		B		C	
	lb	kg	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm
181/183	2339	1061	127.8	3249	58.7	1491	52.3	1328
210/213	2549	1156	141.5	3595	71.5	1816	52.3	1328
240/243	2699	1224	141.5	3595	71.5	1816	60.3	1532
300/303	2748	1246	157.8	4007	80.3	2040	60.3	1532

NOTES:

1. Dimensions in () are in millimeters.
2. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

Fig. 11 — Rigging Details

POSITIONING ON CURB — Position unit on roof curb so that the following clearances are maintained: 1/4 in. (6 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the right and left, 1/2 in. (12 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the front and back. This will result in the distance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the condenser end of the unit being approximately equal to Details A and B in Fig. 8-10.

Do not attempt to slide unit on curb after unit is set. Doing so will result in damage to the roof curb seal.

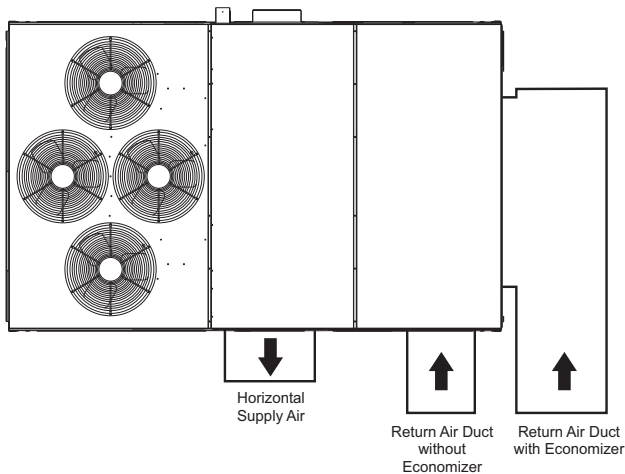
Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

Flue vent discharge must have a minimum horizontal clearance of 48 in. (1220 mm) from electric and gas meters, gas regulators, and gas relief equipment. Minimum distance between unit and other electrically live parts is 48 inches (1220 mm).

Flue gas can deteriorate building materials. Orient unit such that flue gas will not affect building materials. Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 48 in. (1220 mm) from an adjacent building or combustible material.

After unit is in position, remove rigging skids and shipping materials.

Step 7 — Horizontal Duct Connection — Refer to Fig. 2-4 for locations and sizes of the horizontal duct connections. Note that there are two different return air duct connection locations — one for unit without an economizer (on back side of unit) and a different one for unit equipped with an economizer (on left end, under the economizer hood). The supply air duct connection is on the back side. See Fig. 12 for top view depicting typical horizontal duct arrangements.



	SUPPLY	RETURN WITHOUT ECONOMIZER	RETURN WITH ECONOMIZER
Location	Back	Back	Left end
Height - in. (mm)	15 ⁷ / ₈ (402)	49 ³ / ₈ (1253)	18 ³ / ₈ (467)
Width - in. (mm)	29 ³ / ₄ (756)	23 ³ / ₈ (593)	61 ⁵ / ₈ (1564)

Fig. 12 — Horizontal Duct Opening Dimensions

Field-supplied (3/4 in.) flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings (see Fig. 12) and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof or building openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Step 8 — Install Outside Air Hood — Factory Option — The outside air hood for factory-option economizer and two-position damper is shipped in knock-down form and requires field assembly. The panel for the hood top is shipped on the end of the unit (see Fig. 13). The remaining parts for the hood assembly (including side panels, filters and tracks) are shipped in a carton that is secured to the rear of the blower assembly. Access the carton location through rear panel (see Fig. 14).

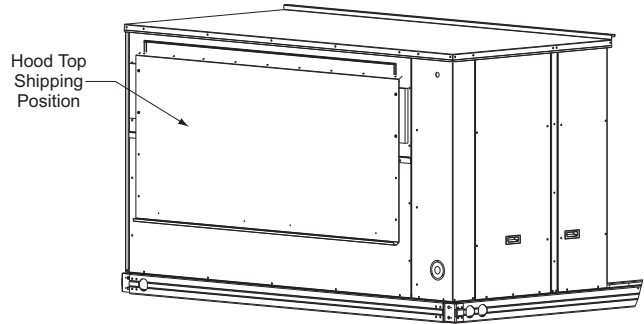


Fig. 13 — Hood Top — Shipping Position

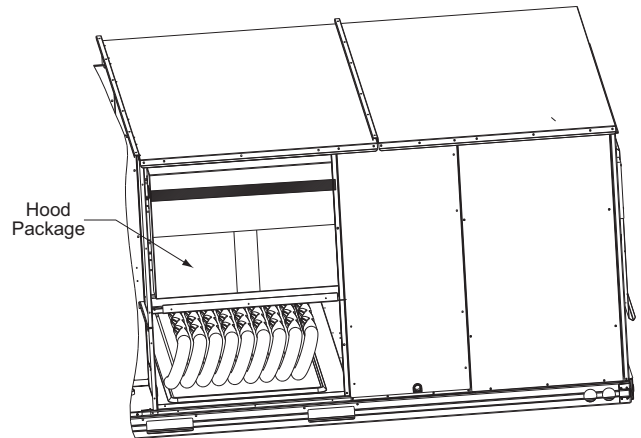


Fig. 14 — Hood Package — Shipping Location

To remove the hood parts package:

1. Remove the back blower access panel.
2. Locate and cut the strap, being careful to not damage any wiring.
3. Carefully lift the hood package carton through the back blower access opening.

See Fig. 15 for identification of the various parts of the hood assembly.

To assemble the outside air hood:

1. Remove hood top panel from shipping position on unit end.
2. Install four angles to the upper end panel using the screws provided.
3. Apply seal strip to mating flanges on the side plates of the hood (see Fig. 15).

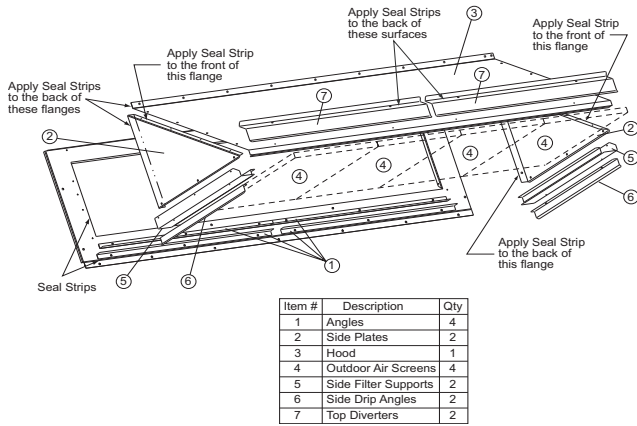


Fig. 15 — Hood Part Identification and Seal Strip Application Areas

- Secure side plates to panel using the screws provided.
- Apply seal strip to mating flange of the hood (see Fig. 15).
- Secure top flange using screws provided in kit.
- Install outdoor air screens by sliding them into the channel formed by the four angles installed in Step 2. Make sure that the screens extend across the entire length of the hood.
- Install side filter supports using the screws provided.
- Install side drip angles using the screws provided.
- Run a continuous length of seal strip across the hood covering the engagement holes in the lower hood.
- Install top diverter using the screws provided.
- On units with barometric relief, remove screws at bottom of relief damper. **Do not discard damper door.**

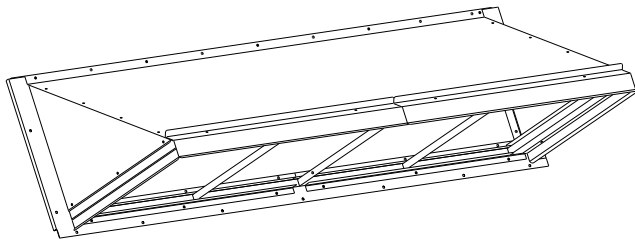


Fig. 16 — Hood Assembly — Completed

Step 9 — Install Flue Hood and Combustion Air Hood — The flue hood is shipped screwed to the fan deck inside the burner compartment. Remove the burner access panel and then remove the flue hood from its shipping location. Using the screws provided, install flue hood and screen in location shown in Fig. 17.

The combustion air hood is attached to the back of the burner access panel. Remove the two screws securing the hood to the back of the burner access panel. Using the two screws,

re-attach the hood to the front of the burner access panel as shown in Fig. 17.

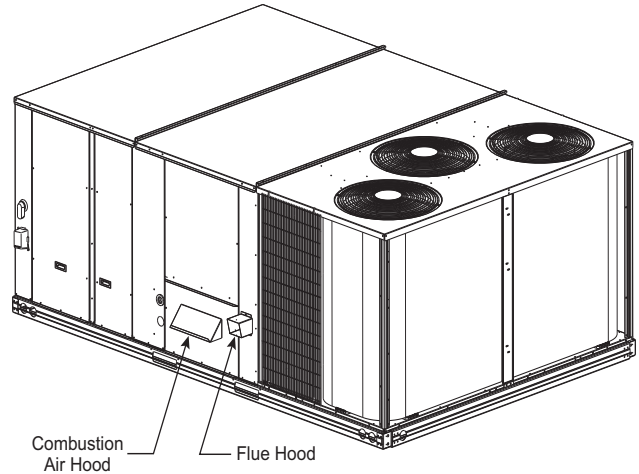


Fig. 17 — Flue Hood and Combustion Air Hood Details

Step 10 — Install Gas Piping — Installation of the gas piping must be in accordance with local building codes and with applicable national codes. In U.S.A., refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 National Fuel Gas Code (NFGC). In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN/CSA B149.1 and CAN/CSA B149.2 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

This unit is factory equipped for use with Natural Gas fuel at elevations up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. Unit may be field converted for operation at elevations above 2000 ft (610 m) and/or for use with liquefied petroleum fuel. See accessory kit installation instructions regarding these accessories.

NOTE: Furnace gas input rate on rating plate is for installation up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. The input rating for altitudes above 2000 ft (610 m) must be derated by 4% for each 1000 ft (305 m) above sea level.

For natural gas applications, gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 5 in. wg (1246 Pa) or greater than 13 in. wg (3240 Pa) while the unit is operating. For liquefied petroleum applications, the gas pressure must not be less than 11 in. wg (2740 Pa) or greater than 13 in. wg (3240 Pa) at the unit connection.

GAS SUPPLY LINE — The gas supply pipe enters the unit adjacent to the burner access panel on the front side of the unit, through the grommeted hole. The gas connection to the unit is made to the $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. FPT gas inlet port on the unit gas valve.

Table 2 lists typical $\frac{3}{4}$ inch NPT (National Pipe Thread) field supplied pipe fittings required for Thru-Base gas supply, starting from the unit gas valve (see Fig. 18).

Pipe gas supply into 90 degree elbow item 15 (see Table 2) through the hole in the unit basepan.

For typical $\frac{3}{4}$ in. NPT field supplied fittings required for NON Thru-Base gas supply starting from the unit gas valve, omit items 14 and 15 from Table 2 and pipe gas supply into TEE. See Fig. 19.

Table 2 — Typical 3/4-in. NPT Field Supplied Piping Parts

ITEM	QTY	CPN	DESCRIPTION
1	1	CA15RA201	90 Deg Street Elbow
2	1	CA01CA226	5 in. Long Nipple
3	1	CA85RA201	Ground-Joint Union
4	1	CA01CA218	3 in. Long Nipple
5	1	CA05RA201	90 Deg Elbow
6	1	CA01CA250	12 in. Long Nipple
7	1	CA05RA201	90 Deg Elbow
8	1	CA01CA218	3 in. Long Nipple
9	1	CA20RA201	TEE
10	1	CA01CN222	4 in. Long Nipple (Sediment Trap)
11	1	CA38RA201	Cap
12	1	CA01CA220	3 1/2 in. Long Nipple
13	1	GB30	NIBCO* Ball Valve
14	1	CA01CA238	8 in. Long Nipple
15	1	CA05RA201	90 Deg Elbow

Table 3 — Natural Gas Supply Line Pressure Ranges

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	MIN	MAX
RGH	181-303	5.0 in. wg (1246 Pa)	13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa)

⚠ CAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to equipment.

When connecting the gas line to the unit gas valve, the installer **MUST** use a backup wrench to prevent damage to the valve.

Install a gas supply line that runs to the unit heating section. Refer to the NFPA 54/NFPA or equivalent code for gas pipe sizing data. Do not use a pipe smaller than the size specified. Size the gas supply line to allow for a maximum pressure drop of 0.5-in. wg (124 Pa) between gas regulator source and unit gas valve connection when unit is operating at high-fire flow rate.

The gas supply line can approach the unit in two ways: horizontally from outside the unit (across the roof), or through unit basepan. Observe clearance to gas line components per Fig. 20.

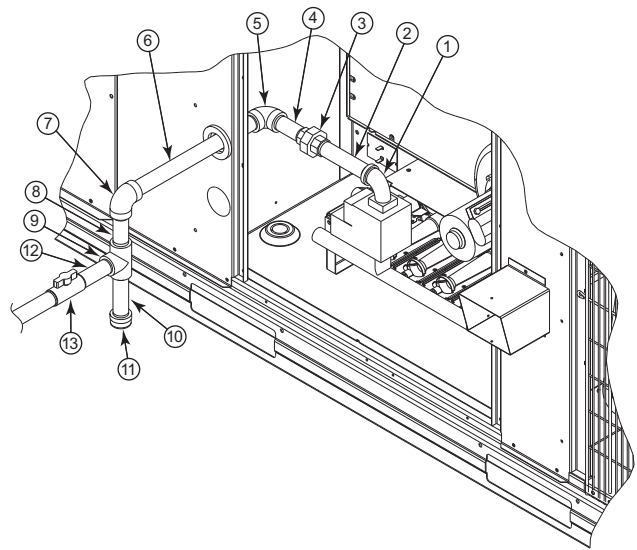
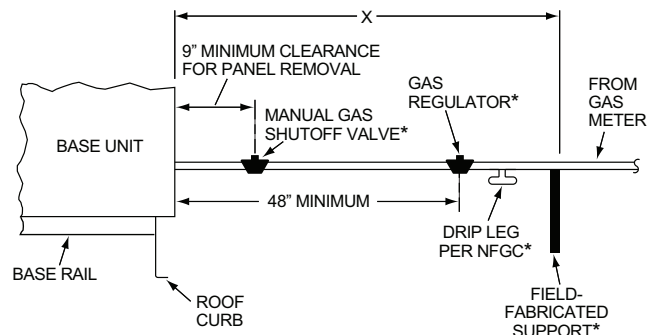


Fig. 19 — Gas Supply Line Piping



LEGEND
NFGC — National Fuel Gas Code
 * Field supplied.
 NOTE: Follow all local codes.

STEEL PIPE NOMINAL DIAMETER (in.)	SPACING OF SUPPORTS X DIMENSION (ft)
1/2	6
3/4 or 1	8
1 1/4 or larger	10

Fig. 20 — Gas Piping Guide

FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS

Electrical Connections — Knockouts are located in the control box area. Remove the appropriate size knockout for high voltage connection. Use the field supplied connector depending on wiring or conduit being utilized. Remove the 7/8-in. (22mm) knockout and appropriate connector for low voltage wiring. If non-unit powered convenience outlet is being utilized, remove the 7/8-in. (22mm) knockout and utilize appropriate connector for 115 volt line. See “Step 12 — Make Electrical Connections” for details.

Gas Connections — Remove the knockout in the base pan and route 3/4-in. gas line up through the opening. Install an elbow and route gas line through opening in panel after first removing plastic bushing. Install a gas shut off followed by a drip leg and ground-joint union. Route gas line into gas section through the grommet (Part #: KA56SL112) at the gas inlet and into the gas valve. See Fig. 18 and Table 2. If a regulator is installed, it must be located 4 ft (1.22 meters) from the flue outlet.

Some municipal codes require that the manual shutoff valve be located upstream of the sediment trap. See Fig. 19 for typical piping arrangements for gas piping that has been routed through the sidewall of the base pan.

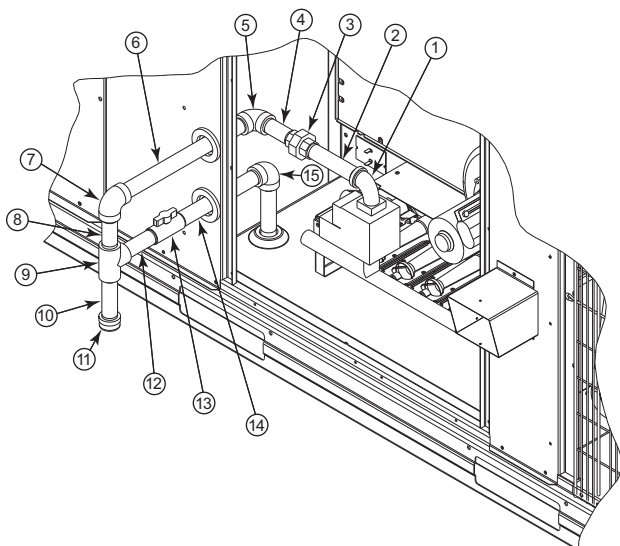


Fig. 18 — Gas Supply Line Piping with Thru-Base

* NIBCO is a registered trademark of NIBCO Inc.

When installing the gas supply line, observe local codes pertaining to gas pipe installations. Refer to the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 NFGC latest edition (in Canada, CAN/CSA B149.1). In the absence of local building codes, adhere to the following pertinent recommendations:

1. Avoid low spots in long runs of pipe. Grade all pipe $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch in every 15 ft (7 mm in every 5 m) to prevent traps. Grade all horizontal runs downward to risers. Use risers to connect to heating section and to meter.
2. Protect all segments of piping system against physical and thermal damage. Support all piping with appropriate straps, hangers, etc. Use a minimum of one hanger every 6 ft (1.8 m). For pipe sizes larger than $\frac{1}{2}$ -in., follow recommendations of national codes.
3. Apply joint compound (pipe dope) sparingly and only to male threads of joint when making pipe connections. Use only pipe dope that is resistant to action of liquefied petroleum gases as specified by local and/or national codes. If using PTFE (Teflon*) tape, ensure the material is Double Density type and is labeled for use on gas lines. Apply tape per manufacturer's instructions.
4. Pressure-test all gas piping in accordance with local and national plumbing and gas codes before connecting piping to unit.

NOTE: Pressure test the gas supply system after the gas supply piping is connected to the gas valve. The supply piping must be disconnected from the gas valve during the testing of the piping systems when test pressure is in excess of 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressure test the gas supply piping system at pressures equal to or less than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). The unit heating section must be isolated from the gas piping system by closing the external main manual shutoff valve and slightly opening the ground-joint union.

Check for gas leaks at the field-installed and factory-installed gas lines after all piping connections have been completed. Use soap-and-water solution (or method specified by local codes and/or regulations).

⚠ WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

- Connect gas pipe to unit using a backup wrench to avoid damaging gas controls.
- Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber.
- Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.
- Use proper length of pipe to avoid stress on gas control manifold.

NOTE: If orifice hole appears damaged or it is suspected to have been re-drilled, check orifice hole with a numbered drill bit of correct size. Never re-drill an orifice. A burr-free and squarely aligned orifice hole is essential for proper flame characteristics.

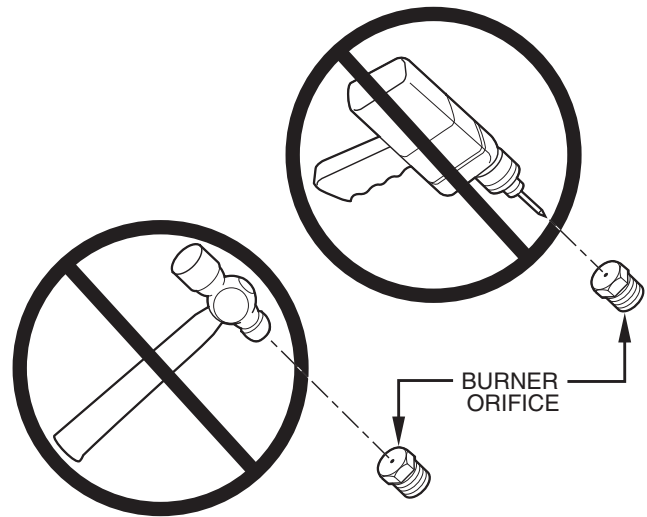


Fig. 21 — Orifice Hole

Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line

The unit has one $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. condensate drain connection on the end of the condensate pan (see Fig. 22). See Fig. 2-4, item "E", in the view labeled "BACK (HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE)" for the location of the condensate drain connection.

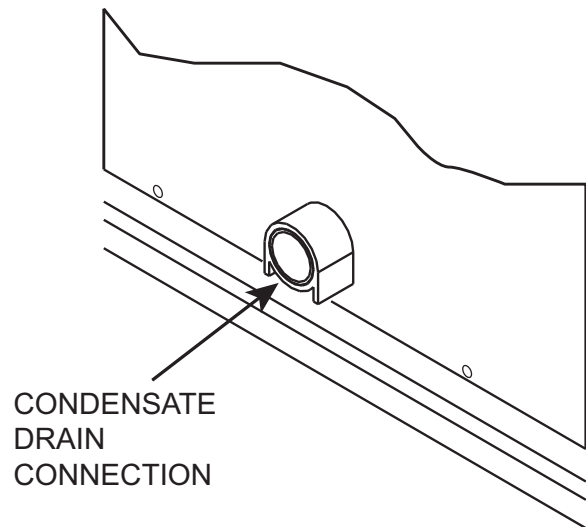
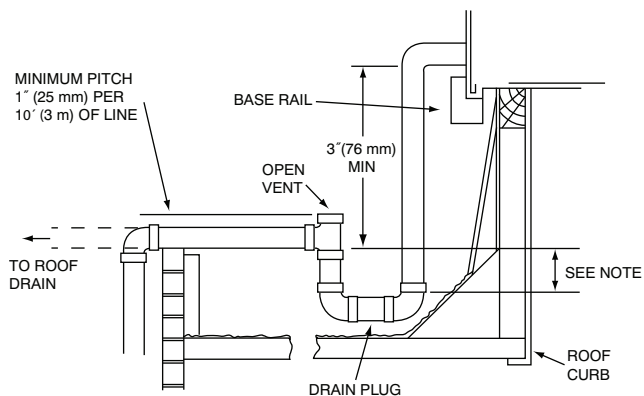


Fig. 22 — Condensate Drain Pan Connection

The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place. Hand tighten fittings to the drain pan fitting. Provide adequate support for the drain line. Failure to do so can result in damage to the drain pan. See Fig. 23.

* Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont.



NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4 in. (102 mm) trap is recommended.

Fig. 23 — Condensate Drain Piping Details

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. (102 mm) deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1-in. per 10 ft (25 mm in 3 m) of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection (3/4-in.).

Step 12 — Make Electrical Connections

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground. Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code); ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA [Canadian Standards Association] C22.1), and local electrical codes.

NOTE: Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of minimum 63°F (3°C) rise.

FIELD POWER SUPPLY — If equipped with optional Powered Convenience Outlet: The power source leads to the convenience outlet's transformer primary are not factory connected. Installer must connect these leads according to required operation of the convenience outlet. If an always-energized convenience outlet operation is desired, connect the source leads to the line side of the unit-mounted disconnect. (Check with local codes to ensure this method is acceptable in your area.) If a de-energize via unit disconnect switch operation of the convenience outlet is desired, connect the source leads to the load side of the unit disconnect. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect, connect the source leads to the terminal block with unit field power leads. See Fig. 24.

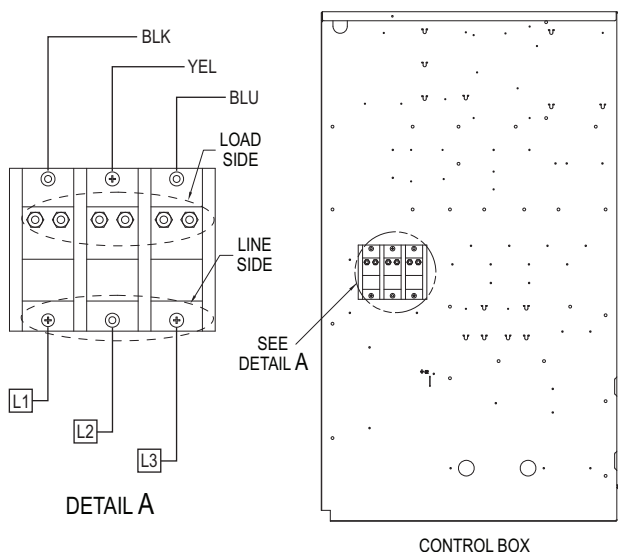


Fig. 24 — Location of TB1

Field power wires are connected to the unit at line-side pressure lugs on the terminal block (see wiring diagram label for control box component arrangement) or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch. Use copper conductors only.

NOTE: Make field power connections directly to line connection pressure lugs only.

⚠ CAUTION

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in intermittent operation or unsatisfactory performance.

Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and air conditioning unit. Use only copper wire. (See Fig. 25.)

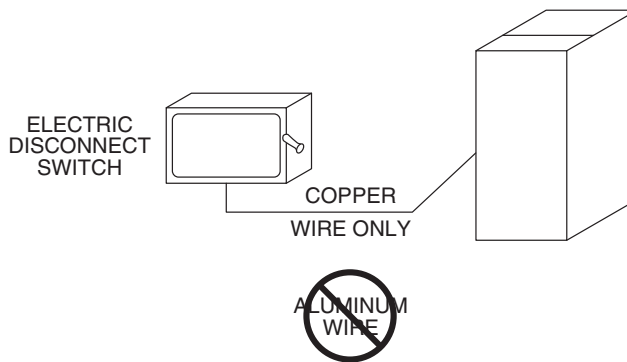


Fig. 25 — Disconnect Switch and Unit

UNITS WITHOUT FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT OR HACR — When installing units, provide a disconnect switch of adequate size per NEC (National Electrical Code). Disconnect sizing data is provided on the unit informative plate. Locate on unit cabinet or within sight of the unit per national or local codes. Do not cover unit informative plate if mounting the disconnect on the unit cabinet.

ALL UNITS — All field wiring must comply with NEC and all local requirements.

Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 26 for power wiring connections to the unit power terminal blocks and equipment ground. Maximum wire size is 2/0 AWG per pole.

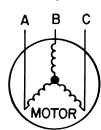
Provide a ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device (fuse or breaker) per NEC Article 440 (or local codes). Refer to unit informative data plate for MOCP (Maximum Over-current Protection) device size.

NOTE: Units ordered with factory installed HACR do not need an additional ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device unless required by local codes.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the formula below to determine the percent of voltage imbalance.

$$\begin{aligned} &\% \text{ Voltage imbalance} \\ &= 100 \times \frac{\text{max voltage deviation from average voltage}}{\text{average voltage}} \end{aligned}$$

Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60.



AB = 224 v
BC = 231 v
AC = 226 v

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average Voltage} &= \frac{224 + 231 + 226}{3} \\ &= \frac{681}{3} \\ &= 227 \end{aligned}$$

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage.

(AB) 227 - 224 = 3 v
(BC) 231 - 227 = 4 v
(AC) 227 - 226 = 1 v

Maximum deviation is 4 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Voltage Imbalance} &= 100 \times \frac{4}{227} \\ &= 1.76\% \end{aligned}$$

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

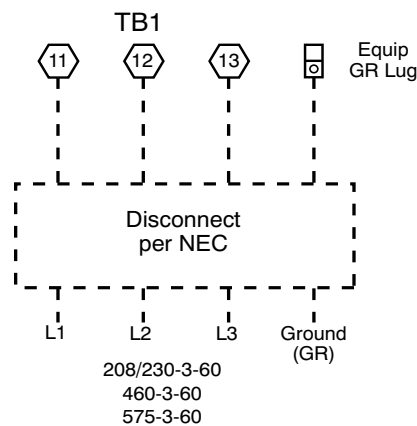
⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable warranty.

Units Without Disconnect or HACR Option



Units With Disconnect or HACR Option

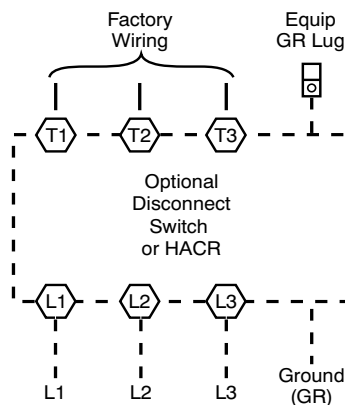


Fig. 26 — Power Wiring Connections

CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Lock-out and tag-out this switch, if necessary.

Two types of convenience outlets are offered as factory-installed options on RGH models: non-powered and unit-powered. Both types provide a 125-volt GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the panel beneath the control box. See Fig. 27.

A 20 amp non-powered convenience outlet is available as a field-installed accessory.

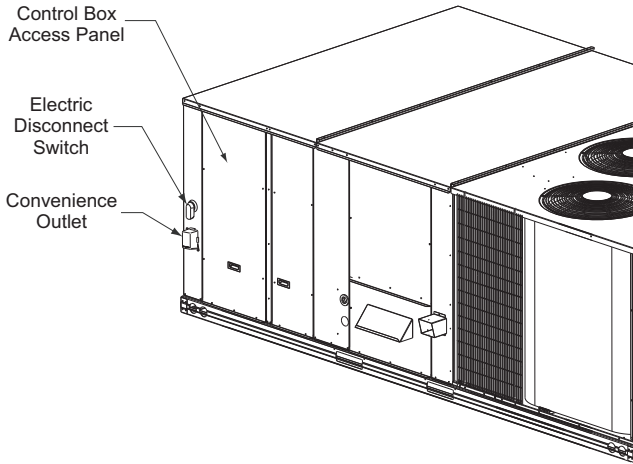


Fig. 27 — Convenience Outlet Location

Installing Weatherproof Cover — A weatherproof while-in-use cover for the factory-installed convenience outlets is now required by UL standards. This cover cannot be factory-mounted due its depth; it must be installed at unit installation. For shipment, the convenience outlet is covered with a blank cover plate.

The weatherproof cover kit is shipped in the unit's control box. The kit includes the hinged cover, a backing plate and gasket.

DISCONNECT ALL POWER TO UNIT AND CONVENIENCE OUTLET. LOCK-OUT AND TAG-OUT ALL POWER.

Remove the blank cover plate at the convenience outlet; discard the blank cover.

Loosen the two screws at the GFCI duplex outlet, until approximately 1/2-in. (13 mm) under screw heads are exposed. Press the gasket over the screw heads. Slip the backing plate over the screw heads at the keyhole slots and align with the gasket; tighten the two screws until snug (do not over-tighten).

Mount the weatherproof cover to the backing plate as shown in Fig. 28. Remove two slot fillers in the bottom of the cover to permit service tool cords to exit the cover. Check for full closing and latching.

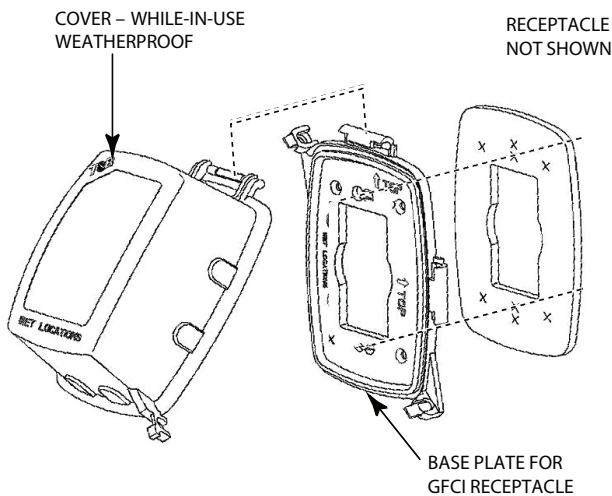
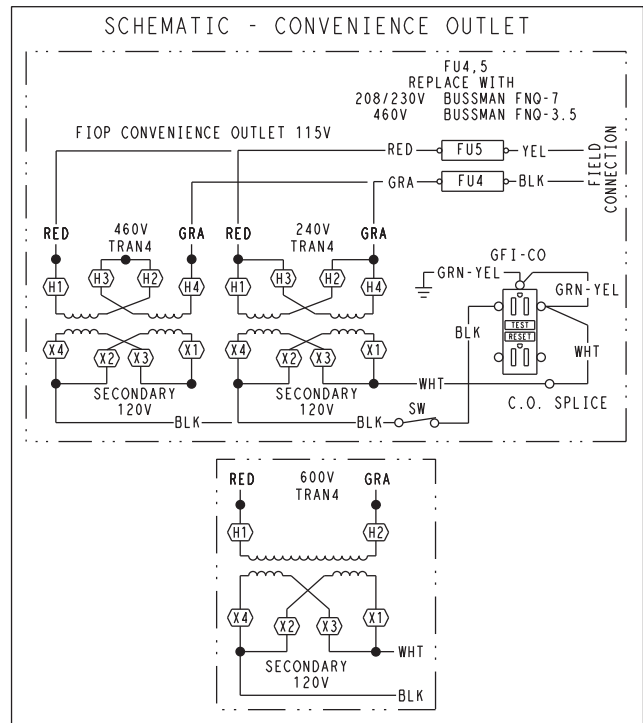


Fig. 28 — Weatherproof Cover Installation

Non-powered type — This type requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-volt 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size and conduit requirements, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

Unit-powered type — A unit-mounted transformer is factory-installed to stepdown the main power supply voltage to the unit to 115-v at the duplex receptacle. This option also includes a manual switch with fuse, located in a utility box and mounted on a bracket behind the convenience outlet; access is through the unit's control box access panel. See Fig. 27.

The primary leads to the convenience outlet transformer are not factory-connected. If local codes permit, the transformer primary leads can be connected at the line-side terminals on the unit-mounted non-fused disconnect switch; this will provide service power to the unit when the unit disconnect switch is open. See Fig. 29.



UNIT VOLTAGE	CONNECT AS	PRIMARY CONNECTIONS	TRANSFORMER TERMINALS
208,230	240	L1: RED + YEL L2: BLU + GRA	H1 + H3 H2 + H4
460	480	L1: RED Splice BLU + YEL L2: GRA	H1 H2 + H3 H4
575	600	L1: RED L2: GRA	H1 H2

Fig. 29 — Powered Convenience Outlet Wiring

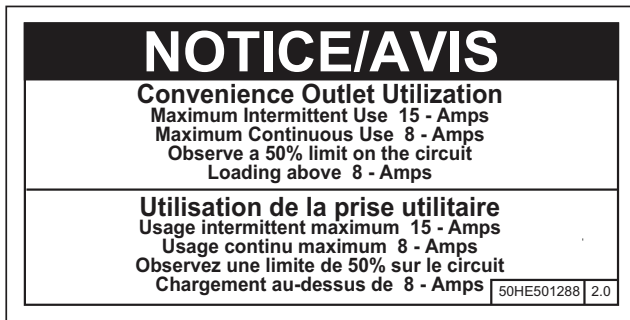


Fig. 30 — Convenience Utilization Notice

Test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle. Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.

Using unit-mounted convenience outlets: Units with unit-mounted convenience outlet circuits will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.

FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS — All units are equipped with the ability to bring utilities through the base.

Gas is brought up through an embossed area located in the gas section behind the gas entrance post. Access is gained through the gas access panel. A knock out must be removed to accomplish this.

The electrical entrance is located in the control box area and can be accessed through the control box access panel. An embossed area is provided with three knock outs. High voltage is brought through the multi knock out by removing the appropriate size for the size of the fitting required. A 7/8-in. knock out is provided for low voltage. An additional 7/8-in. knock out is provided for a 115 volt line which is used when the unit is equipped with the non-unit powered convenience outlet option.

All required fittings are field supplied. Install fittings when access to both top and bottom of the base pan is available. See electrical and gas connections for routing and connection information.

UNITS WITHOUT THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS

1. Install liquid tight conduit between disconnect and control box.
2. Pull correctly rated high voltage wires through the conduit.
3. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 26.

FIELD CONTROL WIRING — The RGH unit requires an external temperature control device. This device can be a thermostat (field-supplied) for Building Management Systems.

THERMOSTAT — Install an approved accessory 2-stage thermostat according to installation instructions included with the accessory. Locate the thermostat accessory on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with the thermostat installation instructions.

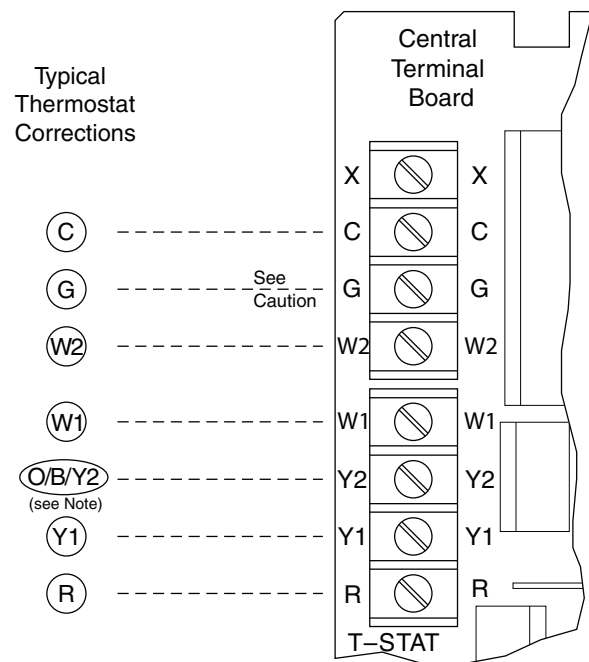
If the thermostat contains a logic circuit requiring 24-v power, use a thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of different colors with minimum of seven leads. If the thermostat does not require a 24-v source (no “C” connection required), use a

thermostat cable or equivalent with minimum of six leads. See Fig. 31. Check the thermostat installation instructions for additional features which might require additional conductors in the cable.

For wire runs up to 50 ft (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35°C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire (35°C minimum). For over 75 ft (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire (35°C minimum). All wire sizes larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

UNIT WITHOUT THRU-BASE CONNECTION KIT

Correctly rated low voltage wire can be routed through the rubber grommet located on the corner post adjacent to the control box access panel. Route wire through the grommet and then route the wire behind the corner post utilizing the factory provided wire ties secured to the control box. This will ensure separation of the field low voltage wire and the high voltage circuit. Route the low voltage wire to the central terminal board. See Fig. 32.



NOTE: Typical multi-function marking. Follow manufacturer's configuration instructions to select Y2.

--- Field Wiring

⚠ CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may cause a short circuit. Carefully check the connection of control conductor for indoor fan control at terminal G. Connecting the indoor fan lead to terminal C will cause a short circuit condition which can cause component damage inside the unit or at thermostat.

Fig. 31 — Typical Low-Voltage Control Connections

NOTE: If utilizing the through the base connections, route the low voltage wire through the wire ties to the central terminal board.

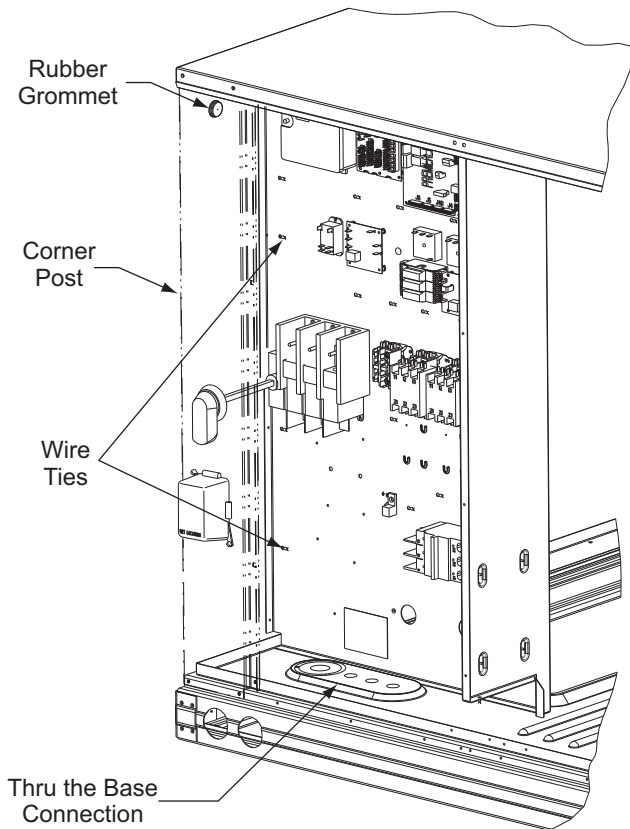


Fig. 32 — Field Control Wiring Raceway

HEAT ANTICIPATOR SETTINGS

Set heat anticipator settings at 0.14 amp for the first stage and 0.14 amp for second-stage heating.

TRANSFORMER CONNECTION FOR 208-V POWER SUPPLY

All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. *If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the control transformer must be rewired by moving the black wire with the 1/4-in. female spade connector from the 230-v connection and moving it to the 208-v 1/4-in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer.* Refer to unit label diagram for additional information.

Hot Gas Re-Heat Control Connections

HOT GAS RE-HEAT — SPACE RH CONTROLLER

NOTE: Hot Gas Re-Heat system is a factory-installed option.

The Hot Gas Re-Heat dehumidification system requires a field-supplied and installed space relative humidity control device. This device may be a separate humidistat control (contact closes on rise in space RH above control setpoint) or a combination thermostat-humidistat control device with isolated contact set for dehumidification control. The humidistat is normally used in applications where a temperature control is already provided (such as a third-party Building Management System).

To connect a field-supplied humidistat:

1. Route the humidistat 2-conductor cable (field-supplied) through hole provided in the unit corner post.
2. Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 32) to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
3. Use wire nuts to connect humidistat cable to two PINK leads in the low-voltage wiring as shown in Fig. 33.

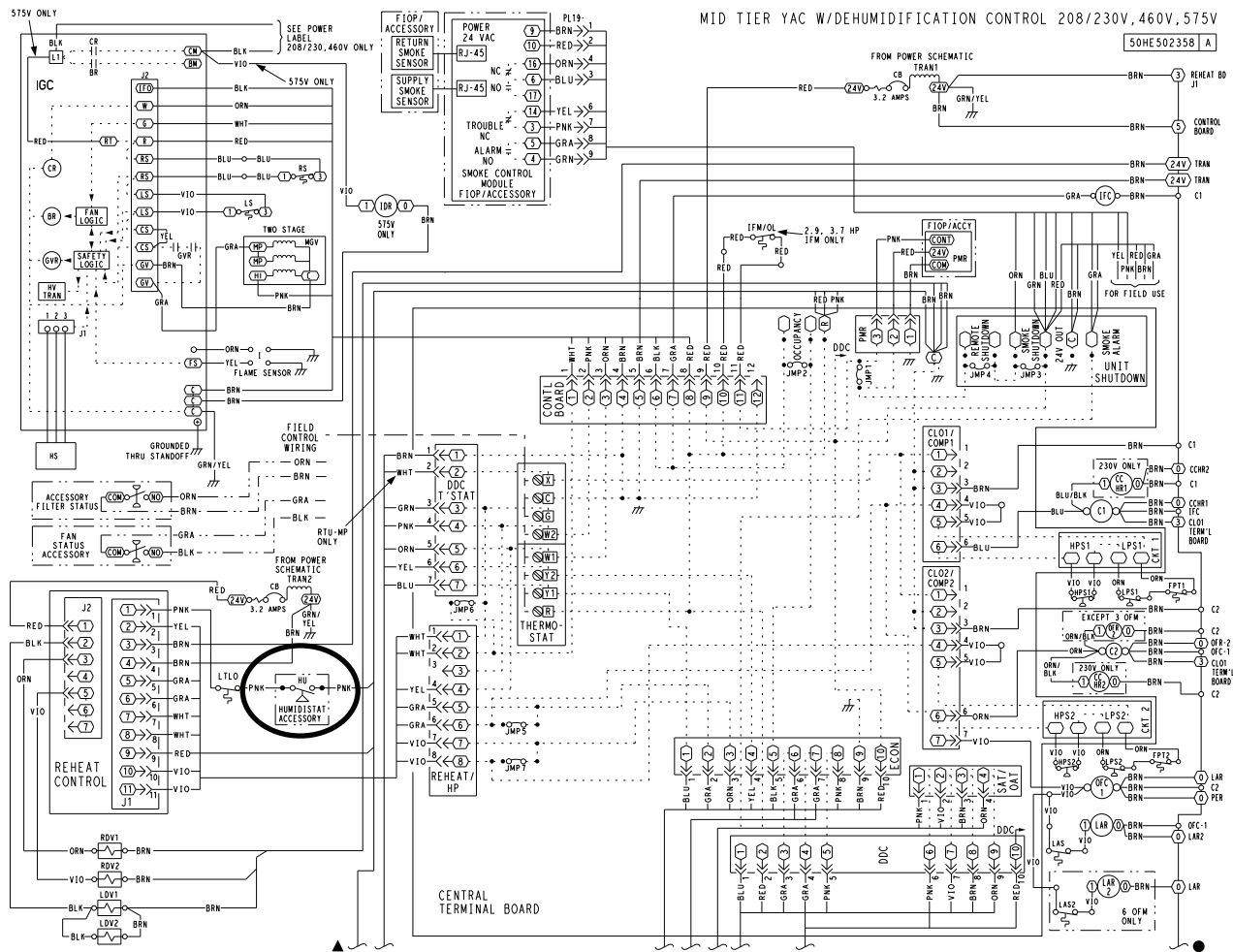


Fig. 33 — Typical Hot Gas Re-Heat Dehumidification System Humidistat Wiring

EconoMi\$er® X (Factory-Installed Option)

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION — The EconoMi\$er X system is an expandable economizer control system, which includes a W7220 economizer module (controller) with an LCD and keypad (See Fig. 34). The W7220 can be configured with optional sensors.



Fig. 34 — W7220 Economizer Module

The W7220 economizer module can be used as a stand-alone economizer module wired directly to a commercial set-back space thermostat and sensors to provide outside air dry-bulb economizer control.

The W7220 economizer module can be connected to optional sensors for single or differential enthalpy control. The W7220 economizer module provides power and communications for the sensors.

The W7220 economizer module automatically detects sensors which sensors are present. If a sensor loses communications after it has been detected, the W7220 economizer controller indicates a device fail error on its LCD.

SYSTEM COMPONENTS — The EconoMi\$er X system includes an economizer module, 20k mixed air sensor, damper actuator, and either a 20k outdoor air temperature sensor or S-Bus enthalpy sensors.

Economizer Module — The module is the core of the EconoMi\$er X system. The module is mounted in the unit's control box, and includes the user interface for the system. The W7220 economizer module provides the basic inputs and outputs to provide simple economizer control. When used with the optional sensors, the economizer module provides more advanced economizer functionality.

S-Bus Enthalpy Control Sensors — The sensor is a combination temperature and humidity sensor which is powered by and communicates on the S-Bus. Up to three sensors may be configured with the W7220 economizer module.

CO₂ Sensor (optional) — The sensor can be added for Demand Controlled Ventilation (DCV).

SPECIFICATIONS

W7220 Economizer Module — The module is designed for use with 2 to 10 Vdc or bus communicating actuator. The module includes terminals for CO₂ sensor, Mixed Air sensor, and an Outdoor Dry Bulb sensor. Enthalpy and other options are available with bus sensors.

User Interface — Provides status for normal operation, setup parameters, checkout tests, and alarm and error conditions with a 2-line 16 character LCD display and four button keypad.

Electrical

- Rated Voltage — 20 to 30 Vac RMS, 50/60 Hz
- Transformer — 100 va maximum system input
- Nominal Power Consumption (at 24 Vac, 60 Hz) — 11.5 VA without sensors or actuators
- Relay Digital Output Rating at 30 Vac (maximum power from Class 2 input only) — 1.5A run:
 - 3.5A inrush at 0.45PF (200,000 cycles) or
 - 7.5A inrush at 0.45PF (100,000 cycles)
- External Sensors Power Output — 21 Vdc ± 5% at 48mA

IMPORTANT: All inputs and outputs must be Class 2 wiring.

INPUTS

Sensors

NOTE: A Mixed Air (MA) analog sensor is required on all W7220 units; either an Outdoor Air (OA) sensor for dry bulb change over or an OA bus sensor for outdoor enthalpy change over is required in addition to the MA sensor. An additional Return Air (RA) bus sensor can be added to the system for differential enthalpy or dry bulb changeover. For differential dry bulb changeover a 20k ohm sensor is required in the OA and a bus sensor in the RA. DIP switch on RA bus sensor must be set in the RA position.

Dry Bulb Temperature (optional) and Mixed Air (required), 20k NTC

- 2-wire (18 to 22 AWG);
- Temperature range -40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C)
- Temperature accuracy -0°F/+2°F

Temperature and Humidity, C7400S1000 (optional)

- S-Bus; 2-wire (18 to 22 AWG)
- Temperature: range -40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C)
- Temperature accuracy -0°F/+2°F
- Humidity: range 0 to 100% RH with 5% accuracy.

NOTE: Up to three (3) S-Bus sensors may be connected to the W7220 economizer module. For outdoor air (OA), return air (RA) and discharge (supply) air (DA).

4 Binary Inputs — 1-wire 24 Vac + common GND.

24 Vac power supply — 20 to 30 Vac 50/60Hz; 100 VA Class 2 transformer.

OUTPUTS

Actuator Signal: 2-10 Vdc; minimum actuator impedance is 2k ohm; bus two-wire output for bus communicating actuators.

Exhaust fan, Y1, Y2 and AUX1 O:

- All Relay Outputs (at 30 Vac):
- Running: 1.5A maximum
- Inrush: 7.5A maximum

ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature:

-40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C).

Exception of display operation down to -4°F with full recovery at -4°F from exposure to -40°F

Storage Temperature:

-40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C)

Shipping Temperature:

-40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C)

Relative Humidity:

5% to 95% RH non-condensing

ECONOMIZER MODULE WIRING DETAILS — Use Fig. 35 and Tables 4 and 5 to locate the wiring terminals for the Economizer module.

NOTE: The four terminal blocks are removable. You can slide out each terminal block, wire it, and then slide it back into place.

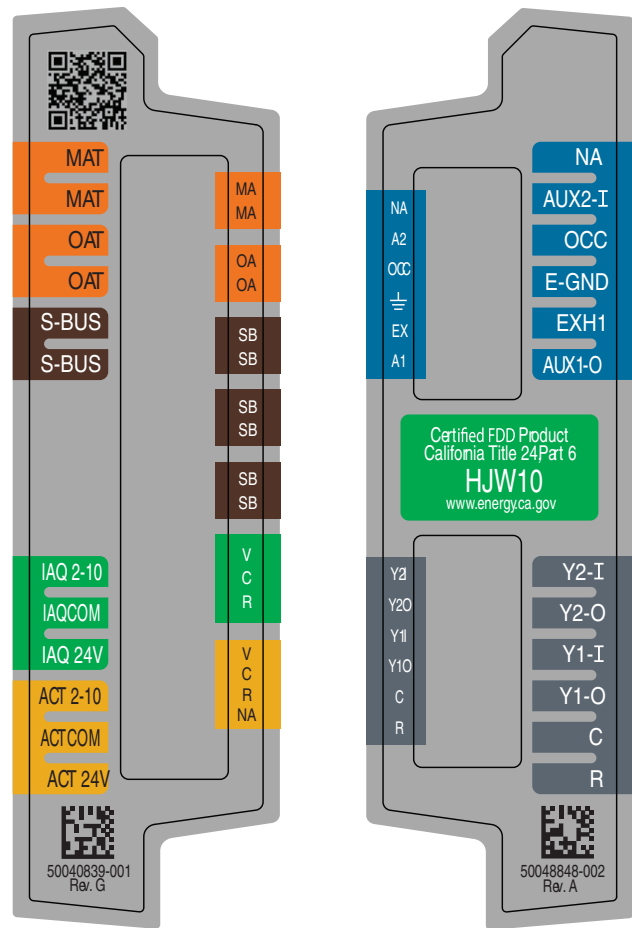


Fig. 35 — W7220 Wiring Terminals

Table 4 — Economizer Module - Left Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Top Left Terminal Block		
MAT MAT	20k NTC and COM	Mixed Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
OAT OAT	20k NTC and COM	Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
S-BUS S-BUS	S-BUS (Sylok* Bus)	Enthalpy Control Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
Bottom Left Terminal Block		
IAQ 2-10	2-10 vdc	Air Quality Sensor Input (e.g. CO ₂ sensor)
IAQ COM	COM	Air Quality Sensor Common
IAQ 24V	24 vac	Air Quality Sensor 24 vac Source
ACT 2-10	2-10 vdc	Damper Actuator Output (2-10 vdc)
ACT COM	COM	Damper Actuator Output Common
ACT 24v	24 vac	Damper Actuator 24 vac Source

Table 5 — Economizer Module - Right Hand Terminal Blocks

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Top Right Terminal Blocks		
AUX2 I	24 vac IN	The first terminal is not used.
OCC	24 vac IN	Shut Down (SD) or HEAT (W) Conventional only and Heat Pump Changeover (O-B) in Heat Pump mode.
E-GND	E-GND	Occupied/Unoccupied Input
EXH1	24 vac OUT	Exhaust Fan 1 Output
AUX1 O	24 vac OUT	Programmable: Exhaust fan 2 output or ERV or System alarm output
Bottom Right Terminal Blocks		
Y2-I	24 vac IN	Y2 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat
Y2-O	24 vac OUT	Y2 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling
Y1-I	24 vac IN	Y1 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat
Y1-O	24 vac OUT	Y1 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling
C	COM	24 vac Common
R	24 vac	24 vac Power (hot)

S-BUS SENSOR WIRING — The labels on the sensors and controller are color coded for ease of installation. Orange labeled sensors can only be wired to orange terminals on the controller. Brown labeled sensors can only be wired to S-bus (brown) terminals. Use Fig. 36 and Table 6 to locate the wiring terminals for each S-Bus sensor.

Use Fig. 36 and Table 6 to locate the wiring terminals for each enthalpy control sensor.

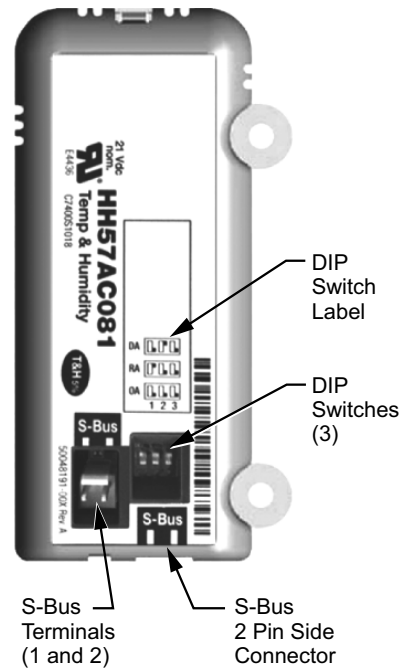


Fig. 36 — S-Bus Sensor DIP Switches

Table 6 — HH57AC081 Sensor Wiring Terminations

TERMINAL		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NUMBER	LABEL		
1	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)
2	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)

Use Fig. 36 and Table 7 to set the DIP switches for the desired use of the sensor.

Table 7 — HH57AC081 Sensor DIP Switch

USE	DIP SWITCH POSITIONS FOR SWITCHES 1, 2, AND 3		
	1	2	3
DA	OFF	ON	OFF
RA	ON	OFF	OFF
OA	OFF	OFF	OFF

NOTE: When a S-Bus sensor is connected to an existing network, it will take 60 minutes for the network to recognize and auto-configure itself to use the new sensor.

During the 60 minute setup period, no alarms for sensor failures (except SAT) will be issued and no economizing function will be available.

CO₂ SENSOR WIRING — When using a CO₂ sensor the black and brown common wires are internally connected and only one is connected to “IAQ COM” on the W7220. Use the power from the W7220 to power the CO₂ sensor OR make sure the ground for the power supplies are common. See Fig. 37 for CO₂ sensor wiring.

* Sylok is a trademark of Honeywell International Inc.

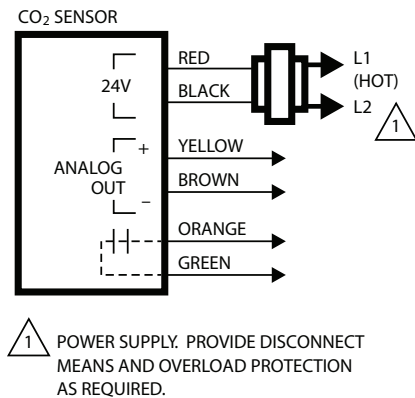


Fig. 37 — CO₂ Sensor Wiring

INTERFACE OVERVIEW — This section describes how to use the Economizer’s user interface for:

- Keypad and menu navigation
- Settings and parameter changes
- Menu structure and selection

USER INTERFACE — The user interface consists of a 2-line LCD display and a 4-button keypad on the front of the economizer controller.

KEYPAD — The four navigation buttons (see Fig. 38) are used to scroll through the menus and menu items, select menu items, and to change parameter and configuration settings.

To use the keypad when working with menus:

- Press the ▲ (Up arrow) button to move to the previous menu.
- Press the ▼ (Down arrow) button to move to the next menu.
- Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.

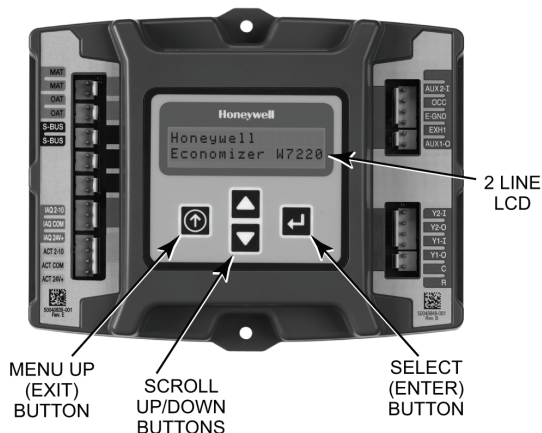


Fig. 38 — W7220 Controller Navigation Buttons

Press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to exit a menu’s item and return to the list of menus. To use the keypad when working with Setpoints, System and Advanced Settings, Checkout tests and Alarms:

1. Navigate to the desired menu.
2. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to scroll to the desired parameter.
4. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the value of the currently displayed item.

5. Press the ▲ button to increase (change) the displayed parameter value.
6. Press the ▼ button to decrease (change) the displayed parameter value.

NOTE: When values are displayed, pressing and holding the or button causes the display to automatically increment.

7. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to accept the displayed value and store it in nonvolatile RAM.
8. “CHANGE STORED” displays.
9. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to return to the current menu parameter.
10. Press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to return to the previous menu.

MENU STRUCTURE — Table 8 illustrates the complete hierarchy of menus and parameters for the EconoMiSer® X system.

The Menus in display order are:

- STATUS
- SETPOINTS
- SYSTEM SETUP
- ADVANCED SETUP
- CHECKOUT
- ALARMS

IMPORTANT: Table 8 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration.

For example if you do not have a DCV (CO₂) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear and only MIN POS will display. If you have a CO₂ sensor, the DCV MIN and DCV MAX will appear AND if you have 2 speed fan DCV MIN (high and low speed) and DCV MAX (high and low speed will appear).

NOTE: Some parameters in the menu use the letters MA or MAT, indicating a mixed air temperature sensor location before the cooling coil. This unit application has the control sensor located after the cooling coil, in the fan section, where it is designated as (Cooling) Supply Air Temperature or SAT sensor.

SETUP AND CONFIGURATION — Before being placed into service, the W7220 Economizer module must be setup and configured for the installed system.

IMPORTANT: During setup, the economizer module is live at all times.

The setup process uses a hierarchical menu structure that is easy to use. Press the ▲ and ▼ arrow buttons to move forward and backward through the menus and press the button to select and confirm setup item changes.

TIME-OUT AND SCREENSAVER — When no buttons have been pressed for 10 minutes, the LCD displays a screen saver, which cycles through the Status items. Each Status items displays in turn and cycles to the next item after 5 seconds.

Table 8 — Menu Structure

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
STATUS	ECONO AVAIL	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) YES = economizing available; the system can use outside air for free cooling when required
	ECONOMIZING	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT YES = outside air being used for 1 stage cooling
	OCCUPIED	NO	YES/NO	OCCUPIED YES = OCC signal received from space thermostat or unitary controller YES = 24 Vac on terminal OCC NO = 0 Vac on terminal OCC
	HEAT PUMP	N/A	COOL HEAT	HEAT PUMP MODE Displays COOL or HEAT when system is set to heat pump (Non-conventional)
	COOL Y1—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) Y1-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for cooling stage 1. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y1-I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y1-I
	COOL Y1—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool stage 1 Relay Output to stage 1 mechanical cooling (Y1—OUT terminal)
	COOL Y2—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y2-IN) Y2-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for second stage cooling. ON = 24 Vac on terminal Y2-I OFF = 0 Vac on terminal Y2-I
	COOL Y2—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool Stage 2 Relay Output to mechanical cooling (Y2—OUT terminal)
	MA TEMP	___ . _ F	0 to 140 F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE, Cooling Mode Displays value of measured mixed air from MAT sensor. Displays ___ . _ F if not connected, short or out-of-range.
	DA TEMP	___ . _ F	0 to 140 F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE, after Heating section Displays when Discharge Air sensor is connected and displays measured discharge temperature. Displays ___ . _ F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range.
	OA TEMP	___ . _ F	-40 to 140 F	OUTSIDE AIR TEMP Displays measured value of outdoor air temperature. Displays ___ . _ F if sensor sends invalid value, short or out-of-range.
	OA HUM	__ %	0 to 100%	OUTSIDE AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of outdoor humidity from OA sensor. Displays __ % if not connected short, or out-of-range.
	RA TEMP	___ . _ F	0 to 140 F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE Displays measured value of return air temperature from RAT sensor. Displays ___ . _ F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range
	RA HUM	__ %	0 to 100%	RETURN AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of return air humidity from RA sensor. Displays __ % if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out-of-range
	IN CO2	___ ppm	0 TO 2000 ppm	SPACE/RETURN AIR CO ₂ Displays value of measured CO ₂ from CO ₂ sensor. Invalid if not connected, short or out-of-range
	DCV STATUS	N/A	ON/OFF	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION STATUS Displays ON if above setpoint and OFF if below setpoint, and ONLY if a CO ₂ sensor is connected.
	DAMPER OUT	2.0v	2.0 TO 10.0v	Displays voltage output to the damper actuator.*
	ACT POS	N/A	0 to 100%	Displays actual position of outdoor air damper actuator

* When used with communicating actuator the damper out is reported in XX.X% open versus XX.X Vdc.

Table 8 — Menu Structure (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
STATUS (CONT)	ACT COUNT	N/A	1 to 65535	Displays number of times actuator has cycled. 1 cycle equals 180 deg. of actuator movement in any direction.
	ACTUATOR	N/A	OK/Alarm (on Alarm menu)	Displays ERROR if voltage or torque is below actuator range.
	EXH1 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 1 RELAY OUTPUT Output of EXH1 terminal: ON = relay closed OFF = relay open
	EXH2 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 2 RELAY OUTPUT Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = EXH2
	ERV	OFF	ON/OFF	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR Output of AUX terminal; displays only if AUX = ERV
	MECH COOL ON or HEAT STAGES ON	0	0, 1, or 2	Displays stage of mechanical cooling that is active. Displays the stage of heat pump heating that is active.
	FAN SPEED	N/A	LOW or HIGH	SUPPLY FAN SPEED Displays speed setting of fan on a 2-speed fan unit.
	W (HEAT ON)	N/A	ON/OFF	HEAT DEMAND STATUS Displays status of heat demand on a 2-speed fan unit.
SETPOINTS	MAT SET	53F	38 to 65 F; increment by 1	SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will modulate the OA damper to maintain the mixed air temperature.
	LOW T LOCK	32F	-45 to 80 F; increment by 1	COMPRESSOR LOW TEMPERATURE LOCKOUT Setpoint determines outdoor temperature when the mechanical cooling cannot be turned on. Commonly referred to as the Compressor lockout.
	DRYBLB SET	63F	48 to 80 F; increment by 1	OA DRY BULB TEMPERATURE CHANGEOVER SETPOINT Setpoint determines where the economizer will assume outdoor air temperature is good for free cooling; e.g.; at 63 F unit will economize at 62 F and below and not economize at 64 F and above. There is a 2 F dead-band.
	ENTH CURVE	ES3	ES1,ES2,ES3,ES4, or ES5	ENTHALPY CHANGEOVER CURVE Enthalpy boundary "curves" for economizing using single enthalpy.
	DCV SET	1100ppm	500 to 2000ppm; increment by 100	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION Displays only if CO ₂ sensor is connected. Setpoint for Demand Controlled Ventilation of space. Above the setpoint, the OA dampers will modulate open to bring in additional OA to maintain a space ppm level below the setpoint.
	MIN POS	2.8 V	2 to 10 Vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION Displays ONLY if a CO ₂ sensor is NOT connected.
	VENTMAX With 2-speed fan units VENTMAX L (low speed fan) and VENTMAX H (high speed fan) settings are required	2.8 V	2 to 10 Vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO ₂ sensor is connected. Used for Vbz (ventilation max cfm) setpoint. Displays 2 to 10 V if <3 sensors (RA,OA, and MA). In AUTO mode dampers controlled by CFM.
			100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO ₂ sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.
			2 to 10 Vdc	With 2-speed fan units VENT L (low speed fan) and MIN POS H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMAX L is 3.2V and VENTMAX H is 2.8V
	VENTMIN With 2-speed fan units VENTMIN L (low speed fan) and VENTMIN H (high speed fan) set	2.25 V	2 to 10 Vdc or 100 to 9990 cfm increment by 10	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO ₂ sensor is connected. Used for Ba (ventilation min cfm) setpoint. Displays 2 to 10 V if <3 sensors (RA, OA, and MA). Va is only set if DCV is used. This is the ventilation for less than maximum occupancy of the space. In AUTO mode dampers controlled by CFM.
			100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO ₂ sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.
			2 to 10 Vdc	With 2-speed fan units VENTMIN L (low speed fan) and MIN POS H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMIN L is 3.2V and VENTMIN H is 2.8V
	ERV OAT SP	32°F	0 to 50 F; increment by 1	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR UNIT OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE SETPOINT Only when AUX1 O = ERV
EXH1 SET With 2-speed fan units Exh1 L (low speed fan) and Exh1 H (high speed fan) settings are required	50%	0 to 100%;increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 1 SETPOINT Setpoint for OA damper position when exhaust fan 1 is powered by the economizer. With 2-speed fan units Exh1 L (low speed fan) and Exh1 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh1 L is 65% and Exh1 H is 50%	
EXH2 SET With 2-speed fan units Exh2 L (low speed fan) and Exh2 H (high speed fan) settings are required	75%	0 to 100%; increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 2 SETPOINT Setpoint for OA damper position when exhaust fan 2 is powered by the economizer. Only used when AUX1 O is set to EXH2. With 2-speed fan units Exh2 L (low speed fan) and Exh2 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh2 L is 80% and Exh2 H is 75%	

Table 8 — Menu Structure (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
SYSTEM SETUP	INSTALL	01/01/10	N/A	Display order = MM/DD/YY Setting order = DD, MM, then YY.
	UNITS DEG	F	F or C	Sets economizer controller in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius
	EQUIPMENT	CONV	Conventional or HP	CONV = conventional; HP O/B = Enable Heat Pump mode. Use AUX2 1 for Heat Pump input from thermostat or controller. See Menu Note 7.
	AUX2 IN	W	SD/W or HP(O)/ HP(B)	In CONV mode: SD + Enables configuration of shutdown (default); W = Informs controller that system is in heating mode. NOTE: If using 2-speed fan mode, you must program CONV mode for W. Shutdown is not available in 2-speed fan mode. See Menu Note 7. In HP O/B mode: HP(O) = energize heat pump on Cool (default); HP(B) = energize heat pump on heat.
	FAN SPEED	2 speed	1 speed/2 speed	Sets the economizer controller for operation of 1 speed or 2 speed supply fan. NOTE: 2-speed fan option also needs Heat (W1) programmed in AUX 2 In. See Menu Note 7.
	FAN CFM	5000cfm	100 to 15000 cfm; increment by 100	UNIT DESIGN AIRFLOW (CFM) Enter only if using DCVAL ENA = AUTO The value is dounf on the nameplate label for the specific unit.
	AUX1 OUT	NONE	NONE ERV EXH2 SYS	Select OUTPUT for AUX1 O relay • NONE = not configured (output is not used) • ERV = Energy Recovery Ventilator • EXH2 = second damper position relay closure for second exhaust fan • SYS = use output as an alarm signal
	OCC	INPUT	INPUT or ALWAYS	OCCUPIED MODE BY EXTERNAL SIGNAL When using a setback thermostat with occupancy out (24 vac), the 24 vac is input "INPUT" to the OCC terminal. If no occupancy output from the thermostat then change program to "ALWAYS" OR add a jumper from terminal R to OCC terminal.
	FACTORY DEFAULT	NO	NO or YES	Resets all set points to factory defaults when set to YES. LCD will briefly flash YES and change to NO but all parameters will change to the factory default values. NOTE: RECHECK AUX2 IN and FANTYPE for required 2-speed values.
ADVANCED SETUP	MA LO SET	45°F	35 to 55 F; Incremented by 10	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE LOW LIMIT Temperature to achieve Freeze Protection (close damper and alarm if temperature falls below setup value).
	FREEZE POS	CLO	CLO or MIN	FREEZE PROTECTION DAMPER POSITION Damper position when freeze protection is active (closed or MIN POS).
	CO2 ZERO	0ppm	0 to 500 ppm; Increment by 10	CO ₂ ppm level to match CO ₂ sensor start level.
	CO2 SPAN	2000ppm	1000 to 3000 ppm; Increment by 10	CO ₂ ppm span to match CO ₂ sensor.
	STG3 DLY	2.0h	0 min, 5 min, 15 min, then 15 min intervals. Up to 4 hrs or OFF	COOLING STAGE 3 DELAY Delay after stage 2 cool has been active. Turns on 2nd stage of cooling when economizer is 1st stage and mechanical cooling is 2nd stage. Allows three stages of cooling, 1 economizer and 2 mechanical. OFF = no Stage 3 cooling
	SD DMPR POS	CLO	CLO or OPN	Indicates shutdown signal from space thermostat or unitary controller. When controller receives 24 Vac input on the SD terminal in conventional mode, the OA damper will open if programmed for OPN and OA damper will close if programmed for CLO. All other controls, e.g., fans, etc. will shut off.
	DA LO ALM	45 F (7 C)	35 to 65 F; (2 to 18 C) Incremented by 5 deg.	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too low. Set lower range of alarm, below this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DA HI ALM	80 F (27 C)	70 to 180 F; (21 to 82 C) Incremented by 5 deg.	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too high. Set upper range of alarm, above this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DCVCAL ENA	MAN	MAN (manual) AUTO	Turns on the DCV automatic control of the dampers. Resets ventilation based on the RA, OA, and MA sensor conditions. Requires all 3 RA, OA, and MA sensors.

Table 8 — Menu Structure (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
ADVANCED SETUP (CONT)	MAT T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OAS T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	OUTSIDE AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	RA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	RA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	RETURN AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	DA T CAL	0.0°F	±2.5 F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	2SP FAN DELAY	5 Minutes	0 to 20 minutes in 1 minute increments	TIME DELAY ON 2nd STAGE ECONOMIZING When in economizing mode this is the delay for the high speed fan to try to satisfy the call for second stage cooling before the first stage mechanical cooling is enabled.
CHECKOUT†	DAMPER MINIMUM POSITION	N/A	N/A	The checkout for the damper minimum position is based on the system. See Table 9.
	DAMPER OPEN	N/A	N/A	Position damper to the full open position. Exhaust fan contacts enable during the DAMPER OPEN test. Make sure you pause in the mode to allow exhaust contacts to energize due to the delay in the system.
	DAMPER CLOSE	N/A	N/A	Positions damper to the fully closed position
	CONNECT Y1-O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y1-O relay (Y1-O)
	CONNECT Y2-O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y2-O relay (Y2-O)
	CONNECT AUX1-O	N/A	N/A	Energizes the AUX output. If Aux setting is: • NONE — not action taken • ERV — 24 Vac out. Turns on or signals an ERV that the conditions are not good for economizing but are for ERV operation. • SYS — 24 Vac out. Issues a system alarm
	CONNECT EXH1	N/A	N/A	Closes the power exhaust fan 2 relay (EXH1)
ALARMS	Alarms display only when they are active. The menu title "ALARMS(#)" includes the number of active alarms in parenthesis (). When using SYLK bus sensors, "SYLK" will appear on the screen, and when using 20k OA temperature sensors, "SENS T" will appear on the screen			
	MA T SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Mixed air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	CO2 SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	CO ₂ SENSOR ERROR CO ₂ sensor has failed, gone out of range or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Outdoor air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	
	RA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	RETURN AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Return air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	RA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	
	DA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR Discharge air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SENS T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Outdoor air temperature sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring then replace if the alarm continues.
	ACT ERROR	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR ERROR Actuator has failed or become disconnected - check for stall, over voltage, under voltage and actuator count. Replace actuator if damper is movable and supply voltage is between 21.6 V and 26.4 V. Check actuator count on STATUS menu.
	FREEZE ALARM	N/A	N/A	Check if outdoor temperature is below the LOW Temp Lockout on setpoint menu. Check if Mixed air temperature on STATUS menu is below the Lo Setpoint on Advanced menu. When conditions are back in normal range then the alarm will go away.

† After 10 minutes without a command or mode change, the controller will change to normal operation.

Table 8 —Menu Structure (cont)

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT	NOTES
ALARMS (CONT)	SHUTDOWN ACTIVE	N/A	N/A	AUX2 IN is programmed for SHUTDOWN and 24 V has been applied to AUX2 IN terminal.
	DMP CAL RUNNING	N/A	N/A	DAMPER CALIBRATION ROUTINE RUNNING If DCV Auto enable has been programmed, when the W7220 is completing a calibration on the dampers, this alarm will display. Wait until the calibration is completed and the alarm will go away. Must have OA, MA and RA sensors for DCV calibration; set up in the Advanced setup menu.
	DA SENS ALM	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ALARM Discharge air temperature is out of the range set in the ADVANCED SETUP Menu. Check the temperature of the discharge air.
	SYS ALARM	N/A	N/A	When AUX1-0 is set to SYS and there is any alarm (e.g., failed sensors, etc.), the AUX1-0 terminal has 24 Vac out.
	ACT UNDER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE LOW Voltage received by actuator is above expected range.
	ACT OVER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE HIGH Voltage received by actuator is below expected range.
	ACT STALLED	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR STALLED Actuator stopped before achieving commanded position.

LEGEND

- CLO** — Compressor Lockout
- ERV** — Energy Recovery Ventilator
- LCD** — Liquid Crystal Display
- MA** — Mixed Air
- MAT** — Mixed Air Temperature
- N/A** — Not Applicable
- OA** — Outdoor Air
- OAT** — Outdoor Air Temperature
- OCC** — Occupied
- RA** — Return Air
- RAT** — Return Air Temperature
- RTU** — Rooftop Unit
- SYS** — System

NOTES:

1. Table 8 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration. For example if you do not have a DCV (CO₂) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear.
2. When values are displayed, pressing and holding the ▲ or ▼ button causes the display to automatically increment.
3. ERV Operation: When in cooling mode AND the conditions are NOT OK for economizing - the ERV terminal will be energized. In the Heating mode, the ERV terminal will be energized when the OA is below the ERV OAT setpoint in the setpoint menu.

4. STATUS → OCCUPIED — The factory-standard Occupancy signal originates with a thermostat or other controller call for indoor fan operation at CTB terminal G. This signal passes through the Central Terminal Board's OCCUPIED jumper JMP1 to the ECONO connector and to the W7220's OCC input terminal. An external timeclock or relay is required to implement an Occupancy schedule on the economizer damper position.
5. STATUS → MA TEMP, SETPOINTS → MAT SET — The W7220 menu parameters and labels include designations MA, MAT and Mixed Air for the economizer cooling control sensor. On these rooftop units, the economizer control sensor is located downstream of the evaporator/indoor coil in the supply fan section where this sensor is designated as Supply Air Temperature (SAT) sensor.
6. SETPOINTS → DRYBLB SET — This point is not displayed if a Return Air (differential) temperature sensor or an Outdoor Air enthalpy sensor is connected.
7. SYSTEM SETUP parameters must be configured as noted for 2-Speed unit operation:
EQUIPMENT = CONV
AUX2 IN = W
FAN SPEED = 2SPEED

For damper minimum position settings and checkout menu readings, see Table 9. For dry bulb operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 10 and 11. For enthalpy operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 12 and 13. For dry bulb operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 14 and 15. For enthalpy operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 16 and 17.

Table 9 — Damper Minimum Position Settings and Readings on Checkout Menu

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (CO ₂ SENSOR)	FAN SPEED	SETPOINTS	CHECKOUT
NO	1	MIN POS	VMAX-HS
		N/A	N/A
	2	MIN POS H	VMAX-HS
MIN POS L		VMAX-LS	
YES	1	VENT MIN	VMAX-HS
		VENT MAX	VMAX-HS
	2	VENT MIN H	VMAX-HS
		VENT MAX H	VMAX-LS
		VENT MIN L	N/A
		VENT MAX L	N/A

Table 10 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 11 — Dry Bulb Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 12 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 13 — Enthalpy Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 14 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 15 — Dry Bulb Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 16 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NO CO ₂ SENSOR	NO	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
	YES	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

Table 17 — Enthalpy Operation With DCV (CO₂ Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO ₂ Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu can turn on second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O after the delay if the call for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

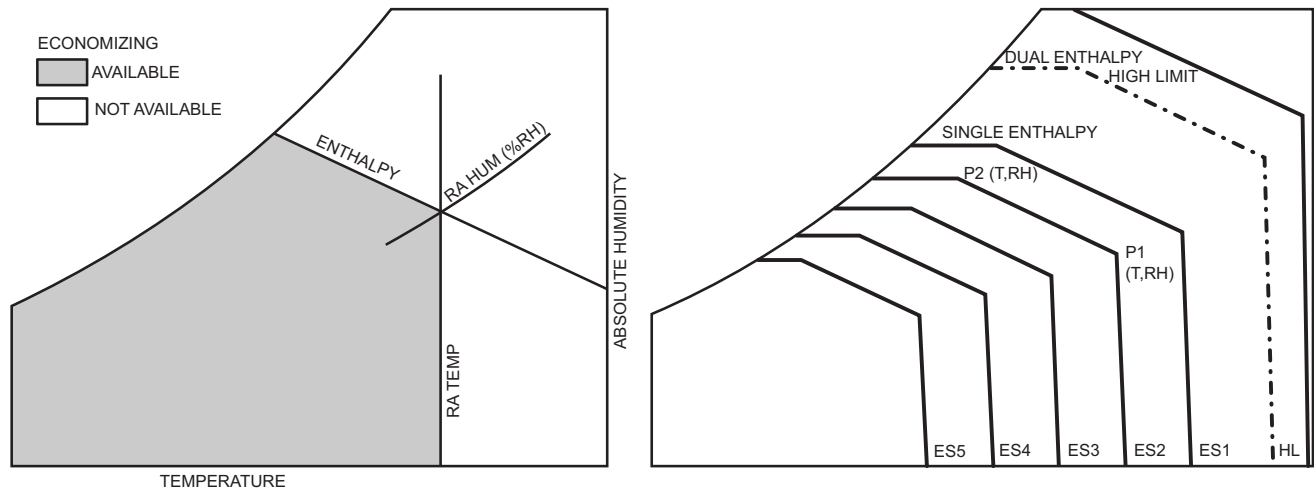


Fig. 39 — Single Enthalpy Curve Boundaries

Table 18 — Single Enthalpy and Dual Enthalpy High Limit Curves

ENTHALPY CURVE	TEMP. DRY BULB (F)	TEMP. DEWPOINT (F)	ENTHALPY (btu/lb/da)	POINT P1		POINT P2	
				TEMP. (F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)	TEMP. (F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)
ES1	80	60	28.0	80	36.8	66.3	80.1
ES2	75	57	26.0	75	39.6	63.3	80.0
ES3	70	54	24.0	70	42.3	59.7	81.4
ES4	65	51	22.0	65	44.8	55.7	84.2
ES5	60	48	20.0	60	46.9	51.3	88.5
HL	86	66	32.4	86	38.9	72.4	80.3

ENTHALPY SETTINGS — When the OA temperature, enthalpy and dew point are below the respective setpoints, the Outdoor Air can be used for economizing. Fig. 39 shows the new single enthalpy boundaries in the W7220. There are 5 boundaries (setpoints ES1 through ES5), which are defined by dry bulb temperature, enthalpy and dew point.

Refer to Table 18 for ENTH CURVE setpoint values.

The W7220 calculates the enthalpy and dew point using the OA temperature and humidity input from the OA enthalpy sensor. When the OA temperature, OA humidity and OA dew point are all below the selected boundary, the economizer sets the economizing mode to YES, economizing is available.

When all of the OA conditions are above the selected boundary, the conditions are not good to economize and the mode is set to NO.

Fig. 39 shows the 5 current boundaries. There is also a high limit boundary for differential enthalpy. The high limit boundary is ES1 when there are no stages of mechanical cooling energized and HL (high limit) when a compressor stage is energized.

Table 18 provides the values for each boundary limit.

TWO-SPEED FAN OPERATION — The W7220 controller has the capability to work with a system using a 2-speed supply fan. The W7220 does not control the supply directly but uses the following input status to determine the speed of the supply fan and controls the OA damper to the required position, see Table 19.

Table 19 — Fan Speed

STATE	FAN SPEED
OCC	Low
Y1	Low
Y2	High
W	High

The W (heating mode) is not controlled by the W7220 but it requires the status to know where to position the OA damper for minimum position for the fan speed.

The 2 speed fan delay is available when the system is programmed for 2 speed fan (in the System Setup menu item). The 2 speed fan delay is defaulted to 5 minutes and can be changed in the Advanced Setup menu item. When the unit has a call for Y1 In and in the free cooling mode and there is a call for Y2 In, the 2-speed fan delay starts and the OA damper will modulate 100% open, the supply fan should be set to high speed by the unit controller.

After the delay one of two actions will happen:

- The Y2 In call will be satisfied with the damper 100% open and fan on high speed and the call will turn off OR
- If the call for additional cooling in the space has not been satisfied then the first stage of mechanical cooling will be enabled through Y1 Out or Y2 Out.

CHECKOUT — Inspect all wiring connections at the economizer module’s terminals, and verify compliance with the installation wiring diagrams.

For checkout, review the Status of each configured parameter and perform the Checkout tests.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 28.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, property damage, or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch. Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage and amperage listed on the unit rating plate.

If any wiring changes are required, first be sure to remove power from the Economizer module before starting work. Pay particular attention to verifying the power connection (24 Vac).

Power Up — After the W7220 module is mounted and wired, apply power.

Initial Menu Display — On initial start-up, Honeywell displays on the first line and economizer W7220 on the second line. After a brief pause, the revision of the software appears on the first line and the second line will be blank.

Power Loss (Outage or Brownout) — All setpoints and advanced settings are restored after any power loss or interruption.

NOTE: All settings are stored in non-volatile flash memory.

Status — Use the Status menu (see Table 8) to check the parameter values for the various devices and sensors configured.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 28.

Checkout Tests — Use the Checkout menu (on page 32) to test the damper operation and any configured outputs. Only items that are configured are shown in the Checkout menu.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad see Interface Overview on page 28.

To perform a Checkout test:

1. Scroll to the desired test in the Checkout menu using the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
2. Press the ↵ button to select the item.
3. RUN? appears.
4. Press the ↵ button to start the test.
5. The unit pauses and then displays IN PROGRESS.
6. When the test is complete, DONE appears.
7. When all desired parameters have been tested, press the ⏶ (Menu Up) button to end the test.

The Checkout tests can all be performed at the time of installation or at any time during the operation of the system as a test that the system is operable.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Alarms — The economizer module provides alarm messages that display on the 2-line LCD.

NOTE: Upon power up, the module waits 60 minutes before checking for alarms. This allows time for all the configured devices (e.g. sensors, actuator) to become operational. The exception is the SAT sensor which will alarm immediately.

If one or more alarms are present and there has been no keypad activity for at least 5 minutes, the Alarms menu displays and cycles through the active alarms.

You can also navigate to the Alarms menu at any time.

Clearing Alarms — Once the alarm has been identified and the cause has been removed (e.g. replaced faulty sensor) the alarm can be cleared from the display.

To clear an alarm, perform the following:

1. Navigate to the desired alarm.
2. Press the ↵ button.
3. ERASE? displays.
4. Press the ↵ button.
5. ALARM ERASED displays.
6. Press the ⏶ (Menu up/Exit) button to complete the action and return to the previous menu.

NOTE: If the alarm still exists after you clear it, it is redisplayed within 5 seconds.

⚠ CAUTION

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to equipment. Be sure to allow enough time for compressor start-up and shutdown between checkout tests so that you do not short-cycle the compressors.

Smoke Detectors — Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on RGH models. Smoke detectors may be specified for Supply Air only or for Return Air without or with economizer or in combination of Supply Air and Return Air. Return Air smoke detectors are arranged for vertical return configurations only. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

RETURN AIR SENSOR TUBE INSTALLATION — The return air sampling tube is shipped in the unit's supply fan section, attached to the blower housing (see Fig. 40). Its operating location is in the return air section of the unit (see Fig. 41, unit without economizer, or Fig. 42, unit with economizer), inserted into the return air sensor module housing which protrudes through the back of the control box.

To install the return air sensor sampling tube:

1. Remove the tube from its shipping location.
2. Open the unit end to access the return air sensor (located on right-hand partition)
3. Orient the tube's sampling holes into the return air flow direction. For vertical application, position the sampling holes on the bottom of the tube, facing into the bottom return duct opening. For horizontal application, position the sampling holes on the side of the tube, facing the unit's end panel.
4. Insert the sampling tube into the return air sensor module until the tube snaps into position.
5. Replace end panel or outside air hood.

SMOKE DETECTOR TEST MAGNET — Locate the magnet; it is shipped in the control box area.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION DATA — Refer to the Factory-Installed Smoke Detectors for Small and Medium Rooftop Units 2-25 Tons application data for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination.

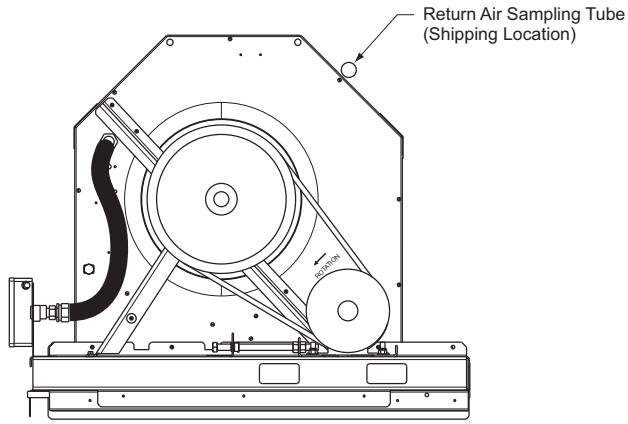


Fig. 40 — Typical Supply Air Smoke Detector Sensor Location

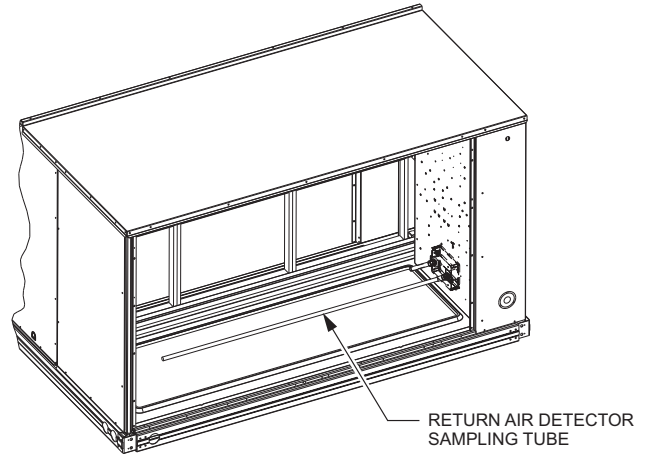


Fig. 42 — Return Air Sampling Tube Location in Unit with Economizer

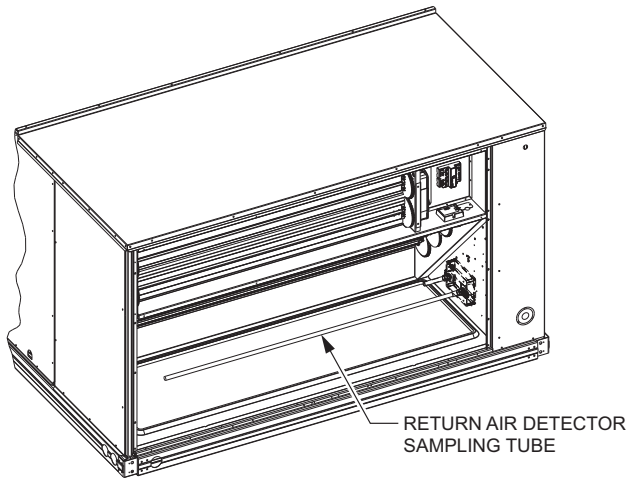


Fig. 41 — Return Air Sampling Tube Location in Unit without Economizer

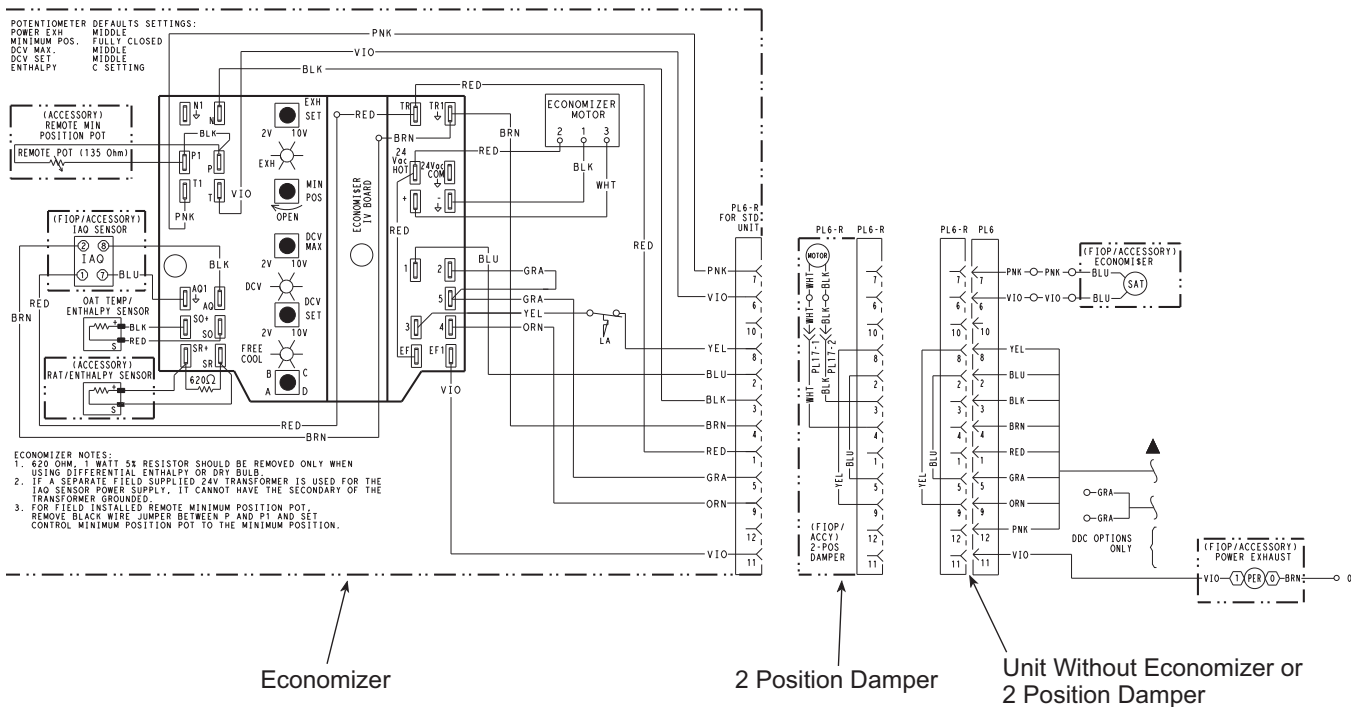


Fig. 43 — EconoMiSer® IV Wiring

Step 13 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options

ECONOMISER IV OCCUPANCY SWITCH — Refer to Fig. 43 for general EconoMiSer IV wiring. External occupancy control is managed through a connection on the Central Terminal Board.

If external occupancy control is desired, connect a time clock or remotely controlled switch (closed for Occupied, open for Unoccupied sequence) at terminals marked OCCUPANCY on CTB. Remove or cut jumper JMP 2 to complete the installation.

Step 14 — Install Accessories — Available accessories include:

- Roof Curb
- Thru-base connection kit (must be installed before unit is set on curb)
- LP conversion kit
- Manual outside air damper
- High Altitude Gas kits
- Low Ambient Controls
- Thermostat / Sensors
- Two-Position motorized outside air damper
- EconoMiSer IV (with control and integrated barometric relief)
- Power Exhaust
- Differential dry-bulb sensor (EconoMiSer IV)
- Outdoor enthalpy sensor
- Differential enthalpy sensor
- CO₂ sensor
- Louvered hail guard
- Phase monitor control
- Winter Start kit

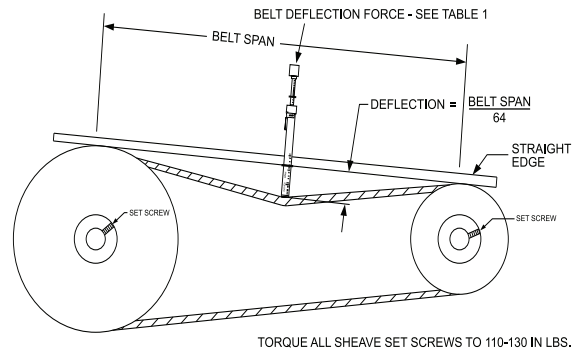
Refer to separate installation instructions for information on installing these accessories.

Step 15 — Check Belt Tension — Measure the belt span length as shown in Fig. 44. Calculate the required deflection by multiplying the belt span length by $\frac{1}{64}$. For example, if the belt span length is 32 inches: $32 \times \frac{1}{64} = \frac{1}{2}$ inch deflection.

BELT FORCE — DEFLECTION METHOD — Check the belt tension with a spring-force belt force deflection gauge (available from drive belt manufacturer).

1. Place a straightedge along the belt between the two pulleys. Measure the distance between the motor shaft and the blower shaft.
2. Set the tension gauge to the desired tension (see Table 1 in Fig. 44). Place the large O-ring at that point.
3. Press the tension checker downward on the belt until the large O-ring is at the bottom of the straightedge.
4. Adjust the belt tension as needed.

Adjust belt tension by loosening the motor mounting plate front bolts and rear bolt (see Fig. 45) and slide the plate towards the fan (to reduce tension) or away from the fan (to increase tension). Ensure the blower shaft and motor shaft are parallel to each other (pulleys aligned). Tighten all bolts securely when finished.



BELT CROSS SECTION	SMALLEST SHEAVE DIAMETER	BELT DEFLECTION FORCE (LBS)			
		UNNOTCHED BELTS		NOTCHED BELTS	
		USED	NEW	USED	NEW
A, AX	3.0-3.6	3.7	5.5	4.1	6.1
	3.8-4.8	4.5	6.8	5.0	7.4
	5.0-7.0	5.4	8.0	5.7	8.4
B, BX	3.4-4.2	—	—	4.9	7.2
	4.4-5.6	5.3	7.9	7.1	10.5
	5.8-8.6	6.3	9.4	8.5	12.6

Table 1

BELT CONDITION	TENSION FORCE IN BELT (LBS)
New	100
Used	80

Table 2

Fig. 44 — V-Belt Force Label

BELT TENSION METHOD — Requires belt tension gauge that measures tension in belt in units of lbs force.

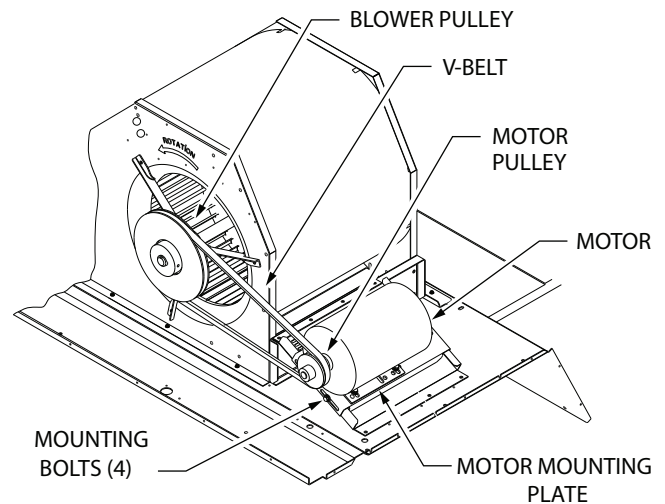


Fig. 45 — Belt Drive Motor Mounting

Pre-Start and Start-Up — This completes the mechanical installation of the unit. Refer to the unit's Service and Maintenance manual for detailed Pre-Start and Start-Up instructions.

START-UP CHECKLIST
(Remove and use for job file)

NOTE: To avoid injury to personnel and damage to equipment or property when completing the procedures listed in this start-up checklist, use good judgment, follow safe practices, and adhere to the safety considerations/information as outlined in preceding sections of this Installation Instructions document.

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

MODEL NO.: _____ SERIAL NO.: _____

DATE: _____ TECHNICIAN: _____

II. PRE-START-UP (insert checkmark in box as each item is completed)

- VERIFY THAT JOBSITE VOLTAGE AGREES WITH VOLTAGE LISTED ON RATING PLATE
- VERIFY THAT ALL PACKAGING MATERIALS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT
- REMOVE ALL SHIPPING HOLD DOWN BOLTS AND BRACKETS PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- VERIFY THAT CONDENSATE CONNECTION IS INSTALLED PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- VERIFY FLUE HOOD IS INSTALLED
- CHECK REFRIGERANT PIPING FOR INDICATIONS OF LEAKS; INVESTIGATE AND REPAIR IF NECESSARY
- CHECK GAS PIPING FOR LEAKS
- CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS AND TERMINALS FOR TIGHTNESS
- CHECK THAT RETURN (INDOOR) AIR FILTERS ARE CLEAN AND IN PLACE
- CHECK THAT OUTDOOR AIR INLET SCREENS ARE IN PLACE
- VERIFY THAT UNIT INSTALLATION IS LEVEL
- CHECK FAN WHEELS AND PROPELLER FOR LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE AND SETSCREW TIGHTNESS
- CHECK TO ENSURE THAT ELECTRICAL WIRING IS NOT IN CONTACT WITH REFRIGERANT LINES OR SHARP METAL EDGES
- CHECK PULLEY ALIGNMENT AND BELT TENSION PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

III. START-UP (REFER TO UNIT SERVICE/MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR START-UP INSTRUCTIONS)

ELECTRICAL

SUPPLY VOLTAGE	L1-L2 _____	L2-L3 _____	L3-L1 _____
CIRCUIT 1 COMPRESSOR AMPS	L1 _____	L2 _____	L3 _____
CIRCUIT 2 COMPRESSOR AMPS	L1 _____	L2 _____	L3 _____
INDOOR FAN AMPS	_____	_____	_____
OUTDOOR FAN AMPS	NO. 1 _____	NO. 2 _____	NO. 3 _____
	NO. 4 _____	NO. 5 _____	NO. 6 _____

TEMPERATURES

OUTDOOR-AIR TEMPERATURE	_____ DB	_____ WB
RETURN-AIR TEMPERATURE	_____ DB	_____ WB
COOLING SUPPLY AIR	_____ DB	_____ WB
GAS HEAT SUPPLY AIRS	_____ DB	_____ WB

PRESSURES (Heating Mode)

GAS INLET PRESSURE _____ IN. WG
GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE _____ IN. WG (LOW FIRE) _____ IN. WG (HIGH FIRE)

PRESSURES

REFRIGERANT SUCTION, CIRCUIT 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
REFRIGERANT SUCTION, CIRCUIT 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE, CIRCUIT 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE, CIRCUIT 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F

- VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE FAN MOTOR AND BLOWER ARE ROTATING IN CORRECT DIRECTION
- VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION
- VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE USING CHARGING CHARTS

GENERAL

- SET ECONOMIZER MINIMUM VENT AND CHANGEOVER SETTINGS TO MATCH JOB REQUIREMENTS (IF EQUIPPED)

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE